

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2007

GCSE

GCSE Design and Technology: Systems & Control (Electronics) Foundation Tier (1974/3974)

Marking Guidance

Give / State / Name

Normally a one or two word answer, at the very most a short sentence.

Describe

Normally, one or two sentences which form a description, making reference to more than one point. All points must be linked for a complete answer.

Explain

Normally, one or two sentences which form an explanation. This requires a clear or detailed account of something and includes a relevant justification, reason or example.

Evaluate

Normally one or two sentences where the quality, suitability or value of something is judged. This can include both positive and negative points, with each point normally requiring a relevant justification.

The mark scheme contains a range of possible answers for all questions. For some questions it is possible to provide a finite number of acceptable answers. However, in some instances it is not possible to provide every conceivable answer. In these instances objective guidance is provided.

For all answers candidates are not expected to give the exact wording contained in this mark scheme. However, to gain credit their answer must demonstrate the same meaning as detailed in the mark scheme.

It is the examiner's responsibility to apply their professional judgement in determining if what the candidate has written has the same meaning as the answer detailed in the mark scheme. For all answers the '*Key words*' have been written in bold text.

For describe and explain questions, candidates may give a different combination of the marking points listed in the mark scheme. In such instances candidates can be rewarded for the marking points provided that they are suitably linked. However, candidates cannot be rewarded for the same point repeated in two different combinations.

Examiners must mark in red pen using ticks and crosses in the body of the script.

Design & Technology: Systems & Control (Electronics) (1974/2F)
Full Course Foundation Tier Mark Scheme

Question Number	Question	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
1974_2F_Q01a	<p>The table below shows some tools, equipment and components used in the making of electronic circuits.</p> <p>Complete the table by:</p> <p>(i) naming each tool, component or piece of equipment</p> <p>(ii) describing its use</p>			
		Name: bulb / lamp	1	
		Task: indication/signal / signal indicator / light / shows 'ON' / shows 'OFF'	1	
		Name: seven segment display / seven part LED	1	
		Task: numerical output / shows numbers	1	
		Name: transistor / Thyristor	1	
		Task: part of process / amplifier / switch / latch / driver	1	
		Name: mouse / input peripheral / input device	1	
		Task: input information into computer / click/move cursor / scroll	1	
		Name: strippers / cutters	1	
		Task: remove sleeve/insulation from wire/cable / trimming wire/cable/component legs	1	(10)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q01bi	<p>The drawing below shows a soldering iron. One safety measure to be taken when using a soldering iron is to use a soldering iron stand.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> different safety measures that should be taken when using a soldering iron.</p>		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	<p>Two safety measures given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • good ventilation • keep away from clothes • hold by handle • don't point /wave • wear safety goggles 	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q01bii	<p>Give <u>one</u> reason for using a soldering iron stand when soldering.</p>		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	<p>One reason given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • stops tabletop being burnt • stops cable being burnt • smoke from solder free to disperse • clothes don't burn • no chance of accidentally burning others 	1	(1)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q01c	<p>The drawing below shows the side view of a component soldered to a circuit board.</p> <p>Describe how the waste of the component leg, as shown in the diagram, should be removed.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One way described:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> cutters/strippers/pliers are used and the legs trimmed close to the joint/solder. <i>(only acceptable answers)</i> 	Part Mark 2x1	Total Mark (2)
1974_2F_Q01d	<p>The diagram below shows a basic time delay circuit that is to be produced in high volume.</p> <p>From the list below complete the sentences. Each term can be used <u>once</u> or <u>not at all</u>.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Each sentence completed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prototype PCB Production line 	Part Mark 1 1 1	Total Mark (3)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q01e	The time delay circuit is to be manufactured in high volume. Give <u>two</u> advantages for using computer testing of each time delay circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Two advantages given: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fast/saves time • saves money • works 24/7 • repeatable / reliable • no specialist skills/knowledge needed 	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q01f	Electronic circuit designs may be found on the internet. Describe <u>one</u> way that the design for an alternative time delay circuit may be found on the internet.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One way described: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • electronic timing circuits / keywords should be typed into a search engine/Google (etc.) • on-line electronic books may be read / specialist websites looked at and circuits copied 	2x1	(2)
		(Total 22 marks)	

