# GCSE 

# Biology A Twenty First Century Science 

General Certificate of Secondary Education J633

## Mark Schemes for the Units

## June 2008

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by Examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

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## Guidance for Examiners

1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
2. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise.
3. Each separate marking point is indicated by a (1) at the end of that marking point.
4. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ORA = or reverse argument } \\
& \text { NOT = point that is not given credit } \\
& \text { AW/owtte = alternative wording/or words to that effect: allow any expression that is } \\
& \text { clearly equivalent } \\
& \text { / = Alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point } \\
& \text { point = point must be present to gain the mark } \\
& \text { (description) = description which need not be present to gain the mark }
\end{aligned}
$$

E.g. mark scheme shows 'work done in lifting / (change in) gravitational potential energy' work done = 0 marks
work done lifting = 1 mark
change in potential energy $=0$ marks
gravitational potential energy = 1 mark
5. If a candidate alters his/her response, examiners should accept the alteration.
6. The list principle: if a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, you work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, i.e. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.
7. Marking method for tick boxes:

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then you need to judge the entire set of boxes.
E.g. If a question requires candidates to identify a city in England, then in the boxes

| Edinburgh |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manchester |  |
| Paris |  |
| Southampton |  |

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third should be blank (or have indication of choice crossed out). For a two-mark question, the rationale would be:

All boxes are indicated scores 0 marks.
All boxes blank scores 0 marks.
All four boxes correct scores 2 marks.
Three boxes correct scores 1 mark.
Two boxes correct scores 1 mark.

| Edinburgh |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Manchester | $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{x}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Paris |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Southampton | $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{x}$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Score: | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | NR |

## A221/01 Modules B1, B2, B3 Foundation Tier

| Question |  |  | Expected Answers |  |  | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | a |  | short of breath <br> many chest infections |  | (1) <br> (1) | 2 | accept ticks, crosses or shading <br> if more than 2 responses deduct 1 mark for each incorrect response |
|  | b |  | combination <br> dd <br> (Dd) <br> DD <br> (1) <br> (1) |  |  | 2 | dd must be in top box DD must be in bottom box single d $=0$ single $D=0$ |


| 1 | same position as D but on the right hand <br> chromosome, e.g. | this can be as a shading only on the right position on the <br> chromosome or as a written letter d. <br> position should be the same as on left chromosome. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |







| $\mathbf{7}$ |  | evolution (1) <br> natural selection (1) <br> prediction (1) <br> confident (1) | 4 | words must be in correct order <br> accept spelling mistakes <br> accept any clear unambiguous indication, e.g. numbering of list |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  |  | Total | $\mathbf{4}$ |  |

## A221/02 Modules B1, B2, B3 Higher Tier




| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | unspecialised/undifferentiated (1) <br> nucleus (1) <br> clone (1) | 3 | accept nuclei |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | b | i | C and F | 1 | either order is acceptable. <br> accept any clear unambiguous indication |
|  | b | ii | D and E | 1 | either order is acceptable. <br> accept any clear unambiguous indication |
|  |  |  | Total | $\mathbf{5}$ |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers |  |  | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | a |  |  |  |  | 1 | if more than one line from left hand box then 0 marks ignore any links between boxes on the right hand side. |
|  | b | i | 14 |  |  | 1 | accept $14000000 / 1000000$ or $14 / 1$ |
|  |  | ii | $\begin{aligned} & (15000 / 60000000) \times 100 \\ & =0.025 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 2 | for correct answer without working (2) (15000/60 000000 ) $\times 100$ gains 1 mark or (15000/60 000 000) 1 mark $15 / 600,1 / 40^{\text {th }}$ or any correct ratio 1 mark |
|  | c |  | risk of death from flu is greater than risk of side effects | $\checkmark$ | (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept a clear response eg. $\checkmark$ or $X$ or shading etc. <br> ignore $X$ if combination of $\checkmark$ and X used |



