

# GCSE

## **Chemistry A**

General Certificate of Secondary Education A321/02 Unit 1: Modules C1, C2, C3 (Higher Tier)

### Mark Scheme for June 2010

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by Examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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#### **Guidance for Examiners**

Additional Guidance within any mark scheme takes precedence over the following guidance.

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise.
- 3. Accept any clear, unambiguous response which is correct, e.g. mis-spellings if phonetically correct (but check additional guidance).
- 4. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed mark scheme:

- E.g. mark scheme shows 'work done in lifting / (change in) gravitational potential energy' (1) work done = 0 marks work done lifting = 1 mark change in potential energy = 0 marks gravitational potential energy = 1 mark
- 5. Annotations:

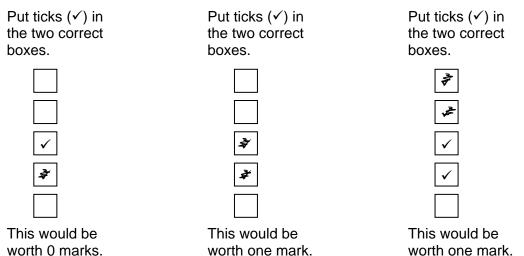
The following annotations are available on SCORIS.

- $\checkmark$  = correct response
- x = incorrect response
- bod = benefit of the doubt
- nbod = benefit of the doubt **<u>not</u>** given
- ECF = error carried forward
- ^ = information omitted
- I = ignore
- R = reject
- 6. If a candidate alters his/her response, examiners should accept the alteration.
- 7. Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.

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#### E.g.

For a one mark question, where ticks in boxes 3 and 4 are required for the mark:



8. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, e.g. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.

9. Marking method for tick boxes:

Always check the additional guidance.

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes.

If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, e.g. shading or crosses.

Credit should be given for each box correctly ticked. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.

E.g. If a question requires candidates to identify a city in England, then in the boxes

Edinburgh	
Manchester	
Paris	
Southampton	

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third <u>should be blank</u> (or have indication of choice crossed out).

Edinburgh			✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
Manchester	~	×	~	~	~				✓	
Paris				~	~		~	~	✓	
Southampton	~	×		~		~	~		✓	
Score:	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	NR

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	а		There was a decrease	[2]	
			More cars and power stations $\checkmark$ (1)		
			There was an increase		
			More cars were fitted		
			More power stations were fitted $\checkmark$ (1)		
			More people changed		
	b		as fuel burns it forms sulfur dioxide (1) sulfur dioxide reacts with oxygen (1) and water (in the air) (1)	[3]	do <b>not</b> allow answers based on formation of carbon dioxide or nitrogen oxides do <b>not</b> allow sulfur is released into air and then reacts with oxygen forming sulfur dioxide for the first mark do <b>not</b> allow sulfur dioxide reacting with/dissolving in rain <b>allow</b> water vapour or moisture for water
	С		B and D not included in answer (1)	[3]	allow one mark for FBCE
			A F G C E (2)		<b>allow</b> one mark for three consecutive letters in correct order ie FGC or GCE even if other letter is B or D
			Total	[8]	

Qu	Question		Expected Answers				Additional Guidance
2	а	i	any two from: it enables an average/mean to be calculated; it allows outliers to be identified (and discarded); it allows for differences in samples / it allows for errors in equipment / it allows for errors in technique / one measurement may be in error;		[2]	do <b>not</b> allow it increases the reliability/accuracy of the results <b>allow</b> it increases the reliability/accuracy of the best estimate	
		ii	0.168 (2)				2 marks for correct answer allow 1 mark for 0.174
	b				□ (1) □ (1) ✓ (1)	[2]	
				Total		[6]	

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3 a	the only factor that is varied must be the one being investigated / only polymer type must be varied / so that the different polymer types can be compared (1) other factors than the one being investigated can affect the results / to make sure no other factors affect the outcome / using different equipment might produce different results / the results would vary with sample size (1)	[2]	<b>ignore</b> references to fair test or fair testing or bias <b>ignore</b> reference to making errors <b>ignore</b> references to getting different results each time unless qualified <b>ignore</b> references to accuracy or reliability
b i	between the atoms       Image: Constraint of the state of the	[2]	
	increasing chain length (1) increasing crystallinity (1)	[2]	each answer must refer to an increase to get the mark <b>allow</b> increase density as an alternative to crystallinity <b>allow</b> add cross-links / increase cross-linking do <b>not</b> allow cross links without idea of adding or increasing <b>allow</b> decrease branching do <b>not</b> allow make polymer branched / increase branching do <b>not</b> allow removal of plasticizer do <b>not</b> allow vulcanisation
	Total	[6]	

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Qu	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	а	i		[2]	three correct answers = 2 marks
			renewable		two correct answers = 1 mark
			more attractive appearance		
			more expensive		
			will rot		
			uses more energy		
			used for longer		
		ii	Plastics have to be imported $\checkmark$ (1)	[2]	
			It is easier		
			Leather is more durable		
			Leather can be made locally $\checkmark$ (1)		
			Plastic shoes are not suitable		

Qu	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4			last a lot longer       ✓       (1)         Manufacturing energy.       ✓       (1)         different small molecule       ✓       (1)         uses chemicals       ✓       (1)         will rot       ✓       (1)         Making        □	[3]	
			Total	[7]	

Qu	esti	ion	Expec	ted Answe	rs		Marks	Additional Guidance
5	a	i	statement diet and exercise young people its own insulin	type 1 diabetes ✓	type 2 diabetes ✓ ✓		[2]	three ticks in boxes as shown all three correct = 2 marks two correct = 1 mark
		ii	Only a few food high blood su Avoiding Both types of di serious symp liver stores th	ugar level. abetes otoms.		(1) (1)	[2]	
	b		Jaso Rosi Stev Emn	ie	(1) (1)		[2]	
				Total			[6]	

Qı	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	а		amino acids (1)	[2]	do <b>not</b> allow monomers
			proteins/polypeptides (1)		allow singulars instead of plurals
	b		Lightning (1)	[2]	
			Plants absorb nitrogen gas		
			Ammonia is made		
			Nitrogen oxides dissolve 🗹 (1)		
			Ammonia is used		
			Plants use nitrogen gas		
	С		plant legumes/beans/peas/clover / crop rotation (1) because nodules/bacteria in their roots fix	[2]	do <b>not</b> allow idea of adding compost/dead plants/dead animals/sewage to soil
			nitrogen / because one crop puts back the nitrogen		do <b>not</b> allow small scale ideas that apply to gardening but not
			taken out by others (1)		farming
	d		synthetic fertiliser is too expensive for farmers in	[3]	ignore references to organic farming and its supposed
			developing countries to buy / manure is free for		advantages
			farmers in developing countries (1)		
			developing countries do not have the technology to make fertiliser / developing countries have to		
			import synthetic fertiliser / manure is readily		
	available in developing countries (1)				
	there is not enough manure in the UK to provide all				
		of the fertiliser that farmers need / synthetic			
			fertilisers are used in UK to produce high yields (1)		
			Total	[9]	

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