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02a	The diagram below shows a simple locker alarm. Name components A,B,C and E.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Each component named: A - Battery / cells B - Switch / SPST C - LDR E - Buzzer	4x1	(4)
Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02b	Give one reason for using R3 in the circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One reason given: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protection / protects • current control / reduces/limits current 	1	(1)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02c	Give <u>one</u> reason for using VR1 in the circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One reason given:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • change sensitivity • so circuit can sense at different light levels • set circuit to sense at a light level • alter/adjust/change the base voltage 	1	(1)
1974_2F_Q02d	The diagram below shows the simplified circuit of component C and VR1 connected in series. If the resistance of component C is 800K and VR1 is adjusted to its maximum value, calculate their combined resistance. Use the formula: $R_{total} = R_1 + R_2$		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Resistance calculated is 900 (Only answer)	1	(1)
1974_2F_Q02e	Describe the action of the circuit when the base of the transistor passes the switch-on voltage.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	The action described:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transistor conducts and the buzzer sounds • buzzer connected and sounds 	2x1	(2)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02f	Explain <u>one</u> reason for using the diode (D1) in the circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One reason explained:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • short circuits the back emf/voltage • protects the transistor from the back emf/voltage • buzzer is a wire wound component that creates a back emf/voltage 	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02gi	PCBs for commercial products are batch produced. These PCBs can use many transistors or dedicated integrated circuits(ICs). The drawing below shows an 8 pin dedicated IC. Give <u>three</u> advantages of using dedicated ICs rather than transistors for complex circuits.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Three advantages given:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • less complicated • smaller circuit • easier to fault find • less to go wrong • fewer components • cheaper 	3x1	(3)

Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
1974_2F_Q02gii	<p>Explain <u>one</u> disadvantage of using ICs rather than transistors for <u>simple</u> circuits.</p> <p>Answer</p> <p>One disadvantage explained:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ICs are more expensive than discrete components • ICs are difficult to replace if they go wrong • ICs are larger than discrete component and could take up more space 	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
1974_2F_Q02h	<p>Computer aided manufacture (CAM) could be used to manufacture complex circuits.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> reasons for using CAM to manufacture complex circuits.</p> <p>Answer</p> <p>Two reasons given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cheaper than manpower • faster when set up / when making batches • work 24/7 • uniform / all the same / repeatable • can be more compact <p><i>(Do not accept 'faster' / 'cheaper' on their own)</i></p>	2x1	(2)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02i1	When electronic products stop working they are often more expensive to repair than replace. Give <u>two</u> disadvantages of throwing away broken electronic products.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Two disadvantages given: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • waste / not recycling useable resources • fills land-fill sites • bad for the environment 	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q02i2	Describe <u>one</u> way that electronic products can be recycled.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One way described: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • components may be reused in new circuits • bits may be dismantled and used in different products • parts may be burnt for use a fuel 	2x1	(2)
		(Total 22 marks)	

Question Number	Question							
1974_2F_Q03a	<p>A company is designing a handheld emergency alarm. The company requires a case to be designed for the handheld emergency alarm.</p> <p>The specification for the emergency alarm case is that it must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fit easily into a small adult hand • have a quick way of switching on the power • allow a high volume sound output to attract attention • be made from materials and processes suitable for batch production <p>In the spaces opposite, use sketches and, where necessary, brief notes to show <u>two different</u> design ideas for the emergency alarm case which meet this specification.</p>							
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Design Idea 1</p> <p>Each point of the specification has two marking points.</p> <p>1 mark should be awarded for evidence of each point of specification resolved in the design.</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>For each specification point with both elements viably satisfied</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>For each specification point with only one element viably satisfied</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Where an answer does not viably answer a specification point</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0 marks</td> </tr> </table> <p>Candidates may answer any specification point in either graphical form or by annotation. No marks are awarded for quality of communication.</p> <p>Each specification resolved in design:</p> <p>Have a method of fitting easily into a small adult hand</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence that it will fit into a small adult hand eg Scale / drawing of hand / dimensions / labels 1 • Evidence of fitting easily eg shape / strap or fitting / attachment (glove) 1 	For each specification point with both elements viably satisfied	2 marks	For each specification point with only one element viably satisfied	1 marks	Where an answer does not viably answer a specification point	0 marks	<p>Part Mark</p> <p>Total Mark</p>
For each specification point with both elements viably satisfied	2 marks							
For each specification point with only one element viably satisfied	1 marks							
Where an answer does not viably answer a specification point	0 marks							

