

## **General Certificate of Secondary Education**

## English 3702 Specification A Paper 2F

# **Mark Scheme**

2007 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available to download from the AQA Website: www.aqa.org.uk

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## GCSE English 2007

### Paper 2 Tier F Mark Scheme

#### INTRODUCTION

Examiners will be expected to read the scripts in their allocation carefully and to make every effort to look positively for achievement throughout the ability range. They will be expected to annotate the scripts in order to show subsequent readers what evidence they have found for the achievement of the particular descriptors in the mark bands and will be expected to give a mark for each answer in the right-hand margin at the end of the answer.

There is a common marking spine which runs across all components. In this way the whole examination can be integrated by using a common grade related system for all components.

There are some rules, however, about the mark ranges that can be given.

#### TIER F

On Tier F, the questions are targeted at Grades C to U. However, it is quite possible that on an individual essay or component candidates may perform above grade C and so there are also descriptors for grades above C.

#### DECIDING ON A MARK

Examiners must use the full range of marks. Work exhibiting the highest skills should be considered for full marks.

Marking throughout must be on a 'best-fit' principle. Where there are both strengths and weaknesses in a particular answer, examiners should consider carefully which band is the best fit for the performance overall.

The descriptors are an attempt to guide examiners to an understanding of the qualities normally expected of, or 'typical' of, work in the band. They must not be interpreted as hurdle statements.

Once the mark has been decided upon, by the identification in the body of the script where the descriptor has been met, then the mark should be placed in the right-hand margin.

#### ANNOTATION OF SCRIPTS

It is important that while they are marking in red, examiners note on the script where they have found specific evidence of candidates having achieved a descriptor. It is likely that examiners will be making more extensive annotations at the beginning of the marking period than at the end, but every mark must be justified by a written comment. Ticks should be used to identify evidence of particular skills. Random ticking is extremely unhelpful.

The best kinds of comments are where a particular element of the descriptors is identified clearly and concisely. The point of making such comments is to allow subsequent readers to understand what you are identifying as positive achievement and where you are seeing material which gains credit. It is to share your marking process with those reading your scripts later (Team Leaders, Assistant Principals, Principals, the Chief, Awarders, QCA, scrutineers etc.).

Examiners are asked to number the scripts in their allocation in the order in which they mark them. The first script marked is '1'. Go right through the allocation. Number the script in the top left-hand corner of the front cover of the script. If you do extra scripts just keep numbering through.

#### PROBLEMS

Where an examiner has great difficulty in assessing a script, (s)he can draw it to the attention of the Principal Examiner at the end of the marking season by placing RSE (Refer to Senior Examiner) on the script and attaching the relevant Form EX/SRF. This means that it will be sent to the final meeting of examiners, the occasion where all the problems are looked at and a decision arrived at. Very occasionally a script is very hard to read or illegible. If you have one of these, you should give the mark you think it deserves, but you must also mark it RSE and complete Form EX/SRF so that it can be deciphered fully later on.

#### RUBRIC INFRINGEMENTS

There may well be a few candidates who answer the wrong number of questions. If so, mark them all and count the highest score for those eligible under the terms of the rubric. Thus the marks should be entered which are the highest according to the allowable rubric.

#### RECORDING

When the mark for each question has been recorded at the end of the answer, examiners should enter the marks for each question against the appropriate question number in the e-marker programme. When the total mark is calculated by the software, this should be recorded on the front cover of the script.

Put the total mark for the paper in the box on the top right-hand corner of the cover marked 'For Office Use Only'. Put your initials underneath this total.

## GCSE English 2007

#### Paper 2 Tier F

#### **Section A: Reading**

This Section covers the following Assessment Objectives:

AO2 reading (EN2)

Candidates are required to demonstrate their ability to:

- (i) read with insight and engagement making appropriate reference to texts and developing and sustaining interpretations of them;
- (iv) select material appropriate to purpose, collate material from different sources, and make cross references;
- (v) understand and evaluate how writers use linguistic, structural and presentational devices to achieve their effects, and comment on ways language varies and changes.

The Foundation Tier targets Grades U-C, but candidates may gain any mark on a particular component or question.

Descriptors and content guides have been included for performance from U to A\*.

The range of marks targeted by the paper (notional U to C) is 0-18 for each question in Section A. Each of the questions in Section A is marked out of 27.

Specification A Paper 2F Assessment Grid

Assessment Objectives	Question 1	Question 2
AO2(i)	✓	✓
AO2(iv)	✓	✓
AO2(v)	✓	✓

#### **SECTION A: READING**

1 Compare the methods Denise Levertov uses to present a particular culture in 'What Were they Like'? (page 11) with the methods another poet uses to present a culture or cultures in **one** other poem from the Poems from Different Cultures.

