

General Certificate of Secondary Education

English Literature 3711Specification B Higher Tier

Mark Scheme

2008 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Section A - How to Mark

1 The Positive Approach

Always evaluate what is in the answer and reward the candidate appropriately: never look for what is 'missing'.

The main criterion is quality of comment, displaying, in some degree, knowledge, understanding and insight.

Reward highly any answer which keeps the question firmly in mind and offers textual evidence in support of assertions.

2 Flexibility

Use the mark-range definitions to help you place the answer.

Look out for answers which do not fit neatly into a range. They may show real sensitivity, flair and originality. Your own judgement is of crucial importance.

3 The Text

All questions require reasonably accurate and detailed reference to the text.

Candidates will choose their own references to support their arguments. Reward consistent and confident use of the text.

Beware of the fluent answer full of conjecture and speculation but empty of the reference which shows knowledge.

4 'Narrative'

Many answers recount episodes in apparently unpointed narrative. Look for key words which indicate that the question is being answered.

In poetry answers a line-by-line paraphrase has value if accompanied by commentary.

Interest can be implicit through the choice and recounting of incidents.

Do not be quick to condemn 'mere' storytelling, look instead for relevance.

If the narrative is rambling, irrelevant and generalised the mark must reflect this.

5 'Prepared' answers

Notes obviously taken from secondary sources should only be credited where they have been properly assimilated by the candidate and made relevant to the question.

You will meet some cover-all accounts. Mark what is relevant to the guestion.

6 Use of 'technical terms'

If lists of technical terms are offered instead of fresh response to the effects of words and phrases, mark according to your judgement of the candidate's understanding.

7 Use of background material

Biographical information should be given little credit unless it has, by some means, been made relevant. It is no substitute for textual evidence.

8 Personal response

Reward highly evidence of genuine response which will come through a thoughtful engagement with the text.

Do not be misled by comments of the "I couldn't put the book down" variety: evidence is needed to make this effective.

9 The process of marking

Check for any rubric infringements (see point 10) and indicate these clearly on the front of the script by writing a large red R.

Show that you have read every page.

If you use ticks they must mean something.

Judge each of the three answers independently. If the script is very unbalanced, comment on this.

Your own comments are vital. They must show clearly why you have given this specific mark rather than, for example, a higher one.

There must be no sarcasm in your comments.

Your comments must be appropriate for your mark. Do not write "Good sound answer" and give, say, 9.

There is no point in commenting "There's much more to say". There always will be. These are young candidates working against the clock.

Do not judge an answer as if it were coursework.

Show your reasons, particularly if you withhold marks, by indicating errors. Do not routinely award a particular mark.

Having marked the candidate's script for subject content, recording the question totals for each question, you must review the script as a whole and according to the bands of marks defined on the next page, decide on the mark to be awarded to the candidate for Quality of Written Communication (QWC). This mark should be written in the next available mark box on the front of the answer book, and 'QWC' written next to it in the corresponding question number box. Then you should add the question total marks together and add the QWC mark to give the grand total and enter this in the box for the total mark. The grand total for the whole paper (including QWC) is the mark you should write and encode on the Examiner's Mark Sheet.

Marking Criteria for Quality of Written Communication			
The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.	3 Marks		
The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure meaning.	2 Marks		
The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form. The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.	1 Mark		
The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.	0 Marks		

Remember that your work will be seen by others who may include Senior Examiners, Script Checker, Awarder and Reviewer. If any alterations are subsequently required, your own written comments and marks will be scrutinised carefully. Your initials on each script are required.

10 Rubric Infringements

Check that only one question has been answered from each of the three sections.

Mark everything and award the best combination of marks permitted by the rubric.

If candidates have referred to only one character/episode/poem when the question requires reference to two, the answer is marked on a reduced scale of 19 marks instead of 25, as follows:

Mark	Reduced mark
Range	range
0-1	0-1
2-4	2-3
5-7	4-5
8-10	6-7
11-13	8-9
14-16	10-12
17-19	13-15
20-22	16-17
23-25	18-19

When candidates use poems from the incorrect era to answer a question they should not be penalised as long as the poems are appropriate to the question, for example, using post-1914 nature poems to answer a question on nature in the pre-1914 Poetry Section. Obviously, if the poems are not appropriate, the candidate cannot meet the mark criteria.

If the candidate has used poems from the incorrect era please write ERA on the front of the question paper.

If the candidate chooses to use poems within the correct era but not the prescribed poems, they should not be penalised.

Section B – Mark Ranges – Definitions

Range	Marks
RANGE 1	0–7
RANGE 2	8–13
RANGE 3	14–19
RANGE 4	20–25

The Assessment Objectives and Guidance

The Skills and content descriptors provide an outline of the characteristics which might, in some combination, be associated with specific mark ranges. Answers do not always fit unequivocally and tidily within one range so be positive and flexible in approach.

Assessment Objectives and Ranges

Place the answer in a range by measuring it against the assessment objectives.

The full range is to be used for both Foundation Tier and Higher Tier. Individual answers may deserve marks beyond the high or low range expected for that Tier. This compensatory range may balance other marks in the script.

Assessment Objectives

Assessment objectives will be tested as follows.

Candidates will:

- A01) respond to texts critically, sensitively and in detail, selecting appropriate ways to convey their response, using textual evidence as appropriate;
- A02) explore how language, structure and forms contribute to the meanings of texts, considering different approaches to texts and alternative interpretations;
- A03) explore relationships and comparisons between texts, selecting and evaluating relevant material.
- A04) relate texts to their social, cultural and historical contexts and literary traditions.

Range 1 bottom Marks 0-1

- A01) Candidates provide some writing about text or task;
- A02) no comment on language or form;
- A03) no comment on connections between texts;
- A04) no awareness of context of texts.

Range 1 lower Marks 2-4

- A01) Candidates write simple statements about the text or task;
- A02) candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words;
- A03) simple connections made between texts;
- A04) basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts.

Range 1 higher Marks 5-7

- A01) Candidates select some appropriate material;
- A02) show some awareness of the writer's use of words:
- A03) begin to explore obvious connections between texts;
- A04) limited implicit awareness of the context of texts.

Range 2 lower Marks 8-10

- A01) Candidates refer to texts to support their views;
- A02) recognise features of language and structure;
- A03) recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style;
- A04) implicit awareness of the contexts of texts.

Range 2 higher Marks 11-13

- A01) Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference;
- A02) recognise and respond to features of language and structure;
- A03) recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them;
- A04) show some awareness of the context of texts.

Range 3 lower Marks 14-16

- A01) Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts;
- A02) begin to show understanding of elements of critical awareness;
- A03) make comparisons and draw relationships between texts;
- A04) show awareness of context of texts.

Range 3 higher Marks 17-19

- A01) Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response;
- A02) demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning;
- A03) analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts:
- A04) refer to the context of texts appropriately.

Range 4 lower Marks 20-22

- A01) Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective;
- A02) sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts;
- A03) sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts;
- A04) identify and comment on texts in context.

Range 4 higher Marks 23-25

- A01) Candidates support evaluative responses with textually apposite reference used discriminatingly;
- A02) sustain insight into meanings and stylistics of texts with precision and originality;
- A03) evaluate comparisons and relationships between texts in detail;
- A04) evaluate the place of texts in their total context.

Section C – Question Specific Notes, with Mark Ranges

ASSESSMENT GRID

SPECIFICATION B ENGLISH LITERATURE May 2008

Higher Tier - 3711H

Assessment	A01	AO2	AO3	A04	
Objective					
SECTION A					
All Questions	✓	✓	-	✓	
SECTION B					
All Questions	✓	✓	✓	-	
SECTION C					
All Questions	✓	✓	-	-	
Overall %					
weightings	25%	25%	10%	10%	
for Higher Tier					
paper					
Total number of					
marks for Higher	78				
Tier paper					
Quality of Written					
Communication	5% of total marks				
(QWC)					

The mark range notionally targeted by Higher Tier is 14-25, but candidates may gain any mark on any question, according to merit.

Descriptors for skills and content have been included for the full range 0-25 (U to A*).

When using the detailed marking schemes which follow:

- decide which of the performance criteria best match the candidate's response to the question;
- award a mark within the mark range according to the quality of the response; the full spread of marks within each range should be used.