Have a quick way of switching on the power

- Evidence of being able to switch on
eg Slide switch / PTM switch / light hole / PTB / Rocker
- Evidence of it being quick to switch on
eg position / operate one-handed / operate on release of pressure

1

1

Allow a high volume sound output that attracts attention.

- Evidence of high volume device
eg Buzzer / Bell / speaker / klaxon / siren
- Evidence that the sound output will attract attention
eg Any indicators: holes / grill / sound not obstructed

1

1

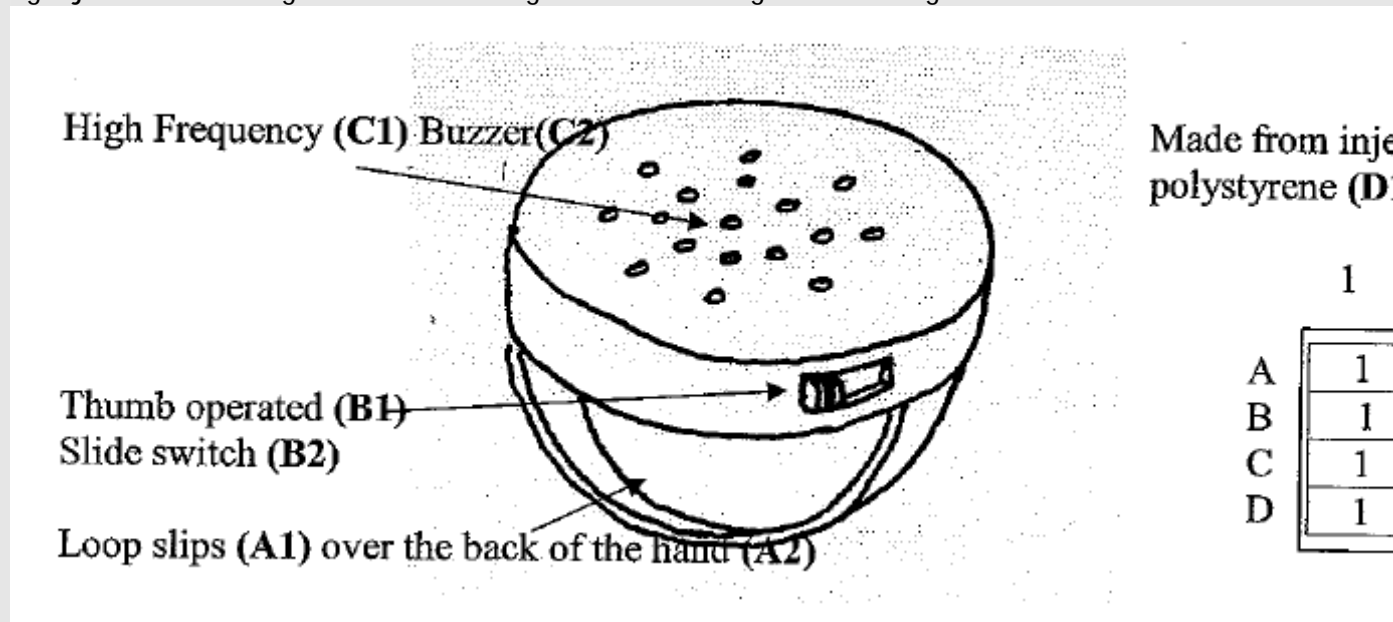
Be made from materials and processes suitable for batch production

- Evidence of suitable material
eg Acrylic / polystyrene / aluminium / other named polymer
- Evidence of suitable process(must be correct for shape)
eg Injection moulding / vacuum forming / blow moulding / die casting

1

1

(8)



Design Idea 2

To score a mark for Design Idea 2, each specification point must be resolved again in the second design idea **but the second design must be technically / conceptually different in design and construction** from the first and simply not a variation on a theme to score a mark

Use exactly the same criteria as design idea 1 to mark design idea 2.

