



GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION APPLIED SCIENCE: DOUBLE AWARD

J649 B482/02

Unit 2: Science for the needs of society (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the question paper A calculator may be used for this paper

OCR Supplied Materials: None

Other Materials Required:

- Pencil
- Ruler (cm/mm)

Friday 12 June 2009 Morning

Duration: 1 hour



Candidate Forename				Candidate Surname			
Centre Number				Candidate N	umber		

MODIFIED LANGUAGE

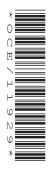
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- The marks allocated and the spaces provided for your answers are a good indication of the length of answers required.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE				
Qu.	Max.	Mark		
1	10			
2	10			
3	10			
4	12			
5	10			
6	8			
TOTAL	60			

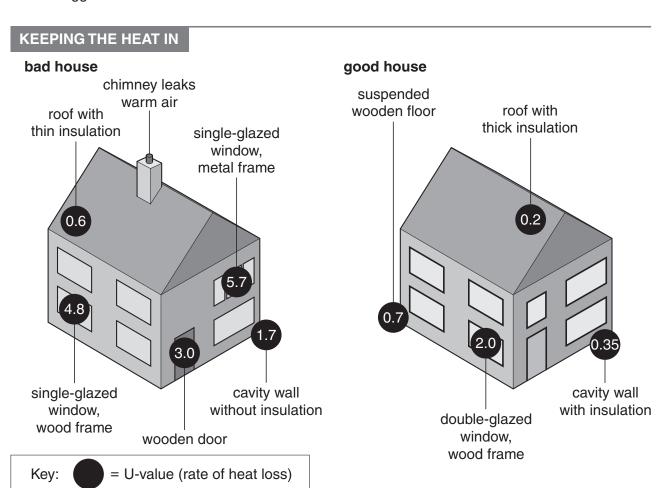


Answer **all** the questions.

1 Simple home improvements can save a lot of energy.

Look at the diagram comparing energy loss in two types of house.

The bigger the U-value the more heat is lost.



- (a) Use the information on the diagram to answer the following questions.
 - (i) How much does the use of cavity wall insulation **change** the U-value?

answer[1]

(ii) Wood and metal framed windows are used.

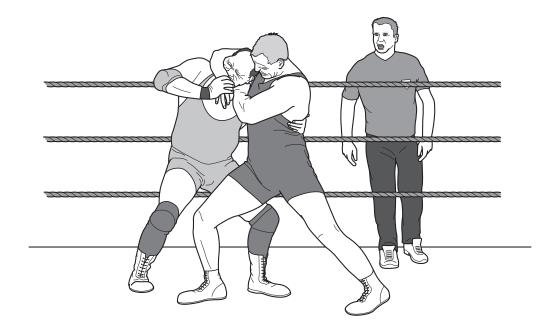
Which is the better insulator?

Explain how you worked out your answer.

.....[

	(iii)	The U-value for the r	oof is less in the 'g	ood house'.		
		Suggest two change	s that reduce the h	eat loss compare	d to the 'bad house'.	
		1				
		2				[2]
(b)	A do	ouble-glazed window	has a U-value of 2	watts per square	metre per degree Celsiu	JS.
	This	s means a one metre	square window wh	ich is 1°C warme	on the inside will lose 2	2 watts.
	(i)	How many watts wou	ıld a 4 square met	re window lose pe	r degree Celsius?	
			answer		watts per degree Cel	sius [1]
	(ii)	How many watts wo warmer inside the ho	•	metre window lo	se if the temperature w	≀as 5°C
				answer	w	atts [1]
(c)	One	e major source of hea	loss is air leakage).		
	Wai	m air escapes from th	ne top of the house	and cool air is dr	awn in lower down.	
	Whi	ch type of energy trar	nsfer process is inv	olved in heat loss	by air leakage?	
	Put	a (ring) around the co	rrect answer.			
		combustion	conduction	convection	radiation	[1]
(d)	The	parts of the house th	at lose the most he	eat can be found ι	sing thermal imaging ca	ameras.
	The	camera shows the di	fferent temperature	es of each part of	the house.	
	(i)	Which part of the 'ba	d house ' would sh	ow the highest te	mperature?	
						[1]
	(ii)	Which type of electron	magnetic wave is	used by thermal i	naging cameras?	
						[1]
					[To	otal: 10]

