

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS  
GCSE**

**B404/01**

**CLASSICAL GREEK**

**Classical Greek Verse Literature**

**TUESDAY 2 JUNE 2015: Afternoon**

**DURATION: 1 hour  
plus your additional time allowance**

**MODIFIED ENLARGED**

<b>Candidate forename</b>		<b>Candidate surname</b>	
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<b>Centre number</b>						<b>Candidate number</b>				
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**Candidates answer on the Question Paper.**

**OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:**

**None**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:**

**None**

**READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF**

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

**Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.**

**Use black ink.**

**Answer EITHER Section A, which starts on page 4, OR Section B, which starts on page 20.**

**Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.**

**Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.**

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

**The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.**

**The total number of marks for this paper is 50.**

**Any blank pages are indicated.**

**BLANK PAGE**

**Answer EITHER Section A OR Section B.**

**SECTION A: Homer**

**Answer ALL the questions.**

**Passage A1**

“οὐκ ἀγαπᾶς ὃ ἔκηλος ὑπερφιάλοισι μεθ’ ἡμῖν  
δαίνυσαι, οὐδὲ τι δαιτὸς ἀμέρδαι, αὐτὰρ ἀκούεις  
μύθων ἡμετέρων καὶ ῥήσιος; οὐδέ τις ἄλλος  
ἡμετέρων μύθων ξεῖνος καὶ πτωχὸς ἀκούει.  
οἶνός σε τρώει μελιηδῆς, ὅς τε καὶ ἄλλους  
βλάπτει, ὃς ἂν μιν χανδὸν ἔλη μηδ’ αἴσιμα πίνῃ.”

**‘Odyssey XXI’, lines 289–294**

- 1 οὐκ ἀγαπᾶς ὃ ἔκμηλος ὑπερφιάλοισι μεθ' ἡμῖν  
δαίνυσαι, οὐδὲ τι δαιτὸς ἀμέρδαι, αὐτὰρ ἀκούεις  
μύθων ἡμετέρων καὶ ῥήσιος;

**According to the speaker, why should Odysseus  
consider himself fortunate?**

**You should make THREE points.**

1 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

[3]

2

οὐδέ τις ἄλλος  
ἡμετέρων μύθων ξεῖνος καὶ πτωχὸς ἀκούει.

**How is Odysseus described here?**

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[2]

3

οἶνός σε τρώει μελιηδῆς, ὅς τε καὶ ἄλλους  
βλάπτει, ὅς ἂν μιν χανδὸν ἔλη μηδ' αἴσιμα πίνῃ.

**(a) Write down and translate the Greek word that describes the wine.**

Greek word	English translation

[2]

**(b) What warnings does the speaker give about drinking this wine?**

1

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2

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[2]

## Passage A2

“ἔλπεαι, αἶ χ’ ὁ ξεῖνος Ὀδυσσῆος μέγα τόξον  
ἐντανύσῃ χερσίν τε βίηφί τε ἦφι πιθήσας,  
οἴκαδέ μ’ ἄξεσθαι καὶ ἐὼν θήσεσθαι ἄκοιτιν;  
οὐδ’ αὐτός που τοῦτό γ’ ἐνὶ στήθεσσιν ἔολπε·”

**‘Odyssey XXI’, lines 314–317**

### 4 Translate Passage A2 into English.

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[5]

### Passage A3

“Εὐρύμαχ’, οὐ πως ἔστιν εὐκλείας κατὰ δῆμον  
ἔμμεναι οἱ δὴ οἶκον ἀτιμάζοντες ἔδουσιν  
ἀνδρὸς ἀριστῆος· τί δ’ ἐλέγχεα ταῦτα τίθεσθε; **3**  
οὗτος δὲ ξεῖνος μάλα μὲν μέγας ἦδ’ εὐπηγῆς,  
πατρὸς δ’ ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γένος εὐχεται ἔμμεναι υἱός. **5**  
ἀλλ’ ἄγε οἱ δότε τόξον εὐξοον, ὄφρα ἴδωμεν.”

### ‘Odyssey XXI’, lines 331–336

#### 5 Who is Eurymachus?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

- A** a slave of Odysseus
- B** one of the suitors
- C** the swineherd
- D** Telemachus’ brother

[1]

**6 THREE of the following statements about Passage A3 are correct.**

**Put a tick (✓) in each correct box.**

- A Telemachus is speaking to one of the suitors.**
- B The behaviour of the suitors is criticised.**
- C The bow is described as strong.**
- D The stranger claims to be of noble birth.**
- E The stranger is described as well-built.**
- F υἱός (line 5) refers to Telemachus.**