Each specification resolved in design:

- | | | |
|---|---|-----|
| • A different method that it will fit into a small adult hand | 1 | |
| • A different method of fitting easily | 1 | |
| • A different method of being able to switch on the power | 1 | |
| • A different method of it being quick to switch on | 1 | |
| • A different method of high volume sound output | 1 | |
| • A different method that it will attract attention | 1 | |
| • A different suitable material | 1 | |
| • A different suitable process | 1 | (8) |

Question Number

Question

1974_2F_Q03b

Three of the original specification points are repeated below.

Evaluate how one of your design ideas succeeds or fails to meet each of these specification points.

- (i) The emergency alarm case must fit easily into a small adult hand.
- (ii) The emergency alarm case must have a quick way of switching on the power.
- (iii) The emergency alarm case must be made from materials and processes suitable for batch production.

Answer

Part Mark

Total Mark

Each point clearly evaluated

If a candidate has indicated design Idea 1 and then evaluates design idea 2 for all or part of (i), (ii), & (iii) then the idea in greater evidence should be marked.

The evaluation of the design must contain reference to either positive or negative aspects not simply a description of the design.

Award 1 mark for a correct evaluation / justification relating to each design feature and how it succeeds or fails. *At foundation level two evaluation points on one design feature is acceptable.*

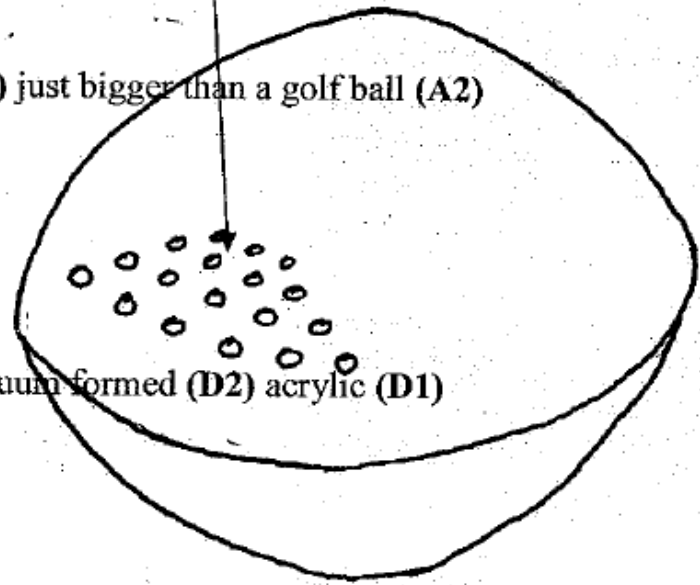
Repetition of original spec scores 0.

- | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| <p>(i) Evaluation of: Must fit easily into a small adult hand.
Positive or negative statements relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reference to size• Reference to how easily it fits in the hand <p><i>eg The golf ball size is fine for a larger hand but not for a small hand(1) but it would be comfortable to hold for long periods(1).</i></p> | <p>2x1</p> | |
| <p>(ii) Evaluation of: Have a quick way of switching on the power.
Positive or negative statements relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reference to method of switching on the power• Reference to quick method of switching on <p><i>eg The slide switch is common and easily understood (1)but if it is in the hand the wrong way round it will not be easy for the thumb to reach it.(1)</i></p> | <p>2x1</p> | |
| <p>(iii) Evaluation of: Must be made from materials and processes suitable for batch production.
Positive or negative statements relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reference to the suitability of the material• Reference to the suitability of the process <p><i>eg Polystyrene will easily vacuum form into the required shape(1) but with constant pressure it would crack (1).</i></p> | <p>2x1</p> | <p>(6)</p> |

Speaker (C2) two tone (C1)

