GG : GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS

Duration: Three Hours

Read the following instructions carefully.

- Student Bounty Com This question paper contains 24 pages including blank pages for rough work. Please check all pages and report discrepancy, if any.
- Write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre at the specified locations on the right half of the Optical Response Sheet (ORS).
- Using HB pencil, darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and the letters corresponding to your paper code.
- 4. All questions in this paper are of objective type.
- Questions must be answered on the **ORS** by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using IIB pencil against the question number on the left hand side of the ORS. For each question darken the bubble of the correct answer. In case you wish to change an answer, erase the old answer completely. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be treated as an incorrect response.
- 6. There are a total of 65 questions carrying 100 marks.
- 7. Apart from General Aptitude (GA), the question paper consists of two parts: Part A and Part B. Part A is common to both Geology and Geophysics candidates, Part B contains two sections: Section 1 (Geology) and Section 2 (Geophysics). Geology candidates will attempt questions in Section 1 only. Geophysics candidates will attempt questions in Section 2 only. Correctly darken the bubble (in the ORS) corresponding to the section attempted by you.
- 8. Part A consists of 25 questions; all will carry 1-mark each. Each of the sections (Section 1 & Section 2) in Part B consists of 30 questions; all will carry 2-marks each.
- 9. Questions Q.48 Q.51 (2 pairs) are common data questions and question pairs (Q.52, Q.53) and (Q.54, Q.55). are linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions pair depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is un-attempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- 10. Questions Q.56 Q.65 belong to General Aptitude (GA). Questions Q.56 Q.60 will carry 1-mark each, and questions Q.61 - Q.65 will carry 2-marks each. The GA questions will begin on a fresh page starting from page 15.
- 11. Un-attempted questions will carry zero marks.
- 12. Wrong answers will carry NEGATIVE marks. For Q.1 Q.25 and Q.56 Q.60, % mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For Q.26 - Q.51 and Q.61 - Q.65, % mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. The question pairs (Q.52, Q.53), and (Q.54, Q.55) are questions with linked answers. There will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question of the linked answer question pair i.e. for Q.52 and Q.54, \(\mathcal{H} \) mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. There is no negative marking for Q.53 and Q.55.
- 13. Calculator (without data connectivity) is allowed in the examination hall.
- Charts, graph sheets or tables are NOT allowed in the examination hall.
- 15. Rough work can be done on the question paper itself. Additionally, blank pages are provided at the end of the question paper for rough work.

Student Bounts, com PART A: COMMON TO BOTH GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS CAI

Q.1 - Q.25 carry one mark each.

- 0.1 Earth's dipole field originates mainly from
 - (A) mantle
- (B) outer core
- (C) inner core
- (D) crust

- Q.2 Sunspots are regions of
 - (A) high pressure

(B) low magnetic field

(C) high temperature

- (D) high magnetic field
- Q.3The electrical conduction mechanism in sedimentary rocks is usually
 - (A) pyroelectric
- (B) electronic
- (C) electrolytic
- (D) dielectric

- 0.4 The unit of electrical resistivity is
 - (A) Ohm
- (B) Ohm-m
- (C) Ohm-m²
- (D) Ohm-m⁻¹
- Outcrop pattern parallel to topographic contours signifies Q.5
 - (A) horizontal beds

(B) vertical beds

(C) inclined beds

- (D) folded beds
- A rock with equal modal contents of quartz, plagioclase and orthoclase is known as 0.6
 - (A) diorite
- (B) gabbro
- (C) granite
- (D) syenite