Write about:

- the cultures in the two poems
- the methods the poets use to present them
- how those methods are similar
- how those methods are different
- which poem you prefer and why.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark	Statements	Mark	Statements
Band		Band	
0 marks	nothing written		
1-3 marks	<ul> <li>some awareness of one or more texts</li> </ul>	1-6 marks	<ul> <li>some understanding of content of one or more poems</li> </ul>
4-6 marks	<ul> <li>simple comment</li> <li>reference to some detail</li> <li>awareness of some aspects of presentation</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>mention of culture e.g. fields</li> <li>simple statement of own response to poem(s)</li> <li>simple statement on culture e.g. war, Vietnam</li> </ul>
7-9 marks	<ul> <li>some simple comment supported</li> <li>reference to appropriate detail/ simple linkage</li> <li>statement on some aspects of presentation</li> </ul>	7-12 marks	<ul> <li>accurate account of content of one or more relevant poems</li> <li>identification of aspect(s) of culture e.g. poverty, ceremonies</li> <li>generalisation about own response to poem(s)</li> </ul>
10-12 marks	<ul> <li>some simple extended comment</li> <li>appropriate reference/use of quotation to support comment/ linkage</li> <li>simple comment on some aspects of presentation</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>simple comment on some aspect(s) of the ways culture is presented e.g. question and answer</li> </ul>
13-15 marks	<ul> <li>awareness of feeling(s), attitude(s), idea(s)</li> <li>range of comment supported by textual details with some valid cross-reference</li> <li>comment on effects achieved by writer</li> </ul>	13-18 marks	<ul> <li>some focus on the culture(s) in two poems</li> <li>comments on aspects of the culture(s) using selected detail from the poems e.g. comments on the contrast between the past and the present</li> </ul>
16-18 marks	<ul> <li>understanding of feelings, attitudes, ideas</li> <li>range of extended supported comment with some developed cross-reference</li> <li>awareness of writer's techniques and purpose</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>some explanation of own response to poems</li> <li>relevant comparision of methods of presentation of culture(s) and their effects e.g. question and answer, organisation, details</li> </ul>

	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
19-21 marks	<ul> <li>appreciation of feelings, attitudes and ideas</li> <li>effective use of textual detail with integrated cross- reference</li> <li>understanding of a variety of writers' techniques</li> </ul>	19-27 marks	<ul> <li>examination and analysis of the culture(s) in both poems and what we are shown about them e.g. explanation of what is learnt about the nature of the Vietnamese people in the past</li> </ul>
22-24 marks	<ul> <li>exploration of and empathy with writers' feelings, attitudes, ideas</li> <li>references integrated with argument and comparison</li> <li>analysis of variety of writers' techniques</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>examination and analysis of specific methods of presentation of culture(s), demonstrating their effects and effectiveness e.g. analysis of the differences in the images used to portray the</li> </ul>
25-27 marks	<ul> <li>consistent insight and convincing/imaginative interpretation</li> <li>conceptualised comparative response</li> <li>close textual analysis</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>past and the present</li> <li>integrated approach, analysing and developing own response to poems</li> <li>integrated comparative approach</li> </ul>

2 How does Sujata Bhatt show that identity (who you are) is important in '*from* Search For My Tongue'(page 12)? Compare the methods she uses with the methods another poet uses to show that identity is important in **one** other poem from the Poems from Different Cultures.

Write about:

- identity in the two poems
- why identity is important in the poems
- the methods each poet uses to present identity and its importance.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0 marks	nothing written		
1-3 marks 4-6 marks	<ul> <li>some awareness of one or more texts</li> <li>simple comment</li> <li>reference to some detail</li> <li>awareness of some aspect of presentation</li> </ul>	1-6 marks	<ul> <li>some understanding of content of one/more poems</li> <li>mention of identity e.g. Asian</li> <li>simple statement about method e.g. describing</li> </ul>
7-9 marks	<ul> <li>some simple comment supported</li> <li>reference to appropriate detail/simple linkage</li> <li>statement on some aspects of presentation</li> </ul>	7-12 marks	<ul> <li>accurate account of content of one or more relevant poems</li> <li>identification of methods e.g. poet presents ideas in two different languages</li> <li>simple comment on some</li> </ul>
10-12 marks	<ul> <li>some simple extended comment</li> <li>appropriate reference/use of quotation to support comment/ linkage</li> <li>simple comment on some aspects of presentation</li> </ul>		aspect(s) of the methods used to present identity e.g. Gujerati, local details
13-15 marks	<ul> <li>awareness of feeling(s), attitude(s), idea(s)</li> <li>range of comment supported by textual details with some valid cross-reference</li> <li>comment on effects achieved by writer</li> </ul>	13-18 marks	<ul> <li>some focus on identity in two poems</li> <li>comments on the methods used to present the importance of identity e.g. Gujerati</li> <li>relevant comparison of the</li> </ul>
16-18 marks	<ul> <li>understanding of feelings, attitudes, ideas</li> <li>range of extended supported comment with some developed cross-reference</li> <li>awareness of writers' techniques and purpose</li> </ul>		methods used e.g. particular words and phrases, repetitions, names, naming places, colours, image of flower, languages

