

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2012

GCSE English (5EH2H) Paper 1

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information, please visit our website at www.edexcel.com.

Our website subject pages hold useful resources, support material and live feeds from our subject advisors giving you access to a portal of information. If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.

www.edexcel.com/contactus

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Summer 2012 Publications Code UG032095

*

All the material in this publication is copyright

© Pearson Education Ltd 2012

Mark Scheme

This booklet contains the mark schemes for the English Unit 2: The Writer's Craft Higher Tier Question Papers.

The questions on this paper have been designed to enable candidates to show what they can achieve in relation to a detailed study of a text. The specification aims to encourage students to:

- i respond to texts critically, sensitively and in detail, selecting appropriate ways to convey their response, using textual evidence as appropriate;
- ii explore relationships and comparisons between texts, selecting and evaluating relevant material.

Examiners should allow the candidate to determine their own approach, and assess what the candidate has offered, rather than judging it against predetermined ideas of what an answer should contain.

Examiners must assure themselves that, before they score through passages they consider to be completely irrelevant, they have made every effort to appreciate the candidate's approach to the question.

A crossed-out response should be marked if there is no other response on the paper.

Assessment Objectives

The following Assessment Objectives will be assessed in this unit and are referenced in the mark grids.

AO2: Reading

- i Read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.
- ii Develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.
- iii Explain and evaluate how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
- iv Understand texts in their social, cultural and historical contexts.

AO3: Writing

- i Write clearly, effectively and imaginatively, using and adapting forms and selecting vocabulary appropriate to task and purpose in ways that engage the reader.
- ii Organise information and ideas into structured and sequenced sentences, paragraphs and whole texts, using a variety of linguistic and structural features to support cohesion and overall coherence.
- iii Use a range of sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate punctuation and spelling.

SECTION A: SHAKESPEARE

Romeo and Juliet

Question Number	Question		
1(a)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative of	content	
	Romeo as s Romeo He is m He is si His mo He is ir prevail jaws to He has this ma He sho better He is s' Some cand Romeo my head He taur	swill make inferences and judgements about the character of seen in the extract by reference to the following points: is generous (to Balthasar) in his wishes when dismissing him nade desperate due to his love of/distress over Juliet ingleminded in his mission tives are questionable to an outsider (Balthasar): 'I fear', 'I doubt' in no mood to have his purpose obstructed: he is determined to a see in his personification of the tomb ('I enforce thy rotten to open') given up hope: 'I must [die] indeedtempt not a desperate man' and takes him reckless was some concern for Paris in warning him: 'O, be gone!I love thee than myself' wift to fly into a rage: 'Wilt thou provoke me'. idates may also include: characteristically puts the blame on others: 'Put not another sin upon d' ats Paris in the way that Tybalt once taunted him: 'youth', 'boy' it change of mood is similar to that in Act 3 scene 1.	
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
1(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative	content
	might be p Comments Romeo should a busines Paris is with gri His persuntil he Some cand Particu 'boy' Some re therefo	should focus on the following aspects: should be in a state of desperation and his voice, face and actions all reflect his desire for Paris to leave so that he can get on with his s in the tomb also determined to apprehend Romeo and is in a state of anger mixed
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Clear reference to the lines from the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Sustained reference to the lines from the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Discriminating reference to the lines from extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
1(c)			
		(10 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	is on violer Candidates The ear lead to The fighthas and The subconsequerelation Some cand Example	s may refer to: If y brawls, which illustrate the deep-seated nature of the feud and the Prince's pronouncements, which have dire consequences in the between Mercutio and Tybalt: how it is caused, the consequences it what it demonstrates about characters and relationships assequent fight between Romeo and Tybalt: how it is caused, the quences it has and what it demonstrates about characters and	
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance. Clear reference to one other part of the play to support response. 	
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance. Sustained reference to one other part of the play to support response. 	
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance. Discriminating reference to one other part of the play to support response. 	

