



Examiners' Report June 2015

GCSE Design and Technology 5GR02 01

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Introduction

The paper this year followed the now very familiar structure which helped to facilitate access to candidates from across the ability range. Almost all candidates tended to perform better in questions which required them to recall knowledge and it is clear that they were well prepared in general. Candidates found questions which required them to expand upon their initial response more difficult and these tended to differentiate between stronger and weaker candidates.

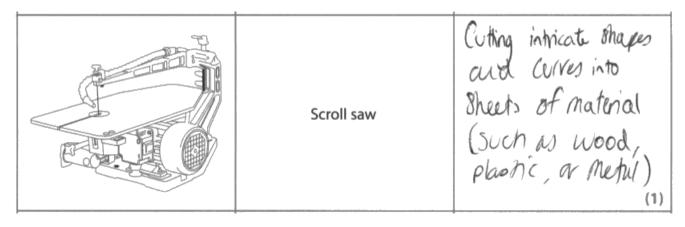
Candidate performance within the extended answer questions appears to be improving and the provision of extra space helped to guide them into producing more appropriate levels of response.

Some candidates struggled to communicate effectively and it is important to encourage candidates to write clearly and legibly. While graphical communication is not assessed in the design question it is also important for candidates to be able to express their ideas and some were disadvantaged by poor communication skills. These questions often require them to 'show' their design decisions and frequently it is not appropriate to communicate these features through annotation alone.

Many candidates continued to rely upon generic terminology in response to some questions. It is advisable to encourage candidates to avoid the use of generic descriptors such as 'fast', 'strong' and 'cheap' wherever possible. Where candidates cannot think of an alternative it can sometimes help to qualify answers with a comparison for example.

Question 11 (a) (1)

Most candidates recognised that the scroll saw is used to cut materials but it was necessary to provide a little more detail as this information could be derived from the name given in the question. A significant number of candidates produced rather generalised answers in response to this question. In this type of question it is important for them to identify the specialist application of the tool or piece of equipment.

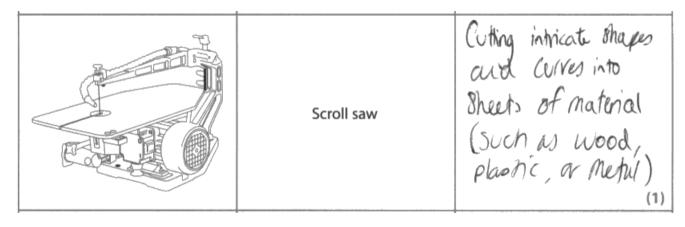




The question required candidates to make reference to cutting curves and /or sheet materials. In this example the candidate managed to provide both.



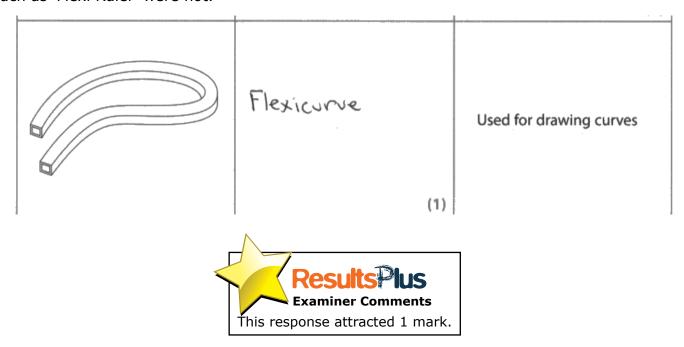
It is often important to identify specific applications when answering questions like this.





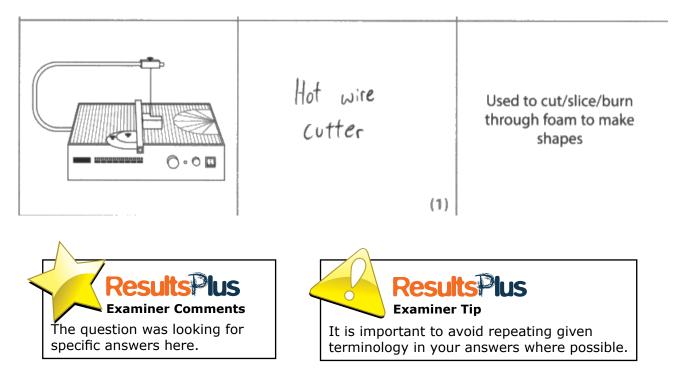
Question 11 (a) (2)

Many candidates failed to identify the Flexi Curve correctly, although many appeared to understand or guess its application. A significant number of responses identified it incorrectly as a French Curve. Some minor variations on spelling were accepted but answers such as 'Flexi Ruler' were not.