**[3]**

**7 “Why do you reckon this to be a disgrace?”**  
(τί δ’ ἐλέγχεα ταῦτα τίθεσθε; **line 3**).

**Explain the disgrace which the suitors fear.**

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**[3]**

**8 How does the language in Passage A3 help to reinforce what the speaker is saying?**

**You should make TWO points and refer to the Greek in your answer.**

**1**

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**2**

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**[4]**

## Passage A4

“Τηλέμαχος κέλεταιί σε, περίφρων Εὐρύκλεια,  
κληῖσαι μεγάροιο θύρας πυκινῶς ἀραρυίας·”

**‘Odyssey XXI’, lines 381–382**

**9 Who is Eurycleia?**

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[1]

**10 What does Telemachus order Eurycleia to do?**

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[2]

## Passage A5

ἀτὰρ πολύμητις Ὀδυσσεύς,  
αὐτίκ' ἐπεὶ μέγα τόξον ἐβάστασε καὶ ἴδε πάντη,  
ὡς ὅτ' ἀνὴρ φόρμιγγος ἐπιστάμενος καὶ ἀοιδῆς  
ῥηϊδίως ἐτάνυσσε νέῳ περὶ κόλλοπι χορδῆν,  
ἄψαυ ἀμφοτέρωθεν ἐϋστρεφὲς ἔντερον οἴος,  
ὡς ἄρ' ἄτερ σπουδῆς τάνυσεν μέγα τόξον Ὀδυσσεύς.  
δεξιτερῇ δ' ἄρα χειρὶ λαβὼν πειρήσατο νευρῆς·  
ἢ δ' ὑπὸ καλὸν ἄεισε, χελιδόνι εἰκέλη αὐδήν.

### 'Odyssey XXI', lines 404–411

- 11 In Passage A5, how does Homer convey Odysseus' skill at stringing the bow?

In your answer you may wish to consider:

the details of Odysseus' handling of the bow;

the simile of the lyre-player.

You must refer to the GREEK and discuss any stylistic features such as choice, sound and position of words.

Marks are awarded for the quality of written communication in your answer.

[10]





## Passage A6

τόν ῥ' ἐπὶ πήχει ἔλῶν ἔλκεν νευρὴν γλυφίδας τε,  
αὐτόθεν ἐκ δίφροιο καθήμενος, ἦκε δ' οἷστὸν  
ἄντα τιτυσκόμενος, πελέκεων δ' οὐκ ἤμβροτε πάντων  
πρώτης στειλειῆς, διὰ δ' ἄμπερὲς ἦλθε θύραζε  
ἰὸς χαλκοβαρῆς·

**'Odyssey XXI', lines 419–423**

**12 Describe the loading and shooting of the arrow.**

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**[3]**

**13 The arrow is described as**

**Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.**

- |          |                          |                          |
|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>A</b> | <b>bronze-weighted</b>   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>B</b> | <b>feathered</b>         | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>C</b> | <b>swift</b>             | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>D</b> | <b>with wooden shaft</b> | <input type="checkbox"/> |





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**[SECTION A TOTAL: 50]**

**Do NOT answer Section B if you have already answered Section A.**

## **SECTION B: Euripides**

**Answer ALL the questions.**

### **Passage B1**

ταύτης οἱ τὰ πρῶτ' ὠλβισμένοι  
μνηστῆρες ἦλθον Ἑλλάδος νεανίαι.  
δειναὶ δ' ἀπειλαὶ καὶ κατ' ἀλλήλων φόνος  
ξυνίσταθ', ὅστις μὴ λάβοι τὴν παρθένον.  
τὸ πρᾶγμα δ' ἀπόρως εἶχε Τυνδάρεω πατρί,  
δοῦναί τε μὴ δοῦναί τε, τῆς τύχης ὅπως  
ἄψαιτ' ἄριστα. καὶ νιν εἰσῆλθεν τάδε·  
ὄρκους συνάψαι δεξιᾶς τε συμβαλεῖν  
μνηστῆρας ἀλλήλοισι καὶ δι' ἐμπύρων  
σπονδὰς καθεῖναι κάπαράσασθαι τάδε·

**'Iphigenia in Aulis', lines 3–12**

**15 THREE** of the following statements about Passage B1 are correct.

Put a tick (✓) in each correct box.

- A** A marriage is being arranged between Helen and Menelaus.
- B** Helen wishes to marry one of the suitors.
- C** The suitors are desperate to win Helen.
- D** The suitors are the wealthiest young men in Greece.
- E** The suitors kill each other.
- F** Tyndareus is Helen's father.

