Surname		Oth	er Names			
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General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2003

ECONOMICS FOUNDATION TIER Paper 2

3144/2F



Thursday 26 June 2003 1.30 pm to 2.30 pm

In addition to this paper you will require:

the Information Leaflet (enclosed).

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Additional space for answers can be found on pages 7 and 8.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 84.
- Mark allocations are shown in brackets.
- You will be awarded 4 marks for quality of written communication.
- You will be assessed on your ability to present relevant information in a form that suits its purposes. The degree of legibility of your handwriting and the level of accuracy of your spelling, punctuation and grammar will also be taken into account.

Advice

- You are advised to spend 15 minutes:
 - reading the questions;
 - reading through all the data in the Information Leaflet;
 - identifying parts of the data that you might use in answering the questions.
- Writing your answers should take up to 45 minutes.

For Examiner's Use						
Number	Mark	Number	Mark			
1						
2						
3						
4						
Total (Column	Total (Column 1)					
Total (Column 2)						
Quality of Written Communication						
TOTAL						
Examiner's Initials						

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J. K. Edwards Ltd is a small but successful firm of house builders based in the North West of England. Recently, the firm has been investigating the possibility of building houses in other areas of the UK, rather than simply expanding in the North West of England.

Your task

The Head of the firm's Economic Development Unit has collected the information set out in the enclosed Information Leaflet.

Use this information, together with your knowledge and understanding of economics, to answer the questions on the following pages.

Answer all questions.

Using the Information Leaflet and your own knowledge, outline the factors which determine the demand for, and supply of, houses.

20

Turn over

Using the Information Leaflet and your own knowledge, explain the arguments for the firm not to build any more new houses.
(20 marks)



cno	he firm has decided to expand and to build new houses. Using the Information Leaflet and your owledge, explain which areas of the country they should choose. Give reasons for your answ
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Consider the two government policies below which might help small building firms such as J. K. Edwards Ltd:
• lower interest rates;
• grants to the building industry.
Using the Information Leaflet and your own knowledge of economics, outline which of these policies would be the most helpful and why. Give reasons for your answers.

(20 marks)

ECONOMICS FOUNDATION TIER

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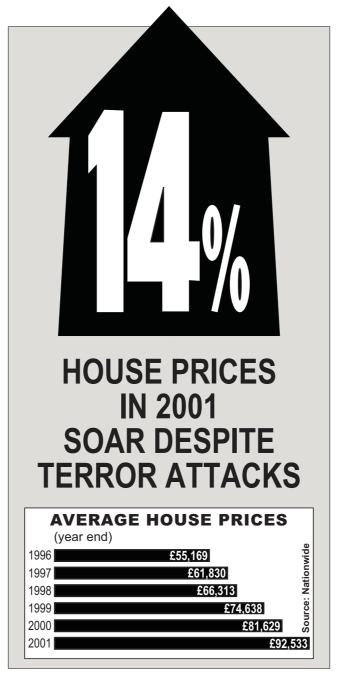
ASSESSMENT and
QUALIFICATIONS
ALLIANCE

Paper 2: INFORMATION LEAFLET

F

Study all the information before you begin your task.

Data A



Source: adapted from the Daily Mirror, 4 January 2002

Data B

House prices soared last year despite the economic effects of the terrorist attacks in America on September 11, figures revealed yesterday.

The cost of a home rose by an average of almost $14 \text{ per cent} - £11\ 000 - \text{in } 2001$, according to the Nationwide Building Society. The mortgage lender said that made it the strongest year for increases since 1988. But Nationwide gave mixed news for the year ahead, predicting sustained rises for some areas but a slowdown in others.

LONDON: Prices rose by 14.3 per cent to an average value of £168 783. But rises will "slow substantially" amid fears over jobs and pay.

SOUTH EAST: Prices surged 15.8 per cent to £117 566. Growth will slow.

WEST MIDLANDS: There was a rise of 12.8 per cent to £85 976 despite manufacturing problems. The strong showing should continue.