| Question |  |  | Expected Answers |  | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | a |  |  $\square$ <br>   | (1) | 1 | more than one response = 0 marks <br> accept a clear response eg. $\checkmark$ or $X$ or shading etc. <br> ignore $X$ if combination of $\checkmark$ and $X$ used |
|  | b |  | $\square$ |  | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept a clear response eg. $\checkmark$ or $X$ or shading etc. <br> ignore X if combination of $\checkmark$ and X used |
|  | C |  | mechanism linking microorganisms | (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept a clear response eg. $\checkmark$ or $X$ or shading etc. <br> ignore X if combination of $\checkmark$ and X used |
|  | d | i | (coronary) artery |  | 1 | allow arteries |
|  |  | ii | The blood is at high pressure | (1) | 1 | more than one response = 0 marks <br> accept a clear response eg. $\checkmark$ or $X$ or shading etc. <br> ignore $X$ if combination of $\checkmark$ and $X$ used |
|  |  |  | Total |  | 5 |  |



| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | $\mathbf{i}$ | 6 | 1 | only 6 <br> more than one number/response $=0$ marks <br> accept correct written statement or part statement if clear <br> which line eg. Hunted <br> accept any clear unambiguous indication |
|  |  | ii | 4 and 5 |  | 1 |



## A222/01 Modules B4, B5 and B6 Foundation Tier



| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ |  |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | a |  |  | 4 | look at the links as they leave the left-hand boxes <br> left set 3 correct $=2$ marks <br> left set 2 correct $=1$ mark <br> left set 1 or 0 correct $=0$ marks <br> right set 3 correct $=2$ marks <br> right set 2 correct $=1$ mark <br> right set 1 or 0 correct $=0$ marks |
|  | b |  | from a dilute to a more concentrated solution through a partially permeable membrane (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks accept another clear correct response, e.g. a cross, to indicate choice of statement |
|  | c |  | add lots of water (1) | 1 | more than one response = 0 marks |
|  |  |  | Total | 6 |  |



| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | i | light (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g. underlining chosen <br> answer |
|  | $\mathbf{a}$ | ii | phototropism (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g underlining chosen <br> answer |
|  | b | i | B (1) | 1 | more than one response = 0 marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g..a line linking the <br> correct letter to the space, or circle letter B |
|  | b | ii | unspecialised cells (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g. underlining chosen <br> answer |
|  | c |  | hormones (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g. underlining chosen <br> answer |


| 6 | a | site of genetic code (1) <br> site of protein synthesis (1) | A | 2 | more than one response in each box $=0$ marks accept another clear correct response, e.g. A line linking the correct letter to the box |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | b | double (1) base (1) |  | 2 | each correct response = 1 mark <br> must be in correct order accept another clear correct response, e.g. A line linking the correct term to the space |
|  |  | Total |  | 4 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers |  |  | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | a | i | involuntary <br> rapid | $\checkmark \checkmark$ |  | 1 | First and second rows only must be ticked for (1) - ignore crosses in the third and fourth rows <br> two correct responses = 1 mark <br> accept another clear correct response in each of the two rows eg. a cross in both - but only if the third and fourth rows are blank |
|  |  | ii | C (1) |  |  | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g. a line linking the correct letter to the space provided |
|  |  | iii | insulate neuron from neighbouring cells <br> to speed up nerve impulses | $\checkmark$ | (1) <br> (1) | 2 | 1 mark for each correct response <br> third and fourth rows must be ticked only to gain (2) - ignore crosses in the first and second rows <br> accept another clear correct response in each of the two rows, e.g. a cross in both - but only if the first and second rows are blank |
|  | b |  | to detect the stimulus | $\checkmark$ | (1) | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response, e.g. a cross |
|  |  |  | Total |  |  | 5 |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | intelligence (1) <br> language (1) | 2 | each correct response $=1$ mark <br> if more than two responses, delete 1 mark for each additional <br> response <br> accept another clear correct response eg underlining chosen <br> answer |  |
|  | $\mathbf{b}$ | Luke (1) 1 more than one response = 0 marks <br> if no response, look at the diagram and accept the correct <br> response, if indicated | Total | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |



