Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Secondary Education Higher Tier June 2015

Classical Civilisation

40203H

Unit 3H Greece and Rome: Conflict and Carnage

Wednesday 17 June 2015 1.30 pm to 2.30 pm

H

For this paper you must have:

 an insert containing essay questions for all topics (enclosed).

Time allowed

• 1 hour

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer questions on one topic only.
 - Topic A Herodotus, 'The Persian Wars' is printed on pages 2 to 5 and on page 2 of the insert.
 - Topic B Virgil, 'Aeneid' is printed on pages 6 to 9 and on page 3 of the insert.
 - Topic C The Ancient Olympic Games and the Panathenaia is printed on pages 10 to 13 and on page 4 of the insert.
 - Topic D Pompeii and Herculaneum is printed on pages 14 to 17 and on page 5 of the insert.
- Answer **all** questions on the topic you have chosen.
- Write your answers in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Write your answer to the essay you have chosen on pages 18 to 23.
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work that you
 do not want to be marked. Do **not** tear out any part of the book. All work
 must be handed in.
- Do **not** write on the insert. Do **not** place the insert in this book.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 46.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.



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Examine	r's Initials
Question	Mark
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TOTAL	

Answer questions on one topic only.

Answer **all** questions on the topic you have chosen in the spaces provided.

TOPIC A HERODOTUS, 'THE PERSIAN WARS'

Answer all questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Question 1

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

Mardonius spoke after the King: 'Lord, you are the greatest Persian there has ever been, and ever will be. You have spoken well and what you have said is true. You will not allow the Greeks of Europe to laugh at us – they have no cause to. We are the conquerors and masters of the Sacae, the Indians, the Ethiopians, the Assyrians and many other great nations. They did us no wrong; we simply wanted to add to our empire. It would be a terrible thing if we did not punish the Greeks for injuring us without provocation. What would there be to fear?'

Herodotus, 'The Persian War', p.30-31

1 (a)	Name 'the King' (line 1). [1 mark]
1 (b) (i)	Describe how the Greeks had injured the Persians 'without provocation' (line 7). [2 marks]
1 (b) (ii)	Apart from revenge, state one other reason the King had given for attacking Greece. [1 mark]



1 (c)	After this passage, why does Mardonius say there is no reason to fear the Greeks? [3 marks]
1 (d)	Do you approve of the Persians' attitude towards other nations? In your answer, refer
	to what Mardonius says in the passage. [3 marks]

10



Question :	2
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Read the follow	ng passage	and answer	the c	questions	below.

The fleet the Greeks saw facing them at Artemisium was in a far better state and far larger than they had expected. They were alarmed and began to plan retreat.

·	Herodotus, 'The Persian War', p.67
١	Who was the Greek commander of the fleet at Artemisium? [1 mark]
(A Themistocles Leonidas Eurybiades Pausanias
Å	Answer
١	Why were the Greeks surprised to see such a large Persian fleet at Artemisium? [1 mark]
-	
	They were alarmed and began to plan retreat ' (line 2). Explain why the Greek fleet did
	They were alarmed and began to plan retreat.' (line 2). Explain why the Greek fleet did not leave in the end. [3 marks]
	not leave in the end.
	[3 marks]



2 (d)	Which state provided the most ships for the Greek fleet? [1 mark]
2 (e)	What land battle was happening at the same time as the battle of Artemisium? [1 mark]
2 (f)	How important was the battle of Artemisium in helping the Greeks to defeat the Persians eventually? [3 marks]

Turn to page 2 of the insert Choose either Question 3(a) or Question 3(b) Write your answers on pages 18 to 23 of this answer book

END OF TOPIC A



TOPIC B VIRGIL, 'AENEID'

Answer all questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Do not answer questions on this topic if you have answered questions on Topic A.

Question -	4
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Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

So then he addressed the queen, suddenly appearing to everyone's amazement, and said: 'Here, the man you are looking for, Aeneas of Troy, here I am, saved from the Libyan waves. My lady, no one but you has felt any pity for Troy's terrible anguish! We are the few left alive by the Greeks, exhausted by all our disasters on land and sea; we've nothing – yet you offer a share in your city, your home!'

Virgil, 'Selections from the Aeneid', p.26

4 (a)	Name 'the queen' (line 1). [1 mark]
	A Hecuba B Dido C Juno D Creusa
	Answer
4 (b)	Explain why everyone was so amazed at Aeneas' arrival and at the way he looked. [3 marks]



4 (c)	Describe how Aeneas had been 'saved from the Libyan waves.' (lines 2-3).	[2 marks]
4 (d)	Name the city referred to in line 5.	[1 mark]
4 (e)	Do you approve of the way Aeneas treats 'the queen' (line 1) in the 'Aeneid Give reasons for your answer.	[3 marks]

Turn over for the next question





Question 5

Read 1	the	following	passage	and	answer	the	questions	below.

'But come now, you must step out, finish what you have started and deliver your offering. We must hurry; I can see the walls that were forged in the Cyclopes' furnace, and the arching gateway in front of us, where we were told to place the gift for Proserpina.' Side by side they walked through the shadows, covered the ground between, and came up to the gates. Aeneas was first to the entrance, where he sprinkled himself with fresh water...'

