Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Secondary Education Foundation Tier

Classical Civilisation

40201F

Unit 1F Greece and Rome: Stories and Histories



Specimen paper for examinations in June 2010 onwards

You will need no other materials.

Time allowed

• 1 hour

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use pencil or gel pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer questions on one topic only.
 - Topic A Homer, *Odyssey* is printed on pages 2 to 11.
 - Topic B Livy, Stories of Rome is printed on pages 12 to 21.
 - Topic C Athens and Sparta is printed on pages 22 to 31.
 - Topic D History of Roman Britain is printed on pages 32 to 41.
- Answer all guestions on the topic you have chosen.
- Write your answers in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked. Do **not** tear out any part of the book. All work must be handed in.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 46.
- You will be marked on your ability to
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Answer questions on one topic only.

Answer all questions on the topic you have chosen in the spaces provided.

Topic A Homer, Odyssey

Answer all questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Question 1

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

'He [the Cyclops] had hardly spoken before he toppled over and fell face upwards on the floor, where he lay with his great neck twisted to one side, and all-compelling sleep overpowered him. In his drunken stupor he vomited, and a stream of wine mixed with morsels of men's flesh poured from his throat. I went at once and thrust our pole deep under the ashes of the fire to make it hot, and meanwhile gave a word of encouragement to all my men, to make sure that no one would hang back through fear.'

Homer, Odyssey, Book 9, pages 119-120

1	(a)	(i) Name the Cyclops.
1	(a)	(1 mark) (ii) Who was the Cyclops' father?
		(1 mark)
1	(b)	How had Odysseus managed to get the Cyclops so drunk?
		(2 marks)

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1	(c)	What emotions do you feel when you read the passage above? Give reasons for your answer.
		(3 marks)
1	(d)	Explain how Odysseus and his men managed to escape from the Cyclops' cave.
		(3 marks)

Turn over for the next question

Question 2

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

"Heaven keep you from the spot when she does this because not even the Earthshaker could save you from destruction then. No, you must hug Scylla's rock and with all speed drive your ship through, since it is far better to lose six of your company than your whole crew."

Homer, Odyssey Book 12, page 159

2	(a)	(i) Who is speaking in the passage above?	
		(1	 mark)
2	(a)	(ii) Where did this person live?	
		(1	 mark)
2	(b)	State two things you know about Scylla.	
		1	
		2	
		(2)	 marks)

2	(c)	Explain the difficult choice that Odysseus had to make between losing six men or all of his crew.
		(3 marks)
2	(d)	Do you think that Odysseus showed great skill in facing Scylla? Give reasons for your answer.
		(3 marks)

Que	Question 3			
3	(a)	Describe how two female characters Odysseus met helped him.		
		(4 marks)		

3	(b)	Give two examples of descriptive words or phrases Homer uses to describe people, gods or goddesses in the <i>Odyssey</i> and explain why he uses these phrases.
		(4 marks)

Turn over ▶

Que	Question 4				
4	(a)	Describe two occasions when Odysseus looked after his men.			
		(4 marks)			

4	(b)	Explain why the actions of two of the characters in the <i>Odyssey</i> would be classed as crimes today.
		(4 marks)

4	(c)	Do you think that Odysseus is a good example of a hero? Give reasons for your answer.
		(5 marks)

END OF TOPIC A

Topic B Livy, Stories of Rome

Answer all questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Do not answer questions on this topic if you have answered questions on Topic A.

Question 5

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions below.

Horatius then raised his voice: "Father Tiber, I pray to your holy name. May your waters receive kindly this soldier and his armour." So, fully armed, he jumped into the Tiber. Spears flew thick about him, but he swam to the Roman side unharmed. Everyone in the years to come would remember what he had done, incredible though his bravery might sound.

Rome showed her gratitude to the hero.

Chapter 2, page 35

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5	(a)	Why had the Etruscan king (Lars Porsenna) agreed to help Tarquin the Proud?
		(3 marks)

5	(b)	Describe the brave deed that Horatius had just performed.
		(2 marks)
5	(c)	State one reward which Horatius later received.
		(1 mark)
5	(d)	Other than bravery, what quality admired by the Romans does Horatius show in this passage?
		(1 mark)
5	(e)	Apart from Horatius Cocles, do you think the Romans behaved well at the time of the Etruscan invasion? Give examples to support your answer.
		(3 marks)

Question 6

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions below.

Before the siege this man got into the habit of taking the boys out in front of the city walls for their games and exercises. When the campaign began he went on doing so, sometimes just outside, sometimes quite a long way away, depending on the game they were playing or the discussion they were having.

One day they went further than usual. The schoolteacher seized his chance and led them past the Roman guards, into the camp and right up to Camillus in his headquarters.

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Chapter 2, page 50

6	(a)	Name the city being besieged in this passage.
		(1 mark)
6	(b)	Explain how the schoolteacher thought Camillus could use the boys to help him.
		(2 marks)
6	(c)	Suggest one reason why the schoolteacher had acted in this way.
		(1 mark)

6	(d)	What did Camillus order to happen to the schoolteacher?
		(2 marks)
6	(e)	How did this decision eventually help Camillus?
		(1 mark)
6	(f)	In the rest of his career do you think Camillus served Rome well? Give examples to support your answer.
		(3 marks)

Turn over for the next question

Que 7	stion (a)	Describe how Tanaquil helped her husband Tarquin and Servius Tullius to be successful.
•	(α)	Describe now ranagan helped her hasband rangan and services raines to be successful.
		(4 marks)

7	(b)	Why did the Romans admire Lucretia so much? Explain your answer.	
		(4	marks)

Turn over ▶

Do you think the women in early Rome also behaved in a bad way? Give examples support your answer.

