

# **GCSE**

# **Biblical Hebrew**

GCSE 1943

# **Mark Schemes for the Units**

**June 2008** 

1943/MS/R/08J

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## MARK SCHEMES ON THE UNITS

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# 1943/01 Paper 1 Language

Gridsheet for Question 1 (Paragraph 1)

Your answers to Question 1 (a) (Paragraph 1) should be written on this Gridsheet

Correct translations of words with either additions before the stem / root (prefixes) or with additions after the stem / root (suffixes) are generally awarded 2 marks.

The correct translations of phrases are also awarded 2 marks.

The correct translations of all other words are awarded 1 mark for each.

	line number	*	marks
אָז יִבנֶה	1	then (1) he built (1) / he would build (1)	[2]
בְּסֵפֶּר תּוֹרַת מֹשֶׁה	2	in the book of (1) the law of (1) [Moses]	[2]
אָבָנִים שְׁלֵמוֹת	3	whole / complete (1) stones (1)	[2]
הגיף	3	lifted (1)	[1]
בַּרְזֶל	3	iron (1)	[1]
וַיַּעֲלוּ	3	(and) they (1) brought up (1) / offered up (1)	[2]
מְשָׁנֵה	4	a copy (1) of (1)	[2]
וּזְקַנָיוּ	5	and his (1) elders (1)	[2]
מַזָּה וּמָזָה	6	on either (1) side (1)	[2]
ָּדְצִיוֹ	7	half (1) of it (1)	[2]
וָהַקּלֶלָה	9	and the curse (1)	[1]
צָּנָה	10	he commanded (1)	[1]
והנשים והטף	11	and the women (1) and children (1)	[2]

All suitable alternative translations will be given credit.

[ Total: 22 marks ]

#### Question 1 (b)

#### Paragraph 2 to be marked using one of the following schemes, A or B as follows.

A: Clause based marking scheme is to reflect the proportion of sense rendered accurately ('positive marking')

- (And) it was when all the kings heard
- Who were across the Jordan
- 3. In the mountains and in the lowlands and on the whole shore of
- 4. the Great Sea (Mediterranean Sea)
- Opposite the Lebanon
- (And) they gathered together
- To fight with Joshua and Israel
- With a single accord/ in a united manner

#### Initially allot 5 marks per clause -

5 marks for correct solution

4 marks for good translation allowing for two minor errors

3 marks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors

2 marks for less than adequate translation where some sense of the language is shown and half the words are correct

1 mark for any positive input

All suitable alternative translations are acceptable.

The total mark out of 40 is to be scaled down to a mark out of 8. Raise to the nearest whole mark.

[Total: 8 marks]

B: Where the script is poor or a number of clauses defy clear criteria referencing, the following scheme may be used to mark the script positively.

And it (1) was (1) when (1) all (1) the kings (1) heard (1) who (1) were (1) across (1) the Jordan (1) in (1) the mountains (1) and in the (1) lowlands (1) and on (1) the whole (1) shore of (1) the Great (1) Sea (1) opposite (1) the Lebanon (1) and they (1) gathered (1) together (1) to (1) fight (1) with (1) Joshua (1) and Israel (1) with (1) a single (1) accord (1) / in (1) a united (1) manner (1).

The total mark out of 32 to be divided by 4 to obtain a mark out of 8. Raise to the nearest whole mark.

[Total: 8 marks]

### Section B

Qτ	estion 2	
a)	(i) Joshua gathered the people	[1]
(ii)	He was speaking to their elders (1) heads (1) judges (1) and officers (1)	
Ea	ch answer 1 mark	[4]
b)	(i) The family of Abraham lived beyond the river Euphrates. Accept 'beyond the rive an answer.	
		[1]
(ii)	G-d did the following for Abraham:  Took him from beyond the river  Led him through the land of Canaan  Multiplied his descendants	
	Gave him Isaac	
E	ach answer 1 mark	[4]
•	) Root - חלך (1) conjugation – Hifil (1) ch answer <b>1 mark</b>	[2]
c)	(i) To inherit	[1]
(ii	The n is always present in the infinitive (1) of verbs of the ' 'n class (1).	[2]
d)	(i) The dagesh is to compensate for the Nun elided from the root.	{1]
gu	) [After the Vav consecutive there is a dagesh in the next letter but if that letter is a attural] the dagesh is rejected (1) and the previous vowel lengthens from a patach to a matz. (1)	
2	marks as above	[2]
c)	(i) The prophet turned East	[1]
	(ii) He was told to hide himself	[1]

