

GCSE

Additional Science A

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit A216/02: Modules B5, C5, P5 (Higher Tier)

Mark Scheme for January 2012

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, OCR Nationals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

© OCR 2012

Any enquiries about publications should be addressed to:

OCR Publications PO Box 5050 Annesley NOTTINGHAM NG15 0DL

Telephone:0870 770 6622Facsimile:01223 552610E-mail:publications@ocr.org.uk

Annotations

Used in the detailed Mark Scheme:

Annotation	Meaning					
/	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point					
(1)	separates marking points					
not/reject	answers which are not worthy of credit					
ignore	statements which are irrelevant - applies to neutral answers					
allow/accept	answers that can be accepted					
(words)	words which are not essential to gain credit					
words	underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark					
ecf	error carried forward					
AW/owtte	alternative wording					
ORA	or reverse argument					

Available in scoris to annotate scripts

?	indicate uncertainty or ambiguity
100	benefit of doubt
(सन्) ।	contradiction
×	incorrect response
1-0-1	error carried forward
0	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
~~~	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response

	no benefit of doubt
R	reject
<b>*</b>	correct response
~~~	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
K	information omitted

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

- a. If a candidate alters his/her response, examiners should accept the alteration.
- b. Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.

E.g.

For a one mark question, where ticks in boxes 3 and 4 are required for the mark:



c. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, e.g. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.

d. Marking method for tick boxes:

Always check the additional guidance.

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes. If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, e.g. shading or crosses. Credit should be given for each box correctly ticked. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.

E.g. If a question requires candidates to identify a city in England, then in the boxes

Edinburgh	
Manchester	
Paris	
Southampton	

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third should be blank (or have indication of choice crossed out).

Edinburgh			✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
Manchester	✓	×	✓	✓	✓				✓	
Paris				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Southampton	✓	×		✓		✓	✓		✓	
Score:	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	NR

Q	Question		Answer				Marks	Guidance
1	1 (a)		electrons✓are all on one atom.ionsare shared between two atoms.✓neutronsare spread out between many atoms.protonsare transferred from one atom to another.				2	one mark for each correct column
	(b)	P) Rainfall varied over the 4-week period. Volcanoes convert sulfur into other Not all processes are shown on the diagram. ✓ Sulfur dioxide molecules are not as heavy					1	
	(c)		giant lattice/structure or macromolecular lattice/structure; covalent bonds; strong bonds or large force/energy needed to break bonds				3	 accept correct description of giant lattice structure accept description electrons shared between atoms reject ionic / intermolecular accept harder to break the bonds ignore references to (tight) packing accept molecules / particles as atoms
					Тс	tal	6	

Q	uestic	n Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	electrolysis extraction oxidation reduction	1	
	(b)	48g 56g 64g 112g	1	
	(C)	3, 4, 3 (ie $2Fe_2O_3+3C \rightarrow 4Fe+3CO_2$)	2	all three correct = 2 marks any one or two correct = 1 mark
	(d)	copper ✓ magnesium potassium sodium zinc ✓	2	correct pattern of ticks for 2 marks one mistake for 1 mark a mistake is • a tick in the wrong place • an extra tick • a missing tick
		Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	negative positive lose electrons atoms Molecules	2	all correct = 2 marks 4 or 5 correct = 1 mark
	Total	2	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)			1	look for a circle with V inside connected to both ends of the battery as shown one terminal must be connected between 1 and 2 one terminal must be connected between 3 and 4 accept connected to both ends of the LDR
	(b)	(i)	45	1	
		(ii)	increases increases decreases	2	all correct for 2 marks (anything), decreases, increases for 1 mark (anything), increases, decreases for 1 mark (anything) can be a blank
			Total	4	

A216/02

Q	Question		Answer			Guidance
5	(a)		Electrons transfer from the cloth to the rod. Negative atoms transfer from the cloth to the rod. Positive electrons transfer from the rod to the cloth. The cloth gains a positive charge as it loses electrons. The rod and cloth both end up with the same negative charge.		2	correct pattern for = 2 one mistake for = 1
	(b)		Bess		1	
				Total	3	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	(a)		magnetic	1	
	(b)		 any three of following for [1] each: current / charge flow in coil A magnetic field in (iron) ring / coil A / coil B; voltage / p.d. (induced) across coil B magnetic field increases/changes causes p.d./voltage/current in coil B 	3	ignore alternating / direct (current) accept magnetisation / magnet / electromagnet(ic) accept (iron) core for ring ignore current in coil B ignore current in ring/core ignore pulses
			Total	4	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	(a)		1.5	1	
	(b)		current/(flow of) charge/electrons is: • resisted • restricted • reduced • slowed down • limited	1	 ignore reduces/restricts voltage (from battery) ignore reduces push of current accept makes it difficult for charge etc accept by dissipating energy / heating up accept by sharing the voltage/p.d. (from the battery) with the lamp accept increases the resistance of the whole circuit
	(c)		18 Ω	1	
			Total	3	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	(a)		19	1	
	(b)		38	1	
	(C)		Di; Charlie;	2	accept in either order 1 mark for each correct name
			Total	4	

A21	6/02
-----	------

Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance
9	Red blood cells have a nucleus at an early stage. Red blood cells make	✓ 	2	
	haemoglobin only when they			
		Total	2	

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
10		any three of the following, [1] each:	3	maximum [2] if only mention one type of cell
		stem cells are not specialised 		assume 'they/it' refers to stem cells
		 so can become / differentiate into any cell / any tissue / windpipe cells 		accept tissue for cells
		 genes that are active can change / proteins made can change / all genes are able to be switched on / 		accept switch on and off for change
		all genes are able to be switched off		accept all genes are able to make proteins
		muscle cells		
		 so cannot become / differentiate into any cell /any tissue / windpipe cells; activated genes cannot change / proteins made cannot change / some genes are already switched on / some genes are already switched off; 		accept are already differentiated (into muscle cells) / muscle cells can only make more muscle cells accept switch on and off for change accept only some genes are able to make proteins ignore references to rejection
		Total	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11	 any three of following, for [1] each: gene / DNA has (a sequence) of bases; order (of bases) codes for amino acids / protein copy of gene transferred to cytoplasm/ribosome; amino acids joined to make protein; 	3	accept all four of A, T, G and C as alternative to bases accept triplets of bases (e.g. CCG) as order of bases accept DNA transcribed to RNA/mRNA accept RNA/mRNA translated to protein accept polypeptide as protein throughout
	Total	3	

Mark Scheme

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
12			auxin shaded longer	2	3 correct = 2 marks 2 correct = 1 mark
			Total	2	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) 1 Hills Road Cambridge CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



