Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Secondary Education Foundation Tier January 2010

APSC/2F

Applied Science (Double Award)

Unit 2 Science for the Needs of Society

Thursday 14 January 2010 9.00 am to 10.30 am

For this	paper	you	must	have:
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a ruler.

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed

1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins or on blank pages will not be marked.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

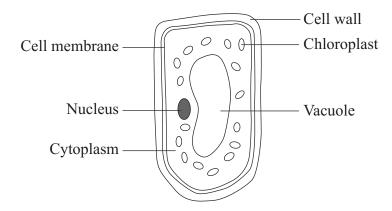
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use								
Examiner's Initials								
Question	Mark							
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
TOTAL								



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

- 1 Living organisms are made up of cells that can all do different jobs.
- 1 (a) This is a diagram of a leaf cell from a plant.



Some of the cell components in a plant cell are:

- A Nucleus
- **B** Cell membrane
- C Cell wall
- **D** Vacuole
- E Chloroplast
- F Cytoplasm

Use the letters A, B, C, D, E or F to answer the questions.

Write your answer in the box.

1	(a)	(i)	Give one cell component that is found in both plant and animal cells.		
				(1)	mark)
1	(a)	(ii)	Give one cell component that is found only in plant cells.	(1)	mark)



1	(b)	Plant	ts make food	by photosynthesis.			
1	(b)	(i)	Name the pa	art of the cell where p	hotosynthesis occurs	-	
							(1 mark)
1	(b)	(ii)	Choose the photosynthe	correct words from thesis.	e box to complete the	e word equation	n for
			air	glucose	oxygen	water	
	Carl	oon di	oxide +	→		+	(2 marks)
1	(c)	Spec	ialised plant	cells do special (partic	cular) jobs.		(=,
	()			ws a root hair cell.	/ J		
		Give	two differen	ces between a leaf cel	ll and a root hair cell		
		1					
		2					
							(2 marks)

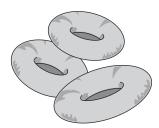
Question 1 continues on the next page



1 (d) Diagrams 1 and 2 show specialised human cells.

Look at the diagrams and answer the questions below.

Diagram 1



1 (d) (i) Draw a ring around the name of the cells in **Diagram 1**.

White blood cells Red blood cells

Platelets

(1 *mark*)

1 (d) (ii) What is the special feature of the cells in **Diagram 1**?

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

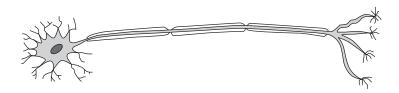
No nucleus No cell membrane

Extended shape

(1 *mark*)



Diagram 2



1 (d) (iii) Draw a ring around the name of the cell in **Diagram 2**.

Skin cell Hair cell Nerve cell

(1 mark)

1 (d) (iv) What is the special feature of the cell in **Diagram 2**?

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

No nucleus No cell membrane Extended shape

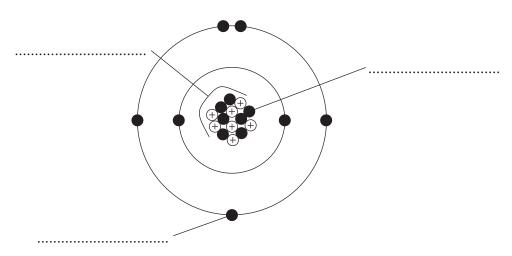
(1 mark)

11

Turn over for the next question



- 2 Chemists have discovered that the building blocks of materials are atoms and molecules.
- 2 (a) The diagram shows an atom of nitrogen.
- 2 (a) (i) Use words from the box to label the diagram of the atom.



(3 marks)

2 (a) (ii) Draw a ring around the correct atomic number of nitrogen.

5

7

14

21

(1 mark)

2 (b) The table shows the names and formulae of some molecules.

Name	Formula
Nitrogen	N ₂
Carbon dioxide	
	H ₂ O
Hydrogen	H ₂
Ethanol	C ₂ H ₅ OH
Methane	

2 (b) (i) Complete the table by writing in **one** missing name and **two** missing formulae.

