

# **GCSE**

# **Additional Science A**

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit A218/02: Ideas in Context (Higher Tier)

## Mark Scheme for June 2012

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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## **Annotations**

Used in the detailed Mark Scheme:

Annotation Meaning					
/	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point				
(1)	separates marking points				
not/reject	answers which are not worthy of credit				
ignore	statements which are irrelevant - applies to neutral answers				
allow/accept	answers that can be accepted				
(words)	words which are not essential to gain credit				
<u>words</u>	underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark				
ecf	error carried forward				
AW/owtte credit alternative wording / or words to that effect					
ORA	or reverse argument				

## Available in scoris to annotate scripts:

?	indicate uncertainty or ambiguity
BOD	benefit of doubt
CON	contradiction
×	incorrect response
ECF	error carried forward
	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
~~	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
NBOD	no benefit of doubt
R	reject
<b>✓</b>	correct response
₹ <u></u>	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
Λ	information omitted

## **Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

 Accept any clear, unambiguous response (including mis-spellings of scientific terms if they are phonetically correct, but always check the guidance column for exclusions).

b. Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.

eg for a one-mark question where ticks in the third <u>and</u> fourth boxes are required for the mark:

		\$
		væ <sup>2</sup>
<b>*</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>
*	*	<b>✓</b>
This would be worth 1 mark.	This would be worth 0 marks.	This would be worth 1 mark.

c. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, eg one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.

d. Marking method for tick-box questions:

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes.

If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses and other markings. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, eg shading or crosses. Credit should be given according to the instructions given in the guidance column for the question. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.

eg if a question requires candidates to identify cities in England:

Edinburgh	
Manchester	
Paris	
Southampton	

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third should be blank (or have indication of choice crossed out).

Edinburgh			✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
Manchester	✓	×	✓	✓	✓				✓	
Paris				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Southampton	✓	×		✓		✓	✓		✓	
Score:	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	NR

- e. For answers marked by levels of response:
  - i. Read through the whole answer from start to finish
  - ii. Decide the level that best fits the answer match the quality of the answer to the closest level descriptor
  - iii. **To determine the mark within the level**, consider the following:

Descriptor	Award mark
A good match to the level descriptor	The higher mark in the level
Just matches the level descriptor	The lower mark in the level

iv. Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris to show your decision; do not use ticks.

Quality of Written Communication skills assessed in 6-mark extended writing questions include:

- appropriate use of correct scientific terms
- spelling, punctuation and grammar
- developing a structured, persuasive argument
- selecting and using evidence to support an argument
- considering different sides of a debate in a balanced way
- logical sequencing.

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	any 2 from: (sweat) glands; muscles (which cause shivering/erect hairs); muscles in walls of blood vessels;	1	two correct responses = 1 mark  ignore 'blood vessels' alone
			liver; hairs;		
		(ii)	any 2 from: acts as a processing centre/control centre; (1) receives information about temperature from receptor/sensor / receives information about temperature of blood/skin/core; (1)	2	ignore receives information about body temperature (too vague) accept receives information from receptors about body temperature
			sends message to effector / triggers response / triggers specific response eg shivering/sweating/vasoconstriction/vasodilation etc; (1)  QWC first two lines with no simple spelling errors	1 (QWC)	ignore 'sending messages' alone  ignore spelling of words with three or more syllables ignore spelling of technical terms ignore missing capital letters / full stops / grammar

Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(iii)	iii) reversal of a change; (1)		accept AW for reverse eg antagonistic response
		to a normal or body temperature / to a stable state; (1)		accept AW for 'stable' eg normal/steady/previous/original/set level/37°C etc
				<b>accept</b> other examples of stable states eg blood sugar/water/CO <sub>2</sub>
				accept 'a change in the stable system results in an action that reverses the change' = 2 marks
(b)		less blood to skin/capillaries/toes/fingers/extremities / more blood to core / more blood to vital organs;	2	allow surface for skin
		constriction of blood vessels / narrowing of blood vessels / vasoconstriction; OWTTE		ignore constriction of capillaries
(c)	(i)	30 (%)	1	
	(ii)	34.1 ;	1	ignore all decimal places after the first eg accept 34.12 etc