	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
19-21 marks 22-24 marks	<ul> <li>appreciation of feelings, attitudes and ideas</li> <li>effective use of textual detail with integrated cross- reference</li> <li>understanding of a variety of writers' techniques</li> <li>exploration of and empathy with writer's feelings, attitudes, ideas</li> <li>references integrated with argument and comparison</li> <li>analysis of a variety of writers' techniques</li> </ul>	19-27 marks	<ul> <li>examination and analysis of the importance of identity in two poems e.g. discussion re: the conflict between the mother tongue and the adopted tongue</li> <li>examination and analysis of specific methods of presenting the importance of identity e.g. analysis of the use of Gujerati, and its phonetic and actual translation, in the context of the plant imagery</li> <li>integrated comparative</li> </ul>
25-27 marks	<ul> <li>consistent insight and convincing/imaginative interpretation</li> <li>conceptualised comparative response</li> <li>close textual analysis</li> </ul>		approach

### Section B: Writing to Inform, Explain or Describe

#### **Assessment Objectives**

AO3 (i) communicate clearly and imaginatively, using and adapting forms for different readers and purposes

AO3 (ii) organise ideas into sentences, paragraphs and whole texts using a variety of linguistic and structural features

AO3 (iii) use a range of sentence structures effectively with accurate punctuation and spelling

Descriptors have been included for performance from U to A\*. The skills descriptors represent the base line generic expectations whilst the content descriptors offer guidance on how those expectations are likely to be demonstrated in a response.

For each question, examiners are to record one mark out of 18 for AO3 (i) and (ii) combined and a **separate** mark out of 9 for AO3 (iii). The total available mark for Section B questions is therefore 27.

For AO3 (i)/(ii), assess answers in terms of the levels below, i.e. the Communication and Organisation descriptors. For AO3 (iii), use the separate set of levels which follow. Place the marks in the margin at the end of the answer, with the AO3 (i)/(ii) total above the AO3 (iii) total.

The Skills descriptors embody the two equally weighted Assessment Objectives in the Communications and Organisation Mark Schemes. These are amplified and customised for the question in the Content Descriptors. Examiners will need to look closely at the Content Descriptors in order to find the appropriate band, and then to check across the Skills Descriptors to confirm or modify the preliminary judgement. Taking both Skills and Content Descriptors together will determine how high or low in the band the mark should be. Remember that to be placed in a particular band the work will satisfy some (but not necessarily all) of the criteria at that level. The precise mark awarded will be determined by the extent to which the answer matches the descriptors set out in the appropriate level.

The one Assessment Objective tested in the Sentence Structures, Punctuation and Spelling Mark Scheme has been split into its three constituent parts. These are amplified and customised in the Content Descriptors. The same process should be followed as in the previous Mark Scheme to determine the mark to be awarded.

In each case, a best fit principle may need to be applied where performance in response to the Assessment Objectives or parts of Assessment Objectives is uneven.

Any valid responses should be rewarded. Remember that candidates are writing under timed conditions.

3 Many people are interested in animals. Write an **informative** article on an animal or animals of your choice.

Remember to:

- write an article
- choose language to inform about the animal or animals.

	AO3 (i)/(ii) Communio	cation and Organisation
Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
1-2	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning</li> <li>some simple sequencing of ideas</li> </ul>	<ul><li>some words in appropriate order</li><li>one or more points made</li></ul>
3-4	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning with occasional sense of purpose and audience</li> <li>ideas are sequenced simply, but generally appropriately</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>makes one or more direct reference to an animal or animals</li> <li>an indication of awareness of need to write an article</li> <li>may express personal feelings but with little relevant detail</li> <li>order of ideas can be followed by reader</li> </ul>
5-6	<ul> <li>clear communication of ideas with more sense of purpose and audience</li> <li>uses some organisational</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>makes some linked points about an animal or animals</li> <li>some awareness of need to inform demonstrated by the selection of points, though likely to be underdeveloped</li> <li>may show awareness of reader</li> <li>may demonstrate occasional attempt to paragraph though likely to be random</li> <li>some attempt to link ideas using</li> </ul>
	devices appropriately with occasional conscious selection of words	<ul> <li>connectives e.g. I like dogs because</li> <li>more evidence of vocabulary selected to inform; limited in range</li> </ul>
7-8	<ul> <li>sustained awareness of purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>may be mainly anecdotal and/or narrative in approach though clearly intended to inform</li> <li>some evidence of selection of some detail to interest the reader e.g. picks out some of the more significant features of an animal</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>more conscious attempt to organise sentences into paragraphs with some attempt to use vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>or animals</li> <li>may use simple rhetorical devices to interest reader e.g. Why do giraffes have long necks?</li> <li>paragraphing may be tabloid and/or, at times, correctly placed</li> <li>beginnings of variety in vocabulary</li> </ul>

Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
9-10	<ul> <li>conscious attempt to suit the needs of purpose and audience and begins to engage reader's response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>clear focus on an animal or animals</li> <li>information relevant to task is given</li> <li>clear awareness of an intended audience</li> <li>may describe in detail various aspects of animal(s)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>clear, if mechanical, paragraphing with more conscious use of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>information is logically sequenced with paragraphs usually marking shift in focus</li> <li>begins to interest reader through vocabulary choices</li> </ul>
11-12	<ul> <li>clear identification with purpose and audience; begins to sustain reader's response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>more evidence of selection of points linked to information about animal(s)</li> <li>information likely to cover a range of aspects</li> <li>clear article</li> <li>control of sub-headings, question/answer approach, anecdote in context, emphasis etc. will be competent where used</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>evidence of structure with usually coherent paragraphs and clear selection of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>paragraphs are competently linked by content and language</li> <li>discursive markers are becoming more integrated and are used to enhance the organisation of the information</li> </ul>
13-14	<ul> <li>form, content and style are generally matched to purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>detailed and well developed article about animal(s)</li> <li>begins to anticipate and respond to potential reader response</li> <li>may selectively use a range of devices/ approaches to provide variety and sustain reader's interest e.g. rhetorical questions, question/answer, anecdote</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>well structured, starting to use paragraphs to enhance meaning and with increasing sophistication in vocabulary choice and phrasing</li> </ul>	range of paragraph structures coherently
15-16	<ul> <li>form, content and style are consistently matched to purpose and audience</li> <li>coherently structured with fluently linked sentence</li> </ul>	cogent focus on animal(s) with wide range
	structures and paragraphs and evidence of conscious crafting	<ul> <li>fluent control of range of devices and discursive markers</li> <li>extensive vocabulary range</li> </ul>

Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
17-18	<ul> <li>form, content and style are assuredly matched to purpose and audience; distinctive and consistently effective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>strong personal style</li> <li>may use satire, irony, humour etc. but always fittingly and in context</li> <li>demonstrate the ability to integrate a range of complex details</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>controlled and sustained crafting with highly effective and delightful vocabulary choices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>discursive markers and a range of stylistic techniques integrated seamlessly</li> <li>may use some inventive structural and/or linguistic devices</li> </ul>

		AO3(iii) Sentence Structures	s, Pu	nctuation and Spelling
Marks		Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
1	•	some sentences some accuracy in spelling of simple words	•	some monosyllabic words spelt correctly
2-3	•	random punctuation in sentences		may use mainly simple and compound sentences with occasional complex sentences; may use discourse markers in a mechanical way
	•	generally accurate basic spelling evidence of conscious punctuation		simple words spelt correctly occasional full stops
4-5	•	uses a range of securely demarcated sentence structures		some conscious variation of syntax though not always grammatically secure; may link complex sentences with appropriate discourse markers e.g. 'because, another reason for'; some use of modifiers
	•	some accurate spelling of more complex words	•	commonly used words spelt correctly
	•	starts to use a range of punctuation		uses more than commas and full stops correctly
6-7	•	uses sentence forms for effect		constructions linked securely to discourse markers; may use parallel constructions, syntactical list, adjectives, adverbs, minor sentences, for effect
	•	generally secure in spelling		generally secure spelling of irregular, latinate, complex words
	•	generally secure in punctuation which clarifies meaning and purpose		generally accurate in sentence demarcation, use of commas, question marks etc.
8-9	•	uses full range of appropriate sentence structures		clear and controlled manipulation of sentence structures for effect; may use wide range of appropriate discourse markers linked to syntactical choice; may use repetition, contrast, parallel phrases and clauses, verbal patterning to control sentence variety within paragraphs
	•	achieves a high level of technical accuracy in spelling (occasional lapses may occur)	•	accurate spelling
	•	achieves a high level of technical accuracy in punctuation (occasional lapses may occur)		range of punctuation used in sophisticated mannor e.g. colons and semi-colons used correctly where appropriate

4 Teenagers are often criticised in newspapers. Write a letter to the editor of a national newspaper **explaining** why this is often unfair.