Section A: Drama

Answer one question from this Section.

Candidates are reminded to:

- answer the question using appropriate evidence from the texts
- explore language and structure
- relate texts to their contexts and traditions

If you choose a question which has a short extract at the beginning, you should use the extract to remind yourself where to look in your text and to give you a starting point for your answer.

The Merchant of Venice – William Shakespeare Pre 19-14

Section A: Drama

Question 1 Write about the role and character of Shylock in this play. You should look closely at language, actions and other characters' opinions in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	• simple statement(s) about his role, e.g. h	some features/details about Shylock, e.g. he is/is not likeable.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		simple comment(s) about his character, e.g. he hates
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about Shylock, e.g. loan to
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 Antonio. simple comment(s) on details of his presentation, e.g. what he does in Venice. some awareness of writers' methods in presentation, e.g. his attitudes to money/Christians. some awareness of context e.g. some consideration of implications of 'in this play'.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on role and character of Shylock. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation, e.g. textual evidence supporting the motivation of the character of	
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 Shylock identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present role and character of Shylock, e.g. the trial of Antonio, treatment of Jessica. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate role of Shylock with reasons for behaviour. 	
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of Shylock, e.g. how he affects the play.	
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of Shylock's actions and reasons. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Shylock's actions and reasons, e.g. analysis of the language he (and others when dealing with him or referring to him) uses in different situations. developed response to context, e.g. analytical reference to aspects of language and structure explored in detail. 	

Question 2 What points does Shakespeare make about love and friendship in this play? You should look closely at language, actions and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details about love/friendship, e.g. there are several friends/lovers.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 	e text or task; swriter's use • simple statement(s) about his role, e.g. Antonio is his friend.	simple statement(s) about his role, e.g. Bassanio loves Portia,
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		and/or their presentation.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about love/friendship, e.g. the loan, the trial.
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details about love/friendship, e.g. what Bassanio/Portia/Antonio do as lovers/friends. some awareness of writers' methods in presenting love/friendship, e.g. how Bassanio wins Portia, how she chooses him. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of points made re love/friendship.

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on attitudes to love and friendship. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of love and friendship or a details of events such as trial loop.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 of love and friendship, e.g. details of events such as trial, loan, caskets. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present love and friendship, e.g. trial, loan, caskets. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate love and friendship, e.g. the relationships of Shylock/Jessica, Bassanio/Portia, Antonio/Bassanio.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of love and friendship, e.g. Portia, Antonio, Bassanio, Shylock at the trial.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of love and friendship, e.g. details of Bassanio's wooing, Portia's responses to his behaviour and dilemma. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting love and friendship, e.g. diversity, including perhaps, Shylock's love of Jessica and money. developed response to context, analytical reference to attitudes and behaviour within the parameters of love and friendship.

Romeo and Juliet – William Shakespeare Pre-1914

Question 3 In what ways does Romeo change during the play and in what ways does he stay the same? You should look closely at language, actions and other characters' opinions in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	 Answers are likely to include: some features/details about Romeo, e.g. he changes. simple statement(s) about his actions, e.g. he is a Montague. 	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		simple statement(s) about his character, e.g. he loves Juliet.	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	selection of appropriate materia	selection of appropriate material about Romeo, e.g. he
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 changes object of affections. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Romeo, e.g. his attitude to love. some awareness of writers' methods in presenting Romeo, e.g. how others describe him. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of changes/similarities in attitudes. 	

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: • focus on presentation of Romeo, e.g. as changing in attitudes to love.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 explained/sustained response to the details of relevance to presentation of Romeo, e.g. his attitudes to Tybalt. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present changes/similarities, e.g. opinions of Friar Lawrence and Juliet's Nurse. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate change/similarity, e.g. his relationships with friends and Capulets.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of Romeo as changing/staying same, e.g. how he reacts to others, to the
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 feud, to responsibility. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of Romeo as changing/staying same, e.g. how he reacts to others, to the feud, to responsibility. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Romeo's changing/staying same, e.g. close analysis of Romeo's language at different stages in the play, Romeo presented as a model lover. developed response to context, analytical reference to changes/staying same in attitudes and behaviour.

Romeo and Juliet – William Shakespeare Pre-1914

Question 4 What does Shakespeare have to say about the nature of love and marriage in this play? You should refer closely to language, actions and characters in your answer.

(25 marks)

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	 Answers are likely to include: some features/details about love/marriage. simple statement(s) about love/marriage, e.g. Romeo and Juliet
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		love and marry. • simple comment(s) about love/marriage, e.g. Romeo and Juliet marry in secret.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about love/marriage, e.g. the
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 ways in which characters refer to them. simple comment(s) on details relevant to love/marriage and/or their presentation, e.g. behaviour of Romeo/Juliet/Paris. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting love/marriage, e.g. Juliet as trusting, Romeo as passionate/hasty. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of 'in this play' in relation to love/marriage.

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: • focus on love/marriage and their presentation, e.g. different types of love/marriage.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of love/marriage, e.g. events such as those leading up to Romeo and Juliet's love/marriage. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language in presentation of love/marriage, e.g. imagery in Romeo's supplications to Juliet. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate ideas of love/marriage.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of love/marriage, e.g. Juliet's behaviour to her parents and Nurse.
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context.		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of love/marriage, e.g. Romeo's reaction to Juliet and her own to him. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting love/marriage, e.g. 'starcross'd'/devoted, detailed analysis of language, actions and characters. developed response to context, analytical reference to episodes which demonstrate ideas of love/marriage.

She Stoops to Conquer – Oliver Goldsmith Pre-1914

Question 5 What is your opinion of the role and character of Mrs. Hardcastle in this play? You should refer closely to language, actions and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 		
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about her role, e.g. she is mother of two characters. simple comment(s) about her character and/or the way she is
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		presented.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about Mrs. Hardcastle and/or hor role of a hor role in the role
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 her role, e.g. her relationship with Tony Lumpkin. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Mrs. Hardcastle and/or her role, e.g. details of her relationship with Tony Lumpkin. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Mrs. Hardcastle, e.g. how she uses language. some awareness of context, e.g. some opinion of her 'in this play'.

	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on presentation of Mrs. Hardcastle and her role, e.g. as wife/mother.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 explained/sustained response to the details of play relevant to presentation of Mrs. Hardcastle and her role, e.g. her behaviour over the jewels. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Mrs. Hardcastle and her role, e.g. what others say about her, what her own words reveal of her attitudes. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate her ideas of class, e.g. her relationships with husband, daughter and son.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of Mrs. Hardcastle and her role, e.g. how she contrasts with other
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 characters. sensitive/critical response to the details of play relevant to presentation of Mrs. Hardcastle and her role, e.g. her behaviour over the jewels, over suitability of partner for Tony – her judgements of others. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Mrs. Hardcastle and her role, e.g. close analysis of her language and that of others in summing her up – her function as exemplar. developed response to context, analytical reference to her attitudes and behaviour, e.g. in relation to her belief in her rectitude, perhaps contrasted with the experiences of the younger generation in this play.

She Stoops to Conquer – Oliver Goldsmith Pre-1914

Question 6 What is the importance of the relationship between Hastings and Constance Neville to the success of this play?

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details, e.g. they are lovers. • simple statement(s) about their relationship, e.g. it is important.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about their relationship, e.g. it is important. simple comment(s) about their relationship, e.g. it is secret.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about the relationship and/or the presentation of it, e.g. comparison/contrast with Marlow and
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to the relationship and/or the presentation of it, e.g. details in comparison/contrast with Marlow and Kate. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the relationship, e.g. at different points in the play/as seen by others. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of importance of the relationship.

	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: • focus on relationship and its presentation, e.g. what sort of relationship/ differences between the behaviour of the two.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the relationship, e.g. details of events leading to elopement and reconciliation. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language in presenting the relationship, e.g. their language between themselves, to their confidants and to other characters. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate their ideas of love.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the relationship, e.g. mutual trust and honesty.
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context.		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the relationship, e.g. mutual sense and practicality. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the relationship, e.g. detailed analysis of their language/its fitness for purpose. developed response to context, analytical reference to their attitudes and behaviour, e.g. in relation to their belief in their mutual affection, perhaps contrasted with the experiences of others in this play.