Question Number	Question		
2(a)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative of	content	
	Candidates will make inferences and judgements about the character of Duncan as seen in the extract by reference to the following points: • Duncan is self-aware, acknowledging he has been duped by 'a gentleman on whom I built/ An absolute trust' • This suggests that he may still be taking Macbeth ('O worthiest cousin') at face value, however • He is self-critical, referring to the 'sin of my ingratitude' • He is effusive in his thanks and compliments towards Macbeth (and Banquo): 'More is due than more than all can pay' • He is generous in his thanks and will continue to nurture Macbeth's advancement: 'will labour/ To make thee full of growing' • He is happy and wishes to share his joy with 'all deservers'. Some candidates may also include: • Duncan is still naively trusting (of Macbeth) • His 'plenteous joys' are distorting his judgement • He may be naïve in naming his successor.		
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
2(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative	content
	might be p Comments Physical here Conside Macber reaction Some cand	should focus on the following aspects: al positioning to indicate dominance and subservience is important eration should be given to the turning of attention away from th to Banquo, Duncan's embrace and, possibly, Macbeth's silent
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Clear reference to the lines from the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Sustained reference to the lines from the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Discriminating reference to the lines from extract to support response.

Question Number	Question			
2(c)				
		(10 marks)		
	Indicative of	content		
	is on betra	s may draw on any relevant part of the play provided that the focus yal (AO2ii).		
	Any of the MacDufterCawdor	 Candidates may refer to: Any of the many instances of Macbeth's betrayal of others: Duncan, Banquo, MacDuff, his people and his country Cawdor's original betrayal of Duncan and how this gave an opportunity for Macbeth to find favour. 		
	The roleThe pos	ne candidates may also include: The role of Lady Macbeth in encouraging betrayal The possibility that Macbeth himself has been betrayed by fate/ the witches/ his own self-confidence.		
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.		
0	0	No rewardable material.		
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance. Clear reference to one other part of the play to support response. 		
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance. Sustained reference to one other part of the play to support response. 		
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance. Discriminating reference to one other part of the play to support response. 		

The Merchant of Venice

Question Number	Question	
3(a)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 Bassanio as Bassanio 'Gratian' He is se means' Is suitale He has your late Some cand Bassanio support 	will make inferences and judgements about the character of seen in the extract by reference to the following points: o 'judges' Gratiano attempts to lift Antonio's mood after Gratiano's comments: no speaks an infinite deal of nothing' If-aware about his financial state: 'disabled mine estate', 'my faint oly grateful towards Antonio: 'I owe the most in money and in love' the best of intentions in wanting to pay his debts to Antonio ('bring ter hazard back again') but may be selfish in asking for more help. idates may also include: o is articulate and clever, presenting the conceit of the arrow to his request ingle-minded in pursuit of his aims.
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	Perceptive understanding of the character.Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
3(b)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	might be p	Candidates will select from a range of material to explain how these lines might be performed.	
	Bassani witty covoice aHe mayAntonio		
	 Some candidates may also include: Comments about how much Gratiano's statements may have affected Antonio's mood at the start of the extract The extent of Bassanio's concern for his friend, or just keen to engage in gossip. 		
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Clear reference to the lines from the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Sustained reference to the lines from the extract to support response. 	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of effectiveness of performance techniques. Discriminating reference to the lines from extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
3(c)		
		(10 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	Candidates is on mone	s may draw on any relevant part of the play provided that the focus ey (AO2ii).
	Any par or thatShylock this.	s may refer to: It of the play which highlights the money owed by Bassanio to Antonio owed by Antonio to Shylock I's jealous guarding of his wealth and how others view him because of ssible avariciousness of Portia's suitors.
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance. Clear reference to one other part of the play to support response.
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance. Sustained reference to one other part of the play to support response.
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance. Discriminating reference to one other part of the play to support response.