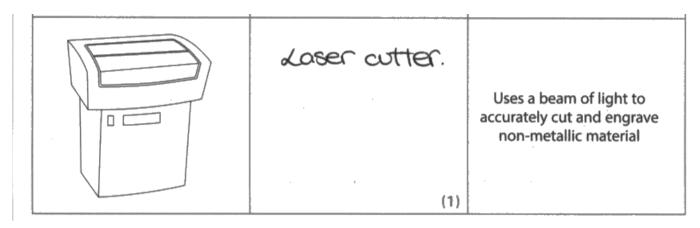
Question 11 (a) (3)

Although many candidates correctly identified the hot wire cutter, many referred to it as a saw. A significant number referred to it as a 'foam cutter' which simply regurgitated the terminology used in the question.



Question 11 (a) (4)

Nearly all candidates managed to identify the laser cutter although a small minority failed to digest the description and identified it as e.g. a printer or a shredder.







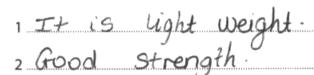
It is import to absorb and understand all the information provided within the question. Do not just look at the picture.

Question 11 (b) (i)

Although most candidates provided two answers, many were still relying on non-specific answers such as 'strong' and 'cheap'. Candidates who mentioned specific and technical material properties scored more highly here. 'Light' or 'light weight' were not accepted because alternative materials such as recycled pulp board tend to be lighter.

(i) Give **two** properties that make MDF suitable for jigsaw puzzles.

(2)





This answer scored 0 marks because 'light weight' was not accepted and 'good strength' was not qualified by comparing it to an alternative material such as recycled pulp board, for example.



It is important to avoid generalised terminology and it is good practice to qualify answers where possible.

Question 11 (b) (ii)

This question was generally answered effectively with 'accurate' or 'precise' being the most common responses. However many candidates still resorted to generic terms. When speed was offered as a benefit it needed to be compared to another method.

(ii) Give **two** reasons why a laser cutter could be used to produce wooden jigsaw puzzles.

1 so that all the peices git perfectly to gether

2 Lazer cutting would be more acumte



This answer scored 1 mark out of 2 because the same point has been repeated.



Where possible it is good practice to qualify answers using an appropriate comparison.

Question 11 (b) (iii)

Most candidates referred to the burn marks created by the laser and succeeded in expanding upon this point by referring to the effect on the appearance of the puzzle pieces. Others identified the danger of fires and consequential damage to the laser cutter or puzzle. It was less common for responses which offered speed or cost as a disadvantage to achieve both marks

(iii) Describe **one** disadvantage of using a laser cutter when making wooden jigsaw puzzles.

The edges Et the MDF will be stated sanding burned, and may need sanding



This response attracts the full 2 marks because it describes how the laser produces burnt edges and then the candidate goes further to expand upon this by describing the consequence; namely that the edges then require an additional finishing process to clean them.



In order to achieve 2 marks in this type of question you need to make an appropriate point and then you need to expand upon that point.

Question 11 (b) (iv)

If candidates knew about screen printing they tended to accumulate full marks and there were some very detailed and accurate responses. However many candidates seemed to be unable to describe this printing process and went on to describe another so their responses failed to attract any marks.

In Screen printing, a stencil is made using the photoemulsion technique for the regative areas. It is placed over made stretched over a broaden frame. The material (mo) is then placed over under the screen and ink is applied. A squeegie spreads the ink out evenly onto the material and it is left to day, then repeated with other Colours.



This is one example of a very good answer which attracts full marks. The candidate clearly understands the process.

