Candidate Forename			Candidate Surname			
Centre Number			Candidate Number			

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION A221/02

TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE BIOLOGY A

Unit 1: Modules B1 B2 B3 (Higher Tier)

THURSDAY 14 MAY 2009: Afternoon DURATION: 40 minutes

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the question paper

A calculator may be used for this paper

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS: None

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED: Pencil Ruler (cm/mm)

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes on the first page.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer <u>ALL</u> the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is <u>42</u>.

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Answer <u>ALL</u> the questions.

1 Look at the diagram of a cell.



instructions for how an organism develops are found here

- (a) Draw a label line to connect the label with the correct part of the cell.
- [1]
- (b) The instructions for how an organism develops are called alleles. The family tree shows the inheritance of a faulty allele that causes cystic fibrosis.



Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

DOMINANT	MIXED	RECESSIVE	[1]
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(ii) The second generation of the family tree consists of six people.

How many people in the second generation have cystic fibrosis?

answer _____[1]

(iii) When Mary is born it is not known whether or not she has cystic fibrosis.

What is the chance that Mary is a carrier?

Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

100% 50% 30% 25% 0% [1]

[Total: 4]

Embryos can be tested to find out if they have any 2 genetic defects.

Four friends are discussing genetic testing.



(a) Which person is making a statement about technical feasibility?

(b) Which <u>TWO</u> people are making statements about values?

answer	and	1	[1]]
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(c) Which <u>TWO</u> people are talking about an implication of genetic testing?

answer	and	[1	
answer	and		

[Total: 3]

- 3 Steve and Anita are brother and sister.
 - (a) Which pair of sex chromosomes will Steve and Anita have?

Choose from this list.

	XX	YY	XY	YZ	ZZ	
(i)	Steve			_		[1]
(ii)	Anita			_		[1]

(b) Which statements best explain how their sex is determined?

Draw <u>ONE</u> straight line linking the correct statement about <u>GENES ON CHROMOSOMES</u> to the correct statement about <u>WHAT THE</u> <u>GENE DOES</u>.

<u>GENES ON</u> CHROMOSOMES

Sex is determined by a gene on both the X and the Y chromosome.

Sex is determined by a gene on the X chromosome.

Sex is determined by a gene on the Y chromosome.

Sex is determined by the absence of a gene on the X and the Y chromosome.

WHAT THE GENE DOES

It causes the embryo to develop into a female.

It stops the sex organs from developing into either ovaries or testes.

It causes the sex organs to develop into either ovaries or testes.

It causes the embryo to develop into a male.

[1] [Total: 3] 4 Here are seven statements about genes. Some are correct and some are not.

Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the correct statements.	
A single gene contains several chromosomes.	
A single gene contains several nuclei.	
Genes can code for structural proteins.	
Each allele can consist of many genes.	
Genes can code for enzymes.	
Genes are sections of a DNA molecule.	
Genes can code for fats.	[3]

[Total: 3]

5 Steve has been vaccinated three times against polio. Two of the vaccinations were boosters. The graph shows what effect the vaccinations have on the amount of antibodies in Steve's blood.



(a) At what age (in years) was Steve most likely to get polio?

answer_____[1]

(b) At what age (in years) did Steve have his first vaccination?

answer_____[1]

(c) At what ages (in years) did Steve have booster vaccinations?

Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

2 and 6 0 and 4 4 and 15 3 and 6 [1]

(d)	The scientist Louis Pasteur developed a vac against rabies. It was injected into people after they had be bitten by a dog carrying the rabies virus. The vaccine was not completely successful saving lives.	cine en in
	Which statement explains why?	
	Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box next to the <u>BEST</u> statement.	
	Several injections were needed.	
	Vaccinations work best if given after getting an infection.	
	The side effects of the vaccine lasted too long.	
	People's bodies did not have time to make enough antibodies.	[1]

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(e) The government has a measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) vaccination policy.

It wants all children to be vaccinated with the MMR vaccine.

Different people have different views about this policy.



(i) Which person is summarising two different views?

answer _____[1]

(ii) Which person is describing an action which is hard to justify?

answer _____[1]

[Total: 6]

6	(a)	Drug companies often use double-blind trials when testing a new drug.	
		Which of the statements describe a double-blin trial?	nd
		Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the <u>TWO</u> best answers.	
		Only the doctor knows which patients are receiving the drug.	
		Only the patient knows if they are receiving the drug.	
		Both drugs and placebos are used in the trial.	
		Neither the doctor nor the patient knows who is receiving the drug.	
		Side effects of the drug may cause blindness.	
		The drugs being tested are to prevent blindness in both eyes.	[2]

(b) A new type of antibiotic gradually becomes less effective over a period of time.

Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the <u>TWO</u> statements that best explain why.

The antibiotic has a short shelf life.

Bacteria become used to the antibiotic.

Bacterial mutations can produce varieties that are less affected by the antibiotic.

Bacteria become resistant to antibiotics.

The antibiotic has passed its sell by date.

[2]

[Total: 4]

- 7 Look at the statements about heart disease.
 - A Mary has a heart attack after eating a banana.
 - B As ice-lolly sales increase, more people die of heart attacks.
 - C Fatty foods cause a build up of cholesterol which can block the coronary artery.
 - D Eating fatty foods increases the level of blood cholesterol which increases the risk of getting heart disease.
 - (a) Which statement, <u>A</u>, <u>B</u>, <u>C</u> or <u>D</u>, shows a correlation but not a causal link?

statement____[1]

(b) Which two statements, <u>A</u>, <u>B</u>, <u>C</u> or <u>D</u>, contain a causal link?

statements _____ and _____ [2]

(c) Which statement, <u>A</u>, <u>B</u>, <u>C</u> or <u>D</u>, is an example of individual cases not providing sufficient evidence for a correlation?

statement____[1]

[Total: 4]

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8 People have different ideas about how life evolved on Earth.



(a) Which <u>TWO</u> people make statements which include data?

answer	а	nd	[2]	
			-	1

(b) Which person is making a statement which includes an agreed scientific explanation?

answer_____[1]

(c) Which person is suggesting a reason why scientists disagree?

answer_____[1]

[Total: 4]

9	Bic org	odiversity means all the different types or janism that exist in the environment.	f living	
	(a)	Which of the following is likely to reduc biodiversity?	e	
		Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the <u>BE</u> answers.	ST	
		reduced competition between species		
		direct and indirect human activity		
		increased food supplies		
		a stable, non-changing environment		
		introduction of conservation areas		
		introduction of a new predator species		[1]

(b) Maintaining biodiversity is an important part of using the environment in a sustainable way.
Which of the statements <u>EXPLAIN</u> why?
Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the correct <u>EXPLANATIONS</u>.
Species depend upon each other, not the environment.
A food web consists of lots of food chains.
Many species have a better chance of

Organisms usually have only one source of food.

survival if they have a diverse food supply.

The extinction of a species in a food web has implications for many other species.

(c) Extinction of a species can have several causes. Some of the statements are reasons for extinction, others are not.

Complete the table by entering the letter of each statement, <u>A</u>, <u>B</u>, <u>C</u>, <u>D</u>, <u>E</u> and <u>F</u>, into the correct column.

- **<u>A</u>** Environmental conditions change.
- **<u>B</u>** The environment remains isolated from the outside world.
- <u>C</u> Biodiversity remains unchanged.
- D A new disease-causing organism is introduced.
- **E** Another organism in the food web becomes extinct.
- \underline{F} The environment is millions of years old.

NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE EXTINCTION	MAY CAUSE EXTINCTION

[Total: 5]

[3]

10 The diagram shows the possible evolution of human beings over the last two million years.



(a) Which conclusions can be drawn from <u>THIS</u> diagram?

Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to each correct conclusion.

Humans evolved from single-celled organisms.	
Some <i>Homo</i> species were tool users.	
Only five different hominid species have ever existed.	
Human evolution shows different groups evolving from one common group.	
Some species became extinct.	
Homo sapiens evolved from Homo erectus.	
05	[2]

(b) During evolution the human brain got larger.

Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the <u>BEST</u> explanations.

A larger brain increases the chance of survival.

The skull expanded allowing the brain to get bigger.

The brain grew in size to match the growth in size of the human body.

Humans thought a lot about making tools.

A larger brain allowed the development of new skills.

L	 	1	
Γ	 	1	
L			
Γ	 	1	

(c) The human brain coordinates responses within the body.

Hormones or nerves are used to control these responses.

Complete the diagram by drawing straight lines to correctly join each of the <u>EXAMPLES</u> <u>OF RESPONSES</u> with either <u>CONTROLLED BY</u> <u>HORMONES</u> or <u>CONTROLLED BY NERVES</u>. One has been done for you.

EXAMPLES OF RESPONSES



[2]

[Total: 6]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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