

B631/01

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION GATEWAY SCIENCE

BIOLOGY B

Unit 1: Modules B1 B2 B3 (Foundation Tier)

TUESDAY 15 JANUARY 2008

Afternoon Time: 1 hour

Candidates answer on the question paper.

Additional materials (enclosed):

None

Calculators may be used.

Additional materials: Pencil

Ruler (cm/mm)



| Candidate Forename | l . | | | Candidate Surname | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|--|--|----------------------|--|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Centre Number | | | | | | | Candidate Number | | | |

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- Do not write outside the box bordering each page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.

| FOR EXAMINER'S USE | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|------|--|--|--|
| Section | Max | Mark | | | |
| A | 20 | | | | |
| В | 20 | | | | |
| С | 20 | | | | |
| TOTAL | 60 | | | | |

| This document consists of 18 printed pages and 2 blank | pages |
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|--|-------|

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Answer all the questions.

Section A - Module B1

1 Look at the list of things found inside cells.

| amino acid |
|--|
| bases |
| chromosomes |
| DNA |
| genes |
| protein |
| Finish the following sentences. |
| Choose the best words from the list. |
| Inside cells, there are coded instructions called |
| The instructions are made of a chemical called |
| The instructions are carried incide the nucleus on structures called |

[Total: 3]

[3]

2 Ann, John and Lynne are friends.

Ann has a cold.

When Ann sneezes, John and Lynne both breathe in some of the viruses that cause the cold.







[Total: 4]

Later, John develops a cold but Lynne does not.

| (a) | Sug | gest why Lynne does not develop the cold even though she does breathe in the viruses. |
|-----|------|--|
| | | [1] |
| (b) | ls a | cold an infectious disease or a non-infectious disease? |
| | Exp | lain your answer. |
| | | [1] |
| (c) | | k at the list of diseases and disorders. |
| | | athlete's foot |
| | | cholera |
| | | cystic fibrosis |
| | | dysentery |
| | | flu |
| | (i) | Write down one disease caused by a virus. |
| | | Choose from the list. |
| | | answer[1] |
| | (ii) | Write down one inherited disorder. |
| | | Choose from the list. |
| | | answer[1] |

3 Natasha is starting to cross the road.

A car is coming towards her.

When Natasha notices the car, she jumps back quickly without thinking.



| (a) | Natasha sees | the car | coming | with | her e | eyes. |
|-----|--------------|---------|--------|------|-------|-------|
|-----|--------------|---------|--------|------|-------|-------|

What other sense organ does she use to notice the car?

Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

| | ear | nose | skin | tongue | [1] |
|------|-----------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| (i) | Natasha's friend, | Vicki, says that ju | ımping back from th | e car is an example of a | a reflex. |
| | Is it a reflex? | | •••• | | |
| | Explain your answ | ver. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| (ii) | If Natasha had b different? | een drinking alc | ohol, how would he | er response to the car | have been |
| | | | | | [1] |
| Son | ne people can only | see with one eye | e. | | |
| Des | scribe how this affe | cts vision. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) Son Des | (i) Natasha's friend, Is it a reflex? Explain your answ | (i) Natasha's friend, Vicki, says that just a reflex? Explain your answer. (ii) If Natasha had been drinking alcordifferent? Some people can only see with one eye Describe how this affects vision. | (i) Natasha's friend, Vicki, says that jumping back from the Is it a reflex? | (i) Natasha's friend, Vicki, says that jumping back from the car is an example of a ls it a reflex? Explain your answer. (ii) If Natasha had been drinking alcohol, how would her response to the car different? Some people can only see with one eye. |