(3 marks)

2	(b)	(ii)	Nitrogen molecules are formed from nitrogen atoms.	
			How many nitrogen atoms combine together to form one nitrogen mol	ecule?
2	(b)	(iii)	Nitrogen is an element. Name one other element in the table.	(1 mark)
2	(b)	(iv)	Give one use for methane.	(1 mark)
				(1 mark)

,

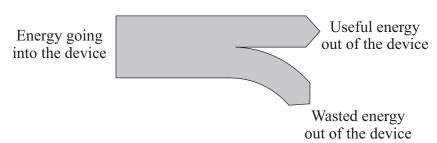
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Turn over for the next question



3 A Sankey diagram shows the energy transfer that occurs in a device.

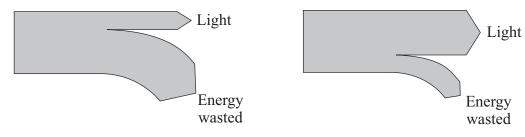
Sankey diagram



3 (a) The Sankey diagrams for a normal light bulb and a low energy light bulb are shown below.

Normal light bulb

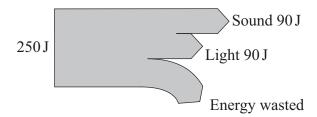
Low energy light bulb



hy is a low energy light bulb described as more efficient than a normal light bulb	?
(2 ma	



3 (b) The Sankey diagram for a TV looks like this.



3	(b)	(i)	What type of energy goes into the TV to make it work?
			(1 mark,
3	(b)	(ii)	Calculate how much energy is wasted.
			The amount of energy wasted is

Question 3 continues on the next page

Turn over ▶

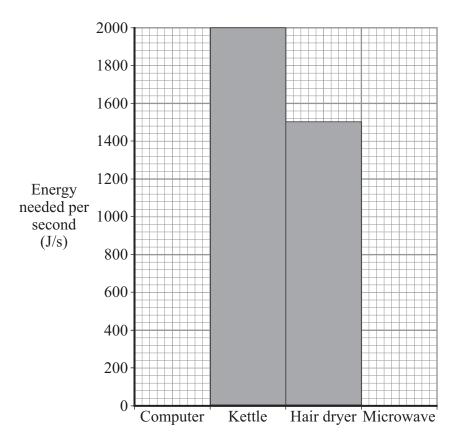
(1 mark)



3 (c) The table shows the amount of energy that some devices need to work.

Device	Energy needed per second (J/s)
Computer	360
Kettle	2000
Hair dryer	1500
Microwave	1200

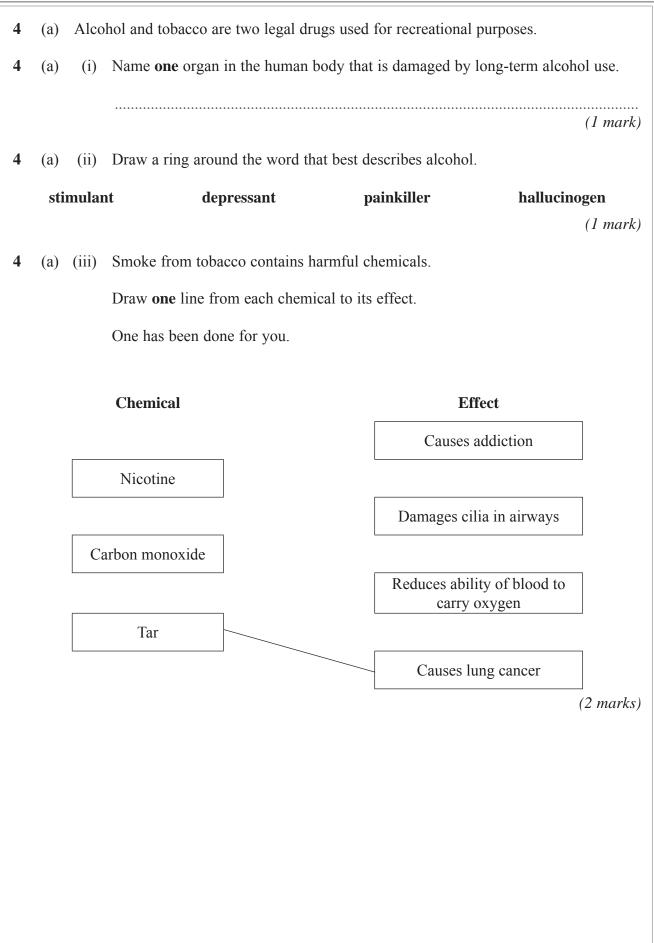
Complete the bar chart by plotting the energy needed by the computer and by the microwave.



(2 marks)

3	(d)		of different energy sources are used yday lives.	to power all the devices we use is	n our
3	(d)	(i)	Draw one line from each device to	the appropriate energy source.	
			Device	Energy source	
				Mains electricity	
			Camping stove		
				Gas	
			Mobile telephone		
				Battery	
			Microwave		
				Oil	(3 marks)
3	(d)	(ii)	Why is it more convenient for mp3	players to run off batteries?	(1 mark)
3	(d)	(iii)	Why are batteries not used to power	er kettles?	
					(1 mark)
			Turn over for the	next question	







4 (b) A UK medical journal published an article comparing the effects of some legal and illegal drugs.