## A222/02 Modules B4, B5 and B6 Higher Tier



| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | a |  | concentrated sugar solution A <br> dilute sugar solution B <br> pure water C | 2 | if more than one response in each row deduct 1 mark for each additional response <br> 3 correct $=2$ marks <br> 2 correct = 1 mark <br> 1 or 0 correct $=0$ marks |
|  | b |  |  | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept any other clear response, e.g. a cross - but only if the remaining rows are empty |
|  | c |  | cell wall (1) | 1 | More than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept any other clear response, e.g. underlined |
|  | d |  | the cells burst (1) | 1 | More than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept any other clear response, e.g. underlined |
|  |  |  | Total | 5 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers |  | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | a |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B (1) } \\ & \text { D (1) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | 1 mark for each correct response <br> if more than two responses deduct 1 mark for each additional response <br> if no response - look at the diagram and accept the correct shapes, if indicated |
|  | b | i | active (site) (1) |  | 1 | more than one response = 0 marks |
|  |  | ii | substrate concentration (1) |  | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept any other clear response, e.g. underlined |
|  |  | iii | the temperature of the solution |  | 1 | more than one response $=0$ marks <br> accept another clear correct response in the fourth row, e.g. a cross - but only if the first, second and third rows are blank |
|  |  |  | Total |  | 5 |  |






## A223/01 Ideas in Context and Unit B7 - Foundation

| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | $\mathbf{i}$ | disease causing (1) | reject examples <br> accept make you ill |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{i i}$ | organism on which the pathogen lives (1) | reject examples |  |
|  | $\mathbf{b}$ | any two from: <br> host does not die (1) <br> pathogen does not die (1) <br> that means pathogen will be passed on/ more <br> time to reproduce (1) | 2 | maximum 2 |  |
|  | i | smallpox (virus) | any two from: <br> mumps (virus) (1) <br> diphtheria bacterium (1) <br> whooping cough (virus)(1) <br> pneumonia bacteria <br> tuberculosis (bacteria) (1) <br> parainfluenza (virus) (1) | 2 | maximum 2 |
|  | iii | pure chance (1) <br> competition (1) | 2 |  |  |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{d}$ | any two from: <br> have evidence / data / experiment; (1) <br> publishing / talk with other scientists; (1) <br> (peer) reviews / work replicated; (1) | 2 | maximum 2 <br> ignore 'proof' or 'scientist prove it' for first marking point |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{e}$ | any two from: <br> symptoms / reaction / example of symptom <br> e.g. headache (1) <br> unwanted effects / unexpected (1) <br> clear that it is caused by the vaccine / <br> treatment (1) | 2 | maximum 2 |
|  | Total | 13 |  |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | $\mathbf{i}$ | carbon dioxide (1) <br> oxygen (1) | accept correct symbols |  |
|  | b |  | fi <br> for energy (1) <br> for storage / insoluble (1) <br> to make things they need/ use in other <br> processes / named examples e.g. <br> chlorophyll/cellulose/ enzymes (1) | 1 | 3 |
|  | c | i | something which stops photosynthesis going <br> any faster (1) | 1 | accept it is a limiting factor for photosynthesis |
|  | ii | give them more light owtte (1) | 1 | reject put in a greenhouse |  |
|  | iii | increase temperature (1) <br> increase carbon dioxide concentration (1) | 2 |  |  |
|  |  | Total | 10 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | a |  | cell wall / capsule / slime coat (1) (cell) membrane (1) <br> DNA / chromosomes / genes (1) | 3 | reject nucleus and plasmid allow genetic information |
|  | b |  | any three from the following ideas: <br> identify gene (1) <br> cut / isolate gene (1) <br> idea of vector (1) <br> use of enzyme (1) <br> transfer / insert gene (1) <br> bacteria divides (1) <br> communication (1) QWC | 4 | maximum 3 from list each step must be biologically correct for each mark do not give mark for bacteria produces insulin <br> QWC (1) needs only one read through to make grammatical sense even if content is wrong |
|  | c |  | farmers make more profit (1) people have the right to decide (1) it is morally wrong (1) | 3 | accept other correct examples |
|  | d |  | any three from: <br> antibiotics / penicillin etc. (1) <br> (single cell) protein / Mycoprotein / Quorn etc. <br> (1) <br> enzymes / rennin / cheese etc. (1) <br> biodiesel / alcohol (1) | 3 | maximum 3 <br> allow hormones; vaccines; drugs <br> ignore medicine and named steroid hormones <br> accept correctly named products e.g. penicillin |
|  |  |  | Total | 13 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | a |  | bone (1) ligaments (1) muscles (1) tendons (1) | 4 |  |
|  | b | i | structure 1: cartilage (1) structure 2: synovial fluid (1) | 2 |  |
|  |  | ii | protects bone (1) <br> cushioning effect (1) <br> lubricates joint (1) <br> reduces friction/easier movement (1) | 2 | maximum 2 |
|  | c |  | pain / swelling/ difficult to move joint (1) rest / ice / cold compress / elevation / support it (1) | 2 | allow 'RICE'(acronym) (for 1) reject bandage |
|  |  |  | Total | 10 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | a | i | human | 1 |  |
|  |  | ii | flea | 1 |  |
|  | b | i | named parasite <br> e.g. tapeworm/ leech/ hair lice / mosquito | 1 | reject flea |
|  |  | ii | tapeworm <br> hooks/ suckers for attachment; thick cuticle / skin so not attacked by enzymes/resistant to the body chemicals so is not killed; both male and female so no need to find mate; flat so easy to absorb food/ large surface area; no intestines since food already digested; leech <br> suckers for attachment; sharp teeth to pierce skin; can last long time between meals; chemicals to stop blood clotting; <br> hair licel nits <br> claws to hold on to hair; eggs (nits) attached to hair to avoid being dislodged; piercing mouthparts to get through skin; sucking mouthparts to suck up blood; small/ camouflaged so difficult to see; mosquito <br> piercing mouthparts to get through skin; chemical to stop blood clotting; pumping action to suck up blood; wings to fly to find a new host. large number of eggs producing lots of offspring | 2 | maximum 2 <br> must relate to the named parasite in part b(i) |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | c | B (1) <br> D (1) | 2 |  |
|  | d | cause disease (1) <br> reduction of food (1) | 2 |  |
|  |  | Total | 9 |  |