<ul> <li>f) the ravens brought(1) him bread and meat (1) in the morning (1) and br the evening (1)</li> </ul>	ead and meat in
1 mark for any point up to a maximum of 3 marks.	. [3]
g) The river dried up (1) through lack of rain (1)	
1 mark for each point	[2]
h) The nifal is often used as a reflexive i.e. you will hide yourself.	(1)
i) (i) Sisera gathered his chariots and made ready for war	[1]
(ii) 900 chariots	[1]
<ul> <li>i) Deborah tells Barak</li> <li>Arise / get ready</li> <li>Today is the day that the Lord has delivered Sisera into your power</li> <li>Has not the Lord gone out before you?</li> </ul>	
Each point 1 mark up to a maximum of 3 marks.	[3]
k) Barak descends Mt. Tabor (1) with 10,000 soldiers at his command (1)  Each point 1 mark	[2]
The Lord panicked / confounded / confused Sisera and his army The Canaanite army was put to the sword Sisera abandoned his chariot Sisera made off on foot	
Each point 1 mark	[4]
m) The people cried / wept (1) and remembered Zion (1)	[2]
n) Infinitive construct	[1] FTotal 40 Marks]

#### Mark Scheme

#### Question 3

Question 3 is to be marked using one of the following schemes, A or B, as follows:-

#### A: Clause-based marking:

The principle of the marking scheme is to reflect the proportion of sense rendered accurately ('positive marking').

All suitable alternative translations are acceptable.

- The Queen of Sheba heard about the fame of Solomon
- That it was for the Name of the L-rd
- And she came to test him with (riddles)
- She arrived in Jerusalem with a very large entourage
- With camels bearing spices, gold and precious stones in large amount
- She came before Solomon and she spoke to him about all that was in her heart
- [And] Solomon told her [the answers to] all her questions
- There was nothing hidden from the king
- That he was unable to tell her
- The Queen of Sheba saw all of Solomon's wisdom
- The palace that he had built
- The food at his table
- And the seating of his servants
- And the position of his ministers and their uniforms
- And his butlers and his passageway
- By which he went up to the Temple of the L-rd
- And she was overwhelmed (lit. she had no more breath in her)
- [And] she said to the king "The report that I heard in my country was true,
- About your words and your wisdom
- But I had not believed the words
- 21. Until I came and my own eyes saw
- And behold, even the half was not told to me!
- You have even added wisdom and goodness to the report I heard
- Fortunate are your men, fortunate are your servants
- Those who stand before you constantly and who hear your wisdom
- May the L-rd your G-d be blessed who has chosen you
- To place you on the throne of Israel
- In the L-rd's everlasting love for Israel
- He has established you as king
- To do justice and righteousness".

The word in round brackets appears in the vocabulary assistance and is therefore not allotted a mark. The total mark out of 120 is scaled down to 30 by dividing by 4. All marks are raised to the nearest whole number.

Award marks for each clause as follows:-

4 marks for correct solution (1 minor error allowed)
3 marks for good translation (2 minor errors allowed)
2 marks if at least half the clause is translated correctly

1 mark for any positive input

[Total: 30 marks]

#### B: Word-based marking:

For candidates whose scripts are poor or where a number of clauses defy clear criteria referencing, the following scheme can be used to mark the script positively.

Initially allot 1 mark per word or phrase giving a mark out of 120.

Divide by 4 to give a mark out of 30.

Raise to the nearest whole mark.

- The Queen of Sheba
- heard
- about
- the fame
- of Solomon
- that it was for
- the Name of the L-rd
- And she
- came
- to test
- him
- with (riddles)
- she
- arrived
- in Jerusalem
- with a very large
- entourage
- with camels
- bearing
- spices
- gold
- and precious
- stones
- in large amount
- She came
- before Solomon

