

**Thursday 6 June 2013 – Afternoon**

**GCSE CLASSICAL GREEK**

**B401/01 Classical Greek Language 1 (Mythology and domestic life)**



Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

**OCR supplied materials:**

None

**Duration: 1 hour**

**Other materials required:**

None



Candidate forename					Candidate surname				
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Centre number						Candidate number			
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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** the questions.

Read the passage and answer the questions.

*Cassandra receives a gift from Apollo.*

ἡ Κασσάνδρα, ἡ τοῦ βασιλέως θυγάτηρ, ἐν ὑπερβολῇ φύεται. πολλοί ἀνδρες ἐφίλουν αὐτὴν διότι ἦν καλή.

ὁ θεός ὁ Απόλλων τὴν Κασσάνδραν ποτε ἴδων μάλιστα ἐβούλετο συγγιγνέσθαι αὐτῇ. πρῶτον μὲν ἡ Κασσάνδρα ἥθελεν· ἔπειτα δὲ αὐτὸν ἀπέπεμψεν. τῷ οὖν Απόλλωνι ἐδόκει δῶρόν τι ὑπισχνεῖσθαι ἵνα πείθοι αὐτήν· εἶπεν γὰρ ὅτι Κασσάνδρα οἵα τ' ἔσται τὰ μέλλοντα γιγνώσκειν.

ἡ δέ, ἔπει τὸ δῶρον ἐδέξατο, κακὰ ἐποίησεν· τοῦ γὰρ Απόλλωνος τὰς χειρᾶς ὁρέγοντος ἵνα αὐτὴν λαμβάνοι, Κασσάνδρα εὐθὺς ἐκπτύσασα ὡς τάχιστα ἀπέδραμεν. ὁ δὲ Απόλλων εἰς τοσοῦτον ὠργίσθη ὥστε κατηύξατο αὐτῆς, ἀγγέλλων ὅτι οὐδεὶς πώποτε αὐτῇ πιστεύσει καίπερ τὰ ἀληθῆ λεγούση.

### Names

Κασσάνδρα, Κασσάνδρας, ἡ	Cassandra
Ἰλιον, Ἰλίου, τό	Ilium (Troy)
Απόλλων, Απόλλωνος, ὁ	Apollo

### Vocabulary

ποτε	once, one day	ὁρέγω	I stretch out
ἴδων (aor. participle)	having seen	ἐκπτύω, aor. ἐξέπτυσα	I spit in disgust
συγγίγνομαι + dative	I sleep with	κατεύχομαι, aor. κατηύξαμην,	I curse
ὑπισχνέομαι	I promise	+ genitive	
τὰ μέλλοντα	the future	πώποτε	ever

1 ἡ Κασσάνδρα, ἡ τοῦ βασιλέως θυγάτηρ, ἐν Ιλίῳ φύεται.

What **two** pieces of information do we learn about Cassandra in this sentence?

- .....
- .....

[2]

2 πολλοί ἄνδρες ἐφίλουν αὐτὴν διότι ἦν καλή.

(a) How do we know that Cassandra was popular?

..... [2]

(b) What made her so popular?

..... [1]

3 ὁ θεός Ἀπόλλων τὴν Κασσάνδραν ποτε ἵδων μάλιστα ἐβούλετο συγγιγνέσθαι αὐτῇ. πρῶτον μὲν ἡ Κασσάνδρα ἥθελεν· ἔπειτα δὲ αὐτὸν ἀπέπεμψεν.

(a) How did Apollo react when he first saw Cassandra?

..... [2]

(b) Write down the Greek word that shows how strong Apollo's reaction was.

..... [1]

(c) Explain fully how Cassandra responded.

.....  
..... [3]

4 τῷ οὖν Ἀπόλλωνι ἐδόκει δῶρόν τι ὑπισχνεῖσθαι ἵνα πείθοι αὐτήν· εἰπεν γὰρ ὅτι Κασσάνδρα οἵα τ' ἔσται τὰ μέλλοντα γιγνώσκειν.

(a) Write down and translate the Greek three-word phrase which explains why Apollo promised Cassandra a gift.

Greek phrase	English translation

[3]

(b) Explain what the gift was.

