Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Secondary Education Foundation Tier June 2011

40352F

Geography (Specification B)

Unit 2 Hostile World

Friday 17 June 2011 9.00 am to 10.00 am

For this paper you must have:

• the insert (enclosed).

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed

1 hour

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. You may use pencil for maps, diagrams and graphs.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer either Section A (Questions 1 to 4) or Section B (Questions 5 to 8).
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 50.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers. Where applicable, questions should be answered in continuous prose. Quality of Written Communication will be assessed in all answers.

For Examiner's Use				
Examine	r's Initials			
Question	Mark			
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
TOTAL				



Answer either Section A (Questions 1 to 4) or Section B (Questions 5 to 8).

Section A – Living with Natural Hazards

Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Total for this question: 10 marks

- 1 (a) Study Figure 1 on the insert. Figure 1 shows natural hazards in the United States.
- **1 (a) (i)** The following statements describe the distribution of areas in the United States at risk from wildfires.

Which two statements are true?

Tick the **two** correct boxes.

Many areas with a very high risk of wildfires are found in the east of the United States.

Most areas with a low risk of wildfires are found in the east of the United States.

Many areas with a very high risk of wildfires are found in the west of the United States.

Most areas with a low risk of wildfires are found in the west of the United States.

(2 marks)

1 (a) (ii) Complete the sentences below.

Circle the correct answer in each set of brackets.

There are no active volcanoes in the [north west / south west / north east] of the United States.

Most of the areas with the highest risk of earthquakes are in the

[north west / south west / north east] of the United States.

The area with a high risk of tropical storms is the

[north west / south west / south east] of the United States.

(3 marks)



1 (a) (iii)	Three states are named on Figure 1 .
	Which state is in a multi-hazard area?
	(1 mark)
1 (b)	Explain the causes of either earthquakes or volcanic eruptions.
	Chosen natural hazard
	(4 marks)
	Extra space

Turn over for the next question



Total for this q	uestion: 9	marks
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		lotal for this question: 9	marks		
, ,	•	es information about Mount St. Helen	s, an		
Complete the paragraph below.					
Choose the three	correct answers from the	list below.			
west	Washington	25			
east	Oregon	50			
Mount St. Helens	is located in the state of .				
Mount St. Helens	is k	ilometres north east of the town of			
Woodland and is	55 kilometres to the		ay 5. 3 marks)		
		ople responded to the damage caused	d by		
1					
2					
		(2	 2 marks)		
Describe the adva	antages for local people of	f living in an area of volcanic activity.			
Use Figure 2 to h	nelp you.				
		(4	marks)		
	active volcano in Complete the part Choose the three west east Mount St. Helens Woodland and is From Figure 2, githe eruption of Mo	active volcano in the United States. Complete the paragraph below. Choose the three correct answers from the west Washington east Oregon Mount St. Helens is located in the state of . Mount St. Helens is	Complete the paragraph below. Choose the three correct answers from the list below. west Washington 25 east Oregon 50 Mount St. Helens is located in the state of		



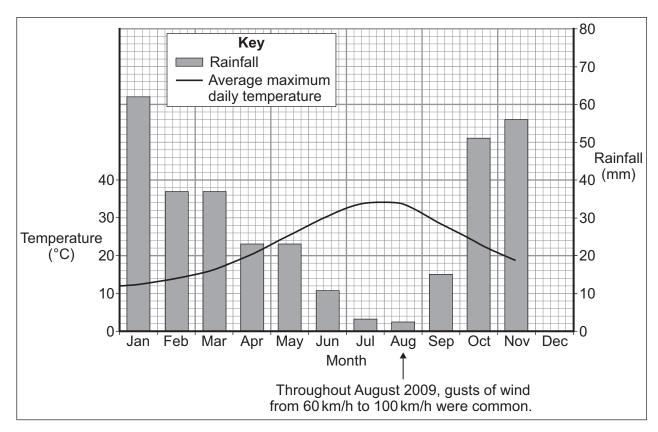
Extra space			
	Turn over for th	e next question	



Total for this question: 15 marks

3 (a) Study Figure 3. Figure 3 gives information about the climate of Greece (2009).

Figure 3



3 (a) (i) Complete Figure 3.

Use the information below.

Average maximum temperature in December = 14°C

Rainfall in December = 70 mm

(2 marks)

3 (a) (ii) Complete the sentences below.

Circle the correct answer in each set of brackets.

The lowest average maximum daily temperatures were in [January / May / August].

The annual range of temperature is [12 / 22 / 32] °C.

The rainfall was over 50 mm in [3 / 4 / 5] months of the year.