- 27. and she spoke
- 28. to him
- about all
- 30. that was
- 31. in her
- heart
- [And] Solomon told
- 34 her
- 35. [the answers to] all
- her questions
- There was nothing
- 38. hidden
- 39. from the king
- That he was unable
- 41. to tell
- 42. her
- The Queen of Sheba
- 44. saw
- 45. all of
- Solomon's wisdom
- 47. The palace
- 48. that he had built
- The food
- 50 at his
- 51. table
- 52. And the seating of
- 53. his servants
- And the position of
- his ministers
- and their
- uniforms
- 58. And his butlers
- 59 and his passageway
- 60. By which
- he went up
- 62. to the Temple of the L-rd
- 63. she had
- 64. no more
- 65. breath
- in her [she was overwhelmed]
- 67. [And] she said
- 68. to the king
- 69. "The report
- 70. that I
- 71. heard
- in my

- 73. country
- 74. was true,
- 75. About your
- 76. words
- 77. and your wisdom
- 78. But I had not
- 79. believed
- 80. the words
- 81. Until I
- 82. came
- 83. and my
- 84. own eyes
- 85. saw
- 86. And behold,
- even the half
- 88. was not told
- 89. to me!
- 90. You have even added
- 91. wisdom
- 92. and goodness
- 93. to the report
- 94. 1 heard.
- 95. Fortunate
- are your
- 97. men,
- 98. fortunate
- 99. are your servants
- 100. Those
- 101. who stand
- before you
- 103, constantly
- 104. and who hear
- 105. your wisdom
- 106. May the L-rd your G-d
- 107. be blessed
- 108. who has chosen
- 109. you
- 110. To place
- 111. you
- 112. on the throne of Israel
- 113. In the L-rd's
- 114. everlasting
- 115. love for Israel
- He has established you
- 117. as king
- 118. To do

- 119. justice
- 120. and righteousness

[Total: 30 marks]

# 1943/02 Paper 2 Literature

Q	11	a	2	ti	in	n	1
w	м	•	•				- 4

(a)	Seve	nteen years	[1]			
(b)	The e	extent of the life of Israel/Yisrael was one hundred and forty- n years.				
		ime of Israel/Yisrael drew near to die. alled his son Joseph/Yosef.				
	He sa hand	aid to him 'If I have found favour in your sight, place your under my thigh.'				
		hall act kindly and truly towards me.  t bury me in Egypt.				
		ie with my fathers. You shall carry me from Egypt and bury their burial plot.				
	Initial	y allot 5 marks per clause as follows:				
	4 mar 3 mar 2 mar and ha	ks for correct solution ks for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors ks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors ks for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown alf the words are correct k for any positive input				
The to Adjust	tal mar	k out of 25 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 5. nearest integer.	[5]			
consia	leration	ion is stilted (e.g. a word for word effort, without an overall of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall subjected to a readjustment to reflect the specified criteria.				
b)	(ii)	The Master (whilst in a sitting position) presses his thigh on the servant's hand (1). The servant thus acknowledges the authority of the Master (1). [Ibn Ezra/Hizkuni]	[2]			
c)	(i)	It seems rather strange that Jacob/Yaakov should bow (lower himself) to the 'head of the bed'. The phrase does not convey any message in the literal sense.				
	Any po	Any point: 1 mark.				
	(ii)	Amongst others:				
		Jacob/Yaakov acknowledged the Divine Presence (1) which is available to a person who is seriously ill (1) [Rashi]				
		Jacob/Yaakov acknowledged his good fortune (1) since Joseph/Yosef had survived spiritually in exile (1) [Rashi/Redak]				

Jacob/Yaakov acknowledged his fortune (1) that Joseph/ Yosef agreed not to bury him in Egypt (1) [Hizkuni] Jacob/Yaakov bowed to Joseph/Yosef (1) who was standing at the extremity of the bed (1) [Rashbam] Any suggestion: 2 marks as delineated [2] (d) G-d had previously appeared to him in Luz (Bethel) (1) and promised that a confederation of tribes (nations) would descend from him (1). The land of Canaan would be a permanent possession to his descendants (1). Any point: 1 mark [3] (e) Jacob/Yaakov considered Ephraim and Menashe (who were born prior to Jacob's/Yaakov's entry into Egypt) as equal to his two eldest sons (Reuben and Shimon) (1). They would, therefore, be tribes in their own right (1). Any future children born would be attached to one of these tribes (1). Any point: 1 mark [3] (f) Used with a conjunction (prior to) with the attached first (i) person nounal suffix (prior to my coming). (ii) Used with preposition I with the attached first person nounal suffix (when I came). (iii) preposition と (to) (to come) 1 mark for each example. Marks can be gained by either grammatical referent or accurate (and differentiated) translation. [3] (g) Amongst others: (i) (line 22) (אברכם [1] (ii) (line 1) (יאחזו [1] (iii) (line 11) (יותחזק [1] (h) Amongst others: Narrated details of the death of Rachel (Joseph's/Yosef's mother) (1) and the exact location of her burial plot (1). Asked for details of Joseph's/Yosef's children (1) and personally blessed them (1). Any point: 1 mark. Maximum [2] [Total: 25 marks]

