

GCSE

Biology B

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit B632/01: Modules B4, B5, B6 (Foundation Tier)

Mark Scheme for January 2013

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

© OCR 2013

Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
✓	correct response
×	incorrect response
1909	benefit of the doubt
FIERD	benefit of the doubt <u>not</u> given
	error carried forward
	information omitted
—	ignore
	reject
(HON	contradiction

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

- / = alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
- (1) = separates marking points

allow = answers that can be accepted

- **not** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- reject = answers which are not worthy of credit
- **ignore** = statements which are irrelevant
- () = words which are not essential to gain credit
 - = underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark (although not correctly spelt unless otherwise stated)
- ecf = error carried forward
- AW = alternative wording

ora = or reverse argument

G	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance	
1	(a)		C (1) any two from: loses most / more water (1) most / more transpiration / evaporation (1) C has a much larger surface area / leaf surface (1) has most / more leaves (1)	3	If don't give C, then 0 marks for whole question ignore needs more or most water / uses more or most water ignore bigger plant / bigger roots / bigger leaves need the idea of more/most but only need mention once, e.g. 'more leaves for evaporation' = 2	
	(b)		minerals / nutrients / nitrates / magnesium (1)	1	ignore food / soil allow fertiliser / eg of fertiliser	
			Total	4		

Q	luesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	slugs (1)	1	ignore pests
		(ii)	idea that more crop produced (1) OR less / no lettuce being eaten (1)	1	allow improve yield / bigger lettuces allow improve quality / less damage allow lettuce has more chance of surviving
	(b)	(i)	dandelions (1)	1	ignore box hedge ignore weeds
		(ii)	idea that more crop produced (1) OR less / no competition for light / water / space / other valid example (1)	1	allow improve yield / bigger lettuces allow improve quality / less damage allow lettuce has more chance of surviving ignore stops them suffocating allow gets more light / water / space
			Total	4	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)		bacteria / fungi (1)	1	allow valid example allow microbes / microorganisms ignore detritivores / examples of detritivores
	(b)		warm(er) (1)	1	allow hotter / hot allow reverse argument e.g. colder in winter ignore lighter / brighter / sunnier / sun / sunshine allow more decomposers
			Total	2	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	make own food / photosynthesise (1)	1	allow produce food ignore it is at the bottom / start of food chain
		(ii)	(get food) by eating (other things) (1)	1	ignore consumes others / consumes food ignore hunts ignore eats producer
	(b)	(i)	90 (kJ) (1)	1	ignore working mark answer on line first, if answer not on line then look for answer in working
		(ii)	 any one from: less because more used for growth / growing more / still growing / growing faster (1) less because less active / not hunting (1) more because more active / playing (1) more because greater SA:vol ratio (1) more because less through waste / feeding on milk / more digestible food (1) 	1	need both difference and explanation assume unqualified answer refers to cubs but allow converse argument if they clearly refer to adults ignore less heat lost because cub is smaller
			Total	4	

B632/01	
---------	--

Q	uestion	Answer		Guidance
5	(a)	flower photosynthesis stem anchorage root support	2	if more than 3 lines drawn, deduct 1 mark for each incorrect line (minimum = 0)
		leaf 3 correct (2) 1 or 2 correct (1)		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(b)	any two from:	2	assume it refers to leaves ignore references simply to flowers / plants ignore photosynthesis in answers since in question
	wide / broad / large surface (area) – to absorb light / energy (1)		allow sunlight / sun's rays / sun's energy but ignore sun ignore flat / big / large leaves allow catch / capture / exposed to / hit by / take in light but ignore attracts light
	chlorophyll / chloroplasts – to absorb light (1)		ignore chlorophyll for photosynthesis ignore green allow higher level answers eg more chlorophyll near top surface of leaf to absorb light / energy
	thin – for gas exchange / absorb CO_2 / release O_2 / diffusion of gases / movement of gases (1)		Surface of leaf to absorb light / chergy
	veins – to transport sugar / food / water(1)		allow xylem to transport water allow phloem to transport sugar / food ignore phloem to transport water
	stomata/pores – for gas exchange / absorb CO_2 / release O_2 / diffusion of gases (1)		
			allow correct reference to arrangement ie avoid overlapping – to absorb light (1)
			allow correct reference to orientation ie leaves move towards light – to absorb light (1) allow transparent epidermis to allow light to enter leaf (1)
			ignore cuticle
(c)	any two from: evaporation (inside leaf) (1) diffusion (outside) (1) through stomata / pores / between guard cells (1)	2	
	Total	6	

