

GCSE

Environmental and Land Based Science

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit B681/01 Management of the Natural Environment (Foundation Tier)

Mark Scheme for January 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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Annotations

Used in the detailed Mark Scheme:

Annotation	Meaning		
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point		
(1)	separates marking points		
not/reject	answers which are not worthy of credit		
ignore statements which are irrelevant - applies to neutral answers			
allow/accept answers that can be accepted			
(words) words which are not essential to gain credit			
words	underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark		
ecf	error carried forward		
AW/owtte	alternative wording		
ORA	or reverse argument		

Available in scoris to annotate scripts

?	indicate uncertainty or ambiguity
<u> </u>	benefit of doubt
CON	contradiction
×	incorrect response
	error carried forward
0	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
~~~	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
2	no benefit of doubt

	reject
✓	correct response
2	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
	information omitted

#### **Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

- a. If a candidate alters his/her response, examiners should accept the alteration.
- b. Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.

# E.g.

For a one mark question, where ticks in boxes 3 and 4 are required for the mark:

Put ticks  $(\checkmark)$  in the two correct boxes.

es.

Put ticks  $(\checkmark)$  in the two correct boxes.

Put ticks  $(\checkmark)$  in the two correct boxes.

↓ ↓ ↓

✓
\$

This would be worth 1 mark.

This would be worth 0 marks.

This would be worth 1 mark.

#### Mark Scheme

#### c. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, e.g. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.

d. Marking method for tick boxes:

Always check the additional guidance.

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes. If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, e.g. shading or crosses. Credit should be given for each box correctly ticked. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.

E.g. If a question requires candidates to identify a city in England, then in the boxes

Edinburgh	
Manchester	
Paris	
Southampton	

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third should be blank (or have indication of choice crossed out).

Edinburgh			✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
Manchester	✓	×	✓	✓	✓				✓	
Paris				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Southampton	✓	×		✓		✓	✓		✓	
Score:	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	NR

# MARK SCHEME:

Q	uestion	CBT Question Numbers	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1		1	B: help to mix the soil layer D: improve drainage E: increase activity of soli microbes	3	
2		2	C: clay, sand, silt	1	
3		3	Pigs fed on natural materials / no additives; They only rear pigs	2	
4		4	<ul> <li>✓: to increase the amount of light getting to the crop</li> <li>✓: to reduce competition for nutrients and water</li> </ul>	2	
5		5	A: conservation	1	
6		6	N between 'ammonia' and 'nitrates' F between 'nitrogen gas in air' and 'absorption by legumes (beans)'	2	
7		7	Any <b>two</b> from: Reduce drainage ( <b>OWTTE</b> ); Reduce airspaces ( <b>OWTTE</b> ); Increase run off ( <b>OWTTE</b> ); Fewer soil organisms ( <b>OWTTE</b> )	2	Accept a decrease in fertility
8		8	Any <b>two</b> from: Reduction in pollination / reduction in seeds / reduced flowers; Change in food supply / affects the food chain for birds / animals; Changes to plant diversity	2	Accept other reasoned answers Accept two distinct effects or one effect explained for two marks
9	(a)	9	Any <b>two</b> from: Historical record for next year; Check how close to blueprint; Check growing conditions not too hot / cold; Save energy / costs	2	Accept right growing conditions
	(b)	9	Thermostat / aspirated screen	1	Accept thermometer / thermal sensor

Qı	uestio	n Question Numbers	Answer	Mark	Guidance
10		10	[Level 3] A well structured response, describing a range of	6	Relevant points include:
			relevant points from the list opposite that would lead to a range of valid results. All information in		the need to take a range of samples in a 'W' shape
			answer is relevant, clear, organised and presented in a structured and coherent format. Specialist		take samples just below the soil surface
			terms are used appropriately. Few, if any, errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling.		do not handle samples with fingers