(a)	Jaco	b/Yaakov [Israel/Yisrael]	[1]
(b)	(i) Th sp	ne days of crying for him (Jacob/Yaakov) passed and Joseph/Yosef oke to the household (court) of Pharaoh.	
	"If I h [as fo	ave found favour in your sight, please speak directly to Pharaoh ollows]	
	"My f	ather made me swear [as follows] 'Indeed I am about to die	
	You s Çana	shall bury me in my grave which I have prepared in the land of an'	,
	"Now	let me go and bury my father - then I will return".	
	Initial	ly allot 5 marks per clause as follows:	
	4 mar 3 mar 2 mar and h	rks for correct solution rks for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors rks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors rks for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown alf the words are correct rk for any positive input	
The to	tal mai to the	k out of 25 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 5. nearest integer.	[5]
consid	teration	ion is stilted (e.g. a word for word effort, without an overall of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall subjected to a readjustment to reflect the specified criteria.	
(b)	(ii)	Introducing speech	[1]
(c)	(i)	Pharaoh gave permission for Joseph/Yosef to bury Jacob/Yaakov (1) in accordance with the imposed oath (1)	
	1 mar	k for each fact	[2]
	(ii)	Leave Egypt Acknowledgement of religious/family duty	
	1 mari	k for either fact	[1]
(d)	(i)	their children (1) sheep and cattle (1)	[2]
	(ii)	to indicate that Joseph/Yosef and his family had no intention to leave the land (1) permanently (1)	[2]
	(iii)	North-East peninsular of the Nile delta (1) where the northern lakes converge into the Mediterranean Sea (1)	
	Any su	itable response:	[1]

(e) The noun ארן is generally understood as an open area where the grain is separated from the stalk (a threshing barn) [The Living Torah: Kaplan p139 footnote] (1)

The noun TON means brambles (1) and the phrase seemingly implies an enclosed area (1) surrounded by brambles (protected from outside interferences) (1) [see Ralbag's comment ad loc]

Any fact: 1 mark.

Maximum

[2]

- (f) אֵבֶּל: a noun meaning 'mourning' (1)
  - אָבֵל: an adjective presumably describing an implied noun probably אום (day) (this therefore an elliptic phrase meaning 'a mournful [day]' )(1)

[2]

- (g) אׁתוֹל is a combination of the preposition (object marker) אונג plus the suffix of the 3rd masculine singular (him) (1)
  - Using a distinctive pointing of the preposition את changes the meaning to 'with' (with him) (1)

Marks can be gained by differentiated translation or grammatical referents.

[2]

(h) The quotation from Tehillim portrays the character of Joseph/Yosef (1) by showing how he managed the Egyptians by bringing them under his control (1). A good example is line 7 'all the servants of Pharaoh, the most senior of his household went up (to Canaan) with him' (1) The second half of the quotation, from Psalm 105, indicates how Joseph/Yosef used his personality to have influence over the senior officers of Egypt (1). This is indicated by the use of the noun און און און וויינון וויינון

Any point: 1 mark

Maximum

[4]

[Total: 25 marks]