Remember to:

- explain what sort of things teenagers are often criticised for
- focus on why it might be unfair to criticise teenagers
- use letter form
- use language to explain
- use language suitable for a national newspaper.

	AO3 (i)/(ii) Communic	ation and Organisation
Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
1-2	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some words in appropriate order</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>some simple sequencing of</li> </ul>	one or more points made
	ideas	
3-4	communicates some meaning	makes one or more direct reference to
	with occasional sense of	criticism of teenagers
	purpose and audience	<ul> <li>an indication of awareness of need to explain</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>uses appropriate words to explain e.g.</li> </ul>
		because
	<ul> <li>ideas are sequenced simply, but generally appropriately</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>may express personal feelings but with little relevant detail</li> </ul>
		order of ideas can be followed by reader
5-6	clear communication of ideas	makes some linked points about criticising
	with more sense of purpose and	teenagers and/or its unfairness
	audience	some awareness of need to explain
		demonstrated by selection of points,
		<ul> <li>though likely to be underdeveloped</li> <li>may demonstrate occasional attempt to</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>may demonstrate occasional attempt to paragraph though likely to be random</li> </ul>
	uses some organisational	<ul> <li>some attempt to link ideas using</li> </ul>
	devices appropriately with	connectives e.g. this is unfair because
	occasional conscious selection	<ul> <li>more evidence of vocabulary selected to</li> </ul>
	of words	explain; limited in range
7-8	• sustained awareness of purpose	clearer focus on criticising teenagers being
	and audience	unfair with more developed points
		may be mainly anecdotal and/or narrative
		in in approach though clearly intended to explain
		some evidence of selection of detail for
		purpose e.g. specific examples of good
		things teenagers do
		may use simple rhetorical devices to     interact reader a guilate of three
	• moro conscious attempt to	interest reader e.g. lists of three
	<ul> <li>more conscious attempt to organise sentences into</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>paragraphing may be tabloid and/or, at times, correctly placed</li> </ul>
	paragraphs with some attempt	<ul> <li>beginnings of variety in vocabulary</li> </ul>
	to use vocabulary for effect	

Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
9-10	<ul> <li>conscious attempt to suit the needs of purpose and audience and begins to engage reader's response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>clear focus on criticising teenagers being unfair and why</li> <li>evidence of a variety of explanations</li> <li>clear awareness of intended audience</li> <li>likely to describe in detail various reasons based on personal experience</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>clear, if mechanical, paragraphing with more conscious use of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>explanations are logically sequenced with paragraphs usually marking shift in focus</li> <li>begins to interest reader through vocabulary choices</li> </ul>
11-12	<ul> <li>clear identification with purpose and audience; begins to sustain reader's response</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>evidence of structure with usually coherent paragraphs and clear selection of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>paragraphs are competently linked by content and language</li> <li>discursive markers are becoming more integrated and are used to enhance the organisation of the letter</li> </ul>
13-14	<ul> <li>form, content and style are generally matched to purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>detailed and well developed explanatory letter re: unfairness of the criticism of teenagers</li> <li>begins to anticipate and respond to potential audience response</li> <li>may selectively use a range of devices/ approaches to provide variety and sustain reader's interest e.g. rhetorical questions, question/answer, anecdote</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>well structured, starting to use paragraphs to enhance meanin and with increasing sophistication in vocabulary choice and phrasing</li> </ul>	range of paragraph structures coherently
15-16	<ul> <li>form, content and style are consistently matched to purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cogent focus on unfairness and criticising teenagers with wide range of interesting explanations</li> <li>growing subtlety of purpose and ability to manipulate reader's response</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coherently structured with fluently linked sentence structures and paragraphs and evidence of conscious crafting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>structured and developed using a range of means to explain effectively</li> <li>fluent control of range of devices and discursive markers</li> <li>extensive vocabulary range</li> </ul>

Marks		Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
17-18	•	form, content and style are assuredly matched to purpose and audience; distinctive and consistently effective	<ul> <li>strong personal style</li> <li>may use satire, irony, humour etc. but always fittingly and in context</li> <li>demonstrates the ability to integrate a range of explanations</li> </ul>
	•	controlled and sustained crafting with highly effective and delightful vocabulary choices	<ul> <li>discursive markers and a range of stylistic techniques are integrated seamlessly</li> <li>may use some inventive structural and/or linguistic devices</li> </ul>

