

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel GCSE in Citizenship Studies Unit 3 (5CSO3)

Paper A: Environmental Change and Sustainable Development

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1	B. To start a clean energy revolution	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
2	B. climate change	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
3	C. political party	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
4	C. Queues at food banks have shortened	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
5	C. £10.6 billion	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
6	B. Nuclear	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
7	A. promote peace	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
8	Accept any of the following for one mark each, up to two marks available.  • Legislation	
	Set targets	
	Change regulations	
	Education programmes	

Invest in public transport

Credit other valid responses.

Set motoring taxes/raise petrol prices

(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9	Accept any of the following for one mark, up to three marks available.  • Petition/e-petition  • Join a pressure group	
	<ul><li>Demonstration/protest/march</li><li>Lobbying</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Write/email/phone your MP/the minister in charge/the prime minister</li> <li>Use social media</li> </ul>	
	Credit other valid responses.	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(a)	Accept any of the following for one mark, up to two marks available.  In times of crisis, e.g. flooding, hurricane, tsunami  To help trade agreements  To help LEDCs reduce carbon emissions  To tackle social issues by raising awareness/improving education, e.g. FGM, domestic violence, HIV/AIDS prevention  To build alliances/allies  To improve a country's ethical standing  Credit other valid responses.	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
10(b)	<ul> <li>Accept any of the following for one mark, up to two marks available.</li> <li>Aid is not always used well by governments</li> <li>Need to look after our own country, especially in a recession</li> <li>Some countries that receive aid do not appear to need it</li> <li>Aid has not made a difference to some countries/some countries become dependent on aid</li> <li>Some aid is 'tied' so countries must make agreements/repayments in return for the aid offered</li> <li>Credit other valid responses.</li> </ul>	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark	
Number			
11	One mark to be awarded for each point identified, up to		
	two marks available:		
	Air pollution		
	Negative impact on health		
	Noise		
	Smell	(2)	
	<ul> <li>Disruption from increased transport</li> </ul>	(2)	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
12	One mark to be awarded for each point identified, up to three marks available:  • Encourages use of local production • Children attend schools • Better standards of education/produces a skilled workforce • People perform better at work • Less days off due to illness/population is healthier • Less spending on healthcare • Improved life expectancy • Lower infant mortality rates  Maximum two marks for examples that are given without a clear link back to nutrition.	
Credit other valid responses.		(3)

Question Number	Indicative content		
13	Possible arguments include:  Wind turbines spoil the view (NIMBY)/noise pollution Tidal power damages marine wildlife Fracking can pollute water Oil spills Nuclear accidents at plant and during transport Nuclear waste disposal Building new power stations increases transport Chimney towers spoil the view  Specific local impacts of fossil fuels/global warming should be credited but		
Level	Mark	eral account of global warming.  Description	
Level 0	0 marks	The answer does not seriously address the question.	
Level 1	1-2 marks	The answer offers just 1 or 2 very simple points without any development.	
Level 2	3-4		
	marks	The answer makes 2 or 3 points but they are fairly superficial with limited explanation.	
Level 3	5-6 marks	Well-developed points supported by simple, but acceptable, examples with clear explanation.	

Question Number	Indicative content		
14	Arguments for international organisations  They will have more resources available to them They may be better educated about the issue They can get other countries to help/donate/send aid  Drawbacks Lack of consensus hinders process (veto)  Arguments for individual countries They will know their country's needs and problems better They can get aid/assistance to the right places more quickly Locals may accept help/advice more quickly from other locals  Drawbacks Limited funds/capacity compared to larger organisations		
Level	Mark	d answers may be credited.  Description	
Level 0	0 marks	No rewardable material	
Level 1	1-2 marks	Basic and/or very brief approach – relying on opinion with basic knowledge and little understanding of the issue.	
Level 2	3-4 marks	An approach that relies on opinion but with limited relevant evidence and some knowledge and understanding of the issue.  Students who give only one point of view (either for or against) are limited to a maximum of 4 marks.	
Level 3	5-6 marks	An approach covering both points of view and which uses some evidence to develop limited arguments and demonstrates quite good knowledge and understanding.	
Level 4	7-8 marks	A balanced approach covering both points of view and which uses clear evidence to support arguments and demonstrates good knowledge and understanding.	

Question Number	Indicative content		
15 QWC	ecc • Go m Ch • Co ag • Of		
	re So ecc Go pc gl	here have been international agreements on global warming and lated issues, e.g. Kyoto ome policies that tackle global warming are adopted because of other conomic benefits, e.g. investing in renewable energy creates new jobs overnments are supposed to consider the long-term effects of their olicies ome policies are adopted to protect countries from the effects of obal warming, e.g. flood barriers	
Level	Mark	Description	
1	1-3	Opinion with little or no reasoning, showing simple knowledge and little understanding of issues and/or events.  There are some errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar but the basic meaning is clear.	
2	4-6	Opinion with limited reasoning, supported by limited relevant evidence and/or examples showing basic knowledge and understanding of issues and/or events.  Students who include ONLY points for, or ONLY points against are restricted to a maximum of 6 marks.  Spelling, punctuation and grammar are reasonably accurate and meaning is clear.	
3	7-9	Points FOR and AGAINST are included in a simple but reasonably effective discussion that shows some knowledge and understanding of some issues and/or events.  Spelling, punctuation and grammar are mostly accurate and appropriate language is used to convey meaning.	
4	10-12	Points FOR and AGAINST are included in a mainly balanced and reasoned discussion that shows quite good knowledge and understanding of issues and/or events, based on evidence/argument and leading towards a conclusion.  Spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate & appropriate language is used together with some use of specialist terms	
5	13-15	Points FOR and AGAINST included in a balanced, reasoned and coherent discussion that shows good knowledge and understanding of issues and/or events, supported by strong evidence and arguments leading to a reasoned conclusion.  Fluent and consistently strong use of vocabulary and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar with use of specialist terms.	