Ball shape (A1) just bigger than a golf ball (A2)

Made from vacuum formed (D2) acrylic (D1)



Squeezed together (B1) to o
PTM switch (B2)

(Total 22 marks)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q04a	<p>The drawings below show details of a garden lamp. It is powered by solar energy and has a supporting metal stake. Two specification points for the garden lamp are that it must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automatically turn on when it is dark • be able to be installed anywhere in a garden <p>Under each of the following headings, give <u>one</u> more specification point which should be included in the specification for the garden lamp. For each point, give <u>one</u> reason why it should be included.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Three each of the following, one under each heading: Specification points Reasons <i>(Do not accept repetition of the specification points given)</i></p> <p><u>Market</u> Point: it must be cost effective / cheap Reason: so that more people buy them</p> <p>Point: it must be appropriate in the garden Reason: so it fits the surroundings / aesthetically pleasing</p> <p>Point: it must be small / take apart Reason: so that it may be stored in the winter</p> <p><u>Quality</u> Point: it must give a good light Reason: to illuminate a large area</p> <p>Point: the case must have smooth edges Reason: to stop cuts to the user</p>	<p>Part Mark</p> <p>3x1 3x1</p>	<p>Total Mark</p> <p>(6)</p>

Point: must have low power consumption
Reason: to keep alight for long periods

Point: must be made from waterproof/weatherproof materials
Reason: To be used outside

Point: must be durable/tough
Reason: to withstand outside knocks

Environment

(must relate to materials, components and processes not the environment in which it is to be used)

Point: it must use rechargeable batteries / use materials that can be recycled

Reason: To save on waste/landfill sites

Point: it must use solar power
Reason: to save on other forms of energy

Point: use materials that do not pollute the ground
Reason: flowers may not grow

Some flexibility should be given as some points may cross over descriptions.

Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
1974_2F_Q04b	The reflecting dome of the garden lamp is made from clear acrylic. It is waterproof. Give <u>two</u> other reason why clear acrylic is a suitable material from which to make the reflecting dome.		
	Answer Two reasons given: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• light shines out• rigid• easily moulded to shape• inexpensive	2x1	(2)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q04c	<p>The reflecting dome is manufactured by blowing moulding.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> reasons why blowing is a suitable process to manufacture the reflecting dome.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Two reasons given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • dome shape easy to produce / simple mould • repeatable • little waste • cheaper than injection moulding <p><i>(Do not accept 'cheap' on its own)</i></p>	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q04d	<p>The electronics housing and battery case is made from rigid polystyrene using injection moulding.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> properties of rigid polystyrene that made it suitable for the electronic housing and battery case. For each property give <u>one</u> reason why it makes rigid polystyrene suitable.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Two properties and two reasons given:</p> <p>Point: low melting point Reason: easy to mould</p> <p>Point: electrical insulator Reason: prevents short circuits</p> <p>Point: waterproof Reason: keeps electronics away from weather</p> <p>Point: tough Reason: will withstand knocks / will not crack</p>	2x1 2x1	(4)

Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
1974_2F_Q04e	<p>The electronic housing and battery case is made using black polystyrene.</p> <p>Explain <u>one</u> reason, other than looks, why black polystyrene is used to make the electronic housing and battery case.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One reasons explained:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the black case is between the ultra bright LED and the LDR and therefore stops one affecting the other <i>(only answer)</i> 	2x1	(2)
1974_2F_Q04f	<p>The mild steel supporting stake for the garden lamp is finished using plastic dip coating.</p> <p>Explain <u>one</u> reason why plastic dip coating is used to finish the supporting stake.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One reason explained:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mild steel is liable to rust and plastic dip coating helps to prevent this dip coating in black plastic makes the stake match the rest of the lamp steel may contaminate the ground and the dip coating forms a barrier to stop this 	2x1	(2)