SECTION B: PROSE

Anita and Me

Question Number	Question	
4(a)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 include the He is 'u their fli He is se It never hard' He is se He is se He 'love Some cand This ki he slips 	is may select from a range of material from the extract. These could be following points: Incomfortable amongst thewomen' and probably embarrassed by retatiousness If-controlled and gentlemanly enough to 'nod and smile politely' retheless makes him tense: 'he would squeeze [Meena's hand] so nocked by the women's impropriety: 'are there no limits' focure with his wife and responds to her efforts to 'soothe him' fest' gambling and is impatient to start: 'jingling his loose change'. Iddates may also include: Ind of incident is a regular occurrence ('Papa would always nod') and into the comfort of what might be something of a ritual with his e may even enjoy the attention.
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
4(b)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	 could inclu They ar They sp colloqu They ha [Papa's Only on and the 'they ar Some cand 	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ude the following points: re identified as a group: 'sizeable group' ork together, 'teasing' papa. They are playful beak longingly: 'Ooh, an't he got lovely eyes' and with local ialisms: 'yow tell her that' ave no shame when they 'flirt' and are mischievous in 'enjoying obvious discomfiture' ne of them is described as an individual ('big teeth and purple hair') re picture of her is clownish re nice women' but clearly provocative re very personal: 'your missus is a lucky woman'. lidates may also include: re Papa as someone exotic and outside their sphere ('like that Omar').	
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response. 	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
4(c)		
		(10 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	focus is on cultural, h Candidates Meena's Papa ar Anita's The exp	s may draw on any relevant part of the novel provided that the different cultures (AO2ii) and a reference is made to the social, istorical context (AO2iv). s may refer to: s experiences with members of the community and with Anita and Mama's past and present experiences culture shock at the meal periences of Nanima and other visitors or immigrants. idates may also include: gree of discomfort or enrichment resulting from any of these noces.
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives. AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context.
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context.
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context.

Balzac and the Little Chinese Seamstress

Question Number	Question		
5(a)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	 She is we much? She is continued. She is continued. She is keepen. She is keepen. She is complete. She is continued. 	s may select from a range of material from the extract. These could be following points: willing to give compliments: 'very great dentist', 'he likes you very cautious ('voice sank to a whisper') tees a long view: 'one day' optimistic: 'you shouldn't lose hope' encouraging ('Mao is bound to need') teen to present herself in a superior light: 'I seem to be busy knitting posing poems in my head.' to shows she is creative and capable of multi-tasking decisive: 'speared a sweet potato'. didates may also include: Indiscreet: 'Chairman Mao is bound'. 'he's not so fond of your	
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of the character. Sustained reference to the extract to support response. 	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
5(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 could inclu He is ca He resp He 'con because Some cand The firs 	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ide the following points: autious: 'I echoed warily' illed with remorse' when his lie brings compliments ands sensitively to the 'gentle, melodic voice' agratulates' himself when he hears that Four-Eyes doesn't like him be his lie may have prevented confrontation. Iddates may also include: at person subjective voice suggests to the reader how much of his as he is keeping hidden.
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Mostly sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
5(c)			
		(10 marks)	
	Indicative of	content	
	focus is on cultural, h	Candidates may draw on any relevant part of the novel provided that the focus is on punishment (AO2ii) and a reference is made to the social, cultural, historical context (AO2iv).	
	 Candidates may refer to: The need for secrecy to avoid punishment when under scrutiny for western leanings in the areas of literature, music and the seamstress's pregnancy The fact that able intellectuals are kept in detention whilst the largely uneducated are in control. 		
	 Although 	lidates may also include: In detention is a serious threat, Luo and the narrator have a good deal In leading a secret life.	
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.	
Buria		AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context. 	
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context. 	
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context. 	

Heroes

Question Number	Question		
6(a)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	include th At this all righ She is the second of the sec	s may select from a range of material from the extract. These could be following points: stage, Nicole is damaged emotionally as well as physically: 'I'm not tr', 'I hurt all over' unsure about meeting Francis: 'frowned, drew back a step' ling to listen ('paused, as if waiting for me') angry: 'her voice was harsh', 'the accusation in her voice', 'anger g in her eyes' ames Francis: 'why didn't you do something?' but is able to talk to him a some sense of past friendship. didates may also include: is taking the opportunity to vent her anger on Francis even though he t directly to blame.	
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of the character. Sustained reference to the extract to support response. 	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
6(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative	content
	 could inclu Francis 'my hea He is sp defence His stro blood.' His wor sound' His inte 'Are yo Some cand Francis experie 	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ude the following points: feels devastated, as shown by the metaphors 'my voice breaking' and art was so full' beechless ('I couldn't reply') and acknowledges his guilt: 'I had no e' ong feelings have a physical effect: 'My head so heavy, pounding with eds belie his intense feelings: 'knowing how pitiful those words must ernal rhetorical questions highlight the inadequacy of what he says: u hurt? Torn apart?' Ilidates may also include: s is torn between wanting to be with Nicole and the pain of the ence: 'I couldn't afford to let her go' elf-critical: 'knowing how pitiful'
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Mostly sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
6(c)			
		(10 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	focus is on historical of Candidates • Any reletto the visit them of The corrections of the correction of the correctio	s may draw on any relevant part of the novel provided that the a guilt (AO2ii) and a reference is made to the social, cultural, context (AO2iv). s may refer to: evant actions which give rise to feelings of guilt, particularly related war and /or to the sexual attitudes of the time 's guilt and Larry's guilt and any of the relevant encounters between r with Nicole htext of what Larry was able to achieve in Frenchtown and/or the of the war.	
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives. AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context. 	
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context. 	
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context. 	