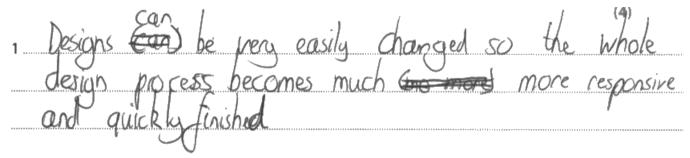


It is important to be able to describe all of the processes identified in the subject specification. You may need to reproduce diagrams and/ or list the stages of a process. Make revision notes for all of these and practise reproducing them as part of your revision.

Question 11 (c)

This question was answered well by most candidates. A good range of answers from the mark scheme were given. Lower scoring responses were often characterised by short, single phrase answers which failed to 'describe' the benefits of using CAD. However the majority of candidates seemed to have a good understanding of the subject.

Candidates often referred to the fact that designs could be sent quickly to other designers/ clients/manufacturers quickly but neglected to identify the specific mode of transfer. Some candidates claimed, incorrectly, that CAD eliminated errors/mistakes or was, in some way, 'easier' than designing by hand.



2 Designs can be quickly and easily sont to others electronically 50 so many people can edit and offer their input on them.



This candidate produces a very succinct response which attracts all 4 marks because each point is expanded effectively.

nuch energy leaving it more effecient than other equipment

2 It is reliable as it gives good accuracy leaving less time consumed.



This response fails to attract any marks because the candidate has resorted to generic terminology and has made reference to benefits excluded in the questions stem.



Read the question carefully so you do not waste time on answers which cannot be credited and avoid general terms such as 'cheap'.

Question 11 (d)

Most candidates referred to the decline in demand for operatives and skilled workers leading to redundancies and sometimes they went on to refer to the negative consequences of unemployment. However it was clear that a number of candidates had failed to recognise the focus of the question and talked in general terms about the disadvantages of CAM.

(d) Many products are now mass produced using CAM technology.

Explain one effect on the workforce of using CAM to manufacture products.

Due to the introduction of CAM that means
that his worker are needed and as a result
his johs. This has an emotional strain on a work succe
and general moral will go down.

(2)



This is a very thorough response to the question which refers to the fall in demand for workers leading to a shrinking workforce and the consequent emotional effects of this. In this case the responses have been credited using 2 separate marking scheme bullet points because the points made are valid and related. This response was awarded full marks.



If you have time you can always expand an answer by adding to it later, when you have finished. Leave time to check that you have answered all questions as fully as possible.

(d) Many products are now mass produced using CAM technology.

Explain one effect on the workforce of using CAM to manufacture products.

CAM is more efficient as it is quicker

and more precise then if done by
a person as well as can work for long
hours non-stop unlike employes.



This response fails to focus upon the effects upon the workforce of using CAM although the employees are mentioned and fails to attract any marks as a result.



It is important to read the question. Underlining/highlighting important words can help to emphasise the focus of the question.

Question 12

Almost every candidate was able to pick up marks here. There was evidence that some centres had been successful in training candidates to adopt a methodological approach within their answers. Many used ticks against the specification points on the previous page to ensure that they had applied each design criterion to each of their design solutions. A few went on to reference the specification by numbering each of their eight annotation points for each idea.

Most candidates attempted both design ideas and many succeeded in producing some creative and well-presented design concepts. However many others struggled to offer a technically different solution for many specification points within their alternative idea.

Whilst marks are not credited for the quality of graphical communication it is important for candidates to be able to show how they have satisfied the requirements of the specification. Annotation should be used to provide supporting evidence. While it was sufficient to identify features such as materials and manufacturing processes with a label, a response labelled as 'easily assembled', for example, could not attract the mark unless accompanied by a net or supplementary sketch showing assembly details. Candidates who scored highly often provided supplementary sketches to describe this and other aspects of their proposals.

'Hold six DVD cases and four Blu-ray cases'

It was important to show an appropriate method of holding here. Most candidates tended to suggest the use of shelves, slots, boxes or trays.

'Display the front cover for both formats clearly'

If the cases were held effectively candidates generally went on to orientate them successfully. The use of shallow trays, slots and clear acrylic holders were common solutions here.

'Allow easy removal and replacement of the cases'

Where removal methods were not self-evident candidates needed to provide additional details such as finger slots or dimensions to justify their idea.