The total annual rainfall was [62 / 392 / 1092] mm.

(4 marks)



3 (b)	In August 2009, wildfires damaged many areas in Greece.
	Suggest two ways in which the climate helped these wildfires to develop.
	Use Figure 3 and your own knowledge.
	1
	2
	(4 marks)

Question 3 continues on the next page



(c)	Study Figure 4 . Figure 4 shows some methods used to reduce the damage from wildfires.
	Figure 4
	Figure 4, cannot be reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.
	Explain how the damage from wildfires can be reduced. Use Figure 4 and your own knowledge.
	(5 marks)



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	Turn over for the	ne next questio	on	



4 (a) Study **Figure 5. Figure 5** shows the total number of tropical storm days between 1980 and 2010.

Figure 5

Figure 5, Tropical storm graph, cannot be reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.

4 (a) (i)	Which year had the highest total number of tropical storm days?
	(1 mark
4 (a) (ii)	Describe the pattern of tropical storm days between 1980 and 2010 shown in Figure 5
	(2 marks



4 (a) (iii) Study Figure 6 below. Figure 6 gives information about tropical storms.

Figure 6



In some years sea temperatures are cooler than usual. Tropical storms die out quickly and there are fewer tropical storm days.

In which year could sea temperatures have been cooler than usual?

Use Figure 5.

Circle the correct answer.

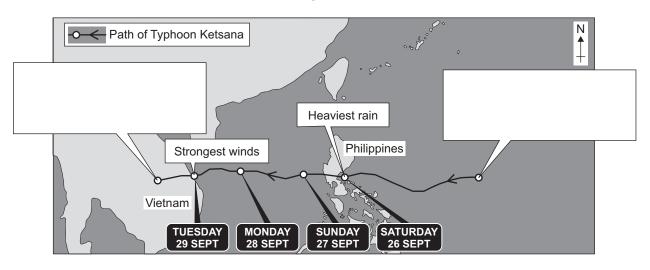
1993 1998 2001

(1 mark)

Question 4 continues on the next page

4 (b) Study **Figure 7**. **Figure 7** shows the path of a tropical storm (Typhoon Ketsana), 23 to 30 September 2009.

Figure 7



4 (b) (i) Complete the labels on Figure 7.

Choose the two correct labels from the list below.

Typhoon Ketsana forms over the ocean.

Typhoon Ketsana tracks northwards.

Typhoon Ketsana loses strength.

Typhoon Ketsana reaches the coast.

(2 marks)

4 (b) (ii)	With the help of Figure 7 , describe two effects of a tropical storm.
	1
	2
	(4 marks)







4 (c) Study **Figure 8**. **Figure 8** shows information about methods of protection from the effects of tropical storms, and indicators of development for two countries.

Figure 8

Indicator of developed developed country GNI (\$ US per person) 48 000 520	methods of protection	indicators of development				
Households with a television (%) Secondary school enrolment (%) GNI = Gross National Income 'Only more developed countries can protect themselves effectively from the damage caused by tropical storms.' Do you agree? Tick the box of your choice. Yes No	Evacuation Education		developed	developed		
television (%) Secondary school enrolment (%) GNI = Gross National Income 'Only more developed countries can protect themselves effectively from the damage caused by tropical storms.' Do you agree? Tick the box of your choice. Yes No	programmes	GNI (\$ US per person)	48 000	520		
enrolment (%) GNI = Gross National Income 'Only more developed countries can protect themselves effectively from the damage caused by tropical storms.' Do you agree? Tick the box of your choice. Yes No	orning D		99	40		
'Only more developed countries can protect themselves effectively from the damage caused by tropical storms.' Do you agree? Tick the box of your choice. Yes No	Early Walting design		97	42		
caused by tropical storms.' Do you agree? Tick the box of your choice. Yes No		GNI = Gross National Inc	come			
Yes No						
Yes No						
Give reasons for your choice. Use Figure 8 and your own knowledge.	Yes	No				
	Give reasons for your choice. \	Use Figure 8 and your o	wn knowledge).		



(6 marks)	
Extra space	

16

End of Section A



Answer either Section A (Questions 1 to 4) or Section B (Questions 5 to 8).

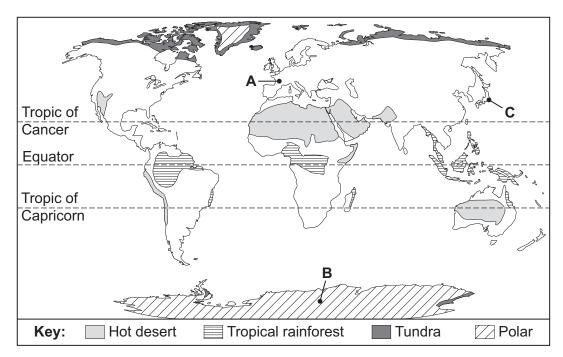
Section B – The Challenge of Extreme Environments

Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Total for this question: 10 marks

5 (a) Study **Figure 9**. **Figure 9** shows extreme environments in different parts of the world.

