RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT

## GCSE

## Additional Science A

## Mark Scheme for January 2012

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.
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## Annotations

Used in the detailed Mark Scheme:

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| $/$ | alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point |
| $(1)$ | separates marking points |
| not/reject | answers which are not worthy of credit |
| ignore | statements which are irrelevant - applies to neutral answers |
| allow/accept | answers that can be accepted |
| (words) | words which are not essential to gain credit |
| words | underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| ecf | error carried forward |
| AW/owtte | alternative wording |
| ORA | or reverse argument |

Available in scoris to annotate scripts

|  | indicate uncertainty or ambiguity |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | benefit of doubt |
|  | eontradiction |
|  | drawrect response carried forward |
|  | draw attention to particular part of candidate's response |


| reject | correct response |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | draw attention to particular part of candidate's response |
| $\square$ | information omitted |
| $\square$ |  |

## Subject-specific Marking Instructions

a. If a candidate alters his/her response, examiners should accept the alteration.
b. Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.
E.g.

For a one mark question, where ticks in boxes 3 and 4 are required for the mark:

c. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, e.g. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.
d. Marking method for tick boxes:

Always check the additional guidance.
If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes.
If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, e.g. shading or crosses.
Credit should be given for each box correctly ticked. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.
E.g. If a question requires candidates to identify a city in England, then in the boxes

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third should be blank (or have indication of choice crossed out).

| Edinburgh |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manchester | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Paris |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Southampton | $\checkmark$ | $\times$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Score: | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | NR |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) |  | infrared (light) | 1 |  |
|  | (b) |  | description of digital; <br> on or off / square wave / 1 or 0 / pulses <br> description of noise; <br> - random signal / wave picked up in the cable / signal with no information / interference. <br> EITHER <br> digital signal can be cleaned up at the receiver; <br> OR <br> noise is not picked up by optical fibres/ difficult for noise to get into the optical fibre. | 3 | accept diagrams instead of descriptions digital $\square$ $\square$ <br> noise Mon monNMN |
|  |  |  | Total | 4 |  |







| Question |  |  | Answer |  | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | (a) | lead iodide lead nitrate potassium iodide potassium nitrate |  |  | 1 |  |
|  | (b) | $10\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ |  |  | 1 |  |
|  | (c) | to remove impurities that are; soluble in water; water must have no [dissolved] impurities itself. |  |  | 3 | accept "potassium nitrate" for impurities accept distilled water is "pure" but not "purer" |
|  |  | Total |  |  | 5 |  |



| Question |  | Answer |  | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | (a) | $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}+2 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  | 3 | 3 formulae correct = 1 mark <br> all formulae correct $=2$ marks <br> and correctly balanced with correct formulae $=3$ marks |
|  | (b) | $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$ |  | 1 | negative charge must be included accept "hydroxide (ion)" |
|  |  |  | Total | 4 |  |

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