'Be stable'

Most successful responses employed stands and large, flat bases as alternative solutions. However many employed the same technique for both of their ideas.

'Be easy to assemble'

Most responses failed to address this criterion satisfactorily. It was generally necessary for candidates to provide supplementary sketches in support of their proposals.

'Have a wildlife theme'

Almost every candidate successfully addressed this criterion. Images of wildlife habitat were accepted. However it was essential to draw the imagery. Simply applying the word `wildlife' or annotation indicating placement could not be credited.

'Use a commercial method of manufacture'

It was important to refer to appropriate manufacturing methods used in industry, such as die-cutting. Many candidates ignored this point or repeated the same process in both designs. Laser cutting was a common suggestion.

'Be made from materials appropriate to this manufacturing method'

Most candidates managed to suggest a material but some still struggled to be specific, referring to general material groups such as wood or card. Most successful responses offered folding box board, solid white board, corrugated card, acrylic or MDF.

Question 13 (a)

There were many well justified responses given to this question. Most candidates recognised the fact that the material offered a good surface for printing and supported this point with appropriate justification. Lightweight as a property was also a frequent response and justifications generally focused upon customer benefits rather than the effect this would have on transport costs and related environmental benefits. Environmental issues were generally handled well as was the need for the material to be hygienic and inert.

Lower scoring responses tended to be those which either repeated the exclusions in the question stem, or which did not justify their answers fully. Weaker responses sometimes made an attempt to justify the property by repeating information which had already been established e.g. 'recyclable' followed by 'can be recycled'.

(a) Solid white board is easy to cut and fold.

Give **two** other properties of solid white board that make it a suitable material for a burger box.

For each property, justify your answer.

Property 1	lv.	ect_				
Justification		1 not	flavour	1100	or can	tammate
	the	feed	inside	the	box	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		***************************************		
					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Property 2	L	ightwei	ght	***************************************		
Justification	4	easy to	carry	and	transpo	ort the
<u>k</u>	Durger	and -	easy to	Ship	in bulk	z to the
		s sto	-	mass.	produ	ced.



These responses attract full marks and demonstrate a good understanding of the question and an impressive awareness of user requirements and commercial issues. In this case 'light weight' has been accepted because it is a relevant material property which is essential to the effectiveness of the product.



(4)

(a) Solid white board is easy to cut and fold.

Give **two** other properties of solid white board that make it a suitable material for a burger box.

(4)

For each property, justify your answer.

Property 1 | Mect

Justification will not flavour the ox contaminate

the food inside the box

Property 2 lightweight

Justification easy to carry and transport the

burger and easy to ship in bulk to the

burger store when mass produced



This response fails to attract any marks. Solid white board would not be selected for its insulation properties as there are other materials which would be more effective. If the candidate had referenced the fact that solid white board is suitable for varnishing then it may have been possible to credit an answer which described how this would enhance its resistance to liquid penetration.



It is important to read the question carefully so you can avoid referring to excluded terms.

Question 13 (b)

It was recognised by most candidates that the supply of boxes was driven by consumer demand for takeaway burgers. However, in many cases, answers would have benefited with some expansion to justify why mass production is appropriate for a high demand product.

(b) Explain **one** reason why mass production is appropriate for producing burger boxes.

(2)

Used once so they are in high demand and need to be manufactured on a very large scale. Every burger requires a new box so me lats need to be made because lots of people ear burgers.



This response recognises that there is a high demand for burger boxes because a high number of takeaway burgers are consumed and because the boxes are a one use product. In fact if only one of these justifications had been cited this candidate still would have achieved 2 marks.



Use connectives to expand your argument, e.g. 'so that,' 'because'.

(b) Explain one reason why mass production is appropriate for producing burger boxes.

(2)

In large quantities, bowering the box unit with of each box.



This response only manages to attract one mark because the candidate failed to expand upon their initial point. If they had expanded their answer to explain how mass production lowered unit costs through investment in high capacity, automated machinery then the second mark could have been awarded.



The number of marks available for each question should be used as a guide for the number of points you need to make.