Que	Question 8				
8	(a)	In what ways did Romulus help to make Rome great?			
		(4 marks)			

8 (b)	Explain why Tarquin the Old was killed.
	(4 marks)

8	(c)	Do you think Tarquin the Proud deserved to be driven out of Rome? Give reasons for your answer.
		(5 marks)
		(5 marks)

END OF TOPIC B

Topic C Athens and Sparta

Answer all questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Do not answer questions on this topic if you have answered questions on Topic A or Topic B.

Question 9

Read the following passage which describes education in Sparta, and answer the questions below.

They learned reading and writing for basic needs, but all the rest of their education was to make them well-disciplined and steadfast in hardship and victorious in battle.

Plutarch, Lykourgos, xvi

9	(a)	How did the education of Athenian boys differ from that described above?
		(3 marks)

9	(b)	(i)	In what ways was an Athenian boy's education similar to a Spartan one?
9	(D)	(1)	in what ways was an Atheman boy's education similar to a opartan one:
			(2 marks)
9	(b)	(ii)	Why was it similar?
			(2 marks)
			(2 marks)
9	(c)	Whv	did the Sophists play an important part in Athenian, but not in Spartan, education?
	(-)	,	and the property of the proper
			(3 marks)
			(

Turn over ▶

Question 10

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

For indeed one of the fine and enviable things which Lykourgos achieved for his citizens was a great deal of leisure. He forebade them to practise any manual trade at all. There was no need for the troublesome business and efforts of making money, since wealth had become completely without envy and prestige.

Plutarch, Lykourgos xxiv

10	(a)	(i) Who practised 'the manual trades' for the Spartans?
10	(a)	(1 mark) (ii) How did the Spartans treat these people?
		(2 marks)
10	(a)	(iii) Why did they treat them in this way?
		(2 marks)

10	(b)	State two ways in which young Spartan men were trained to be good soldiers.
		1
		2
		(2 marks)
10	(c)	Why was it so important for a Spartan man to become a member of a <i>syssition</i> (army mess)?
		(3 marks)

Que	estion	11
11	(a)	Describe two differences between the life of a Spartan girl and that of an Athenian girl.
		(4 marks)

11	(b)	Explain why a Spartan girl's life differed from that of an Athenian girl.
		(4 marks)

11 (c)	Do you approve of the way married women were treated in ancient Athens? Give reasons for your answer.
	(5 marks)

Que	estion	12 Describe how an Athenian male sould be involved in governing the city.
12	(a)	Describe how an Athenian male could be involved in governing the city.
		(4 marks)

12	(b)	Why was the navy so important to the Athenians? Explain your answer.
		(4 marks)

12	(c)	Would you like to have been a metic in ancient Athens? Give reasons for your answer.
		(5 marks)

END OF TOPIC C

Topic D History of Roman Britain

Answer all questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Do not answer questions on this topic if you have answered questions on Topics A, B or C.

Question 13

Answer the questions below on the early Roman invasions of Britain.

13	(a)	(i) In which year did Julius Caesar invade Britain for the first time?
		(1 mark,
		(Tillain)
13	(a)	(ii) Give two problems faced by the Romans as they tried to land.
13	(a)	(ii) Give two problems faced by the Normans as they thed to land.
		1
		2
		(2 marks,
		(2 marks)
13	(a)	(iii) How successful was this invasion?
		(2 marks,
		(2 mane)

13	(b)	Why was Julius Caesar's second invasion more successful? Give two reasons.
		(2 marks)
13	(c)	How successful was Caligula's invasion attempt?
		(3 marks)

Turn over for the next question

Question 14

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

While Suetonius was thus occupied, he learnt of a sudden rebellion in the province. Prasutagus, king of the Iceni, after a life of long and renowned prosperity, had made the emperor co-heir with his own two daughters.

Tacitus, The Annals of Imperial Rome 14

14	(a)	(i) Who was the Roman governor when the Boudiccan rebellion began?	
		(1 ma	rk)
14	(a)	(ii) What do you admire this governor for and what would you criticise him for? Governor for and what would you criticise him for?	
			•
		//	 !\
		(3 mari	KS)
14	(b)	Why did Prasutagus name the emperor and his daughters as co-heirs in his will?	
			-
			•
		(2 mar	ks)

14	(c)	What happened following Prasutagus' death?
		(2 marks)
14	(d)	Why did the Trinovantes join with the Iceni in the rebellion? Give two reasons.
		1
		2
		(2 marks)

Turn over for the next question

Que	Question 15			
15	(a)	Describe how two British leaders other than Boudicca opposed the Roman inva	sions.	
			(4 marks)	

15	(b)	How successful were the British leaders who opposed the Roman invasions? Explain your answer.
		(4 marks)

15 (c)	To what extent do you admire the actions of Julius Classicianus? Give reasons for your answer.
	(5 marks)

Question 16				
16	(a)	Describe how two British chiefs supported the Claudian invasion.		
		(4 marks)		

16	(b)	Explain why some British chiefs supported the Romans.
		(4 marks)

16	(c)	To what extent did Claudius achieve his aims in Britain? Give reasons for your answer.
	(0)	To mak of the clausius do novo me anne in Emain. The reasone for your anover.
		(5 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

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Topic B Extracts from Livy, Stories of Rome, edited and translated by ROGER NICHOLS, 1982, Cambridge University Press

Topic C Extracts from Plutarch, *Lykourgos*, taken from *These Were The Greeks*, HD AMOS and AGP LANG, 1996, Gerald Duckworth & Co Ltd **Topic D** Extract from Tacitus, *The Annals of Imperial Rome*, taken from *Literary Sources for Roman Britain* (3rd edition), edited by JC MANN and RG PENMAN, London Association of Classical Teachers (1996)

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