Figure 9



5 (a) (i) The following statements describe the distribution of areas of hot desert.

Which two statements are true?

Tick the **two** correct boxes.

All areas of hot desert are north of the Equator.

No areas of hot desert are on the Equator.

Many areas of hot desert are located on the Tropics.

There are no areas of hot desert south of the Equator.

(2 marks)



5 (a) (ii)	Complete the sentences below.
	Circle the correct answer in each set of brackets.
	Polar environments are found in the [lower / middle / higher] latitudes.
	Tundra environments are found in the [centre / edges / west] of continents.
	Tropical rainforest environments are found in the [polar / desert / equatorial] regions. (3 marks)
5 (a) (iii)	Three places are shown on Figure 9 as A, B and C.
	Which place (A, B or C) is in an extreme environment?
	(1 mark)
5 (b)	Explain the reasons for the formation of one of the following:
	 a hot desert environment a polar environment a tundra environment.
	Chosen environment
	(4 marks)
	Extra space

Turn over ▶

10



Total	for	this	question:	9 marks
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			rotal for this question.	3 Illains
6 (a)	Study Figure 10 on the in 2004 and 2007.	nsert. Figure 10 shows th	ne area of sea ice in the Ard	ctic in
6 (a) (i)	Complete the paragraph to	pelow.		
	Choose the three correct	answers from the list bel	ow.	
	6.5	smaller	frozen	
	4.5	larger	open	
	On 16 September 2007 th	ne area of Arctic sea ice v	vas much	
	thar	n on 16 September 2004.	The area of sea ice on	
	16 September 2007 was	mill	ion square kilometres. In	
	September 2007 many ar	eas of sea were	for the first	
	time since satellite record	s began in 1979.		(3 marks)
6 (a) (ii)	Suggest why the area of	sea ice shown in Figure	10 has changed.	
				(0/)
				(2 marks)
6 (b)	Describe the environment of sea ice shown in Figur		e caused by the change to t	he area
				(4 marks)
				(Tillains)



Extra space			
			١
		9	

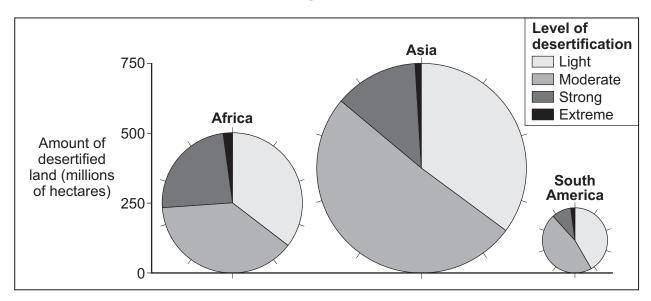
Turn over for the next question



Total for this question: 15 marks

7 (a) Study **Figure 11**. **Figure 11** shows the amount of desertified land and the level of desertification in three continents.

Figure 11



7 (a) (i)	What is the total amount of desertified land in Asia?			
	Circle the correct answer.			
	250 million hectares	500 million hectares	750 million hectar	es (1 mark)
7 (a) (ii)	What percentage of the dese	ertified land in Asia is classed	l as moderate?	
	Circle the correct answer.			
	21%	51%	81%	(1 mark)
7 (a) (iii)	Give two differences between	n Africa and South America	shown on Figure 11.	
				(2 marks)

- **7 (b)** Study **Figure 12** on the insert. **Figure 12** shows an area where desertification is taking place.
- 7 (b) (i) The sketch below is based on Figure 12.

Complete the sketch.

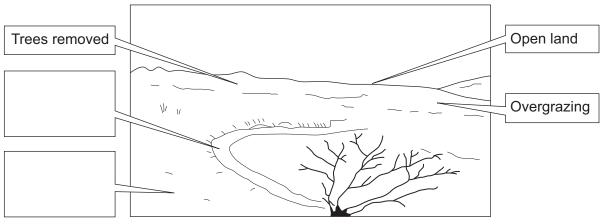
Choose the two correct labels from the list below.