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(d)	any 2 from: evaporation (of water); (1)	2	ignore makes you cold / lowers body temperature
	wet clothes give poor insulation; (1)		
	(more) heat loss / water or wet clothes take in heat; (1)		accept energy for heat
			<b>NB</b> 'unable to balance heat loss with heat gain' is in the insert only give mark if clear that heat is lost
(e)	any 2 from:  enzymes work more slowly/work less well/stop working / enzymes are not at optimum temperature / enzymes work best at optimum temperature / enzymes optimum temperature is at normal body temperature (36.5-37.5 °C); (1)	2	ignore enzymes are denatured/killed/destroyed / active site changes shape eg 'enzymes are denatured and stop working' (1) for idea of stop working
	(rate of) respiration decreases / less respiration; (1)		accept respiration stops ignore references to rate of breathing / heart rate etc ignore references to rate of chemical reactions
	less heat released; (1)		accept energy for heat
			ignore ideas about organs shutting down
	Total	14	

C	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	contains ions / contains Na <sup>+</sup> and Cl <sup>-</sup> ; which move / flow;	2	ignore charged particles do not allow charged atoms  ignore 'carry the charge' 'carry the current' but allow 'carry the charge/current through the solution' (movement implied)  ignore references to reactions at electrodes  allow movement mark even if incorrect particle is specified
		(ii)	correct balancing: 2 and 2; state symbols (aq) (g) and (g);	2	do not allow AQ, G and G (must be
		(iii)	hydrogen <u>and</u> sodium hydroxide	1	lower case)  both needed for mark
	(1.)	` ,	,		
	(b)	(i)	chlorine green/yellow gas; bromine red liquid;	2	accept vapour for gas  accept colour of bromine as orange or brown
			allow chlorine is a gas and bromine is a liquid for (1)		
		(ii)	(chlorine is) more or very toxic/poisonous / small concentrations/amounts cause (serious health) problems;	2	accept 'it is more reactive' ignore 'harmful/dangerous/deadly' etc
			(chlorine) spreads quickly / is a gas;		allow RA eg bromine is a liquid ignore melting point/boiling point

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
(c)		gain one electron / ions contain one more electron than protons / need one electron; contain 7 electrons in their outer shell / to give full outer shell	2	ignore 'gains electrons'
(d)	(i)	chlorine is more reactive (than iodine) ORA	1	ignore 'chloride' is more reactive accept 'chlorine is more reactive than iodide'
	(ii)	MP <u>and</u> BP <u>and</u> density increase (down the group) / all properties in the table increase;	1	need all three
		Total	13	

Q	uestion	n Answer Ma		Guidance
3	(a)	any 4 from: magnet/electromagnet spins; (1)	4	ignore moves magnet / moves magnet in and out
		inside/beside coil of wire; (1)		ignore the coils spin / the generator spins accept 'through the coil' for MP2
		idea of changing/cutting into the magnetic field; (1)		
		voltage produced; (1)		ignore produces a current accept emf/ potential difference/volts for voltage
		induced/electromagnetic induction; (1)		if a context for induced is given must be in terms of voltage or current 'a voltage is induced' is (2) for MP4 and MP5

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(b)	the new line drawn on the graph should : have a higher amplitude above and below at every peak and trough (1)	2	
	have twice the frequency (ie 3 cycles in the same period as the 1.5 cycles shown) (1)		cycles should be roughly evenly spaced
	eg (2)		
(c) (	electrons collide (with atoms or positive ions) (1)	3	accept 'electrons collide with particles' or 'electrons collide' alone do not allow 'electrons collide with electrons'
	any 2 from: resistance in the wire; (1)		ignore 'friction'
	energy is transferred to the wire/cable / electrons moving causes increase in kinetic energy (in the wire); (1)		
	the wire/cable gets hot / energy is lost as heat / transfers energy to surroundings; (1)		ignore 'energy is lost' alone (in the question)

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(ii)	more demand for power in south / idea that electricity would have less distance to travel;	2	ignore 'more power stations are in the North/in Scotland' ignore 'more people live in the south'
	less power/energy loss (in transfer of electricity);		ignore 'saves energy' alone accept 'less energy wasted' accept 'less energy lost when transported'
(d)	275(Kv) (1) 400(Kv) (1)  If answer is not fully correct allow (1) mark for  Either  • 400 and 275 both given in reverse order  or  • working that shows 11/16 = 275/400	2	answers must be in correct order
	Total	13	

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