(a)	King [	David's son	[1]		
(b)	(i)	Let me go and repay my vow that I promised to the L-d in Hebron			
		For your servant made a vow when I lived in Geshur, in Aram, as follows:			
		If the L-d will restore me to Jerusalem, then I will serve the L-d			
		The King said to him 'Go in peace'. He arose and went to Hebron. Then Absalom/Avshalom sent spies throughout the tribes of Israel.			
		When you hear the sound of the ram's horn (shofar) you shall announce 'Absalom/Avshalom has become King in Hebron'.			
	Initially	allot 5 marks per clause as follows:			
	4 mark 3 mark 2 mark and ha	s for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown of the words are correct			
The to Adjust	tal mark to the n	out of 25 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 5. earest integer.	[5]		
consid	leration (	of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall			
(b)	(ii)	Absalom/Avshalom had exiled himself temporarily (1) (at Geshur) following a bitter family feud (1)	[2]		
(c)	(i)	200 invited men from Jerusalem	[1]		
	(ii)	They did not recognise Absalom's/Avshalom's true intentions	[1]		
(d)	King Da	avid's advisor	[1]		
(e)	Hebron. Then Absalom/Avshalom sent spies throughout the tribes of Israel.  When you hear the sound of the ram's horn (shofar) you shall announce 'Absalom/Avshalom has become King in Hebron'.  Initially allot 5 marks per clause as follows:  5 marks for correct solution 4 marks for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors 3 marks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors 2 marks for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown and half the words are correct 1 mark for any positive input  total mark out of 25 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 5. st to the nearest integer.  [5]  translation is stilted (e.g. a word for word effort, without an overall ideration of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall translation of the passage as a whole unit and translation of the passage as a whole unit and translation of the passage as a whole un				
(f)		est distant house in Jerusalem (on the very outskirts of the	[1]		

(g)	territo	Either: King David was using mercenary troops from the Philistine territory (1) since Gath was one of the five Philistine cities(1).  or Israelite refugees from Gath (1)					
	Any p	oint: 1 mark.	Maximum	[2]			
(h)	Any noun that is moderated by a number 10 or above is generally in the singular.			[1]			
(i)		ברגליו:	3rd masculine singular suffix (1) attached to plural noun (1) [Alternative: following him (1) on foot (1)]				
		ברגלו:	attached to singular noun (1).[ Alternative: under his command (1)]	[3]			
(j)	(i)	attached to the	are used in the construct the definite article is only e second noun (this determines the f the first noun). i.e. The sound of the shofar (ram's	[1]			
	(ii)	An adjective complied. i.e. the	an function as a predicate where the verb 'to be' is e rebellion (was) intensive.	[1]			
		Marks can be translations.	gained by either grammatical referent or differentiate	∍d			
(k)	Among	mongst others:					

King David, inititially, allows Absalom/Avshalom too much latitude; he allows him to go to Hebron without too much questioning of his real motives (lines 1-4).

King David prepares to flee without resistance to Absalom/Avshalom (lines 10-13) anticipating a disaster should Absalom/Avshalom have to force the issue

Left the city on foot (without royal chariots) to avoid a noticable exit (line 16)

Utilized special units to accompany him (lines 17-18)

Tried to dissuade allies (Ittai of Gath) being involved in civil disturbances (lines 19-20)

Any point: 1 mark.

Maximum

[3]

[Total: 25 marks]

(a) A secret agent of King David

[1]

 (b) (i) Hushai said to Absalom/Avshalom 'the advice which Ahithopel has given on this occasion is not correct.

> Hushai said 'You know that your father and his men are mighty and bitter-souled people like a bear bereaved in the field.

Your father is a man of war. He will not stay overnight with the people. Indeed, now he has hidden himself in one of the caverns or one of the other places.

It will be when David will attack them at the beginning (of the campaign); whoever will hear about this will announce.

There has been a slaughter amongst the people who follow Absalom/Avshalom.

Initially allot 5 marks per clause as follows:

5 marks for correct solution

4 marks for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors

3 marks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors

2 marks for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown and half the words are correct

1 mark for any positive input

The total mark out of 25 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 5. Adjust to the nearest integer.

[5]

If the translation is stilted (e.g. a word for word effort, without an overall consideration of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall mark may be subjected to a readjustment to reflect the specified criteria.

(b) (ii) באחת feminine construct (in one of) [1]

Tחתב masculine construct (in one of) [1]

Marks awarded only for grammatical referent.

