

(a) In the poem 'invasion' the writer talks about a war which is soon happening. The writer uses language techniques to tell the reader how terrified and scared they are.

Choman Hardi has written this poem as if it was happening right now i.e. using first person. At first she's scared of the war approaching and knows that no matter what the war is coming because she says 'soon they will come, so she knows and there's nothing she can do to stop it.

Further on in the poem, not only is she scared but doubtful that their 'young men' will win as she says 'we will lose this war blood will cover our roads'. The writer has chosen to not only be doubtful about the war but also describe parts of it such as the blood.

This is a good way to make the reader feel as though <sup>they are</sup> ~~they are~~ really there and to <sup>inform</sup> ~~inform~~ them what was happening in the streets.

The writer also compares the two sides of the war, the ~~enemy~~ enemy with their 'death bringing uniforms'.

(Section B continued)

and 'guns and tanks' but a short line of the home side soldiers 'with rusty guns and boiling blood'. Comparing the two sides is a helpful way to inform the reader why she is so sure they will lose this war. Overall this poem shows a good description of what's happening and also the language used makes you feel as if you were actually ~~there~~ there.

(Section B continued)

(ii) The poem I have chosen is 'August 6, 1945' ~~the~~ there is a great difference between this poem and 'invasion' the both represent war but in different ways for example invasion poem is about soldiers on foot fighting each other where as August 6, 1945 is about an atomic bomb. There's a major comparison between the two but both, in a way resemble war. The writer is August 6, 1945, Alison Fell speaks also in first person, as in invasion, but she writes as though she is talking about someone specific as she constantly says 'later he will say', 'later he will laugh' like she's speaking about someone. The repetition used with this word makes a reader more interested and may want to find out who she is talking about in her poem. Similarly in invasion the writer talks about the enemy coming but not once states a name of who they are, or even what they want.

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**TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 30 MARKS**  
**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 50 MARKS**