

Moderators' Report/ Principal Moderator Feedback

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel GCSE in Chinese (5CN02/2A) Paper 2A: Speaking in Chinese

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Summer 2016
Publications Code 5CN02_2A_1606_ER
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2016

GCSE Chinese (2016) Unit 2A Speaking in Chinese Principal Moderator's Report

The controlled assessment for speaking allows students to select their own topics of interest from either the four themes prescribed by Pearson Edexcel, or topics chosen by their centres. Each candidate has to undertake at least two of the three task types, and one of the assessments (task 2A) is sent for moderation. The details and procedures are listed in the specification and Administrative Guidance document both of which are available to download from the Pearson Edexcel website.

Candidates had prepared well for the speaking assessments this year. Most candidates who chose the picture-based discussion task type brought their own pictures, for example about their holidays. Those candidates found it easier to describe their own past experiences. Many of them could perform naturally, take the initiative and develop elaborate answers.

Despite the presentation & follow up discussion and the picture-based discussion still being the two most popular task types, the number of candidates who opted for the open interaction increased this year. It was also found that the teacher examiners played an important part in the candidates' overall performance. Many teacher examiners conducted the assessments in an encouraging and professional manner which helped candidates to extend their full language abilities. In order to avoid their candidates' performances being disadvantaged, some teacher examiners were advised to get familiar with the assessment procedures and requirements.

Whilst a moderator's E9 feedback report is completed for each individual centre, the following is a summary of important points for sharing good practice:

Documents

The task and stimulus sheet

- The task set is designed to help candidates focus on their topic area. The best ones are those with a topic and a few (4–6) bullet points for guidance to help develop the task. Too many bullet points or guidance notes often hinder the candidates to develop their own views and opinions as well as the 'spontaneity' and 'ability to deal with unpredictable elements', which are vital in achieving high marks for content.
- The same applies to the situation of using the same task and stimulus for the whole cohort in the centre. It is advisable to change some bullet points for individual candidates even when the same topic is used.
- There are Pearson Edexcel set tasks and stimuli for the open-interaction task type and centres can either adapt them or create their own. Centres are reminded that the stimulus should not include any scripted dialogues and the total number of words should not exceed 70, but some visual prompts can be included. There is no word limit for the task sheet, but it is advisable to be

concise.

- There are no sample task sheets for the Presentation and Picture based discussion task types. Centres can create their own tasks here.
- All tasks and stimuli should be revised every two years.

The CA2 form

- Prepared by the candidates for each speaking assessment.
- A limit of 30 English words (or pin-yin) or 50 Chinese characters or 20 English words + 30 Chinese characters.
- No scripted sentences.
- Can include 5 small drawings.

The CM2 form

- Fill in the details of the candidate, topics, task-types and marks for both 2A & 2B tasks.
- Ensure it is signed and dated by both the teacher & student.

The OPTEMS

- Send the top copies with recorded marks to Pearson Edexcel. There are 2 sets of OPTEMs: one for task 2A and one for task 2B. Put the marks for each (out of 30) on the correct OPTEMs and submit them.
- Send the second copies of the 2A OPTEMs together with the moderation sample to the moderator.
- Keep the bottom (pink) copy for your records.

Checklist of materials to send to the moderator:

For each candidate in the sample:

Task/stimulus:

Form CA2 (Student Notes Form) or section on CM2 completed if not used; Student Mark Sheet for Unit 2: Speaking (CM2) - signed by both candidate and centre-assessor;

Any student unable to provide an authentication statement will receive zero credit for the component;

Only the recording of task 2A should be sent - please do not send any 2B recordings.

From your centre:

The OPTEMs middle copy (yellow) or printout of marks submitted on Edexcel Online for 2A ONLY;

The work of the highest scoring student and lowest scoring student, if not already included in the sample. For any asterisked students which are absent or scored zero, replacement students must be supplied to meet the required number of students;

A mixture of task types - (Open Interactions / Presentations / Picture Based Discussions).

The task-types:

Presentation and follow-on discussion

1 – 3 minutes presentation by the candidate, followed by a discussion with the teacher examiner based on the contents presented and the chosen topic area. Marks are awarded globally according to the performance in both the presentation and discussion. The teacher examiner should intervene after 3 minutes and start the discussion. A presentation over 3 minutes (or a monologue), would not help students score higher marks as it diminishes the interaction time. Presentations that are less than 1 minute or no presentation at all, would lead to content marks being limited.

Picture-based discussion

Candidates can spend up to 1 minute to introduce their chosen picture. Some candidates mixed this with their presentation and spent 3 minutes or more on describing the pictures which did not help them to score marks for content. The teacher examiner should intervene after the candidate's 1 minute picture description and start the discussion which would then last at least for 3 minutes.

Open interaction

This task type is "an unscripted role-play" rather than a general conversation. Centres need to create a scenario and set a task against the context. The candidate and teacher examiner will play two different roles. Therefore, the interaction has to be transactional, achieving the tasks set. Centres can prepare the task and stimulus sheets. The candidates should be allowed up to two weeks' time for preparation. Some centres had made full use of this facility and produced interesting dialogues in the interaction. It was found that properly conducted open interactions benefited both the more able and weaker candidates, as the former could extend their knowledge and language abilities in the dialogues, and the latter could also produce some transactional dialogues with the help of the stimulus. Many candidates forgot to ask questions (at least two) during the dialogues as required by the specification. Teacher examiners could have reminded them of this in order to avoid the content marks being limited.

