



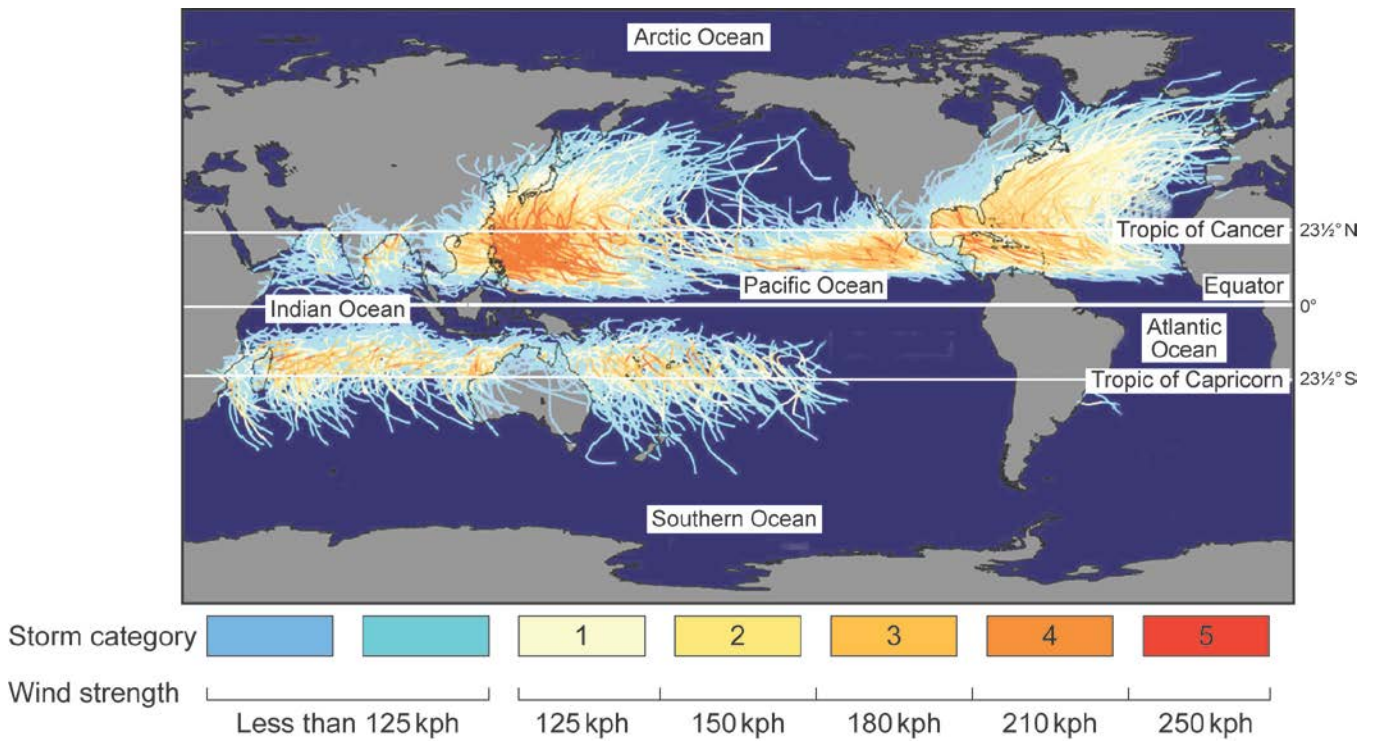
Geography (Specification B)

90352H

Unit 2H Hostile world and Investigating the shrinking world

Insert

For use with Question 1 (d)
Figure 3



For use with Question 1 (g)
Figure 5

In February 2009, a number of wildfires burned across the Australian state of Victoria. Australia has never had wildfires that caused so much destruction.



