

Candidate forename						Candidate surname				
Centre number						Candidate number				

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

A342

CITIZENSHIP STUDIES

**Identity, Democracy and Justice –
Understanding our Role as Citizens**

**WEDNESDAY 18 MAY 2011: Morning
DURATION: 1 hour**

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the question paper.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

None

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.

- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.**
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.**
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).**
- Answer ALL the questions.**

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.**
- The total number of marks for this paper is 40.**
- The quality of written communication will be taken into account in marking your answer to the question marked with an asterisk (*).**

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SECTION A

Answer ALL questions.

Spend about 30 MINUTES on this section.

FOR QUESTIONS 1–5, PUT A **RING AROUND THE NUMBER OF THE DEFINITION (i, ii, iii, or iv) THAT MATCHES THE TERM.**

1 What is meant by the term SEEKING ASYLUM?

- (i) Asking the United Nations for help because your crops have failed.
- (ii) Claiming income support because you have lost your job through no fault of your own.
- (iii) Applying for a United Kingdom passport to ensure protection when you travel.
- (iv) Asking for the protection of another country because of threats against you in your own country.

[1]

2 What is ‘the court where all criminal cases start’?

- (i) A county court.
- (ii) The High Court.
- (iii) A magistrates court.
- (iv) A Crown court.

[1]

3 What is meant by the term FREE PRESS?

- (i) A pressure group that anyone can join.**
- (ii) Media organisations not controlled by government.**
- (iii) Newspapers that are given away.**
- (iv) Web-based news media.**

[1]

4 What is meant by the term INTERDEPENDENCE?

- (i) A political process where political parties co-operate.**
- (ii) An international agreement between countries.**
- (iii) A system of interest rates.**
- (iv) People, groups and communities supporting each other.**

[1]

5 What is ‘a common code of behaviour’?

- (i) The law.**
- (ii) A treaty.**
- (iii) An employment contract.**
- (iv) Justice.**

[1]

6 State ONE reason why there is cultural diversity in the United Kingdom (UK).

[1]

7 State ONE reason why a government might need to restrict someone's freedom in a democracy.

[1]

8 State ONE responsibility a witness has when appearing in a court of law.

[1]

9 State ONE way in which a political party might try to influence decision-making.

[1]

10 State ONE right held by a citizen within the United Kingdom (UK) justice system.

[1]

11 Explain why pressure groups have an important role in a democracy.

In your answer you should:

- **Describe TWO things that pressure groups do.**
- **Explain why pressure groups are needed in a democracy.**

[4]

Study Document 1 and answer questions 12 and 13 that follow.

DOCUMENT 1

Extract adapted from Total International Migration, United Kingdom (UK), 1991–2007. Source: Office for National Statistics, 2009.

IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED KINGDOM (UK) IN THOUSANDS					
Year	From the European Union	From the Commonwealth	From other countries	British people returning to the UK	Total
2001	57	149	164	110	480
2003	64	167	177	99	507
2005	149	180	137	96	562
2006	167	201	142	81	591
2007	197	174	131	75	577

12 Study each of the sentences below.

Put a ring around the number of the statement (i, ii, iii OR iv) that gives the best description of immigration to the UK according to *Document 1*.

- (i) Immigration rose from 2001 to 2007. Most people came from the Commonwealth.
- (ii) Immigration increased most rapidly from the European Union but there was a fall in the total number of immigrants from 2006 to 2007.
- (iii) Immigration increased most between 2003 and 2005, largely because of British citizens returning to the UK.
- (iv) Immigration has been higher in every year from countries outside the European Union and Commonwealth.

[1]

13 Study each of the sentences below.

Put a ring around the number of the statement (i, ii, iii OR iv) that would give the best advice for someone wanting to find out why people have moved to the United Kingdom (UK).

- (i) Compare the figures in Document 1 with employment statistics.
- (ii) Study changes in the relationship between the UK and other countries.
- (iii) Interview immigrants on arrival.
- (iv) Gather more information by tracking figures back to 1970 to find out more about the trends in immigration rates.

[1]

14 Explain how far economic conditions affect migration.

In your answer you should:

- **State ONE reason, OTHER THAN ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, why people have moved to the United Kingdom (UK).**
- **Explain how far economic conditions and TWO other factors affect migration.**

[4]

[Total: 20 marks]

END OF SECTION A

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SECTION B

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

Spend about 10 MINUTES on this section.

Study Document 2 and answer the question that follows.

DOCUMENT 2

Selina is 15 and wishes to change her surname. She thinks that some legal advice may help her with this but she has no money to pay for the advice. She does not want her foster parents or social worker to find out about her plans.

She asks for your advice about what to do.

15 Study each of the alternatives below.

- (i) Selina can only ask for such advice from her foster parents or social worker.**
- (ii) She should go to the Citizens' Advice Bureau (CAB).**
- (iii) She should just go to the police to get her identity record changed.**

EVALUATE THE CASE.

In your answer you should:

- **State clearly what you think is the best advice for Selina by putting a **ring** around alternatives (i), (ii), OR (iii) above.**
- **Explain why you have chosen this alternative.**
- **Explain Selina's rights OR responsibilities in this case.**

[4]

Study Document 3 and answer the question that follows.

DOCUMENT 3

James is 14. He is with his friends in a car park playing football when two police officers stop them. One of the officers explains that cars have been stolen from the car park. Other cars have been damaged. James says that he knows nothing about the thefts or damage and that he is just playing football.

The police officers say they want to search the young people. James refuses, swears and walks away.

16 Study each of the alternatives below.

- (i) The police have no right to stop people without proper evidence.**
- (ii) The police have no right to search people aged 14.**
- (iii) The police have a right to arrest James.**

EVALUATE THE CASE.

In your answer you should:

- **State clearly the rights of the police in this case by putting a **ring** around alternatives (i), (ii), OR (iii) above.**
- **Explain why you have chosen this alternative.**
- **Explain James's rights OR responsibilities in this case.**

[4]

[Total: 8 marks]

END OF SECTION B

SECTION C

**Answer the question from this section.
Spend about 20 MINUTES on this section.**

17* Evaluate the following viewpoint:



**'There is no doubt that
membership of the European Union (EU)
is a good thing for the people
of the United Kingdom (UK).'**

In your answer, you should:

- **Explain the advantages of EU membership for people in the UK.**
- **Explain the disadvantages of EU membership for people in the UK.**
- **Use evidence or examples to evaluate the viewpoint.**

You may use this space to plan your evaluation.

[12]

[Total: 12 marks]

END OF SECTION C

[Total: 40 marks for the Paper]

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