Some candidates provided very short answers. It was advised that, in order to facilitate meaningful conversation of 4 to 6 minutes, the teacher examiners should prepare sufficient questions at hand to keep the conversation going.

Teacher Examiners should not induce any pressure to rush or request to ask a certain number of questions; they are strongly advised to listen with patience and give the candidates sufficient time to react and respond.

Teacher Examiners should ask one question at a time, not two. It would be difficult for candidates to remember more than one question and, in the meanwhile, think of the appropriate answer for each question. Teacher Examiners are advised to keep the questions clear and simple. It is unfair to candidates if they need to spend time listening to very long and complicated

questions, or even elaborations to questions. It may cause confusion and also limit the candidates' time and opportunities to perform well and score credits.

Conducting the assessment

Timing

The total time for each speaking assessment is 4–6 minutes. Teacher-examiners should note and follow the instructions to avoid marks being deducted (as listed below).

Questioning

Questions asked should be based on the candidate's previous response and should not be a series of pre-set questions. To maximize the candidate's scores in the assessment, it is useful to note the following:

- ask open-ended questions to elicit knowledge, information, ideas and opinions;
- re-frame questions in a simpler way if students fail to understand what is being asked;
- do not prompt answers unless it is necessary;
- do not finish or summarize answers for the student;
- do not use the same set of questions for the whole cohort.

Recording

- Check that both the teacher examiner and the candidate's voices can be clearly heard without any background noise. Check that the recording is on MP3, a CD or memory stick;
- Double-check if the CD/ memory stick is clearly audible before sending it to the moderator;
- Always keep a copy of the recording.

Marking the assessments

While some centres' marking was in line with the national standard, some needed to be adjusted. This year some of the centres whose marks that required adjustment had over-marked the assessments, while a few of them were under-marked. Some teacher examiners based their marks on information given and level of language used by a student in the presentation alone, without acknowledging that this was not sustained in the discussion. However, centres should note that marks are awarded globally across the whole performance, and the points listed in the assessment criteria should be matched before awarding a certain band. The following is an analysis of the marking.

Content and response

The assessment criteria is applied globally on a best-fit basis and it is necessary to demonstrate an ability to interact well with the teacher examiner and respond spontaneously to unpredictable questions in order to attain marks in the higher bands.

Moderators take also into account the length of time spends in open interaction or free flow discussion. For example, candidates spent 3 minutes for

presentation but only 1 minute in the discussion, the content and response would then be limited. Teacher examiners should allow sufficient time for candidates to perform. Competent candidates usually can sustain their performance and interaction throughout the required four to six minutes.

Centres are reminded that pre-learned mini-monologues or 'conversations' that consist of a question and answer session but lack interaction, or an ability to expand or take the initiative, cannot be rewarded with top marks.

Some candidates gave extended, informative answers but did not show any spontaneity or ability to respond to unpredictable questions, they should not be awarded in the 16–18 band.

Moderators are looking for candidates to produce their own language throughout the task or manipulate the language used by the teacher examiner to make it their own.

Candidates who answered a lot of questions but tended to give a one-sentence answer, i.e. they did not take the initiative and develop elaborate answers, should not be awarded in the 12–15 band.

Range of language

There must be evidence of a wide range of structures and vocabulary used throughout the assessment, as well as different tenses included before awarding a mark of 5 or above.

Accuracy

It is important to note that the mere lack of error does not mean the candidate will score highly. The candidate must attempt to use more complex structures to reach 5 and there generally be good pronunciation and intonation. Centres are reminded to read the marking principles carefully which are in the Administrative Support Guide (Instructions for the Conduct of the Examination and Controlled Assessments), available on the website, in order to help them use the assessment criteria accurately when the candidate has not fulfilled the requirements of the task.

GCSE Modern Foreign Languages – Main Taught Unit 2: Speaking

Tests should last between 4 and 6 minutes. Tests which are too short: < less than 3'30" - so 3'29" is too short:

- Automatic deduction of 2 marks on the Content and Response grid.
- There is no adjustment applied to either Range or Accuracy.

Test which are too long: > more than 6 minutes:

• Once the 6 minutes have passed, stop listening and assessing at the end of the next sentence.

Test which are a monologue and have no interaction:

- Candidates cannot score more than 7 marks for Content and Response.
- This does not affect the marks for either Range or Accuracy.

Open interaction tasks only:

- If a candidate asks only one question in a task that requires 2 or more deduct 1 mark from the Content and Response.
- If a candidate asks no questions in a task where questions are required deduct 2 marks from the Content and Response.
- The other two assessment criteria will not be affected.

Presentation and Discussion

- The presentation must last between 1 3 mins (max) then followed by at least 3 mins discussion.
- If the presentation is shorter than 1 min, 2 marks will be deducted for Content and Response.
- Where no presentation takes place, candidates can only score a maximum of 11 for content and response.

Although interaction is important in all three task types, there is no requirement for candidates to ask questions in the Presentation and discussion or in the Picture-based discussion task options.

Grade Boundaries

Grade boundaries for this, and all other papers, can be found on the website on this link:

http://www.edexcel.com/iwantto/Pages/grade-boundaries.aspx