..... [2]

- 5 ή δέ, ἐπεὶ τὸ δῶρον ἐδέξατο, κακὰ ἐποίησεν· τοῦ γὰρ Ἀπόλλωνος τὰς χειρᾶς ὄρέγοντος ἵνα αὐτὴν λαμβάνοι, Κασσάνδρα εὐθὺς ἐκπιτύσασα ὡς τάχιστα ἀπέδραμεν.

What happened after Cassandra received the gift?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A Apollo stretched out his arms to grab her and she pushed him away.

B Apollo stretched out his arms to grab her and then she ran away.

C She stretched out her arms to grab Apollo and then she ran away.

[1]

- 6 ὁ δὲ Ἀπόλλων εἰς τοσοῦτον ὥργισθη ὥστε κατηύξατο αὐτῆς, ἀγγέλλων ὅτι οὐδεὶς πώποτε αὐτῇ πιστεύσει καίπερ τὰ ἀληθῆ λεγούση.

Apollo was angry and cursed Cassandra. What was the curse?

.....  
..... [3]

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**Question 7 begins on page 6**

**PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE**

7 Read the passage below and translate it into good English.

*The story continues. Some time later Cassandra finds that her gift is of no use to her.*

ἡ Κασσάνδρα ἐδάκρυε διότι μέγας ἵππος ξύλινος ἥγετο εἰς τὴν πόλιν.

“οὐ ἵππος ἔστι χαλεπός,” ἔφη. “πολλοί Ἐλληνες ἐνθάδε κρύπτονται.” οὐδεὶς δὲ αὐτῇ ἐπίστευσεν.

ὕστερον δέ, τῆς πόλεως διαφθαρείσης καὶ τῶν ἄνδρων ἀποθανόντων, ἡ Κασσάνδρα ἔφυγεν εἰς τὸ ιερὸν τὸ τῆς Αθήνης. ἐγίγνωσκε γὰρ τοὺς Ἐλληνας μέλλοντας λήψεσθαι πάσας τὰς γυναικας ὡς δούλας.

ἀλλὰ Κασσάνδρα καὶ ἐν τῷ ιερῷ οὐκ ἦν ἀσφαλής: στρατιώτης γάρ τις πρὸς τὴν θύραν ἀφίκετο, ξίφος ἐν τῇ χειρὶ ἔχων.

### Names

Κασσάνδρα, Κασσάνδρας, ἡ 'Αθήνη, 'Αθήνης, ἡ	Cassandra Athene
--	---------------------

### Vocabulary

ξύλινος, ξυλίνη, ξύλινον χαλεπός, χαλεπή, χαλεπόν δούλη, δούλης, ἡ	wooden (here) dangerous (female) slave	ἀσφαλής, ἀσφαλές στρατιώτης, στρατιώτου, ὁ ξίφος, ξίφους, τό	safe soldier sword
--	--	--	--------------------------

[20]

Read this passage, which forms the final part of the story, and answer the questions below.

*Cassandra's story concludes in Greece.*

πρῶτον μὲν ἡ Κασσάνδρα ἦν εὐτυχεστάτη, διότι ὁ Ἀγαμέμνων αὐτὴν ἔσωσεν. ὁ δὲ, νομίζων Κασσάνδραν μέγα ἀθλον εἶναι, ἀπήνεγκεν αὐτὴν ἐν τῇ νηὶ· ἐβούλετο γὰρ αὐτὴν ἔαυτῷ ἔχειν.

ἄστερον δέ, ἐπεὶ πρὸς Ἐλλάδα ἀφίκοντο, δεινὸς κίνδυνος ἐγένετο· ἡ γὰρ Κλυταιμνήστρα, ἡ τοῦ Ἀγαμέμνονος γυνή, οὐ μόνον ἐμίσει τὸν ἄνδρα διότι τὴν θυγατέρα ἀπέκτεινεν ἀλλὰ καὶ ὠργίζετο διὰ τὸ κάλλος τὸ τῆς Κασσάνδρας. τοὺς μὲν δούλους ἐκέλευσε σῖτον καὶ οἶνον παρασκευάζειν, αὐτὴ δὲ βουλὴν κακὴν ἐποίησεν.

τὸν Ἀγαμέμνονα φάγοντα καὶ πίοντα ἡ Κλυταιμνήστρα τέλος ἐπεισεν εἰς τὸν θάλαμον ἐλθεῖν.