The Importance of Being Earnest – Oscar Wilde Pre-1914

Question 7 What is the importance of Gwendolen Fairfax to the success of this play? You should look closely at language, actions and other characters' opinions in your answer.

(25 marks)

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details about Gwendolen Fairfax, e.g. she is a
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 major character. simple statement(s) about success, e.g. she has interesting relationships. simple comment(s) about Gwendolen Fairfax and her
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		importance, e.g. she is wooed by Jack.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		selection of appropriate material about Gwendolen Fairfax,
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 e.g. her engagement. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Gwendolen Fairfax, e.g. details of her meeting with Cecily Cardew. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Gwendolen Fairfax, e.g. how she describes her affection for Jack. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of 'success of this play'.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks 17-19 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on presentation of Gwendolen and her importance, e.g. as Jack's love interest. explained/sustained response to the details of play relevant to the presentation of Gwendolen and her importance, e.g. her attitude to Jack, to Lady Bracknell. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Gwendolen and her impact on the play, e.g. what she 	
	refer to the context of texts appropriately.		says to others. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate her ideas, e.g. her relationships. Anawara are likely to include:	
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation and importance of Gwendolen, e.g. how she compares/contrasts with other characters. 	
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of play relevant to presentation of Gwendolen, e.g. significance of her attitudes to love/marriage. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Gwendolen and her importance, e.g. close analysis of her language in different circumstances in the play. developed response to context, analytical reference to her importance via attitudes and behaviour, e.g. in relation to her belief in status, in Jack. 	

The Importance of Being Earnest - Oscar Wilde Pre-1914

Question 8 What elements make this play comic? You should look closely at language, actions and characters in your answer.

You may wish to consider:

- the dialoguethe deceptions
- mistaken identity

as well as any ideas of your own.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details about comedy, e.g. there are several elements.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about 'comic', e.g. the plot. simple comment(s) about elements and/or their presentation.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about comedy/its
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to comedy/its presentation, e.g. deceptions. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting comedy/its presentation, e.g. mistaken identity. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of one or more bullets.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks 17-19 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on comedy and its presentation, e.g. Lady Bracknell's behaviour. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of presentation of comedy, e.g. to dialogue between Lady Bracknell and others. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present comedy, e.g. deceptions, mistaken identity. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate ideas of status, e.g. suitability for marriage.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. Candidates support evaluative responses with textual 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of comedy, e.g. deceptions, mistaken identity. sensitive/critical response to the details of to presentation of
23-25 marks	 cardidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 comedy, e.g. deceptions, mistaken identity. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in creating comedy, e.g. interplay of characters, e.g. deceptions, mistaken identity. developed response to context, analytical reference to attitudes and behaviour as comic elements.

Pygmalion – George Bernard Shaw Post-1914

Question 9 Write about the role and character of Colonel Pickering in this play. You should look closely at language, actions and other characters' opinions in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 		some features/details about Colonel Pickering, e.g. he is a
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 major character. simple statement(s) about his role, e.g. a friend of Higgins. simple comment(s) about Colonel Pickering, e.g. he is courteous to Eliza.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material about Pickering, e.g. his behaviour to Eliza.
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to Pickering, e.g. details of what he does with Higgins. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Pickering, e.g. how he is described by others. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of 'context of this play'.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on presentation of Pickering and his role, e.g. in contrast to Higgins. explained/sustained response to the details of play relevant to
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 Pickering and his role, e.g. his courtesy to other characters. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Pickering and his role, e.g. contrast with Higgins. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate his idea, e.g. relationships with others.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of the role of Pickering, e.g. how he contrasts with ideas/behaviour of other characters, essentially natural.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of play relevant to Pickering and his role, e.g. details of his courtesy to other characters, their opinions of him. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the role of Pickering, e.g. close analysis of his language and the ways in which he adapts it to audience. developed response to context, analytical reference to Pickering's attitudes and behaviour and the opinions of him expressed by others.

Pygmalion – George Bernard Shaw Post-1914

Question 10 What points does Shaw make about social behaviour at the time of the play? You should refer closely to language, actions and characters in your answer.

You may wish to consider:

- incidents which appear cruel
- incidents which seem to reflect decent behaviour
- characters' views about how others should behave

as well as any ideas of your own.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details about social behaviour, e.g. there are several points.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about social behaviour, e.g. one character/one bullet. simple comment(s) about social behaviour and/or its
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		presentation.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		selection of appropriate material about social behaviour/its
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to social behaviour, e.g. how one or two characters behave. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting social behaviour, e.g. dialogue and situation. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of 'at the time of the play'.

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks 17-19 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on social behaviour of two or more characters and its presentation, e.g. Higgins, Doolittle, and Eliza. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of social behaviour of two or more characters, e.g. Higgins,
	meaning; • refer to the context of texts appropriately.		 Doolittle, Eliza. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the social behaviour of characters, e.g. different types of English. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate the characters' social behaviour/language revealing social status.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of social behaviour, e.g. Eliza's attitude to her transformation, Higgins treatment of others.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of social behaviour, e.g. details of Eliza's sensible attitude to her transformation, details of Pickering's treatment of others. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting social behaviour, e.g. civil – offensive, considerate – selfish, caring – self-centred. developed response to context, analytical reference to attitudes and social behaviour.

An Inspector Calls – J B Priestley Post-1914

Question 11 What is the importance of the role of Inspector Goole in this play? You should look closely at language, actions and other characters' opinions in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	• simple statement(s) about the role, e.g. ne question	some features/details about Inspector, e.g. he is an
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about the role, e.g. he questions everyone. simple comment(s) about Inspector and/or his importance, e.g.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	implicit awareness of the contexts of texts	8-13 marks	selection of appropriate material about Inspector and/or his
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to Inspector and/or his presentation, e.g. how he questions. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Inspector, e.g. he is mysterious. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of 'importance of role'.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: • focus on Inspector and his presentation, e.g. what sort of Inspector he is.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Inspector, e.g. details of events such as his examination of two of the family (including Gerald). identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Inspector, e.g. his method with the photograph. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate his ideas.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the Inspector, e.g. his quiet authority and knowledge of the family.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the Inspector, e.g. his quiet authority and style of proceeding with his investigation. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Inspector, e.g. detailed analysis of his language in responses to what is said to him. developed response to context analytical reference to the ways in which he brings out the attitudes and behaviour of others, e.g. in relation to their belief in their status, perhaps contrasted with the experiences of the younger generation in this play.

An Inspector Calls – J B Priestley Post-1914

Question 12 What elements make this play successful? You should look closely at language, actions and characters in your answer.

You may wish to consider:

- the ways in which Priestley presents the characters and action
- the attitudes of the characters to their situations
- the comments of the Inspector

as well as any ideas of your own.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	elements. simple statement(s) about success, e.g. it is interesti	some features/details about success, e.g. there are several
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about success, e.g. it is interesting. simple comment(s) about elements and/or their presentation.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material, e.g. the last bullet. simple comments) on details relevant to follower
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to 'elements' and 'success', e.g. whodunit. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the elements, e.g. how the characters are presented. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of one/two of bullets.

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on successful and elements/their presentation, e.g. differences between the characters in relation to Eva/Daisy.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation, e.g. to details of events such as treatment of Eva/Daisy by any of the characters. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present answer, e.g. what the Inspector symbolises, the reactions of the other characters to questioning. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate the ideas of the characters, e.g. their response to their 'guilt'.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of the case in the answer, e.g. reaction of the characters to the
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of material suggested by two or more of the bullets. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting those elements related to success, e.g. detailed analysis of the language of two or more of the characters. developed response to context, analytical reference to attitudes and behaviour, e.g. in relation to the belief in the Inspector shown by the characters, perhaps with a contrast older/younger generations.