## A223/02 Ideas in Context and Unit B7 - Higher

| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ | idea of reproduction (of pathogen) (1) <br> idea of harm / disease OR pathogen gets <br> some benefit (1) <br> idea of spreading to other organisms (1) | 3 | ignore scientists prove it |
|  | $\mathbf{b}$ | Idea of change e.g. flu (virus) mutates / <br> antigens change (1) <br> old vaccine / antibodies / wbc or immune <br> system will not work (1) | 2 | accept flu becomes immune for second marking point <br> do not accept people become less immune OR new type of <br> flu |
|  | c | the greater the survival time outside the body <br> the greater the number of deaths caused (per <br> 100 000 people infected) (1) | 1 | accept positive correlation |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{d}$ | $\mathbf{i}$ | smallpox kills (more) people (1) <br> can live (longer) outside the human body (1) <br> ORA | 2 | accept tuberculosis, diphtheria, whooping cough as examples <br> unless reverse argument given |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{E i}$ | any two from: <br> have evidence / data / experiment (1) <br> publishing / talk with other scientists (1) <br> (peer) reviews / work replicated (1) | 2 | maximum 2 <br> ignore 'proof' or 'scientist prove it' for first marking point |  |
|  | eany two from: <br> symptoms / reaction / example of symptom <br> e.g. headache (1) <br> unwanted effects / unexpected (1) <br> clear that it is caused by the vaccine / <br> treatment (1) | 2 | maximum 2 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | a |  | any two from: <br> shortness of breath (1) <br> tired / weak / lack of energy (1) <br> joint pains (1) <br> block blood vessels / no oxygen (1) <br> red blood cells going sickle shaped / change shape (1) | 2 | maximum 2 <br> ignore blood clots / bad circulation |
|  | b |  | idea of mutated / faulty (allele/ gene) (1) which changes / codes the haemoglobin (1) | 2 | accept haemoglobin S (1) <br> ignore reference to dominant and recessive |
|  | C |  | has only one (faulty) allele / heterozygous (1) idea of few or no symptoms (1) | 2 | accept carries only one allele (1) accept does not have sickle cell anaemia reject incorrect reference to gene |
|  | d |  | idea of gives resistance to malaria (1) | 1 |  |
|  | e |  | resistance to (malaria) means sickle cell (allele) / carriers survives (1) non-carriers likely to die (1) survivors breed / pass on (sickle cell allele) to next generation (1) | 3 | error carried forward from 2d <br> better chance of survival $=(2)$ more survive $=(2)$ |
|  |  |  | Total | 10 |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | a | (cell) wall / capsule / slime coat (1) (cell) membrane (1) <br> DNA / chromosomes / genes (1) | 3 | reject nucleus and plasmid allow genetic information |
|  | b | any three from the following ideas: <br> identify gene (1) <br> cut / isolate gene (1) <br> idea of vector (1) <br> use of enzyme (1) <br> transfer / insert gene (1) <br> bacteria divides (1) <br> communication (1) QWC | 4 | maximum 3 from list <br> each step must be biologically correct for each mark. <br> do not give mark for bacteria produces insulin. <br> QWC 1 Needs only one read through to make grammatical sense even if content is wrong |
|  | c | farmers make more profit (1) people have the right to decide (1) it is morally wrong (1) | 3 | accept other correct examples |
|  | d | any three from: <br> antibiotics / penicillin etc (1) <br> (single cell) protein / mycoprotein / Quorn etc. <br> (1) <br> enzymes / rennin / cheese etc (1) <br> biodiesel / alcohol (1) | 3 | maximum 3 <br> allow hormones; vaccines;drugs; <br> ignore medicine and named steroid hormones <br> accept correctly named products e.g. penicillin |
|  |  | Total | 13 |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Rationale |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{a}$ |  | ATP (1) | 1 |  |
|  | $\mathbf{b}$ |  | (more) energy needed (1) <br> oxygen and glucose (supply energy) (1) | 2 | oxygen and glucose supply energy = 2 |
|  | c | i | not enough oxygen / oxygen needed (1) <br> produces lactic acid (1) | 4 | mark both sections together |
|  | iido remove carbon dioxide (1) <br> break down (lactic) acid (1) | advantage <br> oxygen not needed (1) <br> disadvantage <br> oxygen / debt has to be repaid / produces less <br> energy / produces lactic acid / muscle pain (1) | 2 | allow still produce energy by only using glucose <br> ignore faster / burst of energy |  |