2 Recent research has shown that some diseases can be easily passed between wrestlers during a wrestling match.



	Put	a (ring) around the correct answer. athlete's foot measles ringworm tuberculosis	
		ich disease in humans is caused by a virus.	
(b)	Viru	uses are one type of microorganism that can cause disease.	
			[1]
		Suggest why.	
		Referees are far less likely than wrestlers to catch diseases during a wrestling match	١.
	(ii)	Referees stand near to the wrestlers.	
			[2]
(a)	(i)	Explain how a healthy wrestler may become infected with harmful microorganisms du a wrestling match.	ring

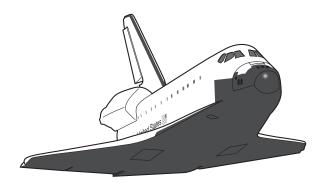
(c)	Scie	entists have suggested two ways of stopping the spread of viruses	•				
	(i)	The scientists advise all wrestlers to get a vaccination.					
		Explain how a vaccination works.					
		Your answer should include:					
		what is in a vaccine					
		how it gets into the body					
		what happens in the body.					
				[3]			
	(ii) The scientists have also suggested testing all wrestlers for infectious diseases be they fight.						
		How will this stop the spread of disease?					
				[1]			
(d)	Son	ne virus infections can damage the heart.					
	A w	restler with a damaged heart does not fight as well.					
	Whi	ch of the following will result from a damaged heart?					
	Put	a tick (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the two correct answers.					
		oxygen and glucose will be moved around the body too quickly					
		waste products build up in cells					
		lung capacity is reduced					
		less oxygen will be in the blood		[2]			
				[Total: 10]			

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3 The outside skin of a space shuttle is made of different materials.

The skin needs to be able to withstand very high temperatures when it descends through the atmosphere.

The skin of the shuttle is made from aluminium alloy covered with ceramic tiles. The tiles are made by firing a silicon compound in a microwave oven.



- (a) Aluminium alloy is much stronger than pure aluminium.
 - (i) What is an alloy?

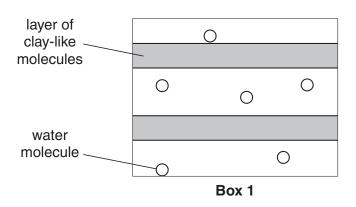
ii)	Explain why the structure of aluminium alloy makes it stronger than pure aluminium.	[1]
		[2]

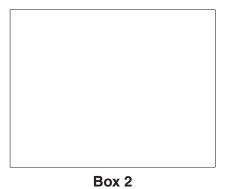
(b) The tiles are made by firing a silicon compound in a hot oven.

The silicon compound contains layers of molecules that have a structure similar to clay.

Bonds form between the layers during firing.

The diagram in Box 1 shows the structure of the silicon compound **before** firing.



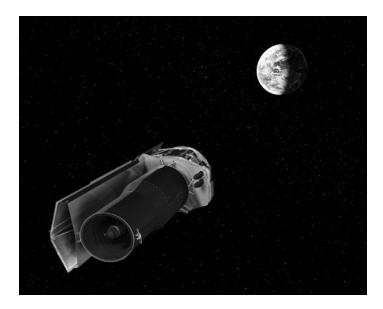


		ľ	
	(i)	Draw a diagram in Box 2 to show the structure of the silicon compound after firing.	[2]
	(ii)	Explain why the fired tiles are suitable to be used on the space shuttle. Use ideas abstructure in your answer.	out
			[2]
(c)	The	two main elements in the tiles are silicon and oxygen.	
	The	diagram shows the electron arrangement in a silicon atom and an oxygen atom.	
		X X Si X X	
		silicon atom oxygen atom	
	(i)	What type of bonds would you expect silicon to form?	
	(ii)	Describe this type of bond.	[1]
	(iii)	How many protons are in an oxygen atom?	
			[1]

[Total: 10]

4 Astronomers use space telescopes to study the Universe.

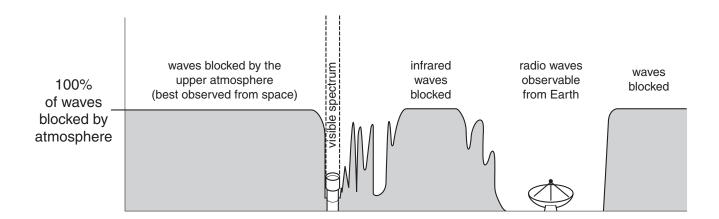
This is a picture of the Spitzer infrared space telescope.



The advantage of a space telescope is that it is above the Earth's atmosphere.

The gases in the Earth's atmosphere absorb some parts of the electromagnetic spectrum.