Hobson's Choice – Harold Brighouse Post-1914

Question 13 In what ways does Willie Mossop change during the play and in what ways does he stay the same? You should look closely at language, actions and other characters' opinions in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 			
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		 simple statement(s) about Willie Mossop, e.g. he makes boots. simple comment(s) about Willie Mossop, e.g. he marries Maggie. 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	 the master. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Willie a changes, e.g. details of what he does with Maggie some awareness of writer's methods in present and/or his changes, e.g. his behaviour before and some awareness of context, e.g. some consider. 	selection of appropriate material about Willie, e.g. he be	selection of appropriate material about Willie, e.g. he becomes
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		simple comment(s) on details relevant to Willie and/or his changes, e.g. details of what he does with Maggie.	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on presentation of Willie, e.g. as Maggie's husband. explained/sustained response to the details of play relevant	
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 		 to presentation of Willie, e.g. his ability to adjust to his situation. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Willie, e.g. he serves in Hobson's shop, he runs his own business. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate his awareness of himself. 	
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of Willie, e.g. how he contrasts with the other men in the play.	
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of relevance to presentation of Willie, his changes/staying the same, e.g. his skills before and after his prosperity. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Willie, e.g. close analysis of his language at different points in his enrichment, how he contrasts with Hobson and others, how he responds to Maggie. developed response to context analytical reference to his attitudes and behaviour, e.g. in relation to his learning to believe in himself, perhaps contrasted with the experiences of others in this play. 	

Hobson's Choice – Harold Brighouse Post-1914

Question 14 What is the importance of conflicts between characters to the success of this play? You should refer closely to language, actions and characters in your answer.

You may wish to consider:

- conflicting attitudes to success in business
- conflicting attitudes to relationships
- conflicting attitudes to family

as well as any ideas of your own.

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no awareness of contexts of texts. 	_	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; basic implicit awareness of contexts of texts. 		simple statement(s) about conflicts and/or their presentation.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; limited implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; implicit awareness of the contexts of texts. 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material, e.g. Hobson – Maggie. simple comment(s) on details relevant to conflicts, one/two
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; show some awareness of the contexts of texts. 		 bullets. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting conflicts, e.g. Hobson and his daughters. some awareness of context, e.g. some consideration of implications of one/two bullets.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks 17-19 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; show awareness of contexts of texts. Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; refer to the context of texts appropriately. 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on conflicts and their presentation, e.g. what sort of father Hobson is to his children, Maggie's business sense versus Hobson's. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of conflicts, e.g. details of events covered by two of the bullets. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present conflicts, e.g. between Hobson and his daughters. identification/explanation of context via episodes which demonstrate the reasons for conflict, e.g. their relationships at personal, business and family levels.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; identify and comment on texts in contexts. 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to presentation of conflicts, e.g. Hobson's lack of discipline with Maggie's foresight.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluate the place of texts in their total context. 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of conflicts, e.g. details of Willie's competence and self-confidence with Hobson's blustering incapacity. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting conflicts, e.g. detailed analysis of language used by the conflicting characters, Maggie and Willie/Hobson and other daughters as symbols of deserving endeavour and selflessness/incompetence and selfishness. developed response to context analytical reference to their attitudes and behaviour in conflict, e.g. in relation to beliefs in status.

Section B: Poetry

Candidates are reminded to:

- answer the question using appropriate evidence from the texts
- explore language and structure
- look at the relationship between poems.

If you choose a question which has a short extract at the beginning, you should use the extract to remind yourself where to look in your text and to give you a starting point for your answer.

The General Prologue - Chaucer Pre-1914

Question 15 Refer to the descriptions of the Yeman and the Knyght. How does Chaucer make us aware of the differences between them and do they have anything in common? You should look closely at the ways in which he chooses to present the two characters.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one pilgrim, e.g. simple account of content.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both admired.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		simple comment(s) about the pilgrim(s), e.g. simple response to events in description(s).
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one pilgrim but there may be imbalance, with generally accurate account of presentation. simple comment(s) on details of descriptions and differences/similarities, e.g. response of reader to details. some awareness of poet's methods of presenting one or be pilgrims, e.g. language used. some linkage of pilgrims, suggesting some similarities and differences in description, missing irony.
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two pilgrims focus on descriptions, e.g. the narrator's feelings re each. explained/sustained response to details of the two pilgrims,
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 e.g. details of their appearance and character. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to present a view of each, e.g. approval/disapproval. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of presentation, creating points of similarity and difference between the pilgrims and their descriptions, e.g. different methods of presenting the narrator's view.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two pilgrims exploration/development of response to descriptions, e.g. use of description as a vehicle for judgements.
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail		 sensitive/critical response to the pilgrims, e.g. shades of feeling about each. developed/analytical comment on/response to uses of devices/language in describing the two, e.g. considering how structure and irony/lack of it are used to highlight and present the two. evaluative comparison/contrast of poet's methods used to establish the characters of the two with clear points of similarity/difference to provide a coherent overview of the two men.

The General Prologue - Chaucer Pre-1914

Question 16 Compare the means by which Chaucer presents dishonesty in at least two of the pilgrims.

You may wish to consider:

- the descriptions of the pilgrims the use of irony in each case
- the way in which language is used in each case

as well as any ideas of your own.

	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one pilgrim, e.g. simple account of content.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 	dishonest. • simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e	simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both dishonest.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		to distribute in prigram(e).
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from one pilgrim, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of dishonesty and
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 differences/similarities, e.g. response of reader to details. some awareness of poet's methods of presenting one or more pilgrims, e.g. language used. some linkage of pilgrims, suggesting some similarities and differences in dishonesty, missing irony.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: treatment of two/more pilgrims focus on descriptions, e.g. the narrator's feelings re each. explained/sustained response to details of the two pilgrims,
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 e.g. details of their dishonesty linked to appearance and character. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to present a view of each, e.g. the descriptors, the way in which language is used structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of presentation, creating points re dishonesty of the pilgrims, e.g. different methods of presenting the narrator's view.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: treatment of two/more pilgrims exploration/development of response to descriptions, e.g. use of description as a vehicle for judgements.
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail		 sensitive/critical response to the pilgrims, e.g. shades of irony about the dishonesty of each. developed/analytical comment on/response to uses of devices/language in describing the two, e.g. considering how structure and irony/lack of it are used to highlight and present the dishonesty. evaluative comparison/contrast of methods used to establish the dishonesty of the pilgrims with clear points of similarity/difference to provide a coherent overview.

Poems From Other Cultures – edited by Tissier Pre-1914

Question 17 Read again London 1802. In this poem Wordsworth expresses strong feelings powerfully.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the selection, which also expresses feelings powerfully. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems. (25 marks)

	Skills Descriptors	Content Descriptors		
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	 account of content. simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, powerfully expressed. 	some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both powerfully expressed. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		to overte in positi(e).	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	selection of appropriate material there may be imbalance.	selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance.
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 poem, e.g. response of reader to powerful expression of feelings. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting powerful expression of feelings, e.g. setting of <i>London 1802</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to powerful expression of feelings, e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on powerful expression of feelings, e.g. the speaker's feelings in London 1802. explained/sustained response to details of powerful
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 expression of feelings, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express feelings powerfully, e.g. use of description in the Wordsworth sonnet. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of powerful expression of feelings with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to powerful expression of feelings, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re powerful expression of
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 feelings, e.g. clear understanding of what those feelings spring from. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing feelings powerfully, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express feelings powerfully with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Poems From Other Cultures – edited by Tissier Pre-1914

Question 18 Read again A Birthday. In this poem Christina Rossetti expresses her joy about love.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the selection, which also expresses a view about love. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both about love. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response to events in poem(s).
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	 Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of A Birthday and another poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of feelings about
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of about love, e.g. mood of <i>A Birthday</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of feelings about love, e.g. via content.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of feelings about love, e.g. the speaker's feelings in A Birthday. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 feelings about love, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express feelings about love, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of feelings about love with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to expression of feelings about love, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of feelings
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail		 about love, e.g. clear understanding of what those feelings are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing feelings about love, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express feelings about love with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

A Choice of Poets – edited by Hewett/Edwards Pre-1914

Question 19 Read again the *Holy Thursday* which begins, "Is this a holy thing to see". In this poem Blake expresses strong indignation.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the pre-1914 selection, which expresses strong views. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems. (25 marks)

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple second of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 	express strong views.	 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both express strong views. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		to events in poem(o).	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of Holy Thursday and another	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 	poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of some awareness of poets' methods of prese expression of strong views, e.g. mood of Holy some linkage of poems, suggesting some sim	 some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of strong views, e.g. mood of Holy Thursday. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of feelings about strong 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of feelings about strospeaker's feelings in Holy Thursday. explained/sustained response to details feelings about strong views, e.g. developing examples and examining detail to draw informeanings. identification/explanation of the poet's express feelings about strong views, e.g. to structured/sustained comparison/contrexpression of feelings about strong views similarity and difference between the poems.	 sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of feelings about strong views, e.g. the
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express feelings about strong views, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of feelings about strong views with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to feelings about strong views, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of feelings
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 about strong views, e.g. clear understanding of what those feelings are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing feelings about strong views, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express feelings about strong views with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