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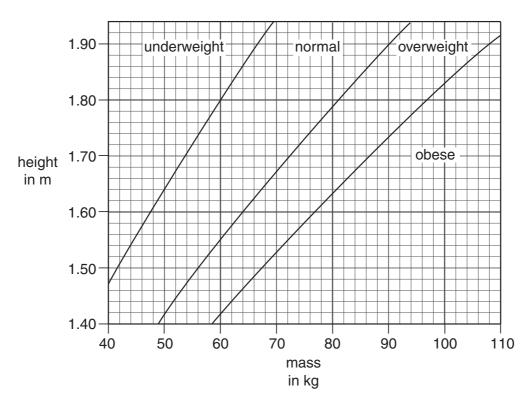
[Total: 4]

4 Chris and Sam want to see if they have suitable balanced diets.

They measure their mass and height.

| | mass in kg | height in m |
|-------|------------|-------------|
| Chris | 90 | 1.85 |
| Sam | 50 | 1.75 |

(a) (i) Use the information in the table and the BMI chart to work out whether **Chris** is underweight, normal, overweight or obese.



Put a (ring) around the correct answer.

| underweight | normal | overweight | obese | |
|-------------|--------|------------|-------|-----|
| | | | | [1] |

(ii) Sam works out that he is slightly underweight.

How much should he increase his mass by to reach a normal mass?

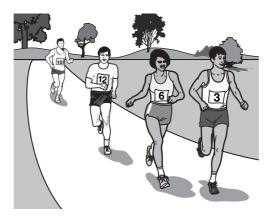
Use the information in the table and the BMI chart to work out your answer.

answerkg [1]

(b) Sam's doctor tells him to eat the recommended daily average intake of protein.

| Work out Sam's recommended daily average intake (RDA). |
|--|
| Use information in the table and the formula: |
| RDA in $g = 0.75 \times body mass in kg$ |
| |
| |
| answer[1 |
| A balanced diet also includes carbohydrates. |
| Why do we need carbohydrates? |
| [1] |
| [Total: 4 |
| |

Ayshea is running in a long-distance race.



| (a) | Dur | ing the race | e, Ayshea's breathin | g rate and heart rat | te increase. | | |
|-----|------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|
| | Wri | te about wh | y her breathing rate | and heart rate incr | ease during the | race. | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | [3] |
| (b) | Dur | ing the race | e, Ayshea's muscles | s produce a lot of he | eat. | | |
| | One | e way she lo | ses this extra heat | is by sweating more | €. | | |
| | (i) | Explain ho | w sweating causes | Ayshea to lose hea | ıt. | | |
| | | | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Losing ext | ra heat keeps Aysh | ea's body temperat | ure the same. | | |
| | | What word | l describes keeping | body temperature | the same? | | |
| | | Put a ring | around the best a | nswer. | | | |
| | dehy | dration | homeostasis | hypothermia | insulation | respiration | [4] |
| | | | | | | | [1] |
| | | | | | | [T | otal: 5] |

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SECTION B STARTS ON PAGE 10. PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

Section B – Module B2

6 Read the following article that appeared in a recent newspaper.

| | | Money to grow Cacti! | |
|-----|-------|--|-----|
| | | | |
| | | Las Vegas is a city in the middle of the desert in America. | |
| | | Water is in very short supply. | |
| | | The local council have decided to take action. | |
| | | They are paying local people one dollar per square metre to replace their grass lawns with a plant called the cow's tongue cactus. | |
| | | They think that this will help to solve the water shortage. | |
| (a) | | are plants. down one characteristic of cacti that places them in the plant kingdom. | [1] |
| (b) | The s | cientific name for the cow's tongue cactus is Opuntia engelmannii. | |
| | Put a | tick (\checkmark) in the box next to the system used to produce this name. | |
| | b | pimodal | |
| | b | pinomial | |
| | C | classification | |
| | C | conservation | [1] |

(c) The council think that the cacti will need less water than grass plants.

Finish the following sentences by writing words in the gaps.

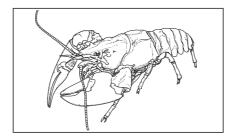
Choose your words from this list.

| | adapted | insulated | photosynthesis | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----|--|
| | reproduction | respiration | resistant | | |
| Plants such as cacti and grass use water for | | | | | |
| Cacti nee | d less water than gras | s because they are | | | |
| to living ir | hot, dry areas. | | | [2] | |

[Total: 4]

7 Read the passage about the British crayfish.

British Crayfish in Danger



Crayfish are small animals that live on the bottom of rivers.