- Q.7The main factors in soil-forming processes are
 - (A) bedrock and time only
 - (B) topography and bedrock only
 - (C) climate, time and topography only
 - (D) climate, topography, bedrock and time
- Q.8 Glacial drift refers to the
 - (A) movement of glaciers
 - (B) interglacial intervals
 - (C) erosional landforms produced by glaciers
 - (D) sediments deposited by glaciers
- Q.9 Sand dunes are long ridges whose alignment is
 - (A) always parallel to the prevailing wind direction
 - (B) always perpendicular to the prevailing wind direction
 - (C) either parallel or perpendicular to the prevailing wind direction
 - (D) not related to the prevailing wind direction
- The oldest rocks in India are 0.10
 - (A) more than 3 billion years old
 - (B) between 2.5 and 3 billion years old
 - (C) between 2 and 2.5 billion years old
 - (D) less than 2 billion years old

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Q.11	The sequential placement of geological events, as determined by their position in the rocknown as (A) relative dating (B) correlation			
	(A) relative dating		(B) correlation	
	(C) absolute dating		(D) uniformitarianism	
Q.12	Time equivalence of rock units in different areas can be established primarily by considering similarity in			ed primarily by considering
	(A) lithology (C) sedimentary struct	ures	(B) fossil assemblages (D) mineral assemblag	es
Q.13	Which of the followindinosaurs?	g volcanic events has b	een suggested as a majo	or cause of the extinction of
	(A) Panjal volcanism (C) Rajmahal volcanis	m	(B) Deccan volcanism (D) Malani volcanism	
Q.14	Bode's law expresses	the approximate distance	e between	
	(A) earth and other pla(B) moon and sun(C) planets and sun(D) moon and earth	nets		
Q.15	India's northward drif years ago, Ma)	t from Gondwanaland i	s believed to have starte	ed approximately (in million
	(A) 50 Ma	(B) 150 Ma	(C) 300 Ma	(D) 400 Ma
Q.16	Which of the following	g instruments contains p	iezoelectric material?	
	(A) hydrophone (C) gravimeter		(B) geophone (D) magnetometer	
Q.17	_		ne height of a mountain i meath the mountain will	s 5 km above mean sea level, be approximately
	(A) 35 km	(B) 40 km	(C) 50 km	(D) 70 km
Q.18	The equipotential surfa	ace over which the gravi	itational field has equal v	alue is known as
	(A) geoid (C) ellipsoid		(B) spheroid (D) mean sea level	
Q.19	The angle between the	present geographic nort	th and geomagnetic north	n is
	(A) 1.5°	(B) 7.5°	(C) 11.5	(D) 23.5°
Q.20	Among the following, sedimentary basins is	the best reconnaissance	e method for determinin	g basement configuration of
	(A) gravity method (C) seismic method		(B) self potential metho (D) electromagnetic me	
Q.21	Cooling of basaltic lav	a under water will lead	to the formation of	
	(A) lava tunnel (C) columnar jointing		(B) pillow structure (D) cumulus texture	

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Student Bounts, com Q.22 What rock would you expect to find at the base of a typical oceanic plate? (A) Basalt (B) Diorite (C) Gabbro (D) Peridotite Major coal deposits of India are found in the Q.23 (B) Vindhyan Supergroup (A) Cuddapah Supergroup (D) Dharwar Supergroup (C) Gondwana Supergroup Which of the following is a product of residual weathering process? Q.24 (B) Banded iron ore (A) Placer gold (D) Porphyry copper (C) Bauxite Choose the correct combination of ore and location of its deposit. O.25

(A) Uranium - Jaduguda

(C) Gold - Panna

END OF PART A

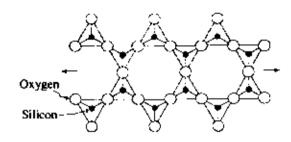
(B) Lead - Khetri

(D) Iron - Malanjkhand

Student Bounty.com PART B (SECTION 1): FOR GEOLOGY CANDIDATES ONE

Q.26 - Q.55 carry two marks each.