Of Mice and Men

Question Number	Question	
7(a)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 include the Carlsor He lack But he He is p He sho himself He is c one of Some cand Carlson just rea 	apable of softening the blow: 'you ain't bein' kind to him', 'give you them pups'. idates may also include: has good reasons, even if he can't fully articulate them and is not cting to the dog's smell: 'he ain't no good to himself.' is to be comforting ('he'd never know what hit him') but the effect is
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question	
7(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative	content
	 could inclu Candy He is p was a He 'loo All the sugges Some cand	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ude the following points: 'squirmed uncomfortably', perhaps feeling trapped broud ('said proudly') of what the dog once was, and nostalgic: 'he pup', 'best damn sheep dog' bked about unhappily' for support or escape adverbs used above, together with 'nervously', 'softly', 'helplessly' t defeat or inability to produce arguments. Ilidates may also include: al tipping point is Slim's intervention - Candy gives in to Slim's ty.
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Mostly sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
7(c)			
		(10 marks)	
	Indicative of	content	
	focus is on	Candidates may draw on any relevant part of the novel provided that the focus is on loneliness (AO2ii) and a reference is made to the social, cultural, historical context (AO2iv).	
	 Candidates may refer to: How the friendship between George and Lennie highlights the need for mutual support in avoiding loneliness Crooks' loneliness due to his race. It affects his sense of reality Curley's wife's isolation as a woman and an abused wife. 		
	The life that coolLoneline	idates may also include: of the ranch hand is lonely and rootless and Steinbeck is suggesting operation is a way of combating loneliness and exploitation ess means insecurity and absence of hope set against the helplessness and powerlessness of itinerant workers at e.	
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.	
		AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context. 	
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context. 	
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context. 	

Rani and Sukh

Question Number	Question		
8(a)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative	content	
	 include the Natalie She is a situatio She is ' Uses So and cut She has Some cand She is f 	s may select from a range of material from the extract. These could be following points: has a no-nonsense approach to Rani's problems: 'Just call him' assertive: 'You've got to hear me' clear-sighted when faced with a problem (takes Rani through the on with a series of questions) exasperated' by Rani's dithering: 'sighed for about the tenth time' corratic questions to help Rani reach a conclusion ('do you love him') as to the chase: 'you haven't got time for this shit' sa limited patience: 'you're doing my head in now' lidates may also include: irm but affectionate: 'Answer the question, minx.' bears to have more experience and maturity compared to Rani.	
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of the character. Sustained reference to the extract to support response. 	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
8(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 could inclu Rani's f Her fee Her inte She use 'drop m Some cand She grir 	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ide the following points: feelings dominate her: 'trying to listen to Natalie' lings prompt an extreme metaphor: 'killing me' ernal rhetorical questions reflect her turmoil s colloquialisms (cliches) as shorthand for her emotions: 'so rubbish', ne like a stone'. didates may also include: s at mention of the feud ('a bit Bollywood'), trivializing something to have dire consequences.
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Mostly sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question	
8(c)		
		(10 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	focus is on social, cult Candidates The cornovel It's imn The diff Some cand The final	s may draw on any relevant part of the novel, provided that the the significance of the feud (AO2ii) and a reference is made to cural, historical context (AO2iv). Is may refer to: Insequences of the taboo relationship in the Punjab section of the mediate effect when first disclosed to Rani and Sukh ferent reactions of the two families and the descent into violence. Idates may also include: Insequences of the two families and the descent into violence. Idates may also include: Insequence with Natalie which indicates some kind of resolution to the figure passion and violence.
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives. AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context.
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context.
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context.