(c) The entire Israelite forces should be gathered (from Dan to Beer-Sheba) (1). Absalom/Avshalom should personally lead the force (1) Should confront David directly in one of his strongholds with a strong force (1) as affective as dew falling on the land. (i.e. everywhere)

1 mark for any point Maximum [3]

(d) (e)	The a	advice of Hushai/Chushai is superior (1) to that of Achithopel (1) The prophetical author/narrator Either response				
	(ii)	Since Hushai's response was really inferior Ahithopel (1) it was surprising that Absalo accepted it (1). The narrator/prophetical a that it was only G-d working behind the so agency of Hushai) that could bring about the Absalom/Avshalom (1).	m/Avshalom author emphasises ene (through the			
	Any p	oint: 1 mark.	Maximum	[2]		
(f)	(i) <u>a</u> :	indicates definite article combined with pre	eposition (in the)	° [1]		
	(ii) ユ:	indicates the indefinite with preposition 2	(in a)	[1]		
	(iii)Ĵ;	indicates definite article combined with pre the טָ of טָל is tone-bearing, the definite a ק and thus when attached to a preposition Only grammatical referents will gain marks	ticle would be	[1]		
(g)	(i)	unless [all that belongs] to the King will be swallowed up/imploded.	destroyed/			
		unless the King will be destroyed	-			
	Any ap	proach:		[1]		
	(ii) Possibly an elliptic phrase (as indicated by the square brackets) (1). The verb בלע is used in the pual (passive)					
		implying destruction/swallowing up (1). (3) Il Samuel/Shmuel 20:20) i.e. the entire pos David will collapse. (1)				
		According to Ralbag (his comment <i>ad loc</i> ) has the sense of המלך (1) but the noun is out of cautious regard for Absalom/Avshalo	circumvented			
	Any fact: 1 mark. Maximum					
(h)	Hushai, whilst ostensibly supporting Absalom/Avshalom liases with Zadok (the priestly supporter of King David) (1)					
	Hushai informs him of both Ahithopel and his own plans (1). Prewarns King David not to stay by the fiords of the desert (1), but he should, for his own safety, cross to the River Jordan (1).					
	Any point: 1 mark. Maximum [Total: 25 ma					

(a) Syrian army officer

[1]

(b) (i) He (Na'aman) said: 'I thought [to myself] that he (Elisha) would definitely go out [to me], stand (upright) and call out in the name of the L-d, his G-d [the two square brackets indicate alternatives]

> and wave his hand over the place (of the disease) and cure the debilitated person. Are not (Surely) the rivers of Amana (Avanah) and Parpar the rivers of Damascus better than

all the waters of Israel. Could I not wash in them and I will become pure. He turned around and went off in a rage.

His servants approached him and said to him 'Sir, [if] the prophets had requested a difficult task from you would you not have done it?

All the more so, when he said to you 'Wash (in the River Jordan) and become pure.'

Initially allot 5 marks per clause as follows:

5 marks for correct solution

4 marks for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors

3 marks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors

2 marks for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown and half the words are correct

1 mark for any positive input

The total mark out of 25 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 5. Adjust to the nearest integer.

[5]

If the translation is stilled (e.g. a word for word effort, without an overall consideration of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall mark may be subjected to a readjustment to reflect the specified criteria.

(b) (ii) D and D are labials (letters formed by the lips) (1) and are interchangeable in Semitic languages (1).

> Amana was the Israelite pronounciation and therefore preserved in the Keri (pronounced public reading version) (1) whereas Avana was the Syriac pronouciation and preserved in the Ketib (written text version) (1).

Any fact: 1 mark.

Maximum

[2]

(c) (i) He immersed seven times (1) in the River Jordan (1).

[2]

(ii) Elisha

[1]

Ple	(d) I acknowledge that there is no deity (1) outside of Israel (1) Please take my present (1) Any point 1 mark:  Maximum					
(e)	(i) (ii)	a pile of earth (1) large enough to lo donkeys (1) In order that he could offer sacrifice soil (1) to the G-d of Israel (1).	•	[2]		
	Any fa	ct: 1 mark.	Maximum	[2]		
(f)		command form always commences ( hataf-patah)	with a shewa	[1]		
		s בְּשֵׂר (The acce able requires a shewa under the ב of		[1]		
		e preformative (signal) letter of the Im awa.	perfect Piel demands a	[1]		
(g)	The letter מן is the shortened form of the preposition מון. It is pointed with a 'zera' ( _ ) before a guttural (1) (since guttural cannot take a dagesh).					
(h)	From N	Na'aman's perspective				
	Expectation that prophet would perform magical rites (1) to cure disease (lines 1-2) (1)					
	Expressed the concept of a true deity (1) but understood that it was operational in a specific geographical area (1) (lines 8-9)					
		that sacrifices to the L-d of Israel dem y (1) if these sacrifices were to take p 11-12)				
	Acknowledged that it was incorrect for him to bow down to Syrian deity (1) but amusingly asked for forgiveness in advance, since it was part of his duty to accompany his master to the shrine at Beth-Rimon (1) (lines 13-15)					
	From Elisha's perspective					
	Obeying divinely inspired command brings about a cure (1). This meant the immersing in the River Jordan a specific number of times (1) (lines 6-7)					
		s imperative to sanctify G-d (1) mean ne recipient of G-d's grace (1) (lines 9				