[3]

**16** τὸ πρᾶγμα δ' ἀπόρως εἶχε Τυνδάρεω πατρί,  
δοῦναί τε μὴ δοῦναί τε,

**What is the problem facing Tyndareus?**

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[2]

**17** ὄρκους συνάψαι δεξιὰς τε συμβαλεῖν  
μνηστῆρας ἀλλήλοισι καὶ δι' ἐμπύρων  
σπονδὰς καθεῖναι κάπαράσασθαι τάδε·

**What are the suitors required to do in order to confirm their support for Tyndareus' plan?**

**You should make THREE points.**

**1** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**2** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**3** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**[3]**

## Passage B2

κλύων δ' ἐγὼ ταῦτ', ὀρθίῳ κηρύγματι  
Ταλθύβιον εἶπον πάντ' ἀφιέναι στρατόν,  
ὥς οὔποτ' ἂν τλᾶς θυγατέρα κτανεῖν ἐμήν.  
οὐ δὴ μ' ἀδελφὸς πάντα προσφέρων λόγον  
ἔπεισε τλῆναι δεινά. κὰν δέλτου πτυχαῖς  
γράψας ἔπεμψα πρὸς δάμαρτα τὴν ἐμήν  
πέμπειν Ἄχιλλεῖ θυγατέρ' ὡς γαμουμένην. . .

### 'Iphigenia in Aulis', lines 45–51

- 18** κλύων δ' ἐγὼ ταῦτ': **What information had Agamemnon heard just before this passage?**

**You should make TWO points.**

**1**

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**2**

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[2]

19 What order does Agamemnon give to Talthymbius?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A to bring Iphigenia to Aulis

B to call the whole army together

C to dismiss the army

D to summon the commanders for a meeting

[1]

20 οὐ δὴ μ' ἀδελφὸς πάντα προσφέρων λόγον  
ἔπεισε τλῆναι δεινά

Write down and translate the Greek word which Agamemnon uses to describe the sacrifice of his daughter.

Greek word	English translation

[2]

21

κάν δέλτου πτυχαῖς  
γράφας ἔπεμψα πρὸς δάμαρτα τὴν ἐμὴν  
πέμπειν Ἰφίταί θυγατέρ' ὡς γαμουμένην. . .

(a) To whom does δάμαρτα refer?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A Achilles

B Clytemnestra

C Helen

D Iphigenia

[1]

(b) What instructions does Agamemnon give in the letter?

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[3]

## Passage B3

... τό τ' ἀξίωμα τάνδρὸς ἐγκαυρούμενος,  
συμπλεῖν τ' Ἀχαιοῖς οὔνεκ' οὐ θέλοι λέγων,  
εἰ μὴ παρ' ἡμῶν εἴσιν ἐς Φθίαν λέχος·

### 'Iphigenia in Aulis', lines 52–54

**22** How did Agamemnon try to persuade his daughter to come to Aulis?

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[3]



## Passage B5

ζηλῶ σὲ μάλλον ἢ ἴμεν τοῦ μηδὲν φρονεῖν.  
χώρει δὲ μελάθρων ἐντός - ὀφθῆναι κόραις  
πικρόν - φίλημα δοῦσα δεξιάν τέ μοι,  
μέλλουσα δαρὸν πατρὸς ἀποικήσειν χρόνον.  
ὦ στέρνα καὶ παρῆδες, ὦ ξανθαὶ κόμαι,  
ὡς ἄχθος ὑμῖν ἐγένεθ' ἢ Φρυγῶν πόλις  
Ἐλένη τε. - παύω τοὺς λόγους· ταχεῖα γὰρ  
νοτὶς διώκει μ' ὀμμάτων ψεύσαντά σου.

### 'Iphigenia in Aulis', lines 188–195

**24 In Passage B5, how does Agamemnon show his feelings for his daughter Iphigenia?**

**In your answer you may wish to consider:**

**his concerns for her fate;**

**the effect her departure has on him.**

**You must refer to the GREEK and discuss any stylistic features such as choice, sound and position of words.**

**Marks are awarded for the quality of written communication in your answer.**

**[10]**





## Passage B6

ἤδὺ γὰρ τὸ φῶς  
βλέπειν· τὰ δ' ὑπὸ γῆς μή μ' ἰδεῖν ἀναγκάσης.  
πρώτη σ' ἐκάλεσα πατέρα καὶ σὺ παῖδ' ἐμέ·  
πρώτη δὲ γόνασι σοῖσι σῶμα δοῦσ' ἐμὸν  
φίλας χάριτας ἔδωκα κἀντεδεξάμην.

### 'Iphigenia in Aulis', lines 287–294

- 25 (a) ἤδὺ γὰρ τὸ φῶς βλέπειν: What does Iphigenia mean when she says this?

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[2]

- (b) τὰ δ' ὑπὸ γῆς: What is Iphigenia referring to with this phrase?

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[1]

**26** πρώτη σ' ἐκάλεσα πατέρα καὶ σὺ παῖδ' ἐμέ·  
πρώτη δὲ γόνασι σοῖσι σῶμα δοῦσ' ἐμὸν  
φίλας χάριτας ἔδωκα κἀντεδεξάμην.

**How does the language of these lines from Passage B6 illustrate the mutual affection between daughter and father?**

**You should make TWO points and refer to the Greek in your answer.**

**1**

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**2**

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**[4]**





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**[SECTION B TOTAL: 50]**












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