



---

GCSE

**Bengali**

Unit 2 Reading Higher  
Mark scheme

---

4635  
June 2015

---

Version 1: Final Mark Scheme

---

---

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from [aqa.org.uk](http://aqa.org.uk)

## READING TESTS

### Notes on the Marking Scheme

#### *Non-verbal Answers*

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

#### *Verbal Answers*

1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
  - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
  - (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied:
    - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, **accept**;
    - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
  - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
  - (d) Where a question has more than one **section**, a student may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
  - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, students are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
2. ..../..... means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
3. In questions where students are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.
4. Accept
  - T/F/?
  - 4 /X/?
  - a mix and match approach using the above, where the response is clear and unambiguous (eg. T and 4 are both used by the student).

In multiple choice questions where students must choose one letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.

5. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
  - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
  - **NFP** = no further penalty
  
6. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be assessed. Where part of an answer is crossed out then only what remains should be considered.
  
7. Where a student spells the answer in such a way that it is a word in the target language, no credit can be awarded.
  
8. If a student offers two different responses in English eg dog (cat) or dog/cat, no credit can be awarded.

## 2015 GCSE Bengali Unit 2 – Higher

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
1(a)	Monday afternoon / pm/evening	1	Only Monday/evening/pm on its own

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
1(b)	A <b>black</b> pen	1	A pen

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
2	<b>A, D, E</b> (in any order)	3	B, C

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
3(a)	Parents work /at night/ not at home in evening /night/parents not at home in the evening/night	1	He is the only child/he stays on his own

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
3(b)	Helps dad with barbeque/he likes doing barbeque with dad/ have a barbeque with dad	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
3(c)	1.Go walking/go for (long) walks (1) 2.Have picnics (1) (In any order)	2	Stay in the caravan/spend a lot of money

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
3(d)	Not (don't have) enough money/lack of money /shortage of money	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
4(a)	<b>M</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
4(b)	<b>S</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
4(c)	D	1	
Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
4(d)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
5(a)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
5(b)	G	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
5(c)	E	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
5(d)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
6(a)	Having more freedom / becoming independent / managing / earning own money/ can work /can take own responsibilities (Any one)	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
6(b)	He could take driving lessons/ can learn to drive	1	Drives a car

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
6(c)	(So that) He could drive / travel (long distances) with friends/go out with friends	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
6(d)	Achieve good results/ studying hard (1)  (In order to) get a well-	2	

	paid job (1)		
--	-----------------	--	--

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
7(a)	Overslept /woke up late/ forgot to set the alarm	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
7(b)	Not pleased/ annoyed/not happy/felt bad/ angry/frustrated	1	worried/disturbed

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
7(c)	Doesn't get on with the teacher/ does not like the teacher/ no friends in (that) class	1	Find English hard/ does not understand English

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
7(d)	Not enough time / too little time to practise / too much homework	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
8(a)	<b>P</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
8(b)	<b>P/N</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
8(c)	<b>P/N</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
8(d)	<b>N</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
8(e)	<b>P/N</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
9(a)	<b>K</b>	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
9(b)	T	1	
Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
9(c)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
9(d)	S	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
10(a)	The amount you need to drink depends on each person's / individual's health/drinking excessive amount of water is harmful	1	Drinking 8/10 glasses of water

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
10(b)	<b>Positive effect:</b> reduces stress/ anxiety/ tension (1) <b>Negative effect:</b> causes/ increases restlessness/ harmful effect on body (1)	2	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
10(c)(i)	Having a healthier/ better/ change in lifestyle	1	Eating healthier food/avoiding fatty food/ eating fruit and vegetables

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
10(c)(ii)	By doing <b>more</b> exercise / increasing physical activities	1	Eating healthier food/avoiding fatty food/ eating fruit and vegetables

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
11(a)(i)	Tigers are becoming extinct/dying out/ life is endangered	1	Being killed/ hunted



Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
11(a)(ii)	Loss of habitat/ lack of food/ illegal poaching/ hunting/ killing/ deforestation/ cutting trees/ destroying forest  (Any one)	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
11(b)(i)	Bones/ teeth	1	Tiger skin

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject/ notes
11(b)(ii)	Used in the making of (costly/ expensive)/ natural/herbal medicine/ for making money	1	

**Total marks: 45**