



Wednesday 11 June 2014 – Morning

GCSE CLASSICAL GREEK

B402/01 Classical Greek Language 2 (History)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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Centre number						Candidate number				
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
 - Use black ink.
 - Answer **all** the questions.
 - Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
 - Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
 - Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

2

Answer all the questions.

Read the passage and answer the questions.

During a war between Athens and Sparta, the Spartan commander Brasidas has an opportunity to attack the enemy. He is optimistic of success, and makes preparations.

οί δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι καὶ οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι δύο ἔτη ἐμάχοντο· νῦν δὲ ὁ Βρασίδας καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι στρατηγοὶ τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων ἐβούλοντο λαβεῖν τὸν τῶν Αθηναίων λιμένα. οἱ γὰρ Ἀθηναῖοι, διότι μέγα ναυτικὸν εἶχον καὶ ἵσχυρότατοι κατὰ θάλασσαν ἦσαν, οὐκ ἐφύλασσον τὸν λιμένα. σύμμαχοι δέ τινες τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων, τοῦτο εἰδότες, ἔπειθον τὸν Βρασίδαν ὡς τάχιστα προσβαλεῖν.

ὅ οὖν Βρασίδας “έὰν πειρῶμαι,” ἔφη “τὸν λιμένα ὁδίως λήψομαι καὶ πολλὰς ναῦς διαφθερῶ.”

πάντων δὲ παρασκευασθέντων, ἐκέλευσε τοὺς ναύτας πρὸς τὴν θάλασσαν τρέχειν· καὶ ταῦτα νύκτος ἐγένετο, ἵνα οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι λάθρα πλέοιεν.

Name _____

Βρασίδας, Βρασίδου, δ Brasidas

- 1** οἱ δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι καὶ οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι δύο ἔτη ἐμάχοντο·

For how many years had the Athenians and Spartans been fighting?

[1]

- 2** νῦν δὲ ὁ Βρασίδας καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι στρατηγοὶ τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων ἐβούλοντο λαβεῖν τὸν τῶν Ἀθηναίων λιμένα.

What did Brasidas and the other Spartan generals now want to do?

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[2]

- 3 οἱ γὰρ Ἀθηναῖοι, διότι μέγα ναυτικὸν εἶχον καὶ ἵσχυρότατοι κατὰ θάλασσαν ἦσαν, οὐκ ἐφύλασσον τὸν λιμένα.

Explain fully why the Athenians were not guarding the harbour.

.....
.....
.....
.....

[4]

- 4 σύμμαχοι δέ τινὲς τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων, τοῦτο εἰδότες, ἔπειθον τὸν Βρασίδαν ώς τάχιστα προσβαλεῖν.

(a) Who knew that the harbour was unguarded?

.....
.....

[2]

(b) What did they persuade Brasidas to do?

.....
.....

[2]

- 5 ὁ οὖν Βρασίδας “ἐὰν πειρῶμαι,” ἔφη “τὸν λιμένα ῥᾳδίως λήψομαι καὶ πολλὰς ναῦς διαφθερῶ.”

Explain in detail what Brasidas said would happen if he made the attempt.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

[4]

- 6 πάντων δὲ παρασκευασθέντων, ἐκέλευσε τοὺς ναύτας πρὸς τὴν θάλασσαν τρέχειν·

What did Brasidas order his sailors to do when everything was ready?

..... [2]

- 7 καὶ ταῦτα νύκτος ἐγένετο, ἵνα οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι λάθρᾳ πλέοιεν.

(a) When did this action take place?

..... [1]

(b) Why did this action take place at this time?

..... [2]

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PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

turn over for question 8

Read the rest of the story.

The Spartan sailors are forced to change their plan, and sail instead to the island of Salamis, where they inflict some damage on the enemy. The Athenians in the city (four miles inland) and those near the harbour react in different ways, but the next day Athenian troops cause the Spartans to retreat.

οἱ μέντοι τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων ναῦται, πρὸς τὴν θάλασσαν ἀφικόμενοι, οὐκ ἔπλευσαν πρὸς τὰς Ἀθήνας· ἐφοβοῦντο γὰρ τὸν κίνδυνον, καὶ χειμών τις ἐκώλυσεν αὐτούς. ἡναγκάσθησαν δὲ πρὸς νῆσόν τινα πλεῖν, ἥ Σαλαμῖς καλεῖται· τρεῖς ναῦς τῶν πολεμίων ἐκεῖ βίᾳ εἶλον, καὶ ἔβλαψαν τὰ τείχη καὶ τοὺς ἀγρούς.

Ὕστερον δέ, ἔπει οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι φρυκτοὺς ἐν τῇ νήσῳ ὁρῶντες περὶ τούτων ἔμαθον, φόβος δεινότατος ἦν. οἱ μὲν γὰρ ἐν τῇ πόλει ἐνόμιζον τὸν λιμένα ἥδη ὑπὸ τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων ληφθῆναι· οἱ δὲ περὶ τὸν λιμένα οἰκοῦντες ἐνόμιζον τοὺς πολεμίους ἀπὸ τῆς Σαλαμῖνος δι' ὀλίγου πλεύσεσθαι, ὡς εἰσβαλοῦντας εἰς τὴν χώραν. καὶ δὴ οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι ἀν ἐνίκησαν, εἰ μὴ ὁ χειμὼν αὐτοὺς ἐκώλυσεν.

ἡμέρας δὲ γενομένης, οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τὸ ἀληθὲς ἔγνωσαν. φύλακας εὐθὺς πρὸς τὸν λιμένα ἔπεμψαν, καὶ πολλοὶ στρατιῶται πρὸς τὴν Σαλαμῖνα ἔπλεον. οἱ οὖν Λακεδαιμόνιοι καὶ ὁ ἡγεμὼν εἰς τοσοῦτον ἐφοβήθησαν ὥστε πάντες ἀνεχώρησαν.

Names

’Αθῆναι, ’Αθηνῶν, αἵ Σαλαμίς, Σαλαμῖνος, ἥ	Athens Salamis
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Vocabulary

φρυκτός, φρυκτοῦ, ὁ	fire-signal, distress-signal
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8 Translate the rest of the story into good English.

. [40]

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined page. The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.



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