This table shows data on some of the drugs.

Drug	Number of UK users	Number of related UK deaths per year	
Heroin	300 000	700	
Cocaine	780 000	214	
Alcohol	40 000 000	4000	
Amphetamines	430 000	35	
Tobacco	10 000 000	114 000	

			data from the table to suggest why they say this.	
		•••••		(1 mark,
4	(c)	Som	e examples of medical drugs are:	
		A A	Aspirin	
		В	Penicillin	
		C I	Paracetamol	
			the letters, A , B or C , to answer the questions. the your answer in the box.	
4	(c)	(i)	Which drug is an antibiotic?	(1 mark)
4	(c)	(ii)	Which drug can be used as both a painkiller and an anti-inflammatory?	(1 mark)
4	(c)	(iii)	A cold is caused by a virus.	
			Why will doctors not normally prescribe antibiotics to treat a cold?	
				(1 mark,



4 (d) Some patients want to be allowed to take cannabis as a medical drug. Read the opinion of a patient.



I have a disease called rheumatoid arthritis, which is very painful. My doctor cannot prescribe cannabis because it is illegal.

Suggest one advantage and one disadvantage for the patient of taking cannabis.
Advantage
Disadvantage
(2 marks)

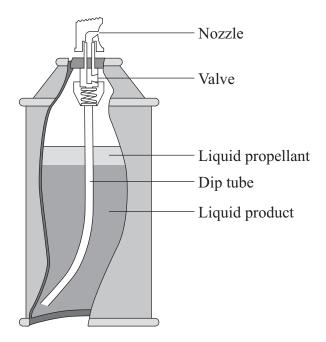
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5 Scientists are worried about the effects of some man-made chemicals on the environment.

Aerosols have many different uses in the home.

The diagram shows the design of an aerosol can.



Use words from the box to complete the sentences about how the aerosol can works.

gas	high	liquid	low	solid
-----	------	--------	-----	-------

5	(a)	(i)	The propellant has a boiling point. (1 mark)
5	(a)	(ii)	When the valve is opened the propellant turns from a
			into a

Question 5 continues on the next page



5	(b)	(i)	Four types of mixture that are used at home are describe	ed in the table	
			Which one is the description of an aerosol? Tick (✓) one box.		
			Description of type of mixture	(√)	
			A liquid mixture with small lumps of solid that are not dissolved in the liquid		
			Bubbles of liquid filled with gas		
			Very small liquid particles mixed with a gas		
			A liquid trapped inside a solid structure		
					(1 mark)
5	(b)	(ii)	Name one product that is sold as an aerosol.		
					(1 mark)
5	(b)	(iii)	Name one other type of mixture used in the home.		
					(1 mark)
5	(c)		es and other propellants released from aerosol cans are po may increase global warming.	owerful greenh	ouse gases
		Pow	er stations also release a greenhouse gas.		
5	(c)	(i)	Name the gas.		
					(1 mark)
5	(c)	(ii)	How is this gas produced in the power station?		
					(2 marks)



5	(c)	(iii)	Suggest two ways of reducing this gas in the atmosphere in the future.
			1
			2
			(2 marks)

11

Turn over for the next question



6	Peop	ole wh	e who make kettles need to understand how heat moves from one place to another.						
6	(a)	Use	se words from the box to complete the sentences.						
			conduction convection radiation						
6	(a)	(i)	Heat travels through the metal heating element by	(1 mark)					
6	(a)	(ii)	Heat travels through the water by	(1 mark)					
6	(b)	The	diagram shows a cross-section of a kettle.	(1 meme)					
			Plastic outer casing Water Metal heating element						
6	(b)	(i)	Complete the sentence to explain what happens when water is heated kettle.	in the					
	(1)	<i>(</i> ::)	The water expands and becomes	(2 marks)					
6	(b)	(ii)	Why is the heating element made out of metal?						
6	(b)	(iii)	Why is the outer casing made out of plastic?	(1 mark)					
				(1 mark)					



6 (c) These sentences are about conduction.

Draw a ring around the correct word or phrase to complete each sentence.