G	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	(a)		egg(s) and sperm (1) join together (1)	2	allow higher level answers eg nuclei fuse =2 allow ovum / female and male gametes allow sperm enters egg =2 ignore 'meets' e.g. egg and sperm meet =1 but egg and sperm meet and join =2
	(b)		ovary / ovaries (1)	1	
	(c)		testis / testes (1)	1	
			Total	4	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	(a)		bronchiole (1)	1	more than one answer (0)
	(b)	(i)	releasing energy (from food/sugar) (1)	1	allow correct word or symbol equation (balancing not necessary) or correct description of equation in words allow oxidation of food not produce / make energy
		(ii)	moving air in <u>and</u> out (of lungs) (1)	1	allow ventilation / expiration <u>and</u> inspiration / inhalation <u>and</u> exhalation (1) ignore any mention of taking in oxygen and letting out carbon dioxide
	(c)		water / H_2O / carbon dioxide / CO_2 (1)	1	allow water vapour (1)
			Total	4	

G	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	(a)	(i)	add up and divide by number of values / add up and divide by 3 / 51 ÷ 3 (1)	1	
		(ii)	17 x 4 (1) BUT 68 (2)	2	correct answer, no working = 2
		(iii)	heart beat / heart pumping / heart contracting / heart muscle contracting (1)	1	allow higher level answers eg ventricles contract / arteries recoil allow change of blood flow / pressure (in artery) not vein ignore just 'heart' ignore just 'blood being pumped'
	(b)	(i)	red (blood cell) (1)	1	
		(ii)	white (blood cell) (1)	1	allow higher level answers eg named type of WBC
			Total	6	

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
9	(a)	any three from: homeostasis ideas: regulate water loss / control blood concentration / removes excess water / removes excess salts (1)	3	
		filter blood (1) (at high) pressure (1)		ignore filter fluids allow 'ultrafiltration' = 2
		re-absorb water / useful substances (1) remove urea / waste products from blood (1) make urine (1)		allow named examples eg sugar / amino acids / salts allow higher level answer e.g. selective reabsorption = 1 ignore clean blood / remove waste from body ignore removes toxins ignore excretes urine ignore just excretion

Q	Question		Answer		Guidance
	(b)	(i)	any two from: same or similar tissue match / DNA / blood group / genes / antigens (1)	2	allow clear reverse arguments for each marking point e.g. (unknown) donor will have different DNA etc
			not or less likely to be rejected / will not need (so many) anti rejection drugs (1)		allow more likely to be accepted
			same size / similar size / same age (1)		ignore similar age
			she knows her sister's health / lifestyle (1)		
			idea that there waiting lists / (suitable) donors are difficult to find (1)		
		(ii)	(kidney machines are) too big (1)	1	ignore simply 'not enough room'
			Total	6	

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	Guidance
10	(a)	flagellum (1) and cell wall (1) correctly labelled	2	
	(b)	yoghurt / vinegar / silage / compost (1)	1	allow any correct suggestion eg insulin ignore wine / beer / alcohol
	(c)	any two from: (through) nose / breathing in (1) (through) mouth / in food / in drink (1) (through) skin / cuts / bites / infected needles (1) (through) reproductive organs / sex (1)	2	

0	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(d)		flu is caused by a virus / antibiotics do not work against viruses / antibiotics only kill bacteria (and some fungi) (1)	1	allow flu is not caused by bacteria
			Total	6	

Q	Question		Answer		Guidance
11	(a)		clinistix / reagent strip/(1) turns purple / blue (1) OR	2	results must match test
			(heat with) Benedict's solution (1) turns green / yellow / red orange (1)		allow biosensor (1) correct observation eg current change (1)
	(b)		genetic engineering (1)	1	allow GM / genetic modification
			Total	3	

G	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
12	(a)		phytoplankton (1)	1	
	(b)		anchorage (1)	1	
	(c)		from farms / horticulture / soil / fields / sprayed onto crops (1) (via) rivers / streams / run-off / leaching (1)	2	allow via sewers allow rain washes them into sea
			Total	4	

Q	Question		Answer		Guidance
13	(a)	(i)	B (1)	1	
		(ii)	line rising up but never above the existing line (1)	1	ignore whether line eventually reaches existing line
	(b)	(i)	glucose / sugar (1) carbon dioxide (1)	2	allow formulae if correct / any other named sugar (1)
		(ii)	fermentation (1)	1	
	(c)		any two from: no / less carbon dioxide produced / less global warming / less greenhouse effect (1) less sulfur dioxide produced / less nitrogen oxides produced / less acid rain (1) no / less particulates (1) less fossil fuels used / less petrol used which is non-renewable / ethanol is renewable / sustainable / petrol won't run out so quickly (1)	2	ignore just less pollution ignore gasohol is renewable / sustainable ignore simply 'petrol is non-renewable'
			Total	7	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) 1 Hills Road Cambridge CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



