

	C	Centr	e Nu	mber
	_			
	Can	didat	e Nu	mber
	Can	didat	e Nui	mber

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2015

### **Applied Business**



# [G9372] TUESDAY 2 JUNE, AFTERNOON

#### TIME

1 hour, plus your additional time allowance.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

There should be enough space for your answers.

If you do require more space, you may complete your answers on the extra lined pages at the back of this booklet.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all six** questions.

#### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The total mark for this paper is 100.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication is assessed in questions **3(c)**, **4(d)** and **5(h)**.

For Examiner's use only		
Question Number	Marks	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

Total	
Marks	

#### **BLANK PAGE**

#### Case Study

Read the case study below and answer the questions that follow.

#### Clean Cars Ltd

John McFarland and Patrick Johnston have successfully run their individual sole trader car washing/valeting businesses for approximately 10 years in the city of Armagh. Both gentlemen gained the necessary experience having served specific apprenticeships for washing/valeting cars and then employment for the same small business owners prior to becoming entrepreneurs themselves.

As the recession continued, both businesses were failing with a declining customer base, no new customers and reduced turnover all leading to staff redundancies. To overcome this difficulty John and Patrick decided to combine their current business ventures to form a new organisation, Clean Cars Ltd.

John specialises in car washing and Patrick in car valeting. The integration of both businesses proved to be a positive decision. Clean Cars Ltd has moved into its second successful year of trading. In its first year of business Clean Cars Ltd reported an end of year profit, as well as having retained all existing customers from both previous businesses, attracting a number of new customers, providing a small number of jobs in addition to adding a range of new and competitively priced services to the surrounding area.

Source: own source

#### Answer all questions

1

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

a)	John McFarland and Patrick Johnston own Clean Cars Ltd. Which type of business ownership do they use to operate their new business?	
		[1]
b)	Write down <b>two</b> advantages and <b>two</b> disadvantages of this type of business ownership.	
	Advantage 1	
	Advantage 2	
		[1]
	Disadvantage 1	
	Disadvantage 2	
		[1]
c)	To become a part owner of this type of business organisation both John and Patrick must purchase a number of	
		[1]
(d)	Name the <b>two</b> documents that must be drawn up before Clean Car Ltd can start trading.	s
	1	[1]

4

(e) When a profit has been declared by Clean Cars Ltd each sharehold will receive a share of the profit.		Examir larks
This share of profits is known as a	[1]	
(f) Identify three aims that Clean Cars Ltd may have for its second ye of trading.	ar	
1	[1]	
2	[1]	
3	[1]	

		in the cours					
State the la work.	w which gove	erns the welfa	are of the e	employees	while at		
						[1]	
Identify thre	e responsibili	ities for emp	loyers whil	e in the wo	rkplace.		
1							
						[1]	
						[1]	
3							
						[1]	
Identify <b>thr</b>	e responsibili	ities for emp	loyees whi	le in the wo	orkplace.		
1							
						[1]	
 2						[1]	
						[1]	
 2						[1] — [1]	
 2						[1] — [1]	
 2						[1] — [1]	
 2						[1] — [1]	
 2						[1] — [1]	
 2						[1] — [1]	

9378.02 **ML** 

(a)	Identify the type of production that is used within Clean Cars Ltd.		Examin	er Only
		[1]	Marks	Remark
		ניו		
(b)	Explain this type of production with reference to Clean Cars Ltd.			
( )				
		[2]		
(c)	Analyse the changing trends across the various types of production John and Patrick within the Northern Ireland economy.	to		
		_		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		<u> </u>		
		[8]		

List three signs of suppose Lise evidence from the same	Marks R
List <b>three</b> signs of success. Use evidence from the case	
1	[1]
2	[1]
3	[1]
Identify and explain the type of integration that John and to create their new business venture, Clean Cars Ltd.	Patrick used
Type of integration	[1]
	[-]
Discuss <b>two</b> benefits of this type of integration for Clean	Cars Ltd.
	[4]