6 (c) (i) Conduction occurs best through

gases liquids solids

(1 mark)

6 (c) (ii) This is because the particles are

far apart
moving fast

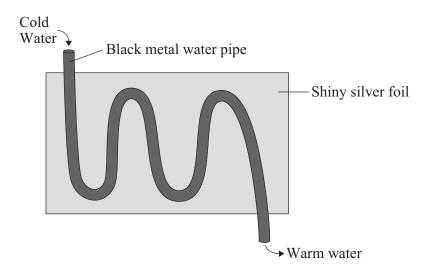
close together

and can pass on their

energy easily.

(1 mark)

6 (d) Another way of heating water is to use heat energy from the Sun. The diagram shows a solar water heater.



6 (d) (i) Why is the metal water pipe painted blace	:k?
--	-----

(1 *mark*)

6 (d) (ii) What is the purpose of the shiny silver foil behind the pipe?

.....

(1 *mark*)

10



7	(a)	The food we eat affects our health.						
		Certain foods are considered to be healthy and an excess of others is considered to be unhealthy.						
7	(a)	(i)	Draw a	ring arou	nd one unh	ealthy snack.		
			apple	CI	risps	chocolate	carrots	sweets (1 mark)
7	(a)	(ii)	Name of unhealt	_	lient in the	snack that you have	e chosen which	makes it
								(1 mark)
7	(b)	To s	tay healt	hy, our bo	ody needs to	o control our blood	glucose levels.	
		Drav	v a ring	around the	e correct wo	ord or phrase to con	nplete each sen	tence.
							decreases	
7	(b)	(i)	After a	meal, the	level of glu	ucose in the blood	increases	
							stays the same	e (1 mark)
					liver			(1 mark)
7	(b)	(ii)	This m	akes the	pancreas	produce insulin.		
-	(0)	(11)			stomach	P104000 1115011111		(1 mark)
							glucagon	
7	(b)	(iii)	The ins	sulin cause	es the gluco	se to be converted	to glycogen	
				liver			sugar	
			in the	pancreas				
				stomach				(2
								(2 marks)



7	(c)	Insulin belongs to a group of chemical substances known as hormones.
		Hormones control many processes in our bodies.
		How are hormones transported to their target organs?
		(1 mark)
7	(d)	Our body also controls our internal temperature.
		Use the diagram to describe and explain one way in which our skin temperature can be lowered if we are feeling too warm.
		Hair
		Capillaries
		Sweat gland
		(2 marks)



8 A wide range of materials is used in the building industry.

The physical properties of a material make it suitable for its use.

8 (a) Some uses for materials in the building industry are given in **Table 1**. Complete the table by writing the most common type of material next to the example given.

Table 1

Example of material and its use	Type of material		
Polyethene gutters	Polymer		
Steel-reinforced concrete for foundations			
Copper hot water cylinder	Metal		
Bathroom tiles			
Wooden window frames	Natural		

 $\overline{(2 marks)}$

8 (b) Some physical properties of two of the materials in **Table 1** are given in **Table 2**.

Table 2

Material	Melting temperature in °C	Density in g per cm ³	Electrical conductivity	Heat conductivity
A	1083	8.92	Very good	Very good
В	110 to 140	0.95	Poor	Poor

For each material in **Table 2** name the type of material and give the property that makes it suitable for the use given in **Table 1**.

8	(b)	(i)	Material A	
			Type of material	
			Property	
			- ·	(2 marks)
8	(b)	(ii)	Material B	
			Type of material	
			Property	
				2 marks)



8 (c) Wood is a traditional material used to make window frames, but other materials are often used instead of wood in modern houses.



8	(c)	(i)	Name a modern material used to make window frames.
8	(c)	(ii)	(1 mark) Give one advantage of making a window frame from the modern material.
8	(c)	(iii)	Give one advantage of making a window frame from wood.
			(1 mark)

Turn over for the next question



9	Since 1956 Britain has been building nuclear power stations as an alternative to fossil fuel power stations.				
9	(a)	Name one fossil fuel.			(1 mark)
9	(b)	Nucl	Nuclear power stations transform nuclear radiation energy to heat energy.		
9	(b)	(b) (i) Why is nuclear radiation dangerous to humans?			
					(1 mark)
9	(b)) (ii) What is the best material to stop gamma radiation?			
					(1 mark)
9	(b)	(iii)	Give two use	s of gamma radiation.	
			1		
			2		
					(2 marks)
9	(c)	Ther	e are other alte	ernatives to fossil fuel power stations as energy resources.	
9	(c)	(i) Which type of energy resource uses the motion of the sea?			
					(1 mark)
9	(c)	(ii)	Complete the	table by writing a disadvantage of each of the energy reso	ources.
		Energy resource		Disadvantage	
			Solar		
			Wind		
		Hydroelectric			
	L		1		(3 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

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