



**General Certificate of Secondary Education  
January 2012**

**French**

**46552H**

**(Specification 4655)**

**Unit 2: Reading (Higher)**

***Mark Scheme***

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Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all examiners participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## READING TESTS

### **Notes on the Marking Scheme**

#### *Non-verbal Answers*

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

#### *Verbal Answers*

1. The basic principle of assessment is that candidates should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
  - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
  - (b) Where a candidate has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied:
    - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, **accept**;
    - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
  - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
  - (d) Where a question has more than one **section**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
  - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, candidates are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
2. ..../..... means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
3. In questions where candidates are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.
4. Accept
  - T/F/?
  - ✓/X/?
  - a mix and match approach using the above, where the response is clear and unambiguous (eg. T and ✓ are both used by the candidate).
5. In multiple choice questions where candidates must choose one letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.

6. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
  - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
  - **NFP** = no further penalty      **t.c.** = tout court
7. Where a candidate has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be assessed. Where part of an answer is crossed out then only what remains should be considered.
8. Where a candidate spells the answer in such a way that it is a word in the target language, no credit can be awarded.
9. If a candidate offers two different responses in English or in the target language eg dog (cat) or dog (chat) where the answer is dog, no credit can be awarded.

**Higher Tier**

<b>Q</b>	<b>Key Idea</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1(a)	<b>D</b>		1	

<b>Q</b>	<b>Key Idea</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1(b)	<b>E</b>		1	

<b>Q</b>	<b>Key Idea</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1(c)	<b>C</b>		1	

<b>Q</b>	<b>Key Idea</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1(d)	<b>F</b>		1	

<b>Q</b>	<b>Key Idea</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
2(a)	<b>B</b>		1	

<b>Q</b>	<b>Key Idea</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
2(b)	<b>A</b>		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
2(c)	D		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
2(d)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(a)	T	✓	1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(b)	?		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(c)	T	✓	1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(d)	T	✓	1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(e)	F	x	1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(f)	?		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(g)	F	x	1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(h)	F	x	1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(a)	E		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(b)	A		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(c)	C		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(d)	H		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(e)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(a)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(b)	A		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(c)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(d)	O		1	



Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(e)	A		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(f)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(a)	Y		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(b)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(c)	R		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(d)	R		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(e)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
7(a)	E		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
7(b)	F		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
7(c)	B		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
7(d)	D		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
7(e)	G		1	

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(a)	The spread of <b>American</b> habits/way of life(style)/diet		1	<p><i>Credit an answer given in 8(b) for a mark in 8(a)</i></p> <p>American habits <b>tc</b></p> <p>Adopting American attitudes (to food) – too vague</p> <p>Fast food</p> <p><b>Children</b> adopt American (eating) habits</p> <p>Western/European habits etc</p>

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(b)	<p>Diet/eating habits</p> <p>Time spent in front of a screen/watching TV/on computers;</p> <p>Lost habit of using bikes/they used to ride bikes</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>(Any 2 from 3)</b></p>	<p>Food they eat</p> <p>Drive instead of cycle</p>	2	<p><i>Credit an answer given in 8(a) for a mark in 8(b)</i></p> <p>Food <b>tc</b> (too vague)</p> <p>Vague answers e.g. people pass time watching a screen/poor health regime/unhealthy lifestyle</p> <p>Reference to <b>children</b> watching TV etc</p> <p>Must imply a change of habit</p> <p>Reference to bike <b>ownership</b></p>

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(c)	<p>Fear of/to prevent increase in <b>serious</b> illnesses/heart problems/attacks</p>	<p>People are dying/have died from heart problems</p> <p>Heart attacks have increased</p>	1	<p>Reference to death <b>tc</b></p> <p>Obesity leads to (early) death</p> <p>Vague answers e.g. because they will live longer/have bad health</p>

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(d)	(Most) old(er) people have a healthy/healthier lifestyle/look after themselves (better)		1	Old people have a healthy /healthier <b>diet</b> Statements such as ‘old people do more exercise’, ‘...have good health’, ‘... are careful about their health’, ‘older people are healthier than young people” (not in text)

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
9(a)	(The buildings are) ugly / (there are) tall buildings/ tenements/ blocks of flats of 20 or more storeys/floors/ levels	20 floors <b>tc</b> Big/huge <b>blocks of flats</b>	1	Wrong number Big/bigger buildings(vague; could be area rather than height)

Q	Key Idea	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
9(b)	<p>They might be/get robbed/ mugged (in the suburbs)</p> <p>They might be/get attacked/ (there's a) risk of aggression/ violence (in the suburbs)</p> <p>(There's) nothing interesting in the suburbs</p> <p><b>(Any 2 from 3)</b></p>	<p>It's safer (there)/ security <b>tc</b> (reference to centre is made in the question)</p> <p>It is/buildings are more interesting/there's lots/more to see/do</p>	2	<p>Answer must refer or be implicit to correct location e.g. they won't be robbed in the centre</p>