

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Additional Applied Science 4863

AASC/2H Science at Work

Mark Scheme

2009 examination – January series

STANDARDISATION

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

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AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
1(a)(i) E	person $1 = 7.1(g)$ person $3 = 8.4(g)$		1
1(a)(ii) E	person 1 or person 3	Allow ecf from (i)	1
1(a)(iii) E	 two from: less processed foods / less takeaway foods/ <i>less fast food/ junk food</i> low salt varieties/ <i>less</i> <i>salty food</i> do not add salt to food 	Do not allow check labels for salt content	2
1(a)(iv) E	high blood pressure / heart attack / <i>stroke</i>	Allow kidney disease / heart disease / failure Ignore heart problems or high cholesterol	1

1(b)(i) E	 two from: giant lattice held together by strong <i>bonds</i>/ forces of attraction between +ve and -ve <i>(oppositely</i> charged) ions made of a metal and a <i>non-metal</i> 	Allow opposite charges attract	2
1(b)(ii) A	801 °C		1
Total			9

AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
2 (a)(i) E	formation of a solid (from appropriate substances)	accept precipitate	1
2 (a)(ii) E	copper / Cu/ Cu ²⁺ / copper ion	Ignore size of letters	1
2(b)(i) E	<i>Bubbling/</i> fizzing / gas given off/ <i>carbon dioxide given off</i> calcium	Do not allow other named gases	1
2(b)(ii) E	calcium carbonate	Allow ecf	1

AASC/2F JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
2 (b)(iii) E	three from:		3
	• wear eye protection	Ignore sterilise	
	• clean wire loop/ <i>dip</i> in HCl <i>and put in flame</i>		
	• repeat until the wire doesn't produce any colour in flame		
	• dip loop in sample		
	 place in hot / blue / roaring flame 		
	• record / <i>identify</i> colour of flame	Allow observe /see what colour the flame is	
	If candidate uses splint instead of loop:		1
	• wear eye protection		1
	• dip in sample		1
	 place in hot / blue / roaring flame 	Allow observe /see what colour the flame is	
	• record/ <i>identify</i> colour of flame		

2 (b)(iv)	one from:	Ignore repeat	1
E	• use clean equipment	Ignore sterilise	
	 no contaminants in reagents 		
	• use distilled water		
Total			9

AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
3 (a)(i) E	marathon		1
3(a)(ii) E	 last longer/ longer distance/ most running / idea of more time 		1
	 use (a lot of) energy/ produces heat/ temperature rise/ more work done 		1
3 (b)(i) E	• water		1
	• glucose/ sugar		1
	• electrolytes/ salt/ sodium chloride		1
3(b)(ii) E	polyester / lycra / nylon / acrylic / polypropylene / cotton / wool / linen / silk	Allow Spandex Not plastic, PVC, polythene, polystyrene, synthetic wool	1

3 (b)(iii)	Any three from:	3
Ľ	 light(weight) / low density Ignore reference to thin / cost / shrinking / strength 	
	• flexible	
	<i>Allow comfortable</i>	
	long lasting Do <u>not</u> accept keeps you cool	
	• dries quickly/ wicking / lets sweat out Allow does not absorb sweat	
	• <i>can be dyed/</i> bright colours/colourfast	
	• stain resistant / <i>easy to clean</i>	
		10
Total		10

ADDITIONAL APPLIED SCIENCE GCSE AASC/2H MARK SCHEME JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
4(a) E	finding out what substances are in a sample	 Allow: what is present in a sample analysing substances using different tests or equivalent 	1
4(b)(i) E	 any four from: thin layer of powder applied to a thin plate sample placed at one end of plate/ paper/ mention of origin or line immersed in solvent solvent moves up the plate/ paper ink/ sample mixture travels up the plate/ paper at different speeds ink/ different components/ colours separate 		4
4(b)(ii) E	 run sample of <i>the</i> two different inks compare/<i>match</i> the 		1
	chromatograms / runs / pattern / colours /lines		1

	One of:	
4(b)(111) E	• faster runs	1
	• <i>clearer</i> separation / <i>clearer</i> runs/ <i>easier</i> to <i>analyse Accept better separation/ more accurate</i>	
	• can use for small samples	

AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
4(c) E	any two from:		2
	• fingerprints	Not just blood	
	• DNA (from blood)	Ignore hair/ fibres	
	• blood group/ <i>type</i>		
	• handwriting/ signature		
Total			10

AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
5(a)(i) E	friction / drag	Not water resistance	1
5(a)(ii) E	 any two from: smooth fabric / designed to reduce drag tight fitting/ more steamlined slippery cover the head/ hair 	Ignore lighter/ thinner Allow aerodynamic	2
5(b) E	Both bodysuits similar/ bodysuits do not improve / reduce resistance to movement as speed / velocity increases so does friction / resistance/ velocity affects resistance		1
5(c)(i) E	Label between lines for tidal volume	<i>If volume correct in 5C(ii) allow labelling of vital capacity</i>	1
	Clearly labelled on vertical for vital capacity		1
5(c)(ii) E	$4500 \text{ ml} \pm 200$	allow ecf	1

5(c)(iii) E	spirometer		1
5(d)(i) E	use glucose <i>release/ supply</i> energy	Ignore produces	1
5(d)(ii) E	aerobic uses oxygen / releases more energy/ does not produce lactic acid	Not just air Assume 'it' refers to aerobic respiration	1
Total			12

AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

MARK SCHEME

question	answers	extra information	marks
6(a)(i) E	more plants that are grown / more overcrowding	accept converse	1
	smaller / shorter the plants/ they grow less	Do not allow better	1
6(a)(ii) E	more competition for: (any two)light		2
	 water nutrients space 	Allow food or specific nutrient e.g. nitrate	
6(b)(i) E	pesticides / fungicides / herbicides / fertiliser/ insecticides/ greenhouse/ polytunnel	Accept manure/ selective breeding/ genetically modified organism <u>Not</u> light	1

Ignore chemicals/ nutrients

ADDITIONAL APPLIED SCIENCE GCSE AASC/2H MARK SCHEME JANUARY 2009

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question	answers	extra information	marks
6(b)(ii) E	Fertiliser:	<i>Must link to 6(b)(i)</i> <i>Accept suitable answers</i>	2
	 drain into waterways pollute water / eutrophication 	Allow methane when linked to manure	
	• <i>kills aquatic organisms</i> or	Do not allow vague references to kill organisms	
	Pesticides:		
	• found in o <i>ther</i> organisms		
	• drains into waterways		
	• (build up) in food chains/ poisons animals		
	• remove food for other organisms (birds)		
	or		
	Herbicides		
	• kills other plants		
	• remove food for other organisms		
	• poisons animals		

AASC/2H JANUARY 2009

question	answers	extra information	marks
6(c) E	Allow one or two suggestions(\blacklozenge) linked to one or two explanations (\bullet)	Ignore references to temperature	3
	♦ larger		
	• can push out native ladybirds		
	• eat more food (so not so much for native species)		
	• faster breeding cycle		
	 population increases more quickly 		
	• eat more food (so not so much for native species)		
	• wider habitat		
	• wider food range		
	• better survival rate		
Total			10