- The age of the oldest rocks in present-day ocean basins is
 - (A) Devonian
- (B) Jurassic
- (C) Eocene
- (D) Permian
- Silicon to oxygen ratio in the following silicate structure is O.27



- (A) 1 : 2
- (B) 2:5
- (C) 4: 11
- (D) 1:3
- Direct precipitation of uraninite from a mineralizing solution containing UO224 ions can take place Q.28 due to
 - (A) increase in Eh

(B) decrease in Eh

(C) increase in pH

(D) decrease in pH

Match the optical properties in Group I with appropriate minerals in Group II. Q.29

Group [Group II
P. Twinkling Q. Pleochroic haloes R. Anomalous interference colour S. Uniaxial positive	Quartz Nepheline Calcite Chlorite Biotite

- (A) P-4, Q-5, R-3, S-2
- (C) P = 3, Q = 5, R = 4, S = 1

- (B) P 3, Q 4, R 5, S 2 (D) P 3, Q 4, R 5, S 1
- Q.30 Wall-rock alteration producing epidote, albite and chlorite around an ore body is called
 - (A) argillic alteration

- (B) propylitic alteration
- (C) potassic-silicate alteration
- (D) sericite alteration

Student Bounts, com Q.31Match the textures/structures in Group I with appropriate processes in Group II.

Group 1

Group [1

- P. Cumulus texture Spinifex texture
- R. Oriented intergrowth
- Comb structure

- 1. Cavity filling 2. Gravity settling 3. Annealing 4. Quenching 5. Coherent exsolution

- Q.32 An area shows linear erosional depression, sag pond, spring and offset stream along with sub-horizontal slickensides. The prominent structure indicated by these features is
 - (A) strike-slip fault

(B) horst and graben

(C) klippe

- (D) nappe
- Q.33 Match the ore types in Group I with appropriate path-finder elements in Group II.

Group I

Group II

- P. Porphyry Cu ore 1. As Q. Vein type Au ore 2. Hg R. Pb-Zn-Ag ores 3. Cr. 4. Mo 5. Ni
- (A) P = 4, Q = 1, R = 2(C) P = 4, Q = 3, R = 5

- (B) P = 3, Q = 2, R = 1(D) P = 5, Q = 4, R = 2
- Q.34 Match the nature of mass movements listed in Group I with the evidences listed in Group II.

Group 1

Group II

P. Creep. Q. Earth flow R. Slump

- LTounge-shaped mass movement
- Curved tree trunks
- Scree formation at the base Curved surface of rupture
- (A) P-2, Q-1, R-4

- (B) P-1, Q-3, R-4
- (C) P-4, Q-2, R-J (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2
- Q.35 Which of the following metamorphic facies is characterized by the pyrope rich garnet + omphacite assemblage?
 - (A) Blueschist

(B) Eclogite

(C) Greenschist

(D) Granulite

Q.36 Match the gemstones in Group I with corresponding minerals in Group II.

Student Bounty Com Group I Group II P. Peridote Beryl O. Emerald 2. Feldspar R. Amazonite 3. Corundum S. Ruby 4. Olivine (A) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3 (B) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4 (C) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3 (D) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 Q.37 Which of the following statements is **NOT** correct with regard to a perched water table? (A) It is within an area where a local aquiclude occurs within a larger aquifer (B) It lies above the main water table (C) It is found in the main zone of saturation (D) It is occasionally associated with springs

- Q.38The spatial resolution of IRS LISS-III multi-spectral sensor for Near Infra-Red (NIR) band is
 - (A) $5.8 \text{ m} \times 5.8 \text{ m}$
- (B) 23.5 m \times 23.5 m
- (C) $70 \text{ m} \times 70 \text{ m}$
- (D) $72.5 \text{ m} \times 72.5 \text{ m}$
- Q.39 Which of the following combinations of extinction events and extinct organisms is NOT correct?
 - (A) Cretaceous end Dinosaurs
- (B) Triassic end Conodonts
- (C) Permian end Trilobites
- (D) Miocene end Ammonites
- Q.40 In India, marine fossiliferous rocks of lower Paleozoic age are mainly found in the
 - (A) Gondwana
 - (B) Higher Himalaya
 - (C) Outer Himalaya
 - (D) Tethys Himalaya
- Q.41 Which of the following pairs of rock formations and characteristic fossils is correct?
 - (A) Raniganj Elephas