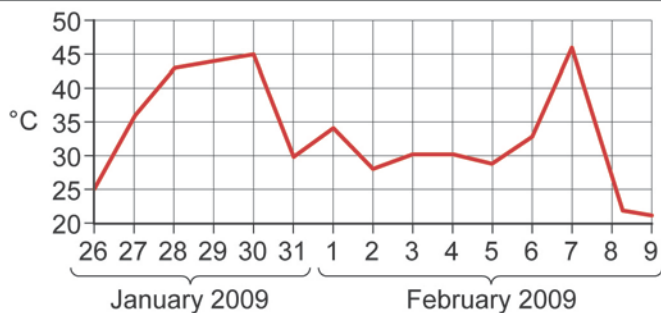
Four of the wildfires were caused by lightning strikes.



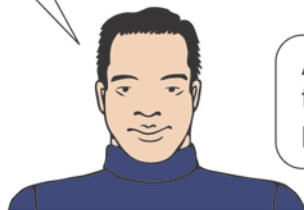
Firefighters warned that by 2050, major wildfires could happen every year in Victoria if global warming continues.



Maximum temperature in Victoria



In February 2009, police searched for an arsonist who they believe started a 6500 hectare wildfire.



In February 2009, a man was arrested for using a power tool that gave off sparks.