Riding the Black Cockatoo

Question Number	Question	
9(a)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 include the Pete is mind? He is in He is relike the He see He see for?? 	s may select from a range of material from the extract. These could be following points: ready to question others and their ideas: 'Captain Cranky speak his interested in others: 'he listened' elaxed and casual: 'nonchalantly pointed', even about serious matters e history of the sword in scallous: 'lopped off a few heads' in ms more worldly wise than John: 'What do you think they used them idates may also include: In entrepreneur: 'racing bike promoter', and appears to be indent.
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question	
9(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative	content
	 could inclu The re Peter re 'did th John is imagin to life Some cand The dre The har 	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ude the following points: lics of the past seem insignificant: 'rusted old sword', 'blunt relic' efers to what the sword may have done in a casual, understated way: le deed', 'lopped off', 'cleared'. It is stunned by the possible harsh truth: 'appalled', 'my vivid ation went into overdrive' - the reality of a 'few massacres' is coming due to the sight of the sword. Ididates may also include: Readful reality is only implicitly referred to: 'vivid imagination' remless 'blunt sword' is being transformed into the harmful via ative reconstruction.
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Mostly sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question		
9(c)			
		(10 marks)	
	Indicative of	content	
	focus is on made to th	Candidates may draw on any relevant part of the novel provided that the focus is on the treatment of Aboriginal Australians (AO2ii) and a reference is made to the social, cultural, historical context (AO2iv). Candidates may refer to:	
	 Any incident which highlights the past treatment of aborigines, evidenced in, for example, John's research reading in chapter 15 The responses to aborigines and their culture in contemporary Australian society (e.g. in the media, by John's father) 		
	The pro	lidates may also include: ofound effect that learning about this treatment had on John and rs of his family.	
Band	Mark	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.	
Bario		AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context. 	
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context. 	
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context. 	

To Kill a Mockingbird

Question Number	Question		
10(a)			
		(7 marks)	
	Indicative of	content	
	 Include the Scout is Scout is 'led me She has She is p She is in Some cand	s may select from a range of material from the extract. These could be following points: s nerveless and attempts a 'friendly overture' in a difficult situation is observant: 'forehead was white' and can deduce from small details: to believe' s moments of doubt: 'began to sense the futility' solite and positive: 'Mr Cunningham', 'Ain't he, sir?', 'a real nice boy' ingenuous and candid: 'I beat him up one time'. Ididates may also include: s precocious: 'legal affairs were well known to me'.	
Band	Mark	AO2 i: read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.	
0	0	No rewardable material.	
1	1-2	 Generally sound or sound understanding of the character. Clear reference to the extract to support response. 	
2	3-5	Thorough understanding of the character.Sustained reference to the extract to support response.	
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of the character. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response. 	

Question Number	Question	
10(b)		
		(7 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	 could inclu The me strange They ar They ar identifi Mr. Cun 'cleared His clot 'overall Some cand Mr Cunr 	s may select from a range of materials from the extract. These ude the following points. In are overdressed on a summer night and this emphasises the ness of the scene It is 'unused to late hours', which stresses this further It is 'sullen-looking' and not individualised, until Mr Cunningham is ed Inningham is embarrassed, as evidenced by his physical movements: It is throat and looked away' In hing and complexion are indicative of his work and way of life: It straps', 'sun-scorched face', 'heavy work shoes'. Is idates may also include: In hingham is an ordinary, simple man who is behaving acteristically. Scout reminds him of normal life.
Band	Mark	AO2 iii: understand how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-2	 Mostly sound understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas. Clear reference to the extract to support response.
2	3-5	 Thorough understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Sustained reference to the extract to support response.
3	6-7	 Perceptive understanding of how the writer uses language to present ideas to the reader. Discriminating reference to the extract to support response.