Gulley caused by flash floods

Tree planting

Ground baked hard by sun

Terracing



(2 marks)

sketch.				
1	 	 	 	

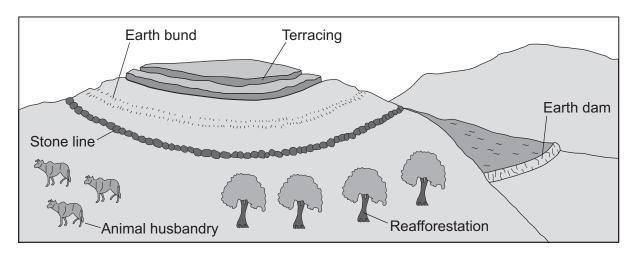
7 (b) (ii) Suggest two reasons why desertification is taking place in the area shown on the

(4	marks)
١,	manco



7 (c) Study **Figure 13**. **Figure 13** shows some ways in which areas at risk from desertification can be managed.

Figure 13



Explain now areas at risk from desertification can be managed.
Use Figure 13 and your own knowledge.
(5 marks)
Extra space



15

Turn over for the next question



Total for this question: 16 marks

8 (a) Study Figure 14. Figure 14 shows a climate graph for an area of tropical rainforest.

Figure 14

Figure 14, Climate graph of tropical rainforest, cannot be reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.

8 (a) (i) Complete Figure 14.

Use the information below.

Average monthly temperature in December = 26°C

Rainfall in December = 90 mm

(2 marks)

8 (a) (ii) Complete the sentences below.

Circle the correct answer in each set of brackets.

The average monthly rainfall is over 250 mm for [2 / 5 / 8] months of the year.

The average monthly temperature is over 25 °C for [6 / 8 / 12] months of the year.

The annual range of temperature is [2 / 12 / 22]°C.

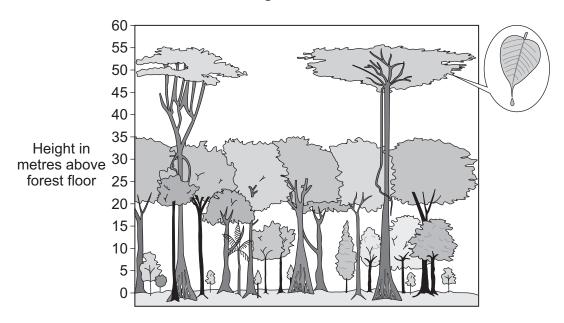
The total annual rainfall is [270 / 2770 / 5770] mm.

(4 marks)



8 (b) Study Figure 15. Figure 15 shows tropical rainforest vegetation.

Figure 15



Describe **two** ways in which the climate affects tropical rainforest vegetation.

Use Figure 15 and your own knowledge.

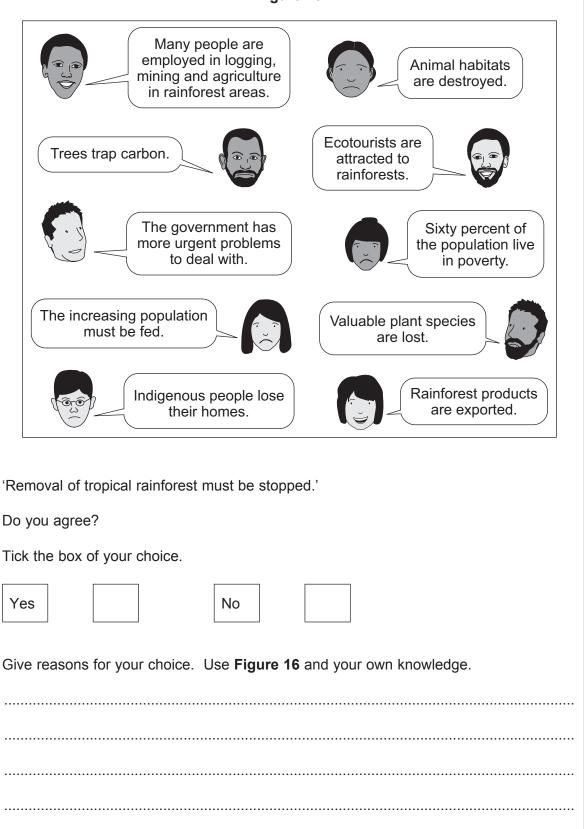
1	
2	
	(4 marks)

Question 8 continues on the next page



8 (c) Study Figure 16. Figure 16 shows some statements about deforestation in a less developed country.

Figure 16





(6 marks)
Extra space

END OF QUESTIONS



There are no questions printed on this page

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Figure 3: BBC Weather

Figure 4: (top left) www.smokeybear.com

Figure 7: © NASA

Figure 15: CHRIS C. PARK, *Tropical Rainforests*, Routledge, 1982

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