5

	Virgil, 'Selections from the	e Aeneid', p.105
5 (a)	Who is speaking here?	[1 mark]
5 (b) (i)	What was the 'gift' for Proserpina (line 4)?	[1 mark]
5 (b) (ii)	Who was Proserpina?	[1 mark]
5 (c)	Why did Aeneas sprinkle himself 'with fresh water' at this point (line 6)?	[1 mark]



5 (d)	Explain why it was important for Aeneas to enter the Underworld.	[3 marks]
5 (e)	Do you think Aeneas was a good son to his father? Give reasons for you	our answer. [3 marks]
5 (e)	Do you think Aeneas was a good son to his father? Give reasons for you	our answer. [3 marks]
5 (e)	Do you think Aeneas was a good son to his father? Give reasons for you	our answer. [3 marks]
5 (e)	Do you think Aeneas was a good son to his father? Give reasons for you	[3 marks]
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5 (e)		[3 marks]
5 (e)		[3 marks]

Turn to page 3 of the insert Choose either Question 6(a) or Question 6(b) Write your answers on pages 18 to 23 of this answer book

END OF TOPIC B



TOPIC C THE ANCIENT OLYMPIC GAMES AND THE PANATHENAIA

Answer **all** questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Do **not** answer questions on this topic if you have answered questions on Topic A or Topic B.

Question 7

Study the following picture and answer the questions below.



/ (a) (I)	equipment shown in the picture?	e [1 mark]
7 (a) (ii)	What other item of equipment might the athlete carry?	[1 mark]
7 (b)	In the ancient Olympics, how did the start of a sprint race differ from the start of in the modern games?	a sprint

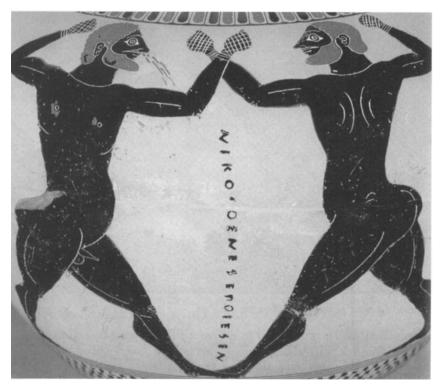


-4	Name the hero who marked out the running track at Olympia.
[1 mar	
Olympic Games?	Would you have enjoyed watching the running events at the ancient
, ,	Give reasons for your answer.
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Question 8

Study the following picture and answer the questions below.



J. Renshaw, 'In Search Of The Greeks', p.72

8 (a) (i)	What fighting event is shown in the picture above?	[1 mark]
8 (a) (ii)	How can you tell this from the picture?	[1 mark]
8 (b)	State two other fighting events.	[2 marks]



8 (c)	Which of the following was not a prize given at the ancient Olympic Games?	[1 mark]
	A Olive wreathB Red ribbonsC Palm branchD Olive oil	
	Answer	
8 (d)	Explain how an athlete's victory at the ancient Olympic Games could help his state.	home [2 marks]
8 (e)	Would you rather have been a victor at the ancient Olympic Games or at the Panathenaia? Give reasons for your answer.	Great [3 marks]

Turn to page 4 of the insert Choose either Question 9(a) or Question 9(b) Write your answers on pages 18 to 23 of this answer book

END OF TOPIC C



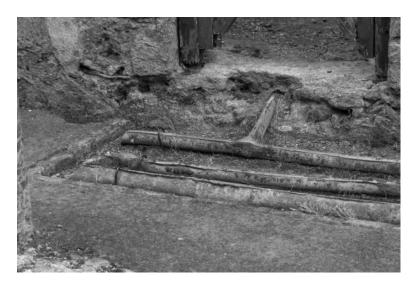
TOPIC D POMPEII AND HERCULANEUM

Answer **all** questions on this topic in the spaces provided.

Do not answer questions on this topic if you have answered questions on Topics A, B or C.

Question 10

Study the following picture and answer the questions below.



10 (a)	What metal was	used to make	the water nine	s in Pompeii?
10 (a)	vviiai iliciai was	useu to make	tile water bibe	3 111 1 01110511:

[1 mark]

- **A** Lead
- **B** Iron
- C Bronze
- **D** Copper

Answer

10 (b)	State one of the sources of water (other than rain) that supplied the town of Pompeii.	
	[1 mar	k]



10 (c)	How was rain water collected and stored in town houses?	[2 marks]
10 (d)	Explain how even the poorest people in Pompeii could always get fresh water in the town.	to drink
		[2 marks]
10 (e) (i)	How many public baths were there in Pompeii?	[1 mark]
10 (e) (ii)	Would you have enjoyed a visit to the Stabian Baths? Refer to specific feature baths to support your view.	
		[3 marks]



10

Question 11

Study the following picture and answer the questions below.



P. Connolly, 'Pompeii', p.71

11 (a)	What was the occupation of the two men shown in the picture? [1 mark]
11 (b)	Describe three items of evidence from Pompeii that tell us what kind of shows happened in the amphitheatre (arena). [3 marks]



Explain how Pompeii's two theatres differed from each other. [3 mar]
answer.
amphitheatre (arena) or theatre? Refer to the archaeological evidence to support you
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END OF TOPIC D

Turn over ▶



10

Choose either Essay A or Essay B from the insert for your chosen topic.					
Answer all three parts of the essay you have chosen.					
Write your essay below and on pages 19 to 23.					
Write the question number at the start of each part of your answer, eg 3(a)(i).					











END OF QUESTIONS



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Topic A Extracts from Herodotus, 'The Persian War', translated by William Shepherd, 1982, Cambridge University Press.

Topic B Extracts from Virgil, 'Selections from the Aeneid', edited and translated by Graham Tingay, 1984, Cambridge University Press.

 $\textbf{Topic C} \quad \text{Question 7: } \\ \textcircled{\ } \\ \text{The Trustees of the British Museum.}$

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Topic D Question 10: © Yair Karelic Photography.

Question 11: Photograph from P Connolly, 'Pompeii', 1994, Oxford University Press.

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