Scientists have discovered that British crayfish are becoming endangered due to a larger, faster breeding American crayfish.

These crayfish were brought over from America for food but escaped into rivers.

This is disturbing the **community** living in the rivers.

There is a plan to move a **population** of British crayfish to a **habitat** where there are no American crayfish.

| (a) | (i) | The two species of co | ayfish are competing | with each othe | r. | |
|-----|------|---|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| | | Write down one reso | urce that they might be | e competing fo | r. | |
| | | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | The following senten | ces are meanings for s | some of the wo | ords in bold in the passa | ge. |
| | | Write the correct wor | d next to the meaning. | | | |
| | | An area where the cr | ayfish live. | | | |
| | | All the living organism | ns found in one area o | f a river | | [2] |
| (b) | Cray | yfish may feed on sna | ls. | | | |
| | (i) | Write down one feat eating snails. | ure that you can see | on the crayfis | h that makes them adap | oted to |
| | | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | What name is given t | o an animal that hunts | other animals | for food? | |
| | | Put a (ring) around yo | our answer in this list. | | | |
| | | competitor | parasite | predator | prey | [1] |

| C) | The | e passage says that British crayfish are becoming endangered. | |
|----|------|--|-----|
| | (i) | What does the word endangered mean? | |
| | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Put a ring around one other British animal in this list that is also endangered. | |
| | | fox | |
| | | osprey | |
| | | pigeon | |
| | | rat | [1] |
| | | | ניו |

[Total: 7]

| | | | 14 | | | |
|---|-----|--|--|----------|--|--|
| 8 | (a) | Bur | rning fossil fuels such as oil produces a number of substances that can cause polluti | ion. | | |
| | | One of these substances is carbon dioxide. | | | | |
| | | (i) | Put a ring around one other pollutant that is produced by burning fossil fuels. | | | |
| | | | CFCs | | | |
| | | | nitrogen | | | |
| | | | sewage | | | |
| | | | sulfur dioxide | [1] | | |
| | | | | [.] | | |
| | | (ii) | The amount of fossil fuels that is being burned is increasing. | | | |
| | | | Write down one reason why. | | | |
| | | | | [1] | | |
| | (b) | Maı Ear | ny scientists think that increasing levels of carbon dioxide may alter the temperature th. | of the | | |
| | | Fini | ish the following sentences to show how they think this might happen. | | | |
| | | Rad | diation from the sun passes through the surrounding the E | arth. | | |
| | | The | e Earth's surface is warmed and some of the radiation is re-radiated. | | | |
| | | The | e carbon dioxide in the air some of this radiation. | | | |
| | | The | e Earth therefore warms up. | | | |
| | | This | s process is called | [3] | | |
| | | | oT] | otal: 5] | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | 10 | |
|--------------|---|------------|
| Byron | wants to investigate two ecosystems near his house. | |
| One is | s a natural pond. | |
| The o | ther is a pond that had been dug in a field that contained cows. | |
| (a) V | Why is the pond in the cows' field called an artificial ecosystem? | |
| | | [1] |
| (b) B | Byron samples the small animals living in the natural pond. | |
| Р | Put a tick (\checkmark) next to the apparatus that he would use to sample the pond. | |
| | a net | |
| | a pit-fall trap | |
| | | |
| | a pooter | [1] |
| (c) T | hese are the animals that he catches in this pond. | |
| (| | |
| Н | He sampled about 0.5 m ³ of the water in the pond. | |
| Т | The pond contains 200 m ³ of water in total. | |
| E | Estimate the number of flatworms ()) living in the pond. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| to | otal number of flatworms = | [2] |
| | | [Total: 4] |

Section C – Module B3

10 Scott is learning about cells.

He uses a microscope to look at some of his cheek cells.