[4]

Evidence of the Academy of prophecy (1) who were supported

Any discussion of religious practices: 1-2 marks as delineated:

materially (1) (lines 20-22).

(a) (i) One of the four lepers / excluded persons / debilitated persons

Any suitable response [1]

(ii) Very little choice as to their predicament.
 If the group were to stay where they were - they would die of starvation. (1)

If they were to enter the city which is besieged (and without food) they would also die. (1)

1 mark for each condition

[2]

(b) (i) Now come let us surrender to the camp of Aram (Syria). If they will maintain us, we will live. If they kill us, we will die.

> They arose at twilight in order to enter the camp of Aram (Syria). They came to the edge of the camp of Aram (Syria) and indeed there was no-one there.

> The L-d had caused the camp of Aram (Syria) to hear the sound of chariots, horses and a large army.

Each person said to his fellow man 'Indeed the King of Israel has hired against us the Kings of the Hittites and Egypt to attack us'.

Initially allot 5 marks per clause as follows:

5 marks for correct solution

4 marks for good translation, allowing for up to 2 minor errors

3 marks for adequate translation but where there are 3-4 minor errors

2 marks for less than adequate translation, where some sense is shown and half the words are correct

1 mark for any positive input

The total mark out of 20 to be scaled down to a mark out of 5, dividing by 4. Adjust to the nearest integer.

[5]

If the translation is stilted (e.g. a word for word effort, without an overall consideration of the passage as a whole unit) and does not flow: the overall mark may be subjected to a readjustment to reflect the specified criteria.

(ii) North-East of Israelite territory

[1]

(c) The tents were in their original position. (1) The horses and donkeys were tethered in the positions where the Arameans had placed them. (1)

[2]

(d)	The outcast felt that it was morally incorrect for them to be eating and drinking and taking booty (1) whilst the population of Samaria/Shomron were trapped in the city (1). Since it was a time for announcing good news (1) it was unfair to allow the entrapped citizens to wait for the morning (1).					
	Any po	oint: 1	mark.	Ma	ximum .	[2]
(e)	(i)	assist	ant ga	a main gate-keeper for the city (1) plate- te-keepers who communicated with within the city (1)	us junior the King's	[2]
	(ii)	Jehor	am / Y	[eh]oram		[1]
(f)	נבא	We w	ill com	e (Kal - Imperfect) (1)		ø,
	נבאה	Let us	come	(Kal-Cohortative) (1)		[2]
	Marks can be gained by differentiated translation or grammatical referents.					
(g)	(i) Ci	סוסיו	,	indicates plural (horses)		[1]
	(ii) 1377	חכ	,	replaces ה' of the root חכה		[1]
	(iii) ער	†>	,	first letter of root		[1]
(h)	Passiv tethere		1) Par	ticiple (1) masculine singular (1)		
	1 mark Maxim		ssive	Kal. 1 mark for any other fact.		[2]
(i)	The Arameans knowing that the Israelites were starving (1) had purposely positioned themselves away from the city (1) in order to capture the Israelites when they broke out of Samaria/Shomron.(1)					
	Any po	int: 1 n	nark			[2]

[Total: 25 marks]

# **Grade Thresholds**

General Certificate of Secondary Education Biblical Hebrew (Specification Code 1943) June 2008 Examination Series

## **Component Threshold Marks**

Component	Max Mark	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	U
01 – Language	100	81	70	59	51	45	37	30	0
02 – Literature	100	75	65	55	49	41	35	29	0

#### Overall

	<b>A</b> *	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	U
Percentage in Grade	11.6	32.0	29.3	13.6	5.2	4.1	1.7	1.0	1.5
Cumulative Percentage in	11.6	43.6	72.9	86.6	91.7	95.9	97.5	98.6	100
Grade									

The total entry for the examination was 484.

Statistics are correct at the time of publication.

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