A Choice of Poets – edited by Hewett/Edwards Pre-19-14

Question 20 Read again *The Prelude (II)*. In this poem Wordsworth describes a happy experience.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the pre-1914 selection, which also uses description to express a state of mind. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from one at least poem, e.g. simple account of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities express a state of mind. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple comment(s) 	simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of The Prelude (II) and	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 another poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of a state of mind. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression a state of mind, e.g. mood of <i>The Prelude (II)</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of feelings about a state of mind, e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	 sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of feelings about a state of n speaker's feelings in <i>The Prelude (II)</i>. 	 sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of feelings about a state of mind, e.g. the
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		feelings about a state of mind, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express feelings about a state of mind, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of feelings about a state of mind, with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.	
20-22 marks	Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to feelings about a state of mind, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of feelings	
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 about a state of mind, e.g. clear understanding of what those feelings are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing feelings about a state of mind, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express feelings about a state of mind with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created. 	

War Poems – edited by Martin Pre-1914

Question 21 Read again A Wife in London. In this poem Hardy powerfully presents a view of the suffering caused by war.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the pre-1914 selection, which also presents the suffering caused by war in a powerful way. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	 account of content. simple statement(s) about differences/similarit present suffering. 	some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of A Wife in London and another poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 suffering caused by war. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of suffering caused by war, e.g. mood of <i>A Wife in London</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of feelings about suffering caused by war, e.g. via content.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of feelings about suffering caused by war, e.g. the speaker's feelings in A Wife in London. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		feelings about suffering caused by war, e.g. developing point by means of examples and examining detail to draw inference and meanings. • identification/explanation the poet's uses of language to express feelings about suffering caused by war, e.g. use of description. • structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of feelings about suffering caused by war, with clapoints of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to feelings about suffering caused by war, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of feelings
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail		 about suffering caused by war, e.g. clear understanding of what those feelings are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing feelings about suffering caused by war, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a powerful way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express feelings about suffering caused by war with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the powerful nature of the effects created.

War Poems – edited by Martin Pre-1914

Question 22 Read again *The Battle of Blenheim*. In this poem Southey presents the waste of war in an effective way.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the pre-1914 selection, which also conveys the poet's views on war in an effective way. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	 account of content. simple statement(s) about differences/similarities effective. 	some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both effective. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of The Battle of Blenheim and	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 another poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of views on war. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of views on war, e.g. mood of <i>The Battle of Blenheim</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of views on war, e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	feelings in The Battle of Blenheim. • explained/sustained response to details of exviews on war, e.g. developing points by means of and examining detail to draw inferences and meanidentification/explanation of the poet's uses of express views on war, e.g. use of description. • structured/sustained comparison/contrast in expression of views on war, with clear points of difference between the poems and the poets' us	 sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of views on war, e.g. the speaker's feelings in The Battle of Blenheim. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts		views on war, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. • identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to views on war, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of views on
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 war, e.g. clear understanding of what those views are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing views on war, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express views on war with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Best Words Pre-1914

Question 23 Look again at First Love. In this poem Clare presents his subject in a dramatic way.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the pre-1914 selection, which also presents its subject in a dramatic way. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities dramatic. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple comment(s) 	simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of First Love and another	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of 'in a dramatic way'. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of 'in a dramatic way', e.g. mood of <i>First Love</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of 'in a dramatic way', e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of 'in a dramatic way', e.g. the speaker's feelings in <i>First Love</i>. explained/sustained response to details of expression of 'in
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 a dramatic way', e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express 'in a dramatic way', e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of 'in a dramatic way', with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to 'in a dramatic way', e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of 'in a
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 dramatic way', e.g. clear understanding of what those views are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing 'in a dramatic way', e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a dramatic way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express 'in a dramatic way' in relation to First Love with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Best Words Pre-1914

Question 24 Read again La Belle Dame Sans Merci by Keats. This poem expresses feelings about life and death in an imaginative way to appeal to the reader.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the pre-1914 selection, which also appeals to the reader. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both appeal. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response to events in poem(s).
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details which appeal to the reader in
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 La Belle Dame Sans Merci and another poem, e.g. response to expression of 'appeals to the reader'. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of 'appeals to the reader', e.g. mood of La Belle Dame Sans Merci. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of 'appeals to the reader', e.g. via content.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of 'appeals to the reader' speaker's feelings in La Belle Dame Sans Mere explained/sustained response to details of 'appeals to the reader', e.g. developing points examples and examining detail to draw inferent meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's used express 'appeals to the reader', e.g. use of destail to draw inferent meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's used express 'appeals to the reader', e.g. use of destail to draw inferent meanings. structured/sustained comparison/contrast is expression of 'appeals to the reader', with clear similarity and difference between the poems and the poems are supported in the poems.	 sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of 'appeals to the reader', e.g. the speaker's feelings in La Belle Dame Sans Merci. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 'appeals to the reader', e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express 'appeals to the reader', e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of 'appeals to the reader', with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to 'appeals to the reader', e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of 'appeals
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 to the reader', e.g. clear understanding of what those views are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing appeal to the reader, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express appeal to the reader in La Belle Dame Sans Merci with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

A Choice of Poets – edited by Hewett/Edwards Post-1914

Question 25 Read again *Cynddylan on a Tractor* by Thomas in which he reflects on change.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the post-1914 selection, which also in some way presents the poet's reflections. You should look closely at the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities reflect on change. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple comment(s) 	simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	selection of appropriate material there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of v	 selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of which present reflections in
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 Cynddylan and another poem, e.g. response of reader to expression of 'presents reflections'. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of reflections, e.g. mood of Cynddylan. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of 'presents reflections', e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of 'presents reflections', e.g. the speaker's feelings in Cynddylan. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 	'presents reflections', e.g. developing p examples and examining detail to draw meanings. identification/explanation of the poet express reflections, e.g. use of descript structured/sustained comparison/co expression of 'presents reflections', with similarity and difference between the po	 'presents reflections', e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to express reflections, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of 'presents reflections', with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to 'presents reflections', e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of 'presents'
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 reflections', e.g. clear understanding of what those views are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing reflections, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present the feelings in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express reflections <i>Cynddylan</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

A Choice of Poets – edited by Hewett/Edwards Post-1914

Question 26 Read again *An Old Man's Winter Night* by Frost. This poem uses language and imagery to create a disturbing atmosphere.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the post-1914 selection, which also uses language and imagery to create atmosphere. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	 account of content. simple statement(s) about differences/similar create atmosphere. 	some features/details from at least one poem, e	some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both create atmosphere. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		to Grante in positi(e).	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	selection of appropriate there may be imbalance simple comment(s) on	there may be imbalance. • simple comment(s) on details which create atmosphere in
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 An Old Man's Winter Night and another poem, e.g. response of reader to uses language and imagery to create atmosphere. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of use of language and imagery to create atmosphere, e.g. mood of An Old Man's Winter Night. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of use of language and imagery to create atmosphere, e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of uses language and imagery to create atmosphere, e.g. the speaker's feelings in An Old Man's Winter Night.
17-19 marks	Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts		 explained/sustained response to details of expression of use of language and imagery to create atmosphere, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to create atmosphere, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of uses language and imagery to create atmosphere, with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to uses language and imagery to create atmosphere, e.g. use of figurative language. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of uses
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 language and imagery to create atmosphere, e.g. clear understanding of what those views are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing creation of atmosphere, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present atmosphere in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to create atmosphere in <i>An Old Man's Winter Night</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