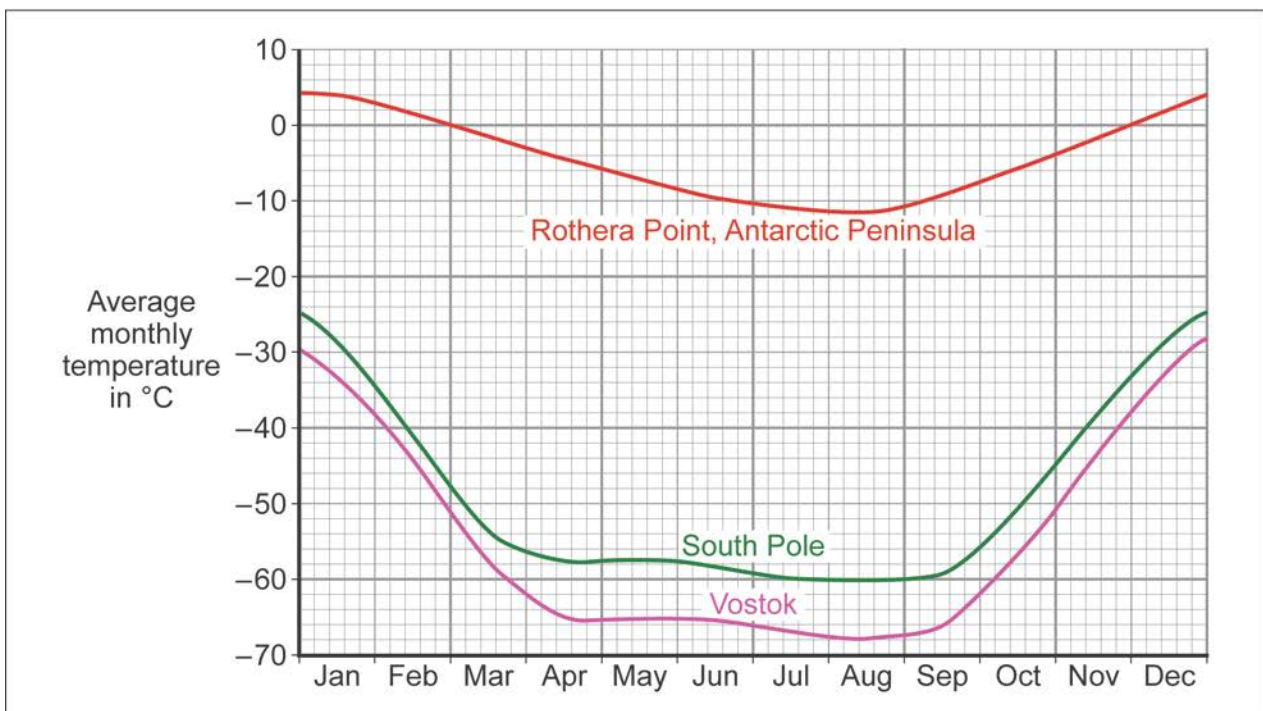
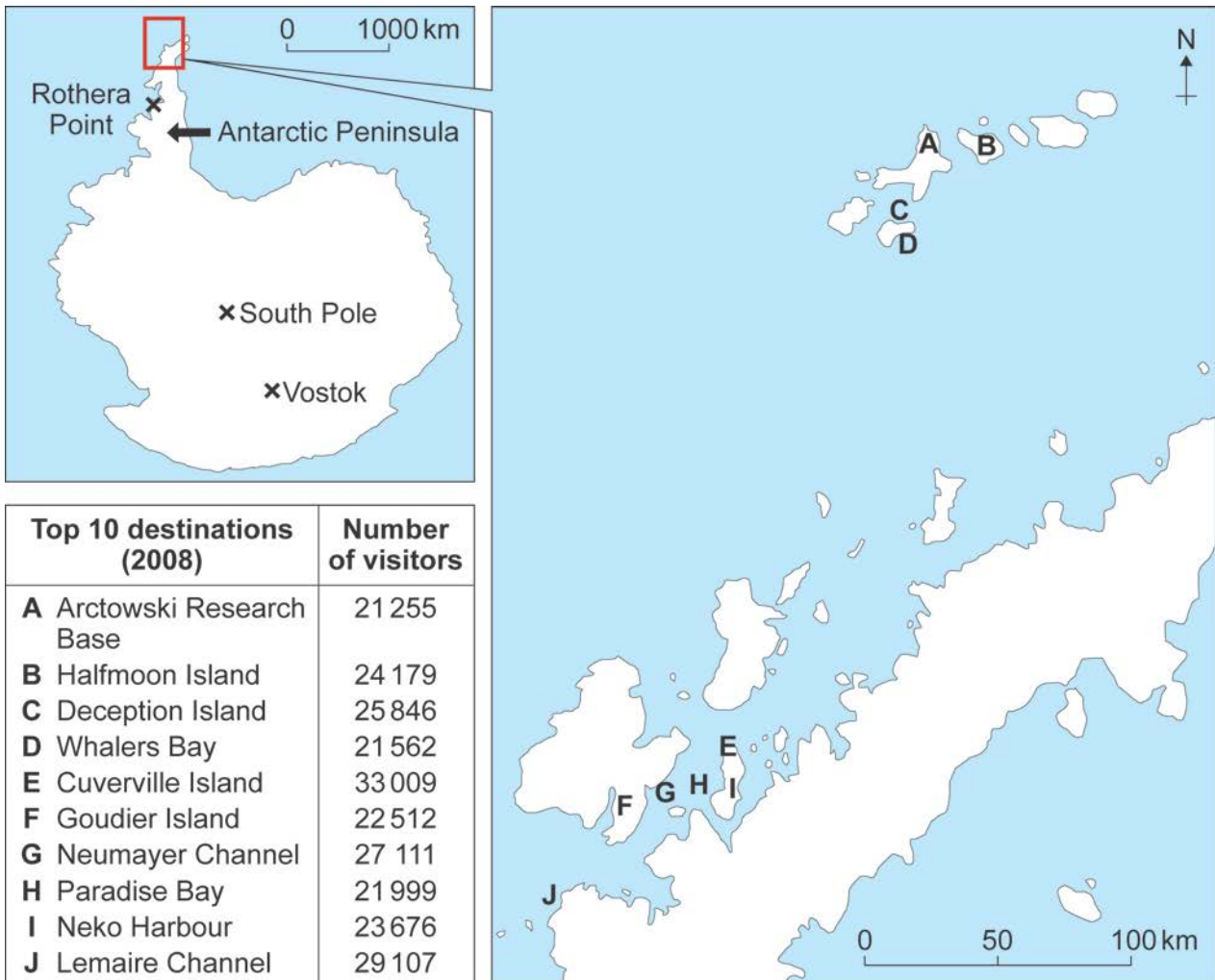


A fallen power line is believed to have sparked a blaze in a part of Victoria.



The lowest rainfall on record fell in Victoria in the 18 months before the February 2009 wildfires.

For use with Question 2 (b)
Figure 8



For use with Question 2 (g)
Figure 13

If desertification in Africa continues at the present rate, nearly 75% of the population could need some sort of food aid by 2025.

Some comments made by government officials
from African countries affected by desertification



We have to grow more crops in the fields we already have.