			(5 – 6 marks)		add soil to tube
			[Level 2] Give a description of sufficient stages to produce a		add barium sulphate
			valid result. For the most part the information is relevant and presented in a structured and		top up with (de-ionised) distilled water and shake
			coherent format. Specialist terms are used for the most part appropriately. There are occasional		add indicator solution and shake
			errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling. (3 – 4 marks)		allow to settle
			[Level 1]		compare pH to colour chart
			Gives a description that includes some of the stages necessary to produce a valid result. Answer may be simplistic. There may be limited use of specialist terms. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling prevent communication of the Science. (1 - 2  marks)		alternative references to use of a pH probe / cleaning of probe before use / sampling below surface etc.
			[Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant Science.		
			(0 marks)		
11	(a)	11	C: watering the grass on the course	1	

Question		CBT Question Numbers	Answer	Mark	Guidance
11	(b)	12	C: 2400m ³	1	
11	(c)	13	29 days	1	Accept 29.2 days / 30 days Allow ECF from previous question
11	(d)	14	Any <b>three</b> from: Select drought resistant grasses; Improved nozzles / application methods; Apply in morning / evening / don't apply at midday; Don't apply if rain imminent; Recycle water; Check soil conditions	3	Accept watch the weather forecast; Accept build bigger reservoirs / lakes; Accept water saving technology for toilets (OWTTE); Accept use less water for machinery washing
12	(a)	15	Caged	1	
12	(b)	15	Free Range	1	
12	(c)	15	19.8 million	1	Accept 20 million
12	(d)	16	93p	1	Accept £0.93
12	(e)	16	30.7p	1	Accept £0.307 Allow ECF from previous question
12	(f)	16	Any <b>three</b> from: Increase in space needed for same amount of production; Egg prices would rise; Existing buildings / equipment would be redundant; More labour needed; Increase feed costs	3	

Question	CBT Question Numbers	Answer	Mark	Guidance
Question	• • • • • •	<b>[Level 3]</b> A well structured response, explaining a wide range of relevant points including advantages and disadvantages. To include abiotic and biotic factors. All information in answer is relevant, clear, organised and presented in a structured and coherent format. Specialist terms are used appropriately. Few, if any, errors in grammar, 	Mark 6	Relevant points include:         Advantages:         windbreaks will reduce the speed of the wind in the crop / reduce transpiration rate         windbreak gives shelter from frosts         act as security to the field         habitat for beneficial organisms         reduces soil erosion         aids pollination by insects         Disadvantages:         competition (for nutrients / water / light)         high winds might cause damage (wind funnelling)         windbreaks might shade the crop         might cause frost pockets         might harbour pests or diseases
		Insufficient or irrelevant Science. (0 marks)		need pruning take up space which could be used for growing a crop

Qu	estion	CBT Question Numbers	Answer	Mark	Guidance
14		18	<b>[Level 3]</b> A well structured response, explaining a wide range of relevant points with developed explanation. All information in answer is relevant,	6	Relevant points include: good eyesight
			clear, organised and presented in a structured and coherent format. Specialist terms are used appropriately. Few, if any, errors in grammar,		strong flier large size / competes well for food
			punctuation and spelling. (5 – 6 marks)		eats a wide range of items
			<b>[Level 2]</b> Range of points with some explanation.		not afraid of humans
			For the most part the information is relevant and presented in a structured and coherent format.		can use buildings as nest sites
			Specialist terms are used for the most part appropriately. There are occasional errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling.		strong beak for pecking/ tearing open rubbish bags
			(3 – 4 marks)		more waste food inland
			[Level 1] Some points listed with no or very little		fewer predators inland.
			explanation. Answer may be simplistic. There may be limited		has used its intelligence to adapt to new feeding opportunities ( <b>OWTTE</b> ) / opportunist
			use of specialist terms. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling prevent communication of the Science. (1 – 2 marks)		decline of fish in the sea / fishing industry
			[Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant Science. (0 marks)		
			Total	50	

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