	AO3(iii) Sentence Structures, Punctuation and Spelling			
Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors		
1	<ul> <li>some sentences</li> <li>some accuracy in spelling of simple words</li> </ul>	some monosyllabic words spelt correctly		
	<ul> <li>random punctuation</li> </ul>			
2-3	in sentences	<ul> <li>may use mainly simple and compound sentences with occasional complex sentences; may use discourse markers in a mechanical way</li> </ul>		
	generally accurate basic spelling	simple words spelt correctly		
	evidence of conscious punctuation	occasional full stops		
4-5	<ul> <li>uses a range of securely demarcated sentence structures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some conscious variation of syntax though not always grammatically secure; may link complex sentences with appropriate discourse markers e.g. 'because, another reason for'; some use of modifiers</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>some accurate spelling of more complex words</li> </ul>	commonly used words spelt correctly		
	<ul> <li>starts to use a range of punctuation</li> </ul>	uses more than commas and full stops     correctly		
6-7	uses sentence forms for effect	<ul> <li>constructions linked securely to discourse markers; may use parallel constructions, syntactical list, adjectives, adverbs, minor sentences, for effect</li> </ul>		
	generally secure in spelling	<ul> <li>generally secure spelling of irregular, latinate, complex words</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>generally secure in punctuation which clarifies meaning and purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>generally accurate in sentence demarcation, use of commas, question marks etc.</li> </ul>		
8-9	uses full range of appropriate sentence structures	<ul> <li>clear and controlled manipulation of sentence structures for effect; may use wide range of appropriate discourse markers linked to syntactical choice; may use repetition, contrast, parallel phrases and clauses, verbal patterning to control sentence variety within paragraphs</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>achieves a high level of technical accuracy in spelling (occasional lapses may occur)</li> </ul>	accurate spelling		
	<ul> <li>achieves a high level of technical accuracy in punctuation (occasional lapses may occur)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>range of punctuation used in sophisticated manner e.g. colons and semi-colons used correctly where appropriate</li> </ul>		

#### 5 **Describe** your home.

Remember to:

- think about what makes a home
- describe the sorts of things which make somewhere a home
- choose language suitable for describing your home.

	AO3 (i)/(ii) Communic	ation and Organisation		
Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors		
1-2	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning</li> <li>some simple sequencing of ideas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some words in appropriate order</li> <li>one or more features mentioned</li> </ul>		
3-4	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning with occasional sense of purpose and audience</li> <li>ideas are sequenced simply, but generally appropriately</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>makes one or more direct reference to home</li> <li>an indication of awareness of need to describe e.g. uses appropriate adjectives</li> <li>may express personal feelings about home but with little relevant detail</li> <li>order of ideas can be followed by reader</li> </ul>		
5-6	<ul> <li>clear communication of ideas with more sense of purpose and audience</li> <li>uses some organisational devices appropriately with occasional conscious selection of words</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>makes some linked points about home</li> <li>some awareness of need to describe, demonstrated by selection of aspects of the home though likely to be underdeveloped</li> <li>may demonstrate occasional attempt to paragraph though likely to be random</li> <li>some attempt to link ideas using connectives e.g. 'after you walk through the kitchen'</li> <li>more evidence of vocabulary selected to describe; limited in range</li> </ul>		
7-8	<ul> <li>sustained awareness of purpose and audience</li> <li>more conscious attempt to organise sentences into paragraphs with some attempt to use vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>clearer focus on home with more developed description</li> <li>may be mainly anecdotal and/or narrative in approach though clearly intended to describe</li> <li>some evidence of selection of detail for purpose e.g. reference to particular features</li> <li>may use simple rhetorical devices to interest reader e.g. lists of three</li> <li>paragraphing may be tabloid and/or, at times correctly placed</li> <li>beginnings of variety in vocabulary</li> </ul>		
9-10	<ul> <li>conscious attempt to suit the needs of purpose and audience and begins to engage reader's response</li> <li>clear, if mechanical, paragraphing with more conscious use of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>clear focus on home</li> <li>evidence of variety of description</li> <li>likely to describe in detail various aspects of home</li> <li>description is logically sequenced with paragraphs usually marking shift in focus</li> <li>begins to interest reader through vocabulary choices</li> </ul>		

Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
11-12	<ul> <li>clear identification with purpose and audience; begins to sustain reader's response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>more evidence of selection of detail for description of home</li> <li>description likely to cover a range of aspects of home e.g. atmosphere, colours, senses</li> <li>control of parallel structure, shaping, links, modifiers will be competent where used</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>evidence of structure with usually coherent paragraphs and clear selection of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>paragraphs are competently linked by content and language</li> <li>discursive markers are becoming more integrated and are used to enhance the organisation of the description</li> </ul>
13-14	<ul> <li>form, content and style are generally matched to purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>detailed and well developed description of home</li> <li>begins to anticipate and respond to potential reader response</li> <li>may selectively use a range of devices/approaches to provide variety and sustain reader's interest e.g. sentence variation, similes</li> </ul>
	• well structured, starting to use paragraphs to enhance meaning and with increasing sophistication in vocabulary choice and phrasing	<ul> <li>range of paragraph structures coherently linked</li> <li>discursive markers now coherently integrated</li> <li>varied vocabulary used effectively in description</li> </ul>
15-16	<ul> <li>form, content and style are consistently matched to purpose and audience</li> <li>coherently structured with fluently linked sentence structures and paragraphs and evidence of conscious crafting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cogent focus on home with wide range of interesting description</li> <li>growing subtlety of purpose and ability to manipulate reader's response</li> <li>structured and developed using a range of means to convey home effectively</li> <li>fluent control of range of devices and discursive markers</li> <li>extensive vocabulary range</li> </ul>
17-18	<ul> <li>form, content and style are assuredly matched to purpose and audience; distinctive and consistently effective</li> <li>controlled and sustained crafting with highly effective and delightful vocabulary choices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>strong personal style</li> <li>may use satire, irony, humour etc. but always fittingly and in context</li> <li>demonstrates the ability to integrate a range of complex details</li> <li>discursive markers and a range of stylistic techniques are integrated seamlessly</li> <li>may use some inventive structural and/or linguistic devices</li> </ul>

AO3(iii) Sentence Structures, Punctuation and Spelling			
Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors	
1	<ul> <li>some sentences</li> <li>some accuracy in spelling of simple words</li> <li>random punctuation</li> </ul>	some monosyllabic words spelt correctly	
2-3	in sentences	<ul> <li>may use mainly simple and compound sentences with occasional complex sentences; may use discourse markers in a mechanical way</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>generally accurate basic spelling</li> <li>evidence of conscious punctuation</li> </ul>	<ul><li>simple words spelt correctly</li><li>occasional full stops</li></ul>	
4-5	uses a range of securely demarcated sentence structures	<ul> <li>some conscious variation of syntax though not always grammatically secure; may link complex sentences with appropriate discourse markers, some use of modifiers</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>some accurate spelling of more complex words</li> </ul>	commonly used words spelt correctly	
	<ul> <li>starts to use a range of punctuation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>uses more than commas and full stops correctly</li> </ul>	
6-7	<ul> <li>uses sentence forms for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>constructions linked securely to discourse markers; may use parallel constructions, syntactical list, adjectives, adverbs, minor sentences, for effect</li> </ul>	
	generally secure in spelling	<ul> <li>generally secure spelling of irregular, latinate, complex words</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>generally secure in punctuation which clarifies meaning and purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>generally accurate in sentence demarcation, use of commas, question marks etc.</li> </ul>	
8-9	uses full range of appropriate sentence structures	<ul> <li>clear and controlled manipulation of sentence structures for effect; may use wide range of appropriate discourse markers linked to syntactical choice; may use repetition, contrast, parallel phrases and clauses, verbal patterning to control sentence variety within paragraphs</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>achieves a high level of technical accuracy in spelling (occasional lapses may occur)</li> </ul>	accurate spelling	
	<ul> <li>achieves a high level of technical accuracy in punctuation (occasional lapses may occur)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>range of punctuation used in sophisticated manner e.g. colons and semi-colons used correctly where appropriate</li> </ul>	

6 Childhood memories can be very important. Choose one childhood memory. **Describe** the memory and **explain** its importance to you.

Remember to:

- choose a childhood memory
- describe it in detail
- explain why the memory is important to you
- choose language to describe and to explain.

	AO3 (i)/(ii) Communication and Organisation			
Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors		
1-2	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning</li> <li>some simple sequencing of ideas</li> </ul>	<ul><li>some words in appropriate order</li><li>one or more points made</li></ul>		
3-4	<ul> <li>communicates some meaning with occasional sense of purpose and audience</li> <li>ideas are sequenced simply, but generally appropriately</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>makes one or more direct reference to a memory/memories</li> <li>an indication of awareness of need to describe and explain e.g. because</li> <li>may express personal feelings about memory but with little relevant detail</li> <li>order of ideas can be followed by reader</li> </ul>		
5-6	<ul> <li>clear communication of ideas with more sense of purpose and audience</li> <li>uses some organisational devices appropriately with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>makes some linked points about specific memory</li> <li>some awareness of the need to describe and explain, demonstrated by selection of points, though likely to be underdeveloped</li> <li>may demonstrate occasional attempt to paragraph though likely to be random</li> <li>some attempt to link ideas using connectives e.g. because</li> </ul>		
	occasional conscious selection of words	<ul> <li>more evidence of vocabulary selected to describe and explain; limited in range</li> </ul>		
7-8	<ul> <li>sustained awareness of purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>clearer focus on a childhood memory with more developed points</li> <li>may be mainly anecdotal and/or narrative in approach though clearly intended to describe and explain</li> <li>some evidence of selection of detail for purpose e.g. reference to time and place</li> <li>may use simple rhetorical devices to interest reader e.g. lists of three</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>more conscious attempt to organise sentences into paragraphs with some attempt to use vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>paragraphing may be tabloid and/or, at times, correctly placed</li> <li>beginnings of variety in vocabulary</li> </ul>		

Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
9-10	<ul> <li>conscious attempt to suit the needs of purpose and audience and begins to engage reader's response</li> <li>clear, if mechanical, paragraphing with more conscious use of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>clear focus on a memory and its importance</li> <li>evidence of a variety of descriptions and explanations</li> <li>likely to describe in detail various aspects of memory</li> <li>description and explanation are logically sequenced with paragraphs usually marking shift in focus</li> <li>begins to interest reader through vocabulary choices</li> </ul>
11-12	<ul> <li>clear identification with purpose and audience; begins to sustain reader's response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>more evidence of selection of material to describe the memory in detail and explain its importance</li> <li>explanation and description likely to cover a range of aspects</li> <li>control of alternative structure, anecdote in context, emphasis etc. will be competent where used</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>evidence of structure with usually coherent paragraphs and clear selection of vocabulary for effect</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>paragraphs are competently linked by content and language</li> <li>discursive markers are becoming more integrated and are used to enhance the organisation of the description and explanation e.g. 'because of this'</li> </ul>
13-14	form, content and style are generally matched to purpose and audience	<ul> <li>detailed and developed description of memory and explanation of importance</li> <li>begins to anticipate and respond to potential reader response</li> <li>may selectively use a range of devices/approaches to provide variety and sustain reader's interest e.g. sentence variation, rhetorical questions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>well structured, starting to use paragraphs to enhance meaning and with increasing sophistication in vocabulary choice and phrasing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>range of paragraph structures coherently linked</li> <li>discursive markers are now coherently integrated</li> <li>wide varied vocabulary used effectively in description and explanation</li> </ul>

Marks	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors
15-16	<ul> <li>form, content and style are consistently matched to purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cogent focus on description of the memory with wide range of interesting explanation of its importance</li> <li>growing subtlety of purpose and ability to manipulate reader's response</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coherently structured with fluently linked sentence structures and paragraphs and evidence of conscious crafting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>structured and developed using a range of means to describe and explain effectively</li> <li>fluent control of range of devices and discursive markers</li> <li>extensive vocabulary range</li> </ul>
17-18	<ul> <li>form, content and style are assuredly matched to purpose and audience; distinctive and consistently effective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>strong personal style</li> <li>may use satire, irony, humour etc. but always fittingly and in context</li> <li>demonstrates the ability to integrate a range of complex details</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>controlled and sustained crafting with highly effective and delightful vocabulary choices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>discursive markers and a range of stylistic techniques integrated seamlessly</li> <li>may use some inventive structural and/or linguistic devices</li> </ul>

AO3(iii) Sentence Structures, Punctuation and Spelling				nctuation and Spelling
Marks		Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
1	•	some sentences some accuracy in spelling of simple words	•	some monosyllabic words spelt correctly
2-3	•	random punctuation in sentences		may use mainly simple and compound sentences with occasional complex sentences; may use discourse markers in a mechanical way
	•	generally accurate basic spelling evidence of conscious punctuation		simple words generally spelt correctly occasional full stops
4-5	•	uses a range of securely demarcated sentence structures		some conscious variation of syntax though not always grammatically secure; may link complex sentences with appropriate discourse markers e.g. 'because', 'another reason for'; some use of modifiers
	•	some accurate spelling of more complex words	•	commonly used words spelt correctly
	•	starts to use a range of punctuation		uses more than commas and full stops accurately
6-7	•	uses sentence forms for effect		constructions linked securely to discourse markers; may use parallel constructions, syntactical list, adjectives, adverbs, minor sentences, for effect
	•	generally secure in spelling		generally secure spelling of irregular, latinate, complex words
	•	generally secure in punctuation which clarifies meaning and purpose		generally accurate in sentence demarcation, use of commas, question marks etc.
8-9	•	uses full range of appropriate sentence structures		clear and controlled manipulation of sentence structures for effect; may use wide range of appropriate discourse markers linked to syntactical choice; may use repetition, contrast, parallel phrases and clauses, verbal patterning to control sentence variety within paragraphs
	•	achieves a high level of technical accuracy in spelling (occasional lapses may occur)	•	accurate spelling
	•	achieves a high level of technical accuracy in punctuation (occasional lapses may occur)		range of punctuation used in sophisticated manner e.g. colons and semi-colons used correctly where appropriate