Question Number	Question	
10(c)		
		(10 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	focus is on social, cult Candidates The role justice The cer process How the Some cand How ev	s may draw on any relevant part of the novel provided that the the significance of the law (AO2ii) and a reference is made to the cural, historical context (AO2iv). Is may refer to: The of Atticus as the town's lawyer and the focus for principles and in the novel in the novel in the novel in the novel in the same people try to circumvent it in the law is a safeguard against the worst excesses of racism. Idiates may also include: The of the Tom Robinson trial and the need to follow due to the law is a safeguard against the worst excesses of racism.
	is a less	AO2 ii: develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and
Band	Mark	perspectives. AO2 iv: understand texts in their social, cultural, and historical contexts.
0	0	No rewardable material.
1	1-3	 Generally sound or sound understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Generally sound or sound reference to the novel's context.
2	4-7	 Thorough understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Sustained reference to the novel's context.
3	8-10	 Perceptive understanding of theme and its importance in one other part of the novel. Discriminating reference to the novel's context.

SECTION C: WRITING

Question Number	Question			
*11				
		(48 marks)		
	Indicative of	content		
	This may in	o write a letter recommending a charity for which to raise money. avolve a range of features including: information, explanation, exemplification, persuasion and analysis.		
	Audience:	The headteacher or principal.		
		Form: A structured argument, presenting reasons supported by examples but also aiming at an emotional response. Continuous paragraphed prose expected.		
	 Successful answers are likely to: present a rational argument possibly motivated by passion and belief use a range of persuasive rhetorical devices including emotive language be written in a register and style appropriate to the task and audience. 			
Band	Mark	AO3 i: write clearly, effectively and imaginatively, using and adapting forms and selecting vocabulary appropriate to task and purpose in ways that engage the reader. AO3 ii: organise information and ideas into structured and		
		sequenced sentences, paragraphs and whole texts, using a variety of linguistic and structural features to support cohesion and overall coherence.		
0	0	No rewardable response.		
1	1-6	 Expresses ideas that are generally appropriate. Generally sound grasp of the purpose of the writing and audience. Generally sound evidence of control in the choice of vocabulary and sentence structures. Organisation shows generally sound grasp of text structure, with opening and development, and broadly appropriate paragraphing. 		
2	7-12	 Expresses and develops ideas appropriately. A clear sense of the purpose of the writing and audience Well-chosen vocabulary, and shows some evidence of crafting in the construction of sentences. Organisation is sound, with a clear text structure, controlled paragraphing to reflect opening, development and closure, together with successful use of cohesive devices. 		

	1	
3	13-19	 Effectively presents ideas in a sustained way. A secure sustained realisation of the purpose of the writing task and its intended audience. Aptly chosen vocabulary and well-controlled variety in the construction of sentences. Organisation is secure, with a well-judged text structure, effective paragraphing and use of cohesive devices between and within paragraphs.
4	20-26	 Assured presentation of fully developed ideas. A consistent fulfilment of the writing task and assured realisation of its intended audience. Aptly chosen, reasonably extensive vocabulary and assured control in the construction of varied sentence forms. Organisation is assured, with sophisticated control of text structure, skilfully sustained paragraphing and the effective application of cohesive devices.
5	27-32	 Achieves precision and clarity in presenting compelling and fully developed ideas. A strong, consistent fulfilment of the writing task sharply focused on the writer's purpose and audience. An extensive vocabulary and mature control in the construction of varied sentence forms. Organisation is convincing, with sophisticated control of text structure, skilfully sustained paragraphing and the effective application of cohesive devices.

Band	Mark	AO3 iii: use a range of sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate punctuation and spelling.
0	0	No rewardable response.
1	1-3	 Sentences are generally clearly structured, with generally sound control of expression and meaning, some variety of sentence structures used. Generally sound control of a range of punctuation devices, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed for most of the response. Spelling is mostly accurate, with some slips which do not hinder meaning.
2	4-6	 Sentences are clearly structured, with sound control of expression and meaning, a reasonable selection of sentence structures are used. Sound control of the full range of punctuation, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed for the majority of the response. Spelling is mostly accurate, with occasional slips.
3	7-10	 Sentences are purposefully structured, with sustained control of expression and meaning. A wide selection of sentence structures is used. Thorough control of the full range of punctuation, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed. Spelling is almost always accurate, with occasional slips.
4	11-13	 Sentences are purposefully structured, with assured control of expression and meaning. A wide and varied selection of sentence structures is used. Control of the full range of punctuation is assured, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed. Spelling is almost always accurate, with minimal slips.
5	14-16	 Sentences are convincingly structured, with sophisticated control of expression and meaning. A convincing selection of sentence structures is used. Control of the full range of punctuation is precise, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed. Spelling is consistently accurate.