(B) Pinjor - Titanosaurus

(C) Lameta – Glossopteris

- (D) Subathu Nummulites
- Q.42 Which of the following groups of rock formations is NOT arranged from older to younger?
 - (A) Uttatur Trichinopoly Ariyalur Niniver
 - (B) Patcham Katrol Chari Umia
 - (C) Talchir Damuda Panchet Mahadev
 - (D) Semri Kaimur Rewa -Bhander
- Q.43 Choose the correct combination of geological agents and associated features.
 - (A) River Spit

- (B) Glacier Yardang
- (C) Longshore current Esker
- (D) Wind Ventifact
- Q.44 A sedimentary sequence dominated by large scale (5-10 m thick) cross beds, well-sorted and well-rounded quartz-rich sand with no fine matrix is most likely to be a
 - (A) deltaic deposit
 - (B) lagoonal deposit
 - (C) colian deposit
 - (D) outer shelf deposit

(A) Pelecypod

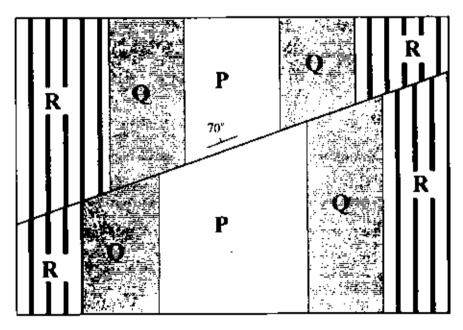
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- (B) Brachiopod
- (C) Gastropod
- (D) Caphalopod
- The oldest mammals and birds are known, respectively, from Q.46
 - (A) Cretaceous and Paleocene
 - (B) Silurian and Devonian
 - (C) Triassic and Jurassic
 - (D) Oligocene and Miocene
- 0.47 Allochems in a limestone consist of
 - (A) micrite only
 - (B) spar only
 - (C) coids only
 - (D) bioclasts and coids

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

The following geological map exposes three beds, of which the bed P is the oldest and the bed R the youngest



- Q.48 What type of structure does the map depict?
 - (A) Faulted anticline

(B) Folded strike-slip fault

(C) Faulted syncline

- (D) Folded normal fault
- Why is bed P wider in the area south of fault? 0.49
 - (A) Erosion has removed most of bed P to the north of fault
 - (B) Folding has caused thinning of bed P to the north of fault
 - (C) Deeper level of bed P is exposed due to faulting and erosion to the south of fault
 - (D) Bed P had a variable thickness prior to faulting

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

Student Bounty.com A sequence of shale and limestone is intruded by an igneous pluton. Metasomatic interaction bet pluton and the country rocks involves introduction of Si and Al into dolomitic limestone.

- Which pair of rock types best describes the products of metamorphism in the contact aureole?
 - (A) Slate and schist

(B) Schist and bornfels

(C) Schist and skarn

- (D) Hornfels and skarn
- 0.51 The mineral which is NOT expected in assemblages in the metamorphosed dolomitic limestone is
 - (A) grossular

(B) anorthite

(C) diopside

(D) andalusite

Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

A pluton of iron-poor basic magma containing trace concentrations of Ni, Rb, Sr and V undergoes crystallization upon cooling.

- Q.52 The first mineral to crystallize will be
 - (A) augite
- (B) homblende
- (C) olivine
- (D) oligoclase
- Q.53 The trace element that will be preferentially incorporated in the correct mineral in Q. 52 is
 - (A) Ni
- (B) Rb
- (C) Sr
- (D) V

Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

- Q.54 Silica-undersaturated minerals are
 - (A) nepheline and albite

(B) olivine and enstatite

(C) leucite and orthoclase

- (D) olivine and leucite
- Q.55 The Hermann-Mauguin symbols of crystallographic notation for the correct minerals in Q. 54 are
 - (A) 2/m2/m2/m and 4/m

(B) 2/m2/m2/m for both

(C) 4/m and 2/m

(D) 6 and 1

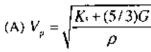
END OF SECTION 1 OF PART B

PART B (SECTION 2): FOR GEOPHYSICS CANDIDATES ONLY

Q.26 - Q.55 carry two marks each.

