

Candidate forename						Candidate surname				
Centre number						Candidate number				

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

A343

CITIZENSHIP STUDIES

**Rights and Responsibilities –
Extending our Knowledge and Understanding**

MONDAY 23 MAY 2011: Afternoon

DURATION: 1 hour

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the question paper.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

None

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Answer **ALL** the questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **40**.
- The quality of written communication will be taken into account in marking your answer to the question marked with an asterisk (*).

SECTION A

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Spend about 25 MINUTES on this section.

- 1 (a) State ONE example of a legal responsibility held by a head teacher.**

[1]

- (b) State ONE example of a legal responsibility held by parents of school age children.**

[1]

- 2 (a) State ONE example of an indirect tax.**

[1]

- (b) State ONE example of a social security benefit.**

[1]

- 3 (a) State ONE way in which the Government regulates public services.**

[1]

- (b) State ONE way in which the Government safeguards the interests of employees.**

[1]

4 (a) State ONE reason why workers might join a trade union.

_____ [1]

(b) State ONE way in which an employers' association represents its members.

_____ [1]

5 (a) State TWO examples of unsustainable energy sources.

1 _____ [1]

2 _____ [1]

(b) State TWO disadvantages to people in the United Kingdom (UK) of relying on solar or wind energy in the future.

1 _____ [1]

2 _____ [1]

6* What PROBLEMS are likely to arise when a small number of companies own most of the media in the United Kingdom (UK)?

In your answer you must:

- Explain one problem in depth or at least two in outline.
 - Use examples to support your explanation.

[6]

Section A Total [18]

SECTION B

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Spend about 35 MINUTES on this section.

To help you answer the questions in this section, you should use:

- the stimulus documents linked to each question;**
- your own knowledge, understanding and experience of Citizenship Studies.**

7 Study Document 1 below and answer the questions that follow.

DOCUMENT 1. Adapted from the Business in the Community web site.

COMMUNITYMARK AWARDED TO LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB

Liverpool Football Club have been awarded the CommunityMark standard by the Business in the Community organisation. It achieved this as a result of its extensive work in local communities.

HOW THE CLUB MAKES ITS MARK

Liverpool Football Club's community investment programmes include the Truth4Youth programme, Tactics 4 Families, Kickz, Reduc@te, Action for Health and Healthy Stadia. The club also works in partnership with Liverpool City Council and community organisations in extensive regeneration work.

(a) State ONE reason why Liverpool Football Club was given the CommunityMark Award.

[1]

(b) State ONE of Liverpool Football Club's community programmes given in document 1.

[1]

(c) State TWO reasons why companies benefit from involvement in community programmes.

1 _____ [1]

2 _____ [1]

8 Using Document 2 and your own knowledge answer the questions that follow.

DOCUMENT 2. Adapted from the Fairtrade website.

UK FIRST AS CADBURY DAIRY MILK TAKES FAIRTRADE FURTHER INTO MAINSTREAM

Cadbury Dairy Milk launched its new Fairtrade-certified chocolate bars today. The Fairtrade Mark appears on the new packaging, and will bring the logo into millions more homes in the UK for the first time.

The Fairtrade Foundation, says, ‘This is a real milestone for Fairtrade and for cocoa growers in Ghana. Cadbury Dairy Milk will change awareness of Fairtrade here in the UK, whilst in Ghana, it could transform the lives and opportunities for thousands of people in cocoa growing communities. From today, lovers of Cadbury Dairy Milk will be able to make their purchase in the knowledge that they are supporting a brighter future for very small scale cocoa farmers, their families and their villages.’

Cadbury Dairy Milk Fairtrade is part of Cadbury’s commitment to Agenda 21 which helps farmers to invest in their land and their communities. Cadbury is investing £45 million over the next ten years to secure sustainable cocoa farming in Ghana, India, Indonesia and the Caribbean.

- (a) State TWO reasons why Cadbury is producing Fairtrade certified chocolate.**

1 _____ [1]

2 _____ [1]

(b) State ONE example of how Cadbury is supporting Agenda 21.

[1]

(c)* Support the viewpoint that ‘Shoppers in the UK can make the lives of people in Less Economically Developed Countries (LEDCs) better’.

You must do the following in your answer:

- Explain the term Fair Trade.
 - Explain how Fair Trade helps farmers.
 - Use evidence to support your argument.

[6]

9 Study Documents 3 and 4. Answer the questions that follow.

DOCUMENT 3. Extract adapted from the website of Amnesty International, a human rights organisation.

GAMBIA

Six journalists have been convicted for publishing articles critical of the Gambian President. The journalists were sentenced to two years' imprisonment and fined US\$10,000. Amnesty International's Africa Programme Director said:

'These journalists are prisoners of conscience, who are being punished for peacefully expressing their views. They should be released immediately and unconditionally.'

The lack of independence of the courts in cases involving journalists and human rights defenders is increasing in Gambia. There has been a history of media repression in Gambia.

DOCUMENT 4. Extract adapted from the European Court of Human Rights website.

THE EUROPEAN CONVENTION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

ARTICLE 10. FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION

Everyone has the freedom to express their opinion. This right shall include freedom to hold opinions and to receive and give information and ideas without interference by governments.

The exercise of these freedoms, since it carries with it duties and responsibilities, may be limited if necessary in the interests of national security, protection of public safety, for the prevention of disorder or crime, for the protection of health.

Study Document 3 opposite and use your own knowledge.

- (a) State ONE human right that has been taken away from the six journalists.**

[1]

- (b) State ONE reason why Amnesty International's Africa Programme Director believes the journalists are being punished.**

[1]

- (c) State ONE way in which people in the UK can support people abroad whose human rights are being denied.**

[1]

Study Document 4.

(d)* Evaluate the viewpoint that Article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights – the right to freedom of expression – should never be limited.

In your answer you must:

- **Explain arguments against limiting the right to freedom of expression.**
- **Explain arguments for limiting the right to freedom of expression.**
- **Use relevant examples to support your answer.**
- **Explain your own point of view.**

[6]

Section B Total [22]

Paper Total [40]

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