War Poems – edited by Martin Post-1914

Question 27 Read again *The Hero* by Sassoon. This poem presents contrasting attitudes to the harsh reality of war.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the post-1914 selection, which also presents war as grim. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	 account of content. simple statement(s) about differences/similar grim. 	some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities grim. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple 	 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both grim. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		to overte in poem(e).	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	 selection of appropriate material from at least there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details which present 	 selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details which present war as grim in
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		 The Hero and another poem, e.g. response of reader to presentation of war as grim. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting war as grim, e.g. mood of The Hero. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to presents war as grim, e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of war as grim, e.g. the speaker's feelings in <i>The Hero</i>. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts		 war as grim, e.g. developing points by means of examples at examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language present war as grim, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of uses language and imagery to present war as grim, with clear points of similarity and difference between th poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different method of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to presents war as grim, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re presents war as grim,
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 e.g. clear understanding of what that some way is in each poem. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing war as grim, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present 'grim' in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express war as grim in <i>The Hero</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

War Poems – edited by Martin Post-1914

Question 28 Read again Into Battle by Grenfell. This poem uses nature as a background to death in battle.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the post-1914 selection, showing how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 	simple statement(s) about different about war.	 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both about war. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 		,	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	• selection there	ecognise features of language and structure; ecognise possible comparisons and relationships etween texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style • selection of appropriate material from at le there may be imbalance. • simple comment(s) on details of imagery a	 selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of imagery and language used
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 		to convey attitudes to war in Into Battle and another poem, e.g. response of reader to uses language and imagery to create attitudes to war. • some awareness of poets' methods of presenting how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war, e.g. mood of Into Battle. • some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war, e.g. via content.	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on uses of how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war e.g. the speaker's feelings in Into Battle.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 explained/sustained response to details of expression of how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to convey attitudes to war, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war, with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war, e.g. use of figurative language.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of how imagery and language are used to convey attitudes to war, e.g. clear understanding of what those attitudes are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing attitudes to war, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present attitudes in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express attitudes to war in <i>Into Battle</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Axed Between the Ears – edited Kitchen Post-1914

Question 29 Read again *Beautiful Old Age* by Lawrence.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the selection, in which the poet also conveys a message effectively. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both have message. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response to events in poem(s). 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	 selection of appropriate material from there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of use 	 selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of use of language and
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them		 imagery to convey a message effectively in <i>Beautiful Old Age</i> and another poem, e.g. response of reader to uses of language and imagery to create effect. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting expression of 'conveys a message effectively', e.g. mood of <i>Beautiful Old Age</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of 'conveys a message effectively', e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of 'conveys a message effectively', e.g. the speaker's feelings in Beautiful Old Age. explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts		 uses language and imagery to convey a message effectively, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to convey a message effectively, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of uses language and imagery to convey a message effectively, with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to 'conveys a message effectively', e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail		 conveying a message effectively, e.g. clear understanding of what those views are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing 'conveys a message effectively', e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present atmosphere in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express a message effectively in <i>Beautiful Old Age</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Axed Between the Ears – edited Kitchen Post-1914

Question 30 Look again at Killing a Whale by Gill.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the selection, which also uses imagery to powerful effect. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	 account of content. simple statement(s) about differences/similarities have powerful effect. 	some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both have powerful effect. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	 selection of appropriate material from there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of use of effect in <i>Killing a Whale</i> and another poor reader to use of language and imagery to some awareness of poets' methods of expression of use of imagery to powerful them. some awareness of poets' methods of expression of use of imagery to powerful them. some linkage of poems, suggesting some linkage of poems. 	 selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of use of imagery to powerful
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them 			some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of use of imagery to

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression uses imagery to powerful effect, e.g. the speaker's feelings in <i>Killing a Whale</i> . explained/sustained response to details of expression of
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 'uses imagery to powerful effect', e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to create a powerful effect, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of expression of 'uses imagery to powerful effect', with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to 'uses imagery to powerful effect', e.g. use of poetic devices. sensitive/critical response to ideas re expression of 'uses
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 imagery to powerful effect', e.g. clear understanding of what those effects are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in creating powerful effects, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to express powerful effects in <i>Killing a Whale</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Best Words Post-1914

Question 31 Look again at *My Grandmother* by Jennings.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the post-1914 selection, showing in detail how language and imagery are used to capture your attention in both poems. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both capture your attention. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response to events in poem(s). 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of use of lan imagery to capture your attention in My Gran another poem, e.g. response of reader to use and imagery to create strong feelings. some awareness of poets' methods of us imagery to capture your attention, e.g. mood Grandmother. some linkage of poems, suggesting some seems.	 selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of use of language and 	
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them		 some awareness of poets' methods of using language and imagery to capture your attention, e.g. mood of My Grandmother. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to use of language and imagery to capture 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on use of language and imagery to capture your attention, e.g. the speaker's feelings in My Grandmother. explained/sustained response to details of use of language and imagery to capture your attention e.g. developing points.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 	and imagery to capture your attention, e.g. by means of examples and examining deta and meanings. • identification/explanation of the poet's capture your attention, e.g. use of descript structured/sustained comparison/control language and imagery to capture your attention of similarity and difference between poets' use of language, e.g. different methods.	 by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to capture your attention, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of uses language and imagery to capture your attention, with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to the use of language and imagery to capture your attention, e.g. use of imagery. sensitive/critical response to ideas re use of language and
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail 		 imagery to capture your attention, e.g. clear understanding of what those feelings are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in expressing capture your attention, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to capture your attention in <i>My Grandmother</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Best Words Post-1914

Question 32 Look again at I Shall Return. In this poem McKay presents strong feelings about his origins.

Compare this poem with **one other** poem from the post-1914 selection, which also presents strong feelings in some way. You should refer closely to the language used in both poems.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form; no comment on connections between texts 	0-7 marks	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: some features/details from at least one poem, e.g. simple account of content.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words; simple connections made between texts 		 simple statement(s) about differences/similarities, e.g. both convey strong feelings. simple comment(s) about the poem(s), e.g. simple response to events in poem(s). 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words; begin to explore obvious connections between texts 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure; recognise possible comparisons and relationships between texts, e.g. connections in themes and ideas and similarities and contrasts in writing style 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: selection of appropriate material from at least one poem, but there may be imbalance. simple comment(s) on details of language and imagery to	
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure; recognise and respond to opportunities to compare texts and show relationships between them		 convey strong feelings in <i>I Shall Return</i> and another poem, e.g. response of reader to uses language and imagery to convey strong feelings. some awareness of poets' methods of presenting use of language and imagery to convey strong feelings, e.g. mood of <i>I Shall Return</i>. some linkage of poems, suggesting some similarities and differences relevant to expression of use of language and imagery to convey strong feelings, e.g. via content. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness; make comparisons and draw relationships between texts 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: sound treatment of two poems focus on expression of uses of language and imagery to convey strong feelings, e.g. the speaker's feelings in I Shall Return
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning; analyse perceptively comparisons and relationships between texts 		 explained/sustained response to details of expression of uses language and imagery to convey strong feelings, e.g. developing points by means of examples and examining detail to draw inferences and meanings. identification/explanation of the poet's uses of language to convey strong feelings, e.g. use of description. structured/sustained comparison/contrast in terms of use of language and imagery to convey strong feelings, with clear points of similarity and difference between the poems and the poets' use of language, e.g. different methods of presenting the subjects.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts; sustain perceptive analysis of comparisons and relationships between texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: detailed treatment of two poems exploration/development of response to use of language and imagery to convey strong feelings, e.g. use of poetic devices. sensitive/critical response to ideas re uses of language and
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality; evaluative comparisons and relationships between texts in detail		 imagery to convey strong feelings, e.g. clear understanding of what those uses are. developed/analytical comment on/response to poets' uses of devices/language in conveying strong feelings, e.g. considering how structure/rhyme/rhythm/imagery are used to highlight and present atmosphere in a particular way. evaluative comparison/contrast of poets' methods used to convey strong feelings in <i>I Shall Return</i> with clear points of comparison to provide a coherent overview of the significance of the effects created.

Section C: Prose

Candidates are reminded to:

- answer the question using appropriate evidence from the texts
- explore language and structure.

If you choose a question which has a short extract at the beginning, you should use the extract to remind yourself where to look in your text and to give you a starting point for your answer.