The diagram shows how the atmosphere absorbs parts of the electromagnetic spectrum.



electromagnetic spectrum

(a)	Name two gases which are transparent to radio waves.	
	Use information from the diagram to help you.	
	and	Γ2

(b)	Draw two arrows on the diagram, to show:
	the direction of increasing wavelength
	the direction of increasing frequency.
	You must label the arrows clearly. [2]
(c)	Name two different regions of the electromagnetic spectrum, other than infrared, that are mostly absorbed by the Earth's atmosphere.
	and [2]
(d)	The atmosphere absorbs most of the infrared light waves.
	The Spitzer telescope can detect infrared light waves with a wavelength of 0.001 m and a frequency of $3\times10^{11}\text{Hz}.$
	(i) Write the formula relating wave speed, wavelength and frequency.
	(ii) Calculate the speed of infrared light waves.
	speed = m/s [2]
(e)	Space telescopes have given us much information about stars, galaxies and distances in space.
	Complete the following sentences using numbers from the list.
	0.001 4 1000 300 billion
	The nearest star, other than the Sun, is about light years away.
	The solar system is about light years across.
	Our galaxy is made up of about stars.

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[Total: 12]

Cystic fibrosis is a genetic disorder.								
Cells produce mucus that is too thick.								
This causes problems with breathing and digestion.								
People can be carriers of cystic fibrosis without having the disorder.								
(a) (i) Explain what is meant by a genetic disorder.								
[2								
(ii) Use words from the list to complete the description of a carrier of cystic fibrosis.								
dominant								
genetic								
heterozygous								
homozygous								
recessive								
A carrier of cystic fibrosis must have both a cystic fibrosis allele								
and a normal allele.								
This means that they are for the cystic fibrosis gene.								

(b) This diagram shows how the alleles from a mother and father can combine.
Each letter represents an allele.

(i) Complete the diagram by filling in the boxes.

F f			mo	mother			
			F	f			
	fotbor	F					
f	father	f					

[1]

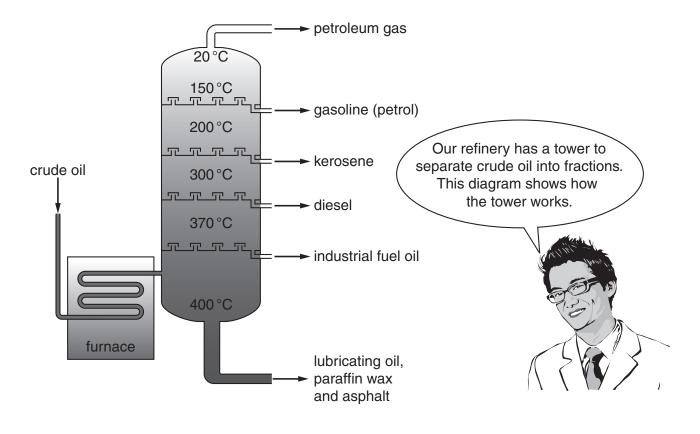
[Total: 10]

(ii) On the diagram put a ring around an allele that represents a gamete. [1]
(iii) What is the name of the type of cell division that produces gametes? [1]
(iv) Write down the combination of alleles of a child who has cystic fibrosis. [1]
(v) What is the probability of a child of this mother and father having cystic fibrosis? [1]

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6 Joe visits an oil refinery.

The guide tells him how crude oil is separated into fractions.



(a)	what is the name for this industrial process?	
		[1]
(b)	Which of the following statements explain how the process works?	

Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the **two** correct statements.

the fractions solidify as they rise up the tower	
the compounds in crude oil have different boiling points	
the fractions condense at different temperatures	
the higher up the tower the higher the temperature	
the fractions are filtered in the tower	

[2]

(c) The table shows some information about four compounds from crude oil.

formula of compound	found in fraction
C ₈ H ₁₈	petrol
C ₄₀ H ₈₂	lubricating oil
C ₁₂ H ₂₆	diesel
C ₃ H ₈	petroleum gas

(i) Which of the compounds in the table is likely to have the highest boiling point?

	Put a (ring) around the correct answer.								
		C ₈ H ₁₈	C ₄₀ H ₈₂	$C_{12}H_{26}$	C ₃ H ₈			[1]	
(ii)	Explain your	r choice.							
	Use ideas about intermolecular forces.								
								[2]	
(iii)	Which word applies to all four compounds?								
	Put a (ring) around the correct answer.								
	acidic	alkaline	composi	te inoi	rganic	organic		[1]	
(iv)	Explain your	r reasoning.							
		•••••							
								[1]	
							[Total	: 8]	

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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