Question Number	Question	
*12		
		(48 marks)
	Indicative of	content
	Purpose: to	o advise young adults on how to deal with bullying.
	Audience: time emplo	young adults who may be at school or college or in part-time or full- syment.
	deal with re	nalysis of common situations involving bullying and advice on how to elevant problems. Might contain examples or case studies. Continuous of prose is expected.
	presenadopt a	answers are likely to: t a coherent and structured approach to the topic a tone which is balanced and alert to the sensitivities involved tten in a style and register appropriate to the topic, audience and
Band	Mark	AO3 i: write clearly, effectively and imaginatively, using and adapting forms and selecting vocabulary appropriate to task and purpose in ways that engage the reader. AO3 ii: organise information and ideas into structured and
		sequenced sentences, paragraphs and whole texts, using a variety of linguistic and structural features to support cohesion and overall coherence.
0	0	No rewardable response.
1	1-6	 Expresses ideas that are generally appropriate. Generally sound grasp of the purpose of the writing and audience. Generally sound evidence of control in the choice of vocabulary and sentence structures. Organisation shows generally sound grasp of text structure, with
		opening and development, and broadly appropriate paragraphing.Expresses and develops ideas appropriately.
2	7-12	 Expresses and develops ideas appropriately. A clear sense of the purpose of the writing and audience. Well-chosen vocabulary, and shows some evidence of crafting in the construction of sentences. Organisation is sound, with a clear text structure, controlled paragraphing to reflect opening, development and closure, together with successful use of cohesive devices.
3	13-19	 Effectively presents ideas in a sustained way. A secure sustained realisation of the purpose of the writing task

		and its intended audience.
		 Aptly chosen vocabulary and well-controlled variety in the
		construction of sentences.
		 Organisation is secure, with a well-judged text structure,
		effective paragraphing and use of cohesive devices between and
		within paragraphs.
		 Assured presentation of fully developed ideas.
		 A consistent fulfilment of the writing task and assured
		realisation of its intended audience.
	20-26	 Aptly chosen, reasonably extensive vocabulary and assured
4		control in the construction of varied sentence forms.
		Organisation is assured, with sophisticated control of text
		structure, skilfully sustained paragraphing and the effective
		application of cohesive devices.
		 Achieves precision and clarity in presenting compelling and fully
		developed ideas.
		 A strong, consistent fulfilment of the writing task sharply
		focused on the writer's purpose and audience.
_	27.22	· ·
5	27-32	An extensive vocabulary and mature control in the construction
		of varied sentence forms.
		 Organisation is convincing, with sophisticated control of text
		structure, skilfully sustained paragraphing and the effective
		application of cohesive devices.
		application of concerve devices.

Band	Mark	AO3 iii: use a range of sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate punctuation and spelling.
0	0	No rewardable response.
1	1-3	 Sentences are generally clearly structured, with generally sound control of expression and meaning, some variety of sentence structures used. Generally sound control of a range of punctuation devices, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed for most of the response. Spelling is mostly accurate, with some slips which do not hinder meaning.
2	4-6	 Sentences are clearly structured, with sound control of expression and meaning, a reasonable selection of sentence structures are used. Sound control of the full range of punctuation, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed for the majority of the response. Spelling is mostly accurate, with occasional slips.
3	7-10	 Sentences are purposefully structured, with sustained control of expression and meaning. A wide selection of sentence structures is used. Thorough control of the full range of punctuation, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed. Spelling is almost always accurate, with occasional slips.
4	11-13	 Sentences are purposefully structured, with assured control of expression and meaning. A wide and varied selection of sentence structures is used. Control of the full range of punctuation is assured, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed. Spelling is almost always accurate, with minimal slips.
5	14-16	 Sentences are convincingly structured, with sophisticated control of expression and meaning. A convincing selection of sentence structures is used. Control of the full range of punctuation is precise, enabling intended emphasis and effects to be conveyed. Spelling is consistently accurate.

Further copies of this publication are available from Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623 467467 Fax 01623 450481 Email <u>publication.orders@edexcel.com</u> Order Code UG032095







Summer 2012

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit our website $\underline{www.edexcel.com}$

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at Edinburgh Gate, Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE