

# **Chemistry A**

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit **A323/02**: Ideas in Context plus C7 (Higher Tier)

## **Mark Scheme for June 2011**

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## MARK SCHEME:

| Question     |   | Answer   | Mark        | Guidance   |
|--------------|---|--|-------------|--|
| 1            | a | idea that much more lithium is required to make car batteries than smaller batteries (1)<br>idea that there are likely to be more electrically powered cars in the future (1)  | 2           | ignore reference to laptops/mobile phones unless qualified<br><br>Allow idea that more environmentally friendly cars will be used in the future for second mark  |
|              | b | lithium compounds are toxic (1)<br>so could cause pollution as mined/extracted/disposed of (in landfill) (1)<br>OR<br>electricity used to recharge the batteries/extract the lithium must be generated (1)<br>electricity generation causes pollution (1)<br>OR<br>lithium has to be mined/dug out of ground (1)<br>this causes environmental damage (1) | 2           | In each pair the second mark cannot be given without the first mark<br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br>Allow description of environmental damage   |
|              | c | i  | 2           | ignore fossil fuels used to power mining machinery, transport etc<br><br>Ignore references to pollution unqualified as carbon dioxide  |
|              |   | ii   | 2           | Ignore 'green' methods / environmentally friendly / sustainable<br>Ignore improvements to car or battery design<br><b>Accept</b> any valid renewable/zero emission source                              |
|              | d | i  | 1           | ignore reference to lithium chloride bond strength<br>allow lithium is higher in reactivity series than carbon / iron / lithium cannot be / is too reactive to be displaced by carbon                  |
|              |   | ii   | 2           | <b>allow</b> multiples as long as equation balances<br>allow $2Cl^- - 2e^- \rightarrow Cl_2$<br>allow <b>both</b> equations $Cl^- \rightarrow Cl + e^-$ and $Cl + Cl \rightarrow Cl_2$ for second mark |
|              |   | iii  | 2           | give one mark for RFM LiCl as 42.5<br><b>allow</b> 303.6 / 303.57 but do not allow any more sig figs<br>give both marks for correct answer without working   |
| <b>Total</b> |   |  | <b>[13]</b> |  |

| Question     |   | Answer   | Mark       | Guidance  |
|--------------|---|--|------------|---|
| 2            | a | $C_2H_6$ <pre>       H   H                 H-C---C-H                   H   H           </pre> <p><u>propane</u></p> <pre>       H   H   H                     H-C---C---C-H                       H   H   H           </pre>           | 4          | One mark for each of the four correct responses.<br><br>Spelling of propane must be correct for this mark.<br><br>For molecular formula must be clear difference between upper case of C and H and smaller 2 and 6<br><br>All bond lines must be shown in structural formulae |
|              | b | $C_3H_8 + 5 O_2 \rightarrow 3 CO_2 + 4 H_2O$ (1)   | 1          | allow multiples that balance  |
|              | c | when bonds are made energy is released (1)<br>when bonds are broken energy is taken in (1)<br>in an exothermic reaction energy released is more than energy taken in (1)<br>QWC<br>one mark for ideas presented in a logical order (1) | 4          | allow bond making is exothermic<br>allow bond breaking is endothermic<br><br>QWC mark does not depend on getting any of the other three marks, but the answer must address the question   |
| <b>Total</b> |   |  | <b>[9]</b> |   |
| 3            | a | it is a catalyst (1)<br>it speeds up the reaction / it provides an alternative route / with lower activation energy (1)  | 2          | ignore idea of helps the reaction to take place<br>allow helps the reaction to go faster  |
|              | b | $CH_3COOH + C_8H_{17}OH \rightleftharpoons CH_3COOC_8H_{17} + H_2O$ (1)  | 1          | either order for reactants and for products<br>allow multiples if balanced<br>allow reverse writing of equilibrium equation   |

|  |          |   |            |   |
|--|----------|---|------------|---|
|  | <b>c</b> | initially forward reaction produces ester and water/products (1)<br><br>as ester and water/products are formed they go back to carboxylic acid and alcohol/reactants (1)<br><br>rate of forward reaction decreases as rate of backward reaction increases (1)<br><br>until two rates are equal (at equilibrium) (1) | <b>4</b>   | for the first and second marks the answer must imply a time line ie only reactants at start, then form products, then these go back to reactants<br>allow explicit idea of both <b>forward and backward</b> reactions taking place at same time for 1 mark <b>instead of first two marking points</b><br><br><b>allow</b> speed instead of rate |
|  |          | <b>Total</b>  | <b>[7]</b> |   |