Pride and Prejudice – Jane Austen Pre-1914

Question 33 What is the importance of the role and character of Darcy to the novel? You should refer closely to his words, to events and to the actions and opinions of other characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details about Darcy, e.g. he is rich.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 simple statement(s) about the role, e.g. he is proud. simple comment(s) about Darcy and/or his importance, e.g. he does not get on with everyone. 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks Answers are likely to include:	<u> </u>	
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure		 selection of appropriate material about Darcy and/or his presentation, e.g. his pride. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Darcy and/or his presentation, e.g. how he treats Elizabeth. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Dark e.g. he is stand-offish. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks 17-19 marks	Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on Darcy and his presentation, e.g. what sort of character he is. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Darcy, e.g. details of events such as his behaviour at the ball. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Darcy, e.g. his opinion of Elizabeth when he has first met her. 	
20-22 marks 23-25 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts Candidates support evaluative responses with textual 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of Darcy, e.g. his authority and behaviour to the Bennet family.	
	 apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality 		 sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of Darcy, e.g. his style of proceeding with his proposals to Elizabeth. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Darcy, e.g. detailed analysis of his language in responses to what is said to him. 	

Pride and Prejudice – Jane Austen Pre-1914

Question 34 Examine the importance of prejudice in the novel. You should refer closely to language, events and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details of prejudice, e.g. some characters are
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 prejudiced. simple statement(s) about the importance of prejudice e.g. it is part of the title.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		• simple comment(s) about the importance of prejudice, e.g. it affects characters.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include:
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		 selection of appropriate material about the importance prejudice and/or its presentation, e.g. Elizabeth's prejudic simple comment(s) on details relevant to the importance prejudice and/or its presentation, e.g. how Elizabeth treats Darcy. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the importance of prejudice, e.g. Elizabeth mistakes Darcy.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on the importance of prejudice and its presentation, e.g. the prejudices of, say, Lydia, Elizabeth, Lady Catherine, Mr
17-19 marks	Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning		 Collins, and Charlotte. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the importance of prejudice, e.g. details of characters' interactions and events such as marriages/elopement. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the importance of prejudice, e.g. Elizabeth's/Darcy's language to each other.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the importance of prejudice, e.g. the prejudices of, say, Lydia,
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		 Elizabeth, Lady Catherine, Mr Collins, and Charlotte and, perhaps, of the elder Bennets. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of prejudice, e.g. insight into character, motive and comparison/contrast between them. .developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of prejudice, e.g. detailed analysis of language/behaviour in cases where prejudice is found/recovered from plus importance.

Wuthering Heights – Emily Brontë Pre-1914

Question 35 In what ways and for what reasons does Heathcliff change in the novel? You should refer closely to his words, to events and to the actions and opinions of other characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details about Heathcliff, e.g. he loves Cathy.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 simple statement(s) about the changes, e.g. he becomes vengeful. simple comment(s) about Heathcliff and/or his changes, e.g. 	
5-7 marks	Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words		he does not get on with everyone.	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about Heathcliff and/or his	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		 simple comment(s) on details relevant to Heathcliff and/or his presentation, e.g. how he treats others. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Heathcliff, e.g. he is changeable. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on Heathcliff and his presentation, e.g. what sort of character he is.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Heathcliff, e.g. details of events such as his behaviour towards the Lintons, either Cathy. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Heathcliff, e.g. his treatment of Isabella and the reasons for this.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of Heathcliff, e.g. his authority and behaviour to the Earnshaw
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		 and Linton families, his motivation and importance. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of Heathcliff, e.g. his style of proceeding with his revenge. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Heathcliff, e.g. detailed analysis of his language in responses to what is said to him as well as the opinions of others.

Wuthering Heights – Emily Brontë Pre-1914

Question 36 Examine the part played by cruelty in the novel. You should refer closely to language, events and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	Candidates provide some writing about text or task;no comment on language or form	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details of the part played by cruelty in the
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		novel, e.g. some characters are victims of cruelty. • simple statement(s) about the importance of the part played by cruelty in the novel e.g. it is part of the plot/Heathcliff.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		• simple comment(s) about the importance of the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. it is part of the plot, Heathcliff.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about the part played by
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure		 cruelty in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. Heathcliff's cruelty. simple comment(s) on details relevant to the part played by cruelty in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. how Heathcliff is treated in the early part of the novel. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. some idea of the structure of the novel.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on the importance of the part played by cruelty in the novel and its presentation, e.g. the cruelty of, the treatment of	
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 Heathcliff early in the novel, his cruelty to Isabella, his notion of Cathy's cruelty to him. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. details of characters' interactions and events. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. narrations of Lockwood/Nelly and the ways in which they use language to describe events. 	
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. the cruelty of, the
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		 treatment of Heathcliff early in the novel, his cruelty to Isabella, his notion of Cathy's cruelty to him and, perhaps, his treatment of others. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. insight into character, motive and comparison/contrast between them. .developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the part played by cruelty in the novel, e.g. detailed analysis of language/behaviour in cases where cruelty is in question. 	

Far From The Madding Crowd – Thomas Hardy Pre-1914

Question 37 What is the importance of Troy in the novel? You should refer closely to his words, to events and to the actions and opinions of other characters in your answer.

(25 marks)

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details about Troy, e.g. he is a soldier.
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 simple statement(s) about Troy, e.g. he marries Bathsheba. simple comment(s) about Troy, e.g. treatment of Fanny.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks Answers are likely to include:	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about Troy and/or his
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		 screetion of appropriate material about 110y and/or his presentation, e.g. his marriage. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Troy and/or his presentation, e.g. how he treats others. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Troy, e.g. he is changeable.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on Troy and his presentation, e.g. what sort of character he is.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Troy, e.g. details of events such as his behaviour towards Boldwood, the farm, Fanny. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Troy, e.g. his dashing appearance and manner.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the importance of Troy, e.g. his authority and behaviour to the
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality 		 locals (he is an outsider), his motivation and importance. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of Troy, e.g. his style of proceeding with his conquest of Bathsheba. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of Troy, e.g. detailed analysis of his language in responses to what is said to him as well as the opinions of others.

Far From The Madding Crowd – Thomas Hardy Pre-1914

Question 38 Examine the part played by social status in this novel. You should refer closely to language, events and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	Candidates provide some writing about text or task;no comment on language or form	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details of the part played by social status in
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		the novel, e.g. some characters are rich/poor. • simple statement(s) about the importance of the part played by social status in the novel e.g. Oak loses everything.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		simple comment(s) about the importance of the part played by social status in the novel, e.g. Oak's losses.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about the part played by
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		 selection of appropriate material about the part played be social status in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. Boldwood's status. simple comment(s) on details relevant to the part played social status in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. how of fares in the early part of the novel. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the played by social status in the novel, e.g. some idea of the structure of the novel.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on the part played by social status in the novel and its presentation, e.g. the ways in which Bathsheba treats others,
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 incidents such as those involving Oak, Troy, Boldwood and Fanny explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the part played by social status in the novel, e.g. details of characters' interactions and events. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the part played by social status in the novel, e.g. the ways in which different characters use language.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the part played by social status in the novel, e.g. incidents such
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		 as those involving Bathsheba, Oak, Troy, Boldwood and Fanny. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of the part played by social status in the novel, e.g. insight into character, motive and comparison/contrast between them. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the part played by social status in the novel, e.g. detailed analysis of language/behaviour in cases where cruelty is in question.

Lord Of The Flies – William Golding Post-1914

Question 39 By what means and how successfully is the character of Piggy made sympathetic? You should refer closely to his words, to events and to the actions and opinions of other characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details about Piggy, e.g. he wears spectacles.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 simple statement(s) about Piggy, e.g. he has asthma. simple comment(s) about Piggy, e.g. clever. 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 			
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about Piggy and/or his	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		 presentation, e.g. his advice about conch. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Piggy and/or his presentation, e.g. how he treats others. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Piggy, e.g. he gets on with Ralph. 	

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on Piggy and his presentation, e.g. what sort of character he is.	
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Piggy, e.g. details of events such as his behaviour towards Jack, the beast, the littl'uns. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present Piggy, e.g. his appearance and manner. 	
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of Piggy made sympathetic, e.g. his behaviour at council, his	
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality 		 advice to Ralph, his attitude to Jack (he is an outsider), his motivation and importance. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of Piggy made sympathetic, e.g. his sense, his brains, his loyalty. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting Piggy made sympathetic, e.g. detailed analysis of his language in responses to what is said to him as well as the opinions of others. 	