## Grade Thresholds

General Certificate of Secondary Education
Biology A (Specification Code J633)
June 2008 Examination Series
Unit Threshold Marks

| Unit |  | Maximum Mark | A* | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | U |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A221/01 | Raw | 42 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 30 | 25 | 20 | 16 | 12 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 34 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 30 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 0 |
| A221/02 | Raw | 42 | 36 | 32 | 26 | 20 | 13 | 9 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
|  | UMS | 50 | 45 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 23 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
| A222/01 | Raw | 42 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 28 | 24 | 20 | 17 | 14 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 34 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 30 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 0 |
| A222/02 | Raw | 42 | 36 | 31 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 12 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
|  | UMS | 50 | 45 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 23 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
| A223/01 | Raw | 55 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 28 | 23 | 18 | 13 | 8 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 0 |
| A223/02 | Raw | 55 | 47 | 39 | 30 | 21 | 16 | 13 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
|  | UMS | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 50 | 45 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
| A229 | Raw | 40 | 33 | 29 | 25 | 21 | 17 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 0 |
| A230 | Raw | 40 | 33 | 30 | 26 | 23 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 10 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 0 |

A229/A230 (Coursework) - The grade thresholds have been determined on the basis of the work that was presented for award in June 2008. The threshold marks will not necessarily be the same in subsequent awards.

Specification Aggregation Results
Overall threshold marks in UMS (ie after conversion of raw marks to uniform marks):

|  | Maximum Mark | A* | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | U |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J633 | 300 | 270 | 240 | 210 | 180 | 150 | 120 | 90 | 60 | 0 |

The cumulative percentage of candidates awarded each grade was as follows:

|  | A* | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | U | Total No. <br> of Cands |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J633 | 13.8 | 50.1 | 81.0 | 94.5 | 98.7 | 99.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 11730 |

12143 candidates were entered for aggregation this series
For a description of how UMS marks are calculated see:
http://www.ocr.org.uk/learners/ums results.html

Statistics are correct at the time of publication.

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