Question 13 (c) (i)

The majority of candidates recognised the need for interlocking hooks/tabs/slots to keep the box secure. Most responses were able to explain this effectively, but the descriptions from some candidates did little more than note the existence of the locking mechanism and required more detail in order to explain successfully how the locking mechanism worked. Very few candidates explored the fact that the hinge could be creased and folded into a one piece form which could be opened and closed.

- (c) Explain why the solid white board burger box is successful at meeting the following specification points.
 - (i) Keeps the lid securely closed

There are two 'clips', which, when the lid is pushed down, clip onto the open slots in the lid and therefore prevent it opening back up. This acts as a sort of 'lock mechanism' in keeping the lid securely closed.



This response correctly identifies the two features of the mechanism and the fact that these interlock. 2 marks were awarded as a result.



It is important to expand your answer beyond a simple description of the diagram.

Question 13 (c) (ii)

A variety of responses demonstrated a good understanding of how the packaging could be used to present information to the customer, often referencing the large surface area available or the high quality print surface. Many candidates struggled to expand on this initial point in a way which avoided repeating the wording contained within the question. Many successful answers referenced specific information such as nutritional or allergy advice, or promotional features.

(ii) Gives information to the customer

Solid Whitehaard can be printed outor So any notritional information can be printed onto the printed onto the hox making the information easily accessible to the outemer



This response identifies the suitability of solid white board for printing and goes on to provide a specific example of the information which could be applied to the box and communicated to the customer. As a result 2 marks were awarded.

(ii) Gives information to the customer

the whiteboard can be printed on which in two allows information to be printed on it for the customes

ResultsPlus

Examiner Comments

This response successfully identifies the fact that solid white board is suitable for printing and goes on to explain that this will allow information to be applied to the box. However this answer fails to expand beyond details provided within the question. One way to do this would be to give examples of the type of information which could be applied such as ingredients and nutritional content. 1 mark was awarded.



If you use words and phrases from the question you need to expand upon these.

Question 13 (d)

This question triggered a range of responses. Most candidates successfully addressed the areas of user requirements and environmental issues. Stronger, level 3, examples explored a range of issues and exhibited a sound understanding of the subject. Strong comparisons exhibited good subject knowledge and expanded to explain points effectively. For example moisture penetration issues were discussed and expanded to point out that the structure of the second box could be compromised by moisture from the burger or from external sources, while the EPS container provided better resistance to liquid penetration and exhibited insulating properties to keep the burger hot for longer, so customers were likely to be happier when they came to eat their product. Many weaker, level 1 and 2 responses, often concentrated upon features which they could see such as the closure mechanisms. Typically these responses went on to use generic terminology to describe functional properties which were difficult to justify. If points were expanded it was often only at a superficial level. The EPS container was often described as 'stronger' so 'less likely to break'.

Environmental issues were covered by almost all candidates and stronger responses, for example, went on to point out correctly that EPS is not widely recycled, is incinerated or ends up in landfill, resulting in emissions or non-compostable waste, with resultant effects on habitat and wildlife.

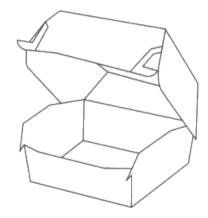
Candidates who submitted grids or lists often failed to provide effective expansion upon initial points. It should be noted that the question asks candidates to 'evaluate' and it was important to provide a comparative analysis. Many candidates tried to cover as many aspects as they could and this prevented them from discussing the issues in any depth. Higher scoring responses tended to focus on fewer areas and explored them in more detail, establishing links between related points. Issues of legibility were sometimes a concern and candidates should be reminded to communicate their ideas clearly and effectively.

*(d) The drawings below show two burger boxes.



Polystyrene box

Box A



Cardboard box

Box B

Evaluate Box A and Box B in terms of user requirements and environmental impact.

