## Accounting

## ACCN3

## Unit 3 Further Aspects of Financial Accounting

## Tuesday 15 June $2010 \quad 1.30$ pm to 3.30 pm

For this paper you must have:

- a 12-page answer book.

You may use a calculator.

## Time allowed

- 2 hours


## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The Examining Body for this paper is AQA. The Paper Reference is ACCN3.
- Answer all questions.
- All workings must be shown and clearly labelled; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Make and state any necessary assumptions.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.


## Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 90 .

Four of these marks will be awarded for:

- using good English
- organising information clearly
- using specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Answer all questions.

## Task 1

Total for this task: 13 marks

Dave Nixon was unable to carry out a stocktake at his year end on 28 February 2010. However, he was able to physically count his inventory (stock) on 9 March 2010 and to value it at $£ 11025$. Dave applies a mark-up of $50 \%$ on all the goods he sells.

The following transactions took place between 1 March 2010 and 9 March 2010 inclusive.

|  | $£$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sales | 3300 |
| Purchases | 1740 |
| Sales returns | 690 |
| Purchases returns | 150 |

Included in the inventory (stock) valuation were damaged goods at a cost of $£ 300$. These goods will need to be repaired at a cost of $£ 40$ and will then be sold for $£ 320$.

## REQUIRED

| 0 | 1 | $C a l c u l a t e ~ t h e ~ v a l u e ~ o f ~ i n v e n t o r y ~(s t o c k) ~ h e l d ~ a t ~$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 |  |  | 2 February 2010.

(13 marks)

| Jennifer Lucas suspects that a dishonest casual worker had stolen cash some weeks before the end of the financial year. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jennifer did not keep a full set of accounting records. However, she is able to provide the following information for the year ended 31 March 2010. |  |  |  |
| Summary of bank account |  |  |  |
| £ |  |  | £ |
| Balance at 1 April 2009 | 1798 | Business expenses | 212430 |
| Cash banked | 359026 | Drawings | 14000 |
| Receipts from credit customers | 17061 | Payments to credit suppliers | 148639 |
|  |  | Balance at 31 March 2010 | 2816 |
|  | 377885 |  | 377885 |

Jennifer’s till rolls showed that her takings for the year were £423 280.
Before takings were banked Jennifer made the following cash payments.

|  | £ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Wages | 37440 |
| Rent | 15600 |
| Cash purchases | 3480 |

She also withdrew $£ 6864$ cash for her own personal use.
Jennifer provides the following additional information.

|  | £ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cash in hand at 1 April 2009 | 634 |
| Cash in hand at 31 March 2010 | 126 |

## REQUIRED

| 0 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | Calculate the amount of cash stolen.

Jennifer's insurance company has agreed to pay $£ 1250$ on 14 June 2010 as compensation for the stolen cash.

| 0 | 3 | State how all the transactions arising from the theft of the cash will be shown in all the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | financial statements (final accounts).

Jennifer is now concerned that her accounting records are inadequate. She is considering introducing a system of double-entry bookkeeping.

| 0 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assess the impact on Jennifer's business of the introduction of a system of double-entry |  | bookkeeping.

(10 marks)
(for quality of written communication: plus 2 marks)

## Task 3

Total for this task: 20 marks

Bedi, Chaudry and Dhillon are in partnership, sharing profits and losses equally. From 1 January 2010, the partners have agreed to share profits and losses in the ratio $3: 2: 1$ respectively.

The summarised balance sheet at 31 December 2009 was as follows.

|  | £ | £ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-current (fixed) assets |  | 170000 |
| Current assets | 30000 |  |
| Current liabilities | (20 000) | 10000 |
|  |  | 180000 |
| Capital accounts |  |  |
| Bedi | 70000 |  |
| Chaudry | 60000 |  |
| Dhillon | 50000 |  |
|  |  | 180000 |

With effect from 1 January 2010, the partners agreed the following valuations.

|  | $£$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Non-current (fixed) assets | 130000 |
| Current assets | 28000 |
| Goodwill | 90000 |

The partners have also agreed the following.

- A goodwill account will not be maintained in the books of account.
- The total capital of the partnership will be $£ 150000$ and will reflect the new profit sharing ratios. Each partner will contribute or withdraw capital in order to achieve this requirement.


## REQUIRED

| $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ Prepare detailed partners' capital accounts to show the changes that took place on |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | 1 January 2010.

(12 marks)

| 0 | 6 | Prepare a summarised balance sheet at 1 January 2010 after the changes have taken |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | place.

(8 marks)

The following information is given for Ncube and Aamer plc.
Extracts from the financial statements (final accounts) for the year ended 31 December 2009.

| Income statement (Trading and profit and loss account) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{£ 0 0 0}$ |
| Profit from operations | 882 |
| Debenture interest | $(66)$ |
| Profit before taxation | 816 |
| Taxation | $\underline{(310)}$ |
| Profit for the year |  |

## Statement of changes in equity

|  | Share capital | Share premium | Retained earnings | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | £000 | £000 | £000 | $£ 000$ |
| Balance at 1 January 2009 | 500 | 170 | 588 | 1258 |
| Ordinary shares issued | 200 | 150 |  | 350 |
| Profit for the year |  |  | 506 | 506 |
| Dividends paid |  |  | (300) | (300) |
| Balance at 31 December 2009 | 700 | 320 | 794 | 1814 |

## Additional information

(1) Non-current (fixed) assets were sold for $£ 200000$; the profit on the sale was $£ 35000$. There were no additions to non-current (fixed) assets during the year.
(2) Taxation paid during the year was $£ 412000$.
(3) Depreciation of non-current (fixed) assets charged to the income statement (trading and profit and loss account) was $£ 135000$.
(4) $£ 60000$ debentures were redeemed at par on 30 June 2009.
(5) The following changes took place during the year:

## £000

Increase in inventories (stock) 392
Increase in trade receivables (debtors) 149
Decrease in trade payables (creditors) 83
(6) Cash and cash equivalents (bank and cash):

|  | £000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 January 2009 | 113 |
| 31 December 2009 | 183 |

1 January 2009113
31 December 2009183

Task 4 continues on the next page

## REQUIRED

| 0 | 7 | Prepare a statement of cash flows (cash flow statement) for the year ended |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | 31 December 2009 in accordance with IAS 7.

(17 marks)
(for quality of presentation: plus 2 marks)

| 0 | 8 | Discuss the benefits that a shareholder in Ncube and Aamer plc might gain from the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | publication of the statement of cash flows (cash flow statement).

(14 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

There are no questions printed on this page

There are no questions printed on this page