In my country the population is expected to rise to 46 million by 2025.



Deserts have always spread and then retreated; it is part of a natural cycle.



We have to let people cut trees down, so that they can cook their food.



In many parts of Africa, the climate is changing because of global warming.

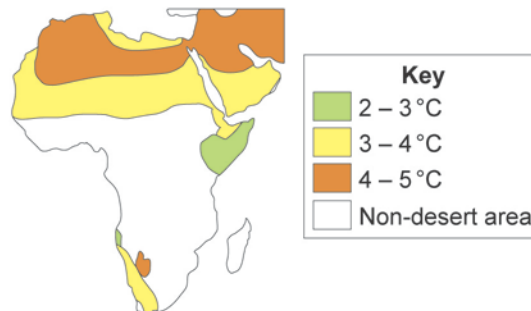


In my country the GNI per person is only \$1076.

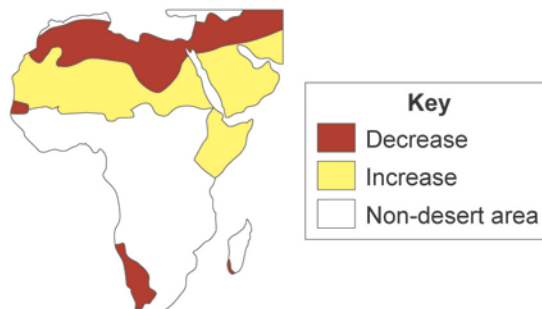


We have to keep more animals on the same area of land.

Predicted increase in average temperature (2000 – 2050)



Predicted change in average rainfall (2000 – 2050)



For use with Question 3 (c)
Figure 15



For use with Question 4 (b)
Figure 19



The Broads is Britain's biggest wetland area. It is home to some of the rarest plants, animals and birds in the UK.

In 2007 The Broads had 5.4 million visitor days. 70% of visitors stayed in The Broads area at least one night. There are nearly 13 000 boats.

We get lots of tourists in the summer. It makes it busy but it is good for local businesses.