“οὐ γὰρ μὰ Ἀπόλλωνα!” ἔφη ἡ Κασσάνδρα βοῆ. “Ξίφος ὄρῳ. Θάνατον δεινότατον ὄρῳ. ἡ γυνὴ ἡμᾶς ἀποκτενεῖ.”

ὁ δὲ Ἀγαμέμνων μῶρος οὐκ ἐπίστευσεν αὐτῆ. δι’ ὀλίγου ἥσαν δύο νεκροὶ ἐν τῷ θαλάμῳ, παιανίζούσης τῆς Κλυταιμνήστρας.

### Names

Κασσάνδρα, Κασσάνδρας, ἡ	Cassandra	Ἐλλάς, Ἐλλάδος, ἡ	Greece
Ἀγαμέμνων, Ἀγαμέμνονος, ὁ	Agamemnon	Κλυταιμνήστρα,	Clytemnestra

Κλυταιμνήστρας, ἡ

### Vocabulary

κάλλος, κάλλους, τό	beauty	ξίφος, ξίφους, τό	sword
θάλαμος, θαλάμου, ὁ	bedroom	ὄρῳ	I see
“οὐ γὰρ μὰ <u>Ἀπόλλωνα!</u> ”	“No, by Apollo!”	παιανίζω	I sing a hymn of victory

- 8 πρῶτον μὲν ἡ Κασσάνδρα ἦν εὐτυχεστάτη, διότι ὁ Ἀγαμέμνων αὐτὴν ἔσωσεν. ὁ δὲ, νομίζων Κασσάνδραν μέγα ἀθλον εἶναι, ἀπήνεγκεν αὐτὴν ἐν τῇ νηὶ· ἐβούλετο γὰρ αὐτὴν ἔαυτῷ ἔχειν.

- (a) Why was Cassandra very lucky at first?

..... [2]

- (b) Why did Agamemnon want to keep her for himself?

..... [2]

- 9 ὕστερον δέ, ἐπεὶ πρὸς Ἐλλάδα ἀφίκοντο, δεινὸς κίνδυνος ἐγένετο· ἡ γὰρ Κλυταιμνήστρα, ἡ τοῦ Ἀγαμέμνονος γυνὴ, οὐ μόνον ἐμίσει τὸν ἄνδρα διότι τὴν θυγατέρα ἀπέκτεινεν ἀλλὰ καὶ ὡργίζετο διὰ τὸ κάλλος τὸ τῆς Κασσάνδρας.

(a) Why was Agamemnon in danger from his wife when he returned to Greece?

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

[3]

(b) Explain Clytemnestra's feelings about Cassandra.

.....

[2]

- 10 τοὺς μὲν δούλους ἐκέλευσε σῖτον καὶ οἶνον παρασκευάζειν, αὐτὴ δὲ βουλὴν κακὴν ἐποίησεν.

What did Clytemnestra do after giving orders to the slaves?

.....

[2]

- 11 τὸν Ἀγαμέμνονα φάγοντα καὶ πίοντα ἡ Κλυταιμνήστρα τέλος ἔπεισεν εἰς τὸν θάλαμον ἐλθεῖν.

When did Clytemnestra persuade Agamemnon to go into the bedroom?

.....

[3]

- 12 “οὐ γὰρ μὰ Ἀπόλλωνα!” ἔφη ἡ Κασσάνδρα βοῆ. “ξίφος ὁρῶ. θάνατον δεινότατον ὁρῶ. ἡ γυνὴ ἡμᾶς ἀποκτενεῖ.” ὁ δὲ Ἀγαμέμνων μῶρος οὐκ ἐπίστευσεν αὐτῇ. δι’ ὀλίγου ἥσαν δύο νεκρὸὶ ἐν τῷ θαλάμῳ, παιανιζούσης τῆς Κλυταιμνήστρας.

Describe the scene in Agamemnon's bedroom at the end of the story.

.....  
.....

[2]

- 13 For each of the Greek words in the table below, give **one** English word which has been derived from the Greek word and give the meaning of the English word.

Write your answers in the boxes. One has been done for you.

Greek word	English word	Meaning of the English word
κάλλος	<i>calligraphy</i>	<i>art of beautiful writing</i>
μέγας		
ἀθλον		

[4]

[Paper Total: 60]

**ADDITIONAL PAGES**

If you use the following lined pages to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), write the question number(s) in the margin.

A vertical column of 20 horizontal dotted lines, intended for students to write additional answers. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

12  
ADDITIONAL PAGES



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