016				ADIDATES ONLY 40 mGal. The value at the top of		
010	DADT D /CEC	TION 4), FOR C	PARINCIAC ALL	THE LABOR CHILD		
D.26 -	Q.55 carry two n		Euphysics Cap	VDIDATES ONLY		
Q.26	The gravity value me	easured at the base of	a 10 m tall building is	40 mGal. The value at the top of		
	the building ignoring (A) 20 mGal		(C) 40 mGal	(D) 43 mGal		
Q.27	•		•	nomalies and their		
	(A) short, reduces(B) long, enhances(C) long, reduces(D) short, enhances					
Q.28	The relative intensiti	es of induced and rem	anent magnetization are	e commonly expressed in terms of		
	(A) susceptibility(B) gyromagnetic rat(C) Poisson's ratio(D) Königsberger rat					
Q.29	In electrical resistivity Factor (GF)?	ty method, which amo	ong the following is co	rrect with reference to Geometric		
	(B) GF remains const (C) GF remains const	filing and remains co tant for both profiling tant for profiling and h profiling and sound	and sounding varies for sounding			
Q.30	If in a magnetic dipole m represents poles of equal strength and T represents the distance between the two poles, then the magnetic moment of dipole is					
	(A) <i>lm</i>	(B) $\frac{l}{m}$	(C) 2lm	(D) $\frac{lm}{2}$		
Q .31	Energy in radioactive	decay with respect to	time follows			
	(A) normal distribution(B) Poisson distribution(C) chi-squared distribution(D) binomial distribution	on bution				
Q.32	The logging technique	e that uses non-condu	ective drilling fluids is			
	(A) SP logging(B) Resistivity logging(C) Induction logging(D) Radiometric logg			•		
Q.33	Unguided random-wa	alk inversion techniqu	e signifies			
	(A) Genetic algorithm(B) Simulated anneal(C) Monte Carlo inve(D) Metropolis algorithm	ing ersion				

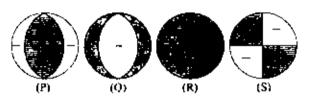
Student Bounty.com The compressional wave velocity V_p within a solid with adiabatic bulk modulus Q.34 modulus G and density ρ is given by



(B)
$$V_{\rho} = \sqrt{\frac{K_s + (2/3)G}{\rho}}$$

(C)
$$V_{\rho} = \sqrt{\frac{K_r + (1/3)G}{\rho}}$$

- (D) $V_p = \sqrt{\frac{K_1 + (4/3)G}{g}}$
- The number of independent elements of the 4th order stiffness tensor required to characterize 0.35 general elastic media is
 - (A) 2
- (B) 21
- (C) 36
- (D) 81
- The seismic energy released in an earthquake of magnitude $M_s = 7.0$ is about ______ times that O.36 released in an earthquake of $M_s = 6.0$.
 - (A) 10
- (B) 32
- (C) 64
- (D) 100
- In the figure given below "-" represents dilutation and "+" represents compression. The fault plane O.37 solution of an earthquake with strike-slip mechanism is represented by



- (A) P
- (B) Q
- (C) R
- (D) S
- Q.38 The anelastic attenuation of seismic energy depends on
 - (A) quality factor.
 - (B) particle acceleration
 - (C) stress drop
 - (D) particle velocity
- 0.39The seismic wave travelling in low velocity layer and critically incident at the discontinuity between low and high velocity layers
 - (A) will be diffracted
 - (B) will be reflected.
 - (C) will propagate along the discontinuity
 - (D) will be absorbed
- Q.40 An input signal $\{-1.1,0.2\}$, after passing through a delay operator z, will be