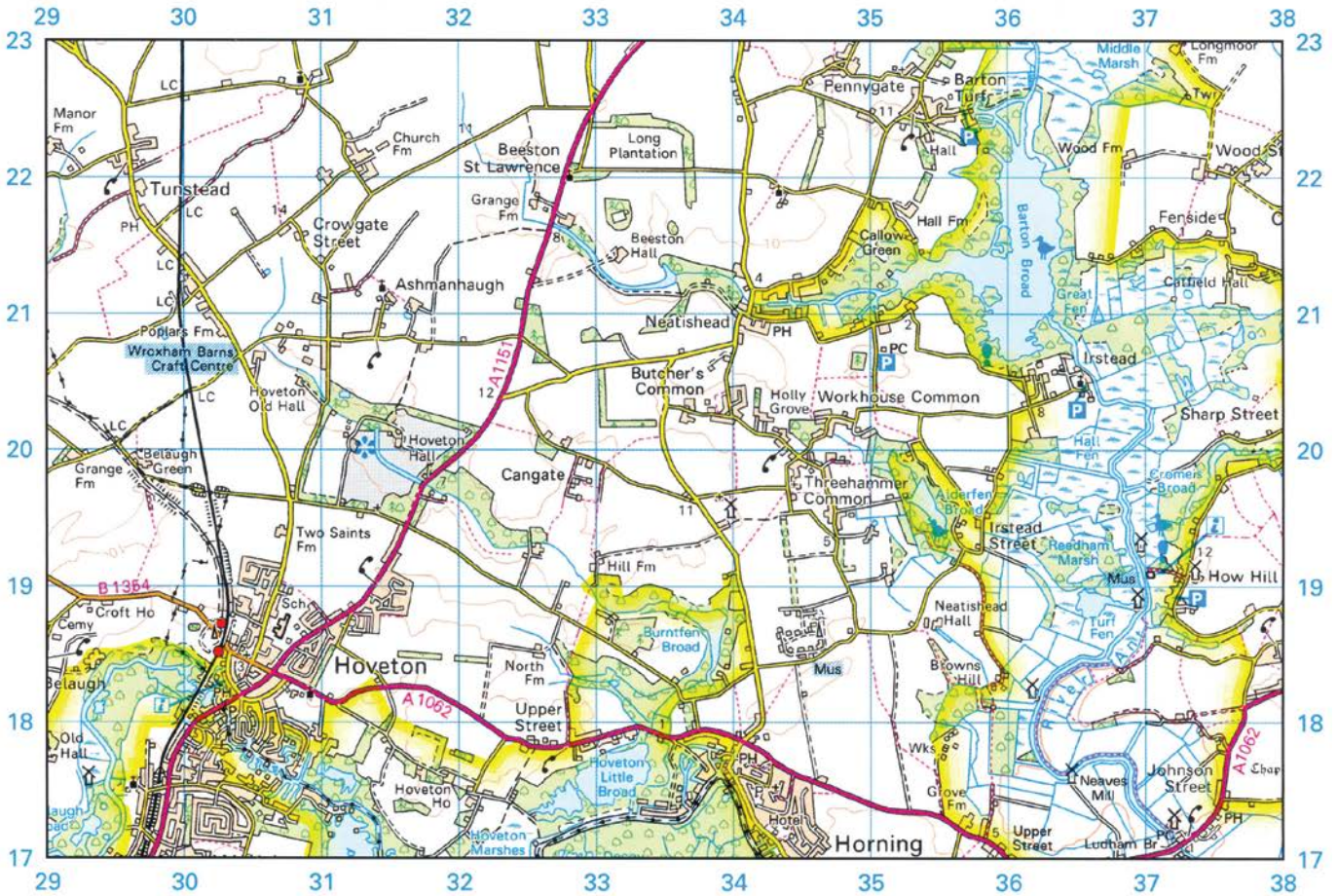
Resident of Hoveton

The Broads has over 200 km of rivers and lakes open to boats.



Visitor

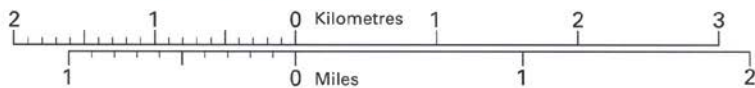
For use with Question 4 (c)
Figure 20



Scale 1: 50 000 – 2 cm to 1 km (one grid square)



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ROADS AND PATHS	Not necessarily rights of way	LAND FEATURES	TOURIST INFORMATION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unfenced Footbridge A 1062 Dual carriageway B 1354 Bridge 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main road Secondary road Road generally more than 4m wide Road generally less than 4m wide Path / Other road, drive or track 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ruin Buildings Important building (selected) Current or former place of worship with tower Place of worship Triangulation pillar Windmill with or without sails Coniferous wood Non-coniferous wood Mixed wood Park or ornamental ground 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Garden Information centre (all year / seasonal) Nature reserve Parking Picnic site Selected places of tourist interest Telephone, public Visitor centre Walks / Trails
RAILWAYS	PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY	OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS	ABBREVIATIONS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Track multiple or single Tunnel, cuttings Bridges / Footbridge Level crossing / Station Viaduct, embankment Narrow gauge track 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Footpath Bridleway Restricted byway 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other route with public access 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Br Bridge Cemy Cemetery Fm Farm Ho House Mus Museum P Post office PC Public convenience PH Public house Sch School
BOUNDARIES	HEIGHTS	WATER FEATURES	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> District The Broads 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contours are at 10 metres vertical interval Heights are to the nearest metre above mean sea level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Marsh or salting River Lake Weir Footbridge Bridge Ford Normal tidal limit 	

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For use with Question 4 (f)
Figure 22

Botswana in Africa has large areas of unspoilt wilderness. Safari tourism is becoming an important source of income.



Tourist safari in Botswana

We can develop more tourist lodges for people to view our wildlife. Tourism will be good for the country if we can make it sustainable.

Government minister



Will ecotourism help enough local people?



Aid worker



Wildlife in Botswana

Local Kalahari tribesman



We are not allowed to take water from this area because the water is needed for the new tourist lodges.