| Question     |   | Answer  | Mark        | Guidance   |
|--------------|---|---|-------------|--|
| 4            | a | <p><b>any two from:</b><br/>           put phosphoric acid/lime scale remover and indicator in flask (1)<br/>           add (standard) sodium hydroxide solution until all of phosphoric acid has been neutralised/colour change is seen/end point is reached (1)<br/>           measure volume of sodium hydroxide solution added from a burette (1)</p> | 2           | <p>Allow correct general description of a titration instead of a description specific for the phosphoric acid-sodium hydroxide titration.</p> <p>If put phosphoric acid in burette max 1 mark (unless dissolves and made up to known volume first).</p>                |
|              | b | <p><b>any two from:</b><br/>           to identify (and discard) any outliers (1)<br/>           to calculate a mean/average (as the best estimate) (1)<br/>           to check that the batch is well mixed/to test the bulk of material/test uniformity of batch (1)</p>  | 2           | <p>do not allow ideas of comparing <b>different batches</b><br/>           ignore idea of increasing reliability unless average/mean is mentioned<br/>           ignore idea of more accurate<br/>           do not allow idea that it reduces the errors/outliers</p> |
|              | c | by looking at the range of the results / look to see how large the range is / see how close the titration values are to each other  | 1           | <p>allow look at the spread around the average<br/>           allow work out the standard deviation<br/>           ignore references to equipment</p>  |
|              | d | for quality control / to match information on the label / to ensure product is safe to use / to ensure product is effective / so that it does not cause damage (to kettle) / so that chemical is not wasted   | 1           | <p>no mark for 'safety' unqualified<br/>           Accept to prevent possibility of litigation</p>   |
|              | e | i   | 1           |  |
|              |   | ii  | 2           |  |
|              |   | iii   | 3           |  |
| <b>Total</b> |   |   | <b>[12]</b> |  |

|              |   |    |   |            |  |
|--------------|---|----|---|------------|--|
| 5            | a | i  | $S(l) + O_2(g) \rightarrow SO_2(g)$<br>correct formulae (1) then balanced (1)<br>correct state symbols (1)  | 3          | <b>allow</b> multiples<br>balance mark is dependent on getting formulae correct<br>state symbols must be lower case and on line or subscript (not superscript) and mark is dependent on getting correct formulae |
|              |   | ii | provides an alternative route (1)<br>with a lower activation energy (1)   | 2          | ignore reference to it being a catalyst<br>ignore reference to bond breaking   |
|              | b |    | <b>any two from:</b><br>to protect the public/workers/people (1)<br>to protect the environment (1)<br>from the <u>corrosive</u> nature of sulfuric acid (1) | 2          | ignore 'health and safety' if not qualified<br>ignore references to toxic or harmful   |
| <b>Total</b> |   |    |   | <b>[7]</b> |  |

| Question |   |   | Answer  | Mark | Guidance                    |
|----------|---|---|---|------|-----------------------------|
| 6        | a | i | Method 1/ethene (is least sustainable) (1)<br>corn/waste biomass/material for other methods is renewable/is obtained from plant sources/ can be grown (1)<br>ethene will one day run out/is finite/is not renewable (1) | 3    | ignore reference to 'green' |

|              |          |  |                 |   |
|--------------|----------|--|-----------------|---|
|              |          | <p><b>ii</b> one correct factor plus explanation of <b>how this affects sustainability:</b><br/>                     1 atom economy(1) <b>less</b> waste in producing other chemicals from reactants <b>more</b> sustainable (1)<br/>                     2 by-products (1) by-products that are not useful/are harmful/need to be disposed of make the process <b>less</b> sustainable (1)<br/>                     3 energy input/output(1) <b>more</b> energy required/less energy produced the <b>less</b> sustainable (1)<br/>                     4 environmental impact (1) <b>more</b> harm caused to the environment the <b>less</b> sustainable(1)<br/>                     5 health and safety risks (1) <b>more</b> likely to cause harm to people/<b>more</b> measures that have to be taken to ensure safety the <b>less</b> sustainable (1)<br/>                     6 social/economic benefits (1) <b>more</b> benefit the <b>more</b> sustainable (1)</p> | <p><b>2</b></p> | <p>Mark one pair from the six possibilities – a factor plus an explanation.</p> <p>The factor is for first mark then a matching explanation is for second.</p> <p>The explanation must say whether the factor increases or decreases the sustainability and how it does this.</p> <p>Do not allow ‘not sustainable’ in place of ‘less sustainable’.</p> |
|              | <b>b</b> | <p><b>any two from:</b><br/>                     in method 2 there is competition in the use of feedstock/corn/land for food and to make ethanol (1)<br/>                     method 3 uses feedstock/waste biomass that would otherwise be thrown away/has no other uses (1)<br/>                     competition between different uses of the same feedstock/land leads to price increase / where there is no competition prices should not rise (1)</p>  | <p><b>2</b></p> | <p>ora</p> <p>To get the second mark the answer must say more than just that method 3 uses waste biomass</p>  |
| <b>Total</b> |          |  | <b>[7]</b>      |   |
| <b>Total</b> |          |  | <b>[55]</b>     |   |



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