(6)



Box A has a glap allowing the box to be kept securely shut to protect good getting contaminated. Polystyrene is rigid and strong, so will hold the burgers weight. It is stronger Polystyrene is insulating so will keep the burger/cood warm for the consumption by the customer It isn't as good a printing surface as Box B, although it can still be printed on, allowing attraction and a professional feet Polystyrene is made from crude oil shit renemable. The box isn't sustainable. Palystyrene is hard to recycle so it isn't recycled after, resulting in landfill and harming wildlife. The box is made for one-off use so should recyclable. Box B has claps allowing the box to be kept securely shut to protect the good from contamination. It is rigid, but not as much as polystyrene, allowing the burger to be held searely. Cardboard is insulating, but less so than polystyrene. It will keep the burger warm soma make short time though. Cardboard is an excellent printing surface, allowing graphics to me the box altractive. Cardboard is recyclable unanit-sustainable as it is made from trees which can be planted. It reduces landfill and is environmentally priendly. It is lightly They are both lightweight so little fuel is needed to transport them



This level 3 response demonstrates a good understanding of the subject. The candidate uses technical vocabulary and provides a real comparative analysis. Points are expanded effectively and conclusions are drawn.



Use spare space on the paper to plan your answer.

Evaluate Box A and Box B in terms of user requirements and environmental impact.

Polystyrene and card board are both impact
resistant and non toxic.

Polystyrene is a plastic so it is water proof.

Card board is not water proof.

Card board can tear easily and absorbs water

causing the material to weaken.

Polystyrene is a thicker material to but
it can crumble away easily.

Cardboard has good Strength to sweight

poly Styrene.

As poly styrene crumbles away there is a greater Chance that it will be thrown away. Card board is stronger so it will be recycled more often Polystyrene also insulates heat keeping the burger Warm. Card board comes from trees which has an impact on the evironment.

Overall polystyrene would be a better material beause it is better for food packaging and it is water proof.



This is a good example of a level 2 response. Valid points are made and the candidate expands upon some of them but fails to push the comparison on to explore issues in more detail.



It is important to avoid writing a long list. You should try to expand upon your points using connective words and phrases.

Question 14 (a) (i)

Most candidates recognised the value of offset lithography for creating good quality prints on a large scale which improved the appearance and marketability of the product; however a number fell back on 'fast' and 'cheap'. These types of responses were improved by reasoned and justified expansions, by relating lithography to another process or by discussing the impact on unit costs. Many others correctly identified the high quality output of lithography but failed to expand upon their initial point.

- (a) Offset lithography is to be used for the colour printing of the DVD paper insert.
 - (i) Explain **one** advantage of using offset lithography for printing.

(2)

It is easy and simple to use



This response failed to attract any marks. Candidates should be discouraged from using unqualified and generic terminology.



It is important to learn the specific advantages and disadvantages of individual processes.

- (a) Offset lithography is to be used for the colour printing of the DVD paper insert.
 - (i) Explain one advantage of using offset lithography for printing.

(2)

Opposed Whography prints to a high quality, so the design will be in beight of full colour, so will be aeothetically pleasing, and more customers will be attracted to buy it.



This response attracted full marks as it identifies the high quality output from lithographic printing process and goes on to explain how this improves the appearance of the product which attracts customers.

Question 14 (a) (ii)

In many cases the quality control measure suggested was focused upon finishing processes, such as trimming, rather than upon print quality. Dimensional checks therefore were not accepted. Judging by the responses this may be a subject area which is not covered by many centres. Although quality control is referenced within the subject specification it is not itemised within the bulleted content list. Any reference to colour quality, the most common response, was accepted

(ii) Name **one** quality control measure that is used in printing DVD paper inserts.

(1)

Registration marks





Use the subject specification to tick off all the areas you have covered so that you do not leave any out.

(ii) Name one quality control measure that is used in printing DVD paper inserts.

(1)

quality of the colour/colour consistency



This was the most common type of response which attracted the mark for this question.

Question 14 (a) (iii)

This question was a relatively good differentiator. A large number of candidates provided well justified arguments for the use of photocopying for smaller scale/prototyping runs. However, a significant number of responses referenced the suitability of photocopying for mass production, suggesting a lack of understanding of the process. Many also misrepresented photocopying as a low quality, black and white process.

(iii) Describe **one** situation where photocopying is a more suitable method for producing DVD paper inserts.

If the DVD is made in a small botten for a limited colinon DVD sale, then photocopying may be more suitable as photocopying is cost effective for batch production.



