

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Applied Science (Double Award) 3861

3860/2H Science for the Needs of Society

Mark Scheme

2005 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

3860/2H

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 1 (a)(i) | carry oxygen | ignore CO ₂ | 1 |
| (ii) | help form a clot at the site of a wound | accept clot the blood / heal wound / seal wound / produce scab / stop bleeding | 1 |
| (iii) | any one from: fight disease / prevent illness / fight bacteria produce antibodies / protect against infection / immune system remove microbes / dead tissue / toxins | | 1 |
| (b)(i) | plasma | | 1 |
| (ii) | any two from: food / sugar / amino acids / vitamins / nutrients / minerals salt carbon dioxide hormones waste / urea | ignore nitrogen / oxygen etc accept protein / carbohydrate / fat | 2 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|----------|--|---|-------|
| (c)(i) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | • thickness (of wall) / muscle | ignore bigger / larger accept reference to muscle | |
| | • direction of blood flow (to or from heart) | ignore oxygenated / deoxygenated | |
| | • pressure / speed of blood flow | accept reference to pulse | |
| | • valves | | |
| | • vessel nearer skin surface | | |
| (ii) | diffusion | | 1 |
| (d)(i) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | • dead / attenuated / weak form / part | do not accept small amount | |
| | • of bacteria / virus / germ | do not accept microorganisms / disease / infection | |
| | • that initiates an immune response / production of antibodies | | |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|----------|---|--|-------|
| (ii) | any three from: | | 3 |
| | • same organism | do not accept disease | |
| | recognised / recognition implied | | |
| | • white blood cells – must be in context | | |
| | • antibodies (produced) – must be in context | | |
| | antibodies remain in blood / produced quickly | do not accept destroy infection / disease | |
| | bacteria / virus destroyed / killed | | |
| Total | | | 14 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|-----------------|---|--|-------|
| 2 (a)(i) | convection | | 1 |
| | radiation | | 1 |
| | conduction | | 1 |
| (ii) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | loft insulation cavity wall insulation / thick walls | } insulation = 1 mark | |
| | • double glazing / smaller windows | ignore close windows | |
| | • draught proofing | | |
| | • curtains | | |
| | • carpets / underlay | | |
| | • silver foil behind radiator | | |
| (b)(i) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | • lid on beaker | ignore time / volume measurements or repeat | |
| | • bulb under / closer to / in beaker | experiment | |
| | • reflective surface behind bulb | | |
| | • metal beaker | | |
| | • remove gauze | | |
| | • insulation on sides / shielding | | |
| | • stir the water | | |
| | • digital thermometer | | |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|----------|---|--|-------------|
| (ii) | any four from: | | 4 |
| | temperature at start temperature at end fix any other variable repeat with second bulb / comparison of results | any temperature measurement = 1 mark temperature rise = 2 marks compare temperature rise = 3 marks compare time taken for fixed temperature rise = 4 marks | |
| (c)(i) | 2/20 = 0.1 = 100 (watts) | accept ecf for conversion of kW to W | 1 1 1 |
| (ii) | current = power / voltage = 100 / 240 = 0.42 (amps) | allow $p = c \ge v$ (correct answer scores 3 marks) | 1 1 1 |
| (d) | any three from: last longer waste less energy / gives off less heat / more efficient use less electricity cheaper over long time period / cheaper to run / cheaper bill | do not accept energy | 3 |
| Total | | | 20 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| 3 (a) | energy / respiration / movement | | 1 |
| (b)(i) | pesticides / insecticide | | 1 |
| | kills / poisons aphids | | 1 |
| (ii) | predator / ladybirds | accept definition of predator | 1 |
| | eat aphids | second mark must be linked to method | 1 |
| | or | liction | |
| | attraction crops / marigolds | | |
| | attract aphids | | |
| | or | | |
| | insect trap / pheromones | | |
| | traps aphids | | |
| (c)(i) | cell wall | ignore cellulose | 1 |
| | chloroplast | ignore chlorophyll | 1 |
| (ii) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | • (cell) membrane | | |
| | • nucleus | | |
| | • cytoplasm | | |
| Total | | | 9 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|-----------------|---|---|-------|
| 4 (a)(i) | any one from: | | 1 |
| | • no new oil being formed / takes time to be formed | do not accept can not be reused / replaced (need to explain) | |
| | • supplies being used up | | |
| (ii) | any two from: | do not accept fossil fuel | 2 |
| | • (natural) gas | | |
| | • coal | | |
| | • nuclear / uranium / radioactive material | | |
| (b)(i) | fractional | fractionation = 2 marks | 1 |
| | distillation | | 1 |
| (ii) | any one from: | | 1 |
| | • boiling point | | |
| | • size of molecules | | |
| (c)(i) | carbon | | 1 |
| | hydrogen | | 1 |
| (ii) | contains carbon | ignore hydrogen | 1 |
| | comes from living things | | 1 |
| (iii) | covalent | | 1 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|----------|---|--|-------|
| (iv) | carbon dioxide water | accept hydrogen oxide do not accept hydroxide | 1 |
| (v) | any two from: carbon dioxide released global warming / greenhouse effect flooding / changes to climate / damage to coral | ignore acid rain and other gaseous pollutants for ozone layer apply list principle | 2 |
| Total | | | 15 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------|
| 5 (a) | any four from: | | 4 |
| | • burn coal | steps linked and in correct order | |
| | • releases heat | | |
| | • produces steam (from water) | | |
| | • drives turbine – not fan | | |
| | • drives generator | | |
| (b)(i) | (67.4/2.3) = 29.3 | | 1 |
| | million kilojoules (per tonne) | | 1 |
| (ii) | efficiency = energy output / energy input | | 1 |
| | = 12.6/29.3 | accept ecf from (b)(i) | 1 |
| | = 0.43 (43%) | | 1 |
| (c) | loss of heat | ignore light | 1 |
| Total | | | 10 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|-----------------|--|---|-------|
| 6 (a)(i) | e.g. copper | chosen material must be a metal | |
| (ii) | any two from: e.g. good heat conductor good electrical conductor high melting point malleable / easily shaped high density – lead waterproof strong hard / durable shiny / attractive – silver | answer must be linked to metal in (a)(i) | 2 |
| (iii) | e.g. electrical wiring | answer must be linked to property in (a)(ii) | 1 |
| (b)(i) | e.g. polyethene | accept natural polymers must be a polymer | |
| (ii) | any two from: e.g. flexible waterproof softens on heating / low melting point low density / light weight strong easily moulded does not conduct heat does not conduct electricity transparent – polythene does not decompose – PVC | answer must be linked to polymer in (b)(i) ignore light | 2 |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|----------|---|--|-------|
| (iii) | e.g. plastic bags | answer must be linked to property in (b)(ii) | 1 |
| (c)(i) | e.g. reinforced concrete / plywood / fibreglass / MDF | do not accept concrete must be a composite | |
| (ii) | e.g. strong under compression – concrete e.g. high tensile strength – steel | answers must be linked to composite in (c)(i) | 2 |
| (iii) | e.g. building | answer must be linked to composite in (c)(i) | 1 |
| (d) | any three from: control of variables e.g. equal sized pieces of material suitable device with quantitative measurements variation of load repeat for 3 materials repeat experiments and take average | max 2 marks if experiment is not suitable | 3 |
| Total | | | 12 |