9378.02 **ML** 

	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	 [8]	]

	nge of new services.		
)	Explain the term competition.		
		_	
		 [3]	
)	Discuss strategies that Clean Cars Ltd could use to manage competition.		
		<u> </u>	
		_	
		[6]	
)	Identify and explain the method of market research used to provide Clean Cars Ltd with the results needed to offer its new range of services.		
	Method of market research:	[1]	
		_	
		[2]	

9378.02 ML 10

Write down <b>one</b> advantage and <b>one</b> disadvantage of this method market research to Clean Cars Ltd.	Of Examiner Marks I	r Only Remark
Advantage		
	 _ [1]	
Disadvantage		
	[1]	
Discuss <b>three</b> reasons why Clean Cars Ltd carried out market research.		
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_ [0]	
	market research to Clean Cars Ltd.  Advantage  Disadvantage  Discuss three reasons why Clean Cars Ltd carried out market	market research to Clean Cars Ltd.  Advantage

**(f)** Identify and explain the parts of the marketing mix by completing the following diagram.

[1]	[1]
[1]	[1]
MAR	The KETING MIX
[1]	[1]
(g) Discuss the channel of distribu	

\_\_\_\_\_ [3]

	Analyse the impact that competition has on the marketing mix for Clean Cars Ltd.		Examin Marks	er R
[8]				
[8]				
[8]				
[8]				
		_ [8]		

**6** John and Patrick produced the following set of final accounts at the end of their first year of trading.

Income Statement for Clean Cars Ltd for the year ending 31st December 2014

	£	£
Sales Revenue		100,000
Opening Inventory	5,000	
Purchases	<u>38,560</u>	
	43,560	
Closing Inventory	<u>3,560</u>	40.000
Less COST OF GOODS SOLD		40,000
GROSS PROFIT		60,000
Less Expenses		
Wages and Salaries	24,000	
Rates	2,500	
Heating and Lighting	1,500	
Insurance	3,250	
Miscellaneous Expenses	<u>750</u>	<u>32,000</u>
NET PROFIT		<u>28,000</u>

Examiner Only Marks Remark

## Statement of Financial Position for Clean Cars Ltd as at 31st December 2014

NON-CURRENT ASSETS	£
Premises	55,000
Vehicle	5,300
Machinery/Equipment	5,000
Tools	1,300
Total Non-Current Assets	66,600
CURRENT ASSETS	
Closing Inventory	3,560
Trade Receivables	20,600
Bank	28,840
Cash	6,800
Total Current Assets	<u>59,800</u>
Total Assets	<u>126,400</u>
EQUITY	
Opening Capital	46,000
Add Net Profit	28,000
Less Drawing	8,000
Closing Capital	66,000
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Mortgage	25,900
Bank Loan	4,000
Total Non-Current Liabilities	29,900
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Trade Payables	6,000
Bank Overdraft	24,500
Total Current Liabilities	30,500
Total Equity and Liabilities	126,400
. Julia = quity una Elabilitio	<u>-120, 400</u>

Examin	
Marks	Remark

Return on ca	apital employed (ROCE) =	
	Net Profit Total Assets – Current Liabilities × 100	
ANSWER:		
		[3]
Explain the m	neaning of your answer in (a) to Clean Cars Ltd.	

Net profit percentage =  $\frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Sales Revenue}} \times 100$ 

ANSWER:

[3]

<b>1</b> )	Explain the meaning of your answer in (c) to Clean Cars Ltd.	Examine Marks	r C Re
	[2]		
	Calculate the working capital ratio for Clean Cars Ltd, using the formula in the space below.		
	FORMULA:		
	Working capital ratio = Current Assets Current Liabilities		
	ANSWER:		
	[3]		
7	THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER		

Continuation page (Use this page if you need more space to complete your answers.)

Question	Number your answers clearly
Number	
İ	

Continuation page (Use this page if you need more space to complete your answers.)

Question Number	Number your answers clearly