This response correctly identifies photocopying as being more cost effective for short production runs. It would have been nice to see the candidate make reference to the lack of setup costs leading to lower unit costs as an explanation. Nevertheless the answer was worthy of 2 marks.



It is important to be able to recommend printing processes in the context of different scales of production.

(iii) Describe one situation where photocopying is a more suitable method for producing DVD paper inserts.

A limited edition [special cover for the DVD. Print one copy off and photocopy the amount needed for batch production:



Álthough this response recognises that photocopying is more suitable for smaller production runs it does not go on to expand upon this point effectively and only attracts 1 of the 2 marks available.

Question 14 (b)

This is a question which appeared later in the paper so we would expect it to differentiate between candidates. The majority of candidates responded well to this question with most appearing to understand the difference between aesthetic and functional properties. However some are still reliant on generalised answers (strong, lightweight, cheap) without qualification or justification.

(b) The DVD case is made from polypropylene

Explain **one** aesthetic property and **one** functional property of polypropylene when used for a DVD case.

(4)

Aesthetic property

Polypropylene is townsparent and may have a glossy finish, making it aesthetically appealing to customers and allowing them to see the pa paper insert easily.

Functional property

The polypropyline is a shock absorber so it will protect the CD from damage if the case falls as it absorbs impact.



This response attracted full marks because impact absorbance was accepted as equivalent to impact resistance. Both properties were effectively explained.

(b) The DVD case is made from polypropylene

Explain **one** aesthetic property and **one** functional property of polypropylene when used for a DVD case.

(4)

Aesthetic property

It is cheap and fast to produce. It can be ordered as batch and also be recycled.

Functional property

It can be easily moulded therefore an fit Dun covers shape: It is also durable and reasonably theop.



This candidate supplied a list of properties and struggled to expand upon them effectively. There is no reference to aesthetic properties so only one correct answer could be accepted and a single mark was awarded as a result.



Learn your material properties so that you can avoid generalised terms such as strong and cheap.

Question 14 (c)

There were some very good responses given to this question. Many candidates explained the function of the symbol with reference to issues such as landfill capacity or to resource conservation. However some candidates offered 'protect the environment' as a reason which simply repeated information given in the question. A smaller proportion made reference to the function of the symbol as an identifier allowing products to be sorted more easily at recycling centres.

Some candidates felt that the number 5 represented the amount of times the material could be/had been recycled, or the percentage of the material that could be/had been recycled.

The symbol below is embossed on the DVD case.



(c) Explain how this symbol can help to protect the environment.

this snows that the product that has the symbol shown can be product ecycled.



This response misses the opportunity to expand upon the initial point.

(c) Explain how this symbol can help to protect the environment.

(2)

This informs the user that the product is recyclecible.

The user now has that knowledge and toil is more

Welly to recycle the product which is beneficial for

The aniromnent as the case will not be hurnt or put in a locality.



This candidate makes the same point but goes on to explain a benefit of recycling the case.



Remember that a 2 mark questions like this means that you have to describe or explain your initial point.

Question 14 (d)

There were many articulate examples and well-justified responses to this question. Most candidates made reference to the danger of being sold pirated or poor quality products or of losing money to fraudulent websites. Others referenced the problems associated with postal delivery such as damaged merchandise or delays in receiving the product. However there were also a significant number of responses which simply offered one or two disadvantages without expansion.



This is a rather brief response but it communicates a justified point and attracts 2 marks.



Use the space provided as a guide to the length of your answer.

(2)

(d) Explain **one** disadvantage to the consumer of purchasing DVDs using the internet.

Internet shapping requires a person to insert personal and banking details which can lead to invasion of privacy or backing. This is better avoided by visiting the store



This is a mature response which demonstrates a good understanding of privacy/security issues related to purchasing goods over the internet.

Question 14 (e)

Responses to this question generally exhibited very good levels of knowledge and understanding. Candidates were very familiar with the issues involved with the provision of wind power. This is a topic which is covered in more than one subject area which may help to account for the quality of the responses. Almost all candidates were able to address a range of relevant issues and responses were differentiated by their detail and by the quality of argument. Weaker responses tended to offer lists of advantages and disadvantages with little or no expansion. Candidates who submitted grids or bullet lists sometimes failed to satisfy the criteria for a level 1 response. This type of question demands a reasoned and expansive argument. A few candidates failed to grasp the concept of wind farms and their responses focused upon individually owned wind turbines. There was little understanding of how wind power is financed and the relationship of energy derived from wind power to the national grid.