Question Number	Question		
1974_2F_Q04g	<p>Two purposes of the garden lamp are that it must</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automatically turn on when it is dark • be able to be installed anywhere in a garden <p>Explain under the following headings, how the garden lamp achieves these purposes.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One purpose explained: automatically turn on when it is dark</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the LDR senses the amount of light and switches the circuit on when the light intensity decreases <i>(only answer)</i> <p>One purpose explained: be able to be installed anywhere in a garden</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • having solar power and rechargeable batteries it does not need to be connected to mains/does not need connecting wires • as the supporting stake is made from steel it is strong enough to go into the hardest ground 	<p>Part Mark</p> <p>2x1</p> <p>2x1</p>	<p>Total Mark</p> <p>(4)</p>
			(Total 22 marks)
TOTAL FOR PAPER: 88 MARKS			

Design & Technology: Systems & Control (Electronics) (3974/2F)
Short Course Foundation Tier Mark Scheme

Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
3974_2F_Q01a	<p>The table below shows some tools, equipment and components used in the making of electronic circuits.</p> <p>Complete the table by:</p> <p>(iii) naming each tool, component or piece of equipment</p> <p>(iv) describing its use</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Name: bulb / lamp Task: indication/signal / signal indicator / light / shows 'ON' / shows 'OFF'</p> <p>Name: seven segment display / seven part LED Task: numerical output / shows numbers</p> <p>Name: transistor / Thyristor Task: part of process / amplifier / switch / latch / driver</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>(6)</p>
3974_2F_Q01bi	<p>The drawing below shows a soldering iron.</p> <p>One safety measure to be taken when using a soldering iron is to use a soldering iron stand.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> different safety measures that should be taken when using a soldering iron.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Two safety measures given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • good ventilation • keep away from clothes • hold by handle • don't point /wave • wear safety goggles 	<p>2x1</p>	<p>(2)</p>

Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
3974_2F_Q01bii	Give <u>one</u> reason for using a soldering iron stand when soldering.		
	Answer		
	One reason given:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • stops tabletop being burnt • stops cable being burnt • smoke from solder free to disperse • clothes don't burn • no chance of accidentally burning others 	1	(1)
3974_2F_Q01c	The drawing below shows the side view of a component soldered to a circuit board. Describe how the waste of the component leg, as shown in the diagram, should be removed.		
	Answer		
	One way described:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cutters/strippers/pliers are used and the legs trimmed close to the joint/solder. 	2x1	(2)
			(Total 11 marks)

Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q02a	The diagram below shows a simple locker alarm. Name components A,B,C and E.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Each component named: A - Battery / cells B - Switch / SPST C - LDR E - Buzzer	4x1	(4)
Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q02b	Give <u>one</u> reason for using R3 in the circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One reason given: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protection / protects • current control / reduces/limits current 	1	(1)
Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q02c	Give <u>one</u> reason for using VR1 in the circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	One reason given: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • change sensitivity • so circuit can sense at different light levels • set circuit to sense at a light level • alter/adjust/change the base voltage 	1	(1)

Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q02d	<p>The diagram below shows the simplified circuit of component C and VR1 connected in series.</p> <p>If the resistance of component C is 800K and VR1 is adjusted to its maximum value, calculate their combined resistance. Use the formula: $R_{total} = R1 + R2$</p>		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	Resistance calculated is 900 (Only answer)	1	(1)
Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q02e	Describe the action of the circuit when the base of the transistor passes the switch-on voltage.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	<p>The action described:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> transistor conducts and the buzzer sounds buzzer connected and sounds 	2x1	(2)
Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q02f	Explain <u>one</u> reason for using the diode (D1) in the circuit.		
	Answer	Part Mark	Total Mark
	<p>One reason explained:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> short circuits the back emf/voltage protects the transistor from the back emf/voltage buzzer is a wire wound component that creates a back emf/voltage 	2x1	(2)
(Total 11 marks)			

Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q03a	<p>The drawings below show details of a garden lamp. It is powered by solar energy and has a supporting metal stake. Two specification points for the garden lamp are that it must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automatically turn on when it is dark • be able to be installed anywhere in a garden <p>Under each of the following headings, give <u>one</u> more specification point which should be included in the specification for the garden lamp. For each point, give <u>one</u> reason why it should be included.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Three each of the following, one under each heading: Specification points Reasons <i>(Do not accept repetition of the specification points given)</i></p> <p><u>Market</u> Point: it must be cost effective / cheap Reason: so that more people buy them</p> <p>Point: it must be appropriate in the garden Reason: so it fits the surroundings / aesthetically pleasing</p> <p>Point: it must be small / take apart Reason: so that it may be stored in the winter</p> <p><u>Quality</u> Point: it must give a good light Reason: to illuminate a large area</p> <p>Point: the case must have smooth edges Reason: to stop cuts to the user</p>	<p>Part Mark</p> <p>3x1 3x1</p>	<p>Total Mark</p> <p>(6)</p>

Point: must have low power consumption
Reason: to keep alight for long periods

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Point: must be durable/tough
Reason: to withstand outside knocks

Environment

(must relate to materials, components and processes not the environment in which it is to be used)

Point: it must use rechargeable batteries / use materials that can be recycled

Reason: To save on waste/landfill sites

Point: it must use solar power
Reason: to save on other forms of energy

Point: use materials that do not pollute the ground
Reason: flowers may not grow

Some flexibility should be given as some points may cross over descriptions.

Question Number	Question	Part Mark	Total Mark
3974_2F_Q03b	The reflecting dome of the garden lamp is made from clear acrylic. It is waterproof. Give <u>two</u> other reason why clear acrylic is a suitable material from which to make the reflecting dome.		
	Answer Two reasons given: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• light shines out• rigid• easily moulded to shape• inexpensive	2x1	(2)

Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q03c	<p>The reflecting dome is manufactured by blowing moulding.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> reasons why blowing is a suitable process to manufacture the reflecting dome.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Two reasons given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • dome shape easy to produce / simple mould • repeatable • little waste • cheaper than injection moulding <p><i>(Do not accept 'cheap' on its own)</i></p>	2x1	(2)
3974_2F_Q03d	<p>The electronics housing and battery case is made from rigid polystyrene using injection moulding.</p> <p>Give <u>two</u> properties of rigid polystyrene that made it suitable for the electronic housing and battery case. For each property give <u>one</u> reason why it makes rigid polystyrene suitable.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>Two properties and two reasons given:</p> <p>Point: low melting point Reason: easy to mould</p> <p>Point: electrical insulator Reason: prevents short circuits</p> <p>Point: waterproof Reason: keeps electronics away from weather</p> <p>Point: tough Reason: will withstand knocks / will not crack</p>	2x1 2x1	(4)

Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q03e	<p>The electronic housing and battery case is made using black polystyrene.</p> <p>Explain <u>one</u> reason, other than looks, why black polystyrene is used to make the electronic housing and battery case.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One reasons explained:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the black case is between the ultra bright LED and the LDR and therefore stops one affecting the other <i>(only answer)</i> 	Part Mark 2x1	Total Mark (2)
3974_2F_Q03f	<p>The mild steel supporting stake for the garden lamp is finished using plastic dip coating.</p> <p>Explain <u>one</u> reason why plastic dip coating is used to finish the supporting stake.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One reason explained:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mild steel is liable to rust and plastic dip coating helps to prevent this dip coating in black plastic makes the stake match the rest of the lamp steel may contaminate the ground and the dip coating forms a barrier to stop this 	Part Mark 2x1	Total Mark (2)

Question Number	Question		
3974_2F_Q03g	<p>Two purposes of the garden lamp are that it must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automatically turn on when it is dark • be able to be installed anywhere in a garden <p>Explain under the following headings, how the garden lamp achieves these purposes.</p>		
	<p>Answer</p> <p>One purpose explained: automatically turn on when it is dark</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the LDR senses the amount of light and switches the circuit on when the light intensity decreases <i>(only acceptable answer)</i> <p>One purpose explained: be able to be installed anywhere in a garden</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • having solar power and rechargeable batteries it does not need to be connected to mains/does not need connecting wires • as the supporting stake is made from steel it is strong enough to go into the hardest ground 	<p>Part Mark</p> <p>2x1</p> <p>2x1</p>	<p>Total Mark</p> <p>(4)</p>
			(Total 22 marks)
TOTAL FOR PAPER: 44 MARKS			