| question | answers | | extra | ı inform | ation | marks | | |
|-----------------|---|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------|--|--|
| 7 (a)(i) | SPRQ | | | | | 1 | | |
| (ii) | mitosis (must be spelt correctly) | | | | | | | |
| (b) | 4 | | | | | 1 | | |
| (c) | monohybrid | | | | | 1 | | |
| (d)(i) | parents: Bb × Bb | | | | | 1 | | |
| | gametes: Bb and Bb (correct from parent genotype) | | | | | 1 | | |
| | offspring: Bb Bb BB bb (correct | | | | | 1 | | |
| | from parent geneotype) | | | | | 1 | | |
| | bb is white | accept circled | | rectly in | dicated e.g. | 1 | | |
| | | | | | was passed = 1 mark | | | |
| | | B b | B BB Bb | b Bb bb | = 2 marks | | | |
| | | B b | B BB Bb | b Bb bb | = 3 marks | | | |
| | | B b | B BB Bb | b Bb (bb) | | | | |
| | | and | | | | | | |
| | | parent | s Bb \times | Bb | = 4 marks | | | |

| question | answers | extra information | marks |
|--------------------|---|-------------------|------------|
| (ii) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | • breed all brown rabbits | | |
| | select white rabbits for breeding | | |
| | • breed together over several generations | | |
| Total | | | 10 |
| Overall marks = 90 | | | marks = 90 |