Lord Of The Flies – William Golding Post-1914

Question 40 How important is it to the success of this novel that the characters are schoolboys? You should refer closely to language, events and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details of the part played by the schoolboys in
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		the novel, e.g. Jack is head of the choir, Piggy is fat. • simple statement(s) about the importance of the part played by the schoolboys in the novel e.g. they are without adults.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		simple comment(s) about the importance of the part played by the schoolboys in the novel, e.g. they hunt.
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about the part played by
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure		 selection of appropriate material about the part played by the schoolboys in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. Ralph's character. simple comment(s) on details relevant to the part played to the schoolboys in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. how they try to organise in the early part of the novel. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the played by the schoolboys in the novel, e.g. some idea of the structure of the novel.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on the part played by the schoolboys in the novel and its presentation, e.g. the ways in which Jack, Ralph, Piggy treat 	
17-19 marks	Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning	•	 others, incidents such as those involving the fire, the conch, the beast. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the part played by the schoolboys in the novel, e.g. details of characters' interactions and events. 	
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the importance of the part played by the schoolboys in the	
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		 novel, e.g. incidents such as those involving Ralph, Simon, Jack, Piggy and the beast. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of the part played by the schoolboys in the novel, e.g. insight into character, motive, comparison/contrast between characters and with the world outside the island. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the part played by the schoolboys in the novel, e.g. detailed analysis of language/behaviour where conflict is in question. 	

Of Mice and Men – John Steinbeck Post-1914

Question 41 What is the importance of the role of Curley's wife to this novel? You should refer closely to her words, to events and to the actions and opinions of other characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details about Curley's wife, e.g. she wears
2-4 marks	Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words		 make-up. simple statement(s) about Curley's wife, e.g. she is pretty. simple comment(s) about Curley's wife, e.g. she has no
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		name.
8-10 marks	Candidates refer to texts to support their views;recognise features of language and structure	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about Curley's wife and/or
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		 her presentation, e.g. her appearance. simple comment(s) on details relevant to Curley's wife and/or her presentation, e.g. how she is treated by others. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Curley's wife, e.g. she tries to get on with Lennie.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on Curley's wife and her presentation, e.g. what sort of character she is.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Curley's wife, e.g. details of events such as her behaviour to Lennie, Crooks, the ways in which the ranch hands treat her. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the importance of the role of Curley's wife, e.g. her appearance and manner.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of Curley's wife, e.g. her behaviour with the ranch hands, with
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		Crooks, with Lennie, her dream, her attitude to Curley, her isolation, her motivation and importance. • sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of the role of Curley's wife, e.g. her loneliness, her disappointed dream, her marriage, her reasons for approaching Lennie. • developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the role of Curley's wife, e.g. detailed analysis of her language: what she says, what is said to her and the opinions of others.

Of Mice and Men – John Steinbeck Post-1914

Question 42 Examine the part played by isolation in the novel. You should refer closely to language, events and characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details of the part played by isolation in the
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		novel, e.g. the opening of the novel. • simple statement(s) about the importance of the part played by isolation in the novel e.g. few friends/companions.
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		• simple comment(s) about the importance of the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g. Candy.
8-10 marks	Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about the part played by
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure		 selection of appropriate material about the part played by isolation in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. the setting. simple comment(s) on details relevant to the part played by isolation in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. how the characters behave to Crooks/Curley's wife. some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g. some idea of the structure of the novel.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on the part played by isolation in the novel and its presentation, e.g. the ways in which Crooks, Candy, Curley,
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 Curley's wife treat each other, incidents such as those in the bunk house. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g. details of characters' interactions/failures to interact and events. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g. the ways in which different characters use language.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the importance of the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g.
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		 incidents such as those involving Crooks, Candy, Curley, Curley's wife, Slim and Candy's dog. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g. insight into character, motive, comparison/contrast between characters, with the dreams which are their individual reactions to isolation. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the part played by isolation in the novel, e.g. detailed analysis of language/behaviour in cases where hostility or loneliness is in question.

Roll of Thunder, Hear my Cry – Mildred Taylor Post-1914

Question 43 In what ways and for what reasons does Cassie change in the novel? You should refer closely to her words, to events and to the actions and opinions of other characters in your answer.

	Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements	
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	0-7 marks	Answers are likely to include: • some features/details about Cassie, e.g. she is black.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 simple statement(s) about Cassie, e.g. she the central character. simple comment(s) about Cassie, e.g. she is too young to 	
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		understand everything that happens.	
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about Cassie and/or her	
11-13 marks	 Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure 		presentation, e.g. her opinions. • simple comment(s) on details relevant to Cassie and/or her presentation, e.g. how she is treated by others. • some awareness of writer's methods in presenting Cassie, e.g. she tries to get on with everyone.	

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	Answers are likely to include: focus on Cassie and her presentation, e.g. what sort of character she is.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		 explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of Cassie, e.g. details of events such as her behaviour to T. J., her parents, her siblings. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the importance of the role of Cassie, e.g. her opinions and behaviour.
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the ways and the reasons for Cassie changing, e.g. her behaviour at school, with Lillian Jean Simms, with T. J., the behaviour of others to her, her attitude to whites, her increasing understanding. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the ways and the reasons for Cassie changing, e.g. her family, her understanding of injustice and racism, her Uncle Hammer, her regard for Stacey and others, the behaviour of others to her. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the ways in which and the reasons for Cassie changing, e.g. detailed analysis of her language: what she says, what is said to her and the opinions of others.
23-25 marks	 Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality 		

Roll of Thunder, Hear my Cry – Mildred Taylor Post-1914

Question 44 Examine the part played by racism in the novel. You should refer closely to language, events and characters in your answer.

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
0-1 marks	 Candidates provide some writing about text or task; no comment on language or form 	by racism in the novel e.g. the bus.	
2-4 marks	 Candidates write simple statements about the text or task; candidates write simple comments about the writer's use of words 		 novel, e.g. the school. simple statement(s) about the importance of the part played by racism in the novel e.g. the bus. simple comment(s) about the importance of the part played
5-7 marks	 Candidates select some appropriate material; show some awareness of the writer's use of words 		
8-10 marks	 Candidates refer to texts to support their views; recognise features of language and structure 	8-13 marks	Answers are likely to include: • selection of appropriate material about the part played by racism in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. the setting. • simple comment(s) on details relevant to the part played by racism in the novel and/or its presentation, e.g. how the characters behave to the Logans. • some awareness of writer's methods in presenting the part played by racism in the novel, e.g. some idea of the structure of the novel.
11-13 marks	Candidates support deductive and personal response to meanings of texts by textual reference; recognise and respond to features of language and structure		

Skills Descriptors		Content Descriptors	
Mark Band	Statements	Mark Band	Statements
14-16 marks	 Candidates make well-chosen and effective references to support a structured personal response to texts; begin to understand elements of critical awareness 	14-19 marks	 Answers are likely to include: focus on the part played by racism in the novel and its presentation, e.g. her treatment at school, by Lillian Jean Simms, what happens to T. J., her treatment by others, white attitudes, her youthful misunderstanding. explained/sustained response to the details of presentation of the part played by racism in the novel, e.g. details of characters' interactions/failures to interact and events. identification/explanation of writer's uses of language to present the part played by racism in the novel, e.g. the ways in which different characters use language.
17-19 marks	 Candidates discriminate in their selection of textual evidence to support personal and analytical response; demonstrate critical awareness of texts and analyse meaning 		
20-22 marks	 Candidates support responses with discriminating textual reference. Their reasoning is clear and effective; sustain detailed critical and sensitive analysis of texts 	20-25 marks	 Answers are likely to include: exploration/development of response to the presentation of the importance of the part played by racism in the novel, e.g. incidents such as those involving Stacey, T. J., Uncle Hammer, the Logan land, Big Ma, Papa and Mama, Granger, the night men. sensitive/critical response to the details of presentation of the importance of the part played by racism in the novel, e.g. insight into character, motive, comparison/contrast between characters and their attitudes to race. developed/analytical comment on/response to writer's technique in presenting the importance of the part played by racism in the novel, e.g. detailed analysis of language/behaviour in cases where conflict or concord is in question.
23-25 marks	Candidates support evaluative responses with textual apposite reference used discriminatingly; sustain insight into meaning and stylistics of texts with precision and originality		