Stronger responses were characterised by a good grasp of the arguments and the ability of candidates to expand upon them, exploring related issues in depth. Most candidates addressed issues related to the environmentally friendly nature of renewable energy derived from wind farms and went on to explain how investment in these reduced reliance upon fossil fuels. Stronger responses went on to explain how this helped to conserve non-renewable resources and helped to reduce emissions which in turn helped to slow down the greenhouse effect and consequent climate change. A few candidates went on to explain how this helped the UK government to come closer to meeting its targets established by international agreements such as the Kyoto Protocol.

It was important to address both advantages and disadvantages and almost all candidates went on to do so. Again weaker responses tended to go from one point to the next. If there was an expansion of the argument it was often superficial; candidates might cite the effect on wildlife describing how birds might get caught in the blades. Stronger answers went further, exploring issues related to the amount of space required, the resultant loss of habitat and its effect on bio-diversity in the area in comparison to other sources of power. Many then pointed out that this problem could be avoided by siting wind farms offshore although this was expensive and could be a danger to shipping.

*(e) Large wind farm installations are designed to help meet energy demand in the UK.

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of these installations.

The advantages of these installations are trait firther, Wind energy once up and running contributes no grantous gases into the atmosphere, which means to less eyed on the atto of global warring Secondly, the forms possible employment People are employed to make the tentines and install them, and others mainly forced to the area of the wind form run and maintain them to can decrease unemployment lastly, we need to meet levels of minimum pollution and greenhous gas aminum as we are tops signed out the kyoto protocal and how laws larged

(6)

down by the EU. So having tress installations will help us

meet our goals and set us suffer the juliar, as possil guels

are finite and such as a greate energy mix.

Disadvantage of here large using and an traffic they cause

wired and noise pollution for local people and anuionatalist have

geas one to impase in bear wildly, so cause conflict.

They are also very expensive to build and maintain, their

to try are not a chear option to the taxpayer may suys.

Whind is not always reliable It's not windy 24/7 to trey

can not make energy all the time to meet dop demand.



This is a good example of a level 3 response. This candidate clearly understands the arguments and expresses them articulately. This is a discussion rather than a list and points are expanded effectively. Technical language is used and there are few grammatical errors. Nevertheless, this response would have benefited from more references to other power sources, such as nuclear and solar, as a comparison.

*(e) Large wind farm installations are designed to help meet energy demand in the UK.

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of these installations.

The codyantages are that lofs of power is reduced and wind power is reduced and wind power is renewable therefore it mosts the power demand and will not run out. The disadvantages are the cost resources and energy needed to create and maintan the wind farms also it can ruipeople's reiw of their back garden / Surrounding area. In conclusion it has many adventages and his alknowledges but the advantages are much better the the disadvantages so large wind farm sare a good thing for the UK.



This response explores three areas but there is only limited evidence of expansion. This is characteristic of a level 1 response.



It is important to explain your points. Use connective words and phrases such as 'so that', 'therefore' and 'as a result'.

Paper Summary

Based on their performance on this paper, candidates should:

- Avoid employing generic or colloquial terminology such as 'strong', 'cheap', 'fast', 'easy', and 'professional'. If these terms are used it may help to qualify them.
- Write their responses neatly and legibly. Annotated diagrams/sketches need to be clear and easily understood.
- Include supplementary sketches to explain their ideas.
- Confine their answers to the spaces provided because the papers are scanned and cropped before they are marked which means that work outside these areas could be lost. Additional sheets can be used but it is important to identify and record which questions have required extra space within the booklet and on the additional sheet.
- Avoid repeating information from the question.
- Use the mark totals and answer spaces as a guide to the length of their answers.
- Use the subject specification as a checklist to ensure that they have covered the whole specification.

Grade Boundaries

Grade boundaries for this, and all other papers, can be found on the website on this link: http://www.edexcel.com/iwantto/Pages/grade-boundaries.aspx