The picture shows what he can see.

(a) Label the diagram.

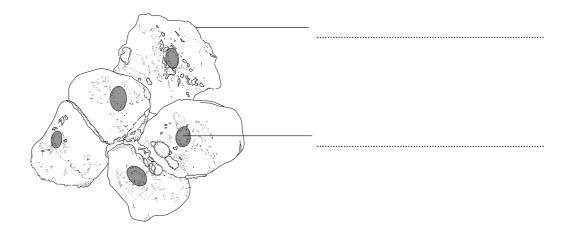
Choose the best words from this list.

cell membrane

cell wall

cytoplasm

nucleus



[2]

(b) Scott finds out about different cells in the body and the jobs they do.

Finish the table by writing the job of each cell.

The first one has been done for you.

| cell | job it does |
|------------------|---|
| egg cell | develops into an embryo when fertilised |
| sperm cell | |
| white blood cell | |
| red blood cell | |

(c) Look at the picture of a fertilised egg cell.



If this egg implants into the uterus it will grow into a foetus.

| Describe the | e two processes i | nvolved in grov | wth. | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|---|
| 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | |
| | | | | [| 2 |
| | | | | [| _ |

[Total: 7]

11 Look at the picture.

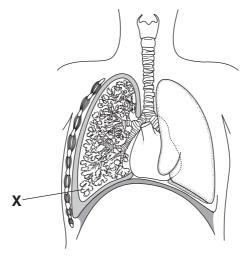
It shows a strawberry plant reproducing.



| (a) | ГШ | SIT THE SETTETICE | s about the strawi | berry plant. | | | |
|-----|------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| | Cho | oose the best w | ords from this list. | | | | |
| | а | sexual | different | identical | sexual | similar | |
| | The | strawberry plar | nt sends out runne | ers. | | | |
| | This | s is a type of rep | production called . | | re | production. | |
| | The | runners have p | lantlets on them. | | | | |
| | The | plantlets are ge | enetically | | to the par | rent plant. | [2] |
| (b) | Gar | deners can mal | ke more plants by | taking cuttings. | | | |
| | Her | e are four sente | ences (A-D) about | taking cuttings. | | | |
| | A | Put the cutting | into a pot of sand | y compost. | | | |
| | В | Cut a short ste | m off the parent p | lant. | | | |
| | С | Put a clear pla | stic bag over the p | olant. | | | |
| | D | Dip the stem in | nto plant hormone. | | | | |
| | The | y are in the wro | ng order. | | | | |
| | Fill | in the boxes to s | show the correct o | rder. | | | |
| | The | first one has be | een done for you. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| | В | | | [2 |
|-----|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------|
| (c) | The plant stem need | ds to be dipped into pl | ant hormone. | |
| | Explain why. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | [1 |

12 Look at the diagram. It shows the lungs and heart.



| (a) | Writ | e down the name of part X . |
|-----|------|---|
| | | [1] |
| (b) | A ga | as leaves the lungs and enters the blood. |
| | (i) | Write down the name of this gas. |
| | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Describe how this gas enters the blood. |
| | | Include ideas about concentration in your answer. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| | | [Total: 4] |

13 Read the article about bacterial mutations.

Bacterial mutations

There are many types of bacteria.

New strains occur because bacteria keep mutating.

Some of these new strains have an advantage when it comes to fighting off antibiotics.

MRSA is a bacterium which is resistant to antibiotics.

| (a) | Write down what is meant by the term mutation . |
|-----|--|
| | [1] |
| (b) | Mutations can occur spontaneously or are caused by some factors. |
| | Write down two factors that can cause mutations to occur. |
| | 1 |
| | 2[2] |
| (c) | Bacteria reproduce in the body and make us ill. |
| | They reproduce by dividing into two. |
| | This can take about 30 minutes. |
| | If you start with 10 bacteria there would be 40 bacteria after 1 hour. |
| | How many would there be after 3 hours? |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | number of bacteria[1] |
| | [Total: 4] |

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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