NORTH WEST: Prices rose by 14.8 per cent to £74 687. Further growth is expected.

THE NORTH: Prices rose by 11.2 per cent to £59 510.

SCOTLAND: One of only two regions not to see double-figure rises. Huge job losses saw a rise in house prices of only 4.7 per cent to £67 731.

NORTHERN IRELAND: The lowest rise in the UK at just 3.5 per cent to £73 697.

Source: adapted from an article by KANCHAN DUTT in the Daily Mirror, 4 January 2002

Data C

BIGGEST HOUSE PRICE RISE FOR EIGHT YEARS BUT HOW LONG WILL IT LAST?

House prices saw the biggest rise for eight years last month – amid fears of a slowdown. The average price of a home rose by 2.8 per cent in September to £92 432, the Nationwide Building Society said. But experts warned that the US terror attacks could signal a sharp slowdown, particularly in London, over the next few months.

One economist said last night: "It's a tough call. One suspects October and November's house price figures may paint a very different picture. The horror of September 11 is already savaging some industries, such as tourism. But the real impact of job losses and falling consumer confidence has not been felt yet".

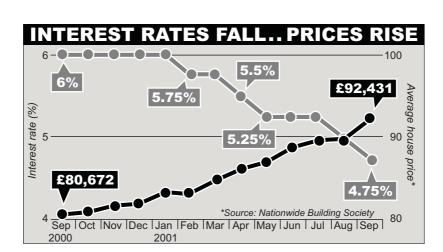
Nationwide's chief economist Alex Bannister said a slowdown in prices was likely next year. He said: "It is possible the housing market may slow more quickly and recover more slowly than we thought". However, he said the prospect of house prices actually falling were "extremely slim". A lot depends on how rising unemployment and falling pay deals affect consumer confidence. Mr Bannister said London – already hit by a slowdown in tourism from US citizens – was likely to suffer most due to falling share prices and lower City bonuses. But he said mortgage rates would have to rise by 7.5 per cent to put those people borrowing three times their salary under similar pressure to the last housing recession.

With new data showing UK manufacturing still in recession, the Bank of England could decide to cut interest rates again this Thursday despite the housing boom.

Homebuyers borrowed a *record* £14.5 billion in August, the Bank of England said yesterday – £800 million more than in July.

Source: adapted from an article by CLINTON MANNING in the Daily Mirror, 2 October 2001

Data D



Interest rates may have to rise in a bid to halt record consumer spending, Bank of England boss Sir Eddie George warned last night. But he said it was possible that an economic slowdown will see people tighten their belts before a hike is needed.

Source: adapted from an article by KANCHAN DUTT in the Daily Mirror, 2 October 2001

Data E

Data for the UK Economy 2002-2004

Year	Economic Growth (% change)	Manufacturing Output (% change)	Household Consumption (% change)	Inflation (% change)
2002	2 to 2½	$-\frac{3}{4}$ to $-\frac{1}{2}$	2 ³ / ₄ to 3	21/4
2003*	2 ³ / ₄ to 3 ¹ / ₄	21/4 to 23/4	2½ to 2¾	21/2
2004*	21/4 to 23/4	1¾ to 2¼	2 to 2½	21/2

^{*} Forecast figures

Source: adapted from The Guardian, 28 November 2001

Data F

GOVERNMENT
RELEASES
BUILDING
LAND FOR
NEW HOMES
IN THE
SOUTH EAST

BUILDING WORKERS RECEIVE 10% PAY RISE

Data G

House Prices in the North West and Greater London Merseyside 04 January 2002 *Two storey centre terraced house *Entrance lobby, Hall *Two Reception rooms both with gas fires * Kitchen, three Bedrooms, Bathroom *En-suite in Master Bedroom *Picture windows 6184 950 Greater London 04 January 2002 *Three Bedroom end terrace house

Merseyside is in the North West of England. Greater London is in the South of England.

Source: adapted from the website of the BRADFORD AND BINGLEY Bank, accessed on 8 January 2002