(A)
$$-z^2 + z^3 + 2z^5$$

(B)
$$\{0, -1, 1, 0, 2\}$$

(C)
$$\{0, 2, 0, 1, -1\}$$

(**b**)
$$-z + z^2 + 2z^4$$

- If m represents the number of model parameters, d the number of data points and p'Q.41 matrix to be inverted, then which of the following defines an underdetermined system?
 - (A) m < d and p = d
 - (B) m > d and p = d
 - (C) m = d and p = d
 - (D) m < d and $p \neq d$
- A unit amplitude of an electromagnetic wave at thrice the skin-depth will be reduced to
 - (A) -3e
- (B) $\frac{3}{4}$
- (C) $\frac{e}{3}$
- (D) e^{-3}
- The Hilbert transform of a function f(t) is denoted by H(f(t)). If $f(t) = \sin t$, then $H\{H(f(t))\}$ is
 - (A) $-\sin t$
- (B) $-\cos t$
- (C) $\sin t$
- (D) $\cos t$
- The rectangular function $\pi(t)$ is defined as $\pi(t) = 1$ $|t| \le 1/2$ Q.44

$$=0$$
 $|t|>1/2$

The convolution of $\pi(t)$ with itself will be

- (A) a triangular function $\Lambda(t)$
- (B) $\pi(t)$ again
- (C) a unit-step function u(t)
- (D) a delta function $\delta(t)$
- Q.45 Given $A = e^{-y}(\cos x a_x \sin x a_y)$, where a_x and a_y denote the unit vectors in x- and y-directions, respectively. Then $\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times A)$ is equal to
 - (A) e^{-y}
- (B) 0
- (C) $e^{-x}(\cos x)$ (D) $e^{-y}(\sin x)$

Q.46 Match the items in Group I with those in Group II.

Group I

Group Il

- P. Convolution in time domain
- Q. Nyquist frequency
- Flat spectrum

R. Aliasing

5. Autocorrelation function

S. White noise

- 3. Multiplication in frequency domain
- 4. Frequency folding
- (B) P-2, Q-1, R-5, S-4

- (A) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2
- (C) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S-1
- (D) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-5

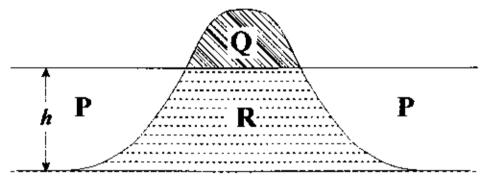
Student Bounty Com Q.47 In magnetic materials, the relation between magnetic permeability μ and sub-(in SI units) is

- (A) $\mu = 1/\kappa$
- (B) $\mu = 1 \kappa$
- (C) $\mu = 1 + \kappa$
- (D) $\mu = 1 2\pi \kappa$

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

The terrain correction in gravity method accounts for topographic relief in the vicinity of the observation point. The Bouguer slab assumes the topography around the observation point to be flat. In the figure below, the Bouguer slab thickness is h and the hollow portion P lies within the Bouguer slab. Q and R are parts of the topography.



0.48 In the region P, the terrain correction is

- (A) half of that in R
- (B) negative
- (C) zero
- (D) positive

Q.49 In the region Q, the terrain correction is required to account for

- (A) hollow portion P
- (B) reduced gravity due to excess mass in portion Q
- (C) increased gravity due to excess mass in portion Q
- (D) over-correction of Bouguer slab

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

For an input x_n , the output of a digital filter y_n is given by $y_n = 1.5x_n - 2x_{n-1} + 2.5y_{n-2}$.

Q.50 The order of the digital filter is

- (A)4
- (B)3
- (C) 2
- (D) 1

The transfer function of the digital filter is

(A)
$$\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1.5 - 2z}{1 - 2.5z}$$

(B)
$$\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1.5 - 2z}{1 - 2.5z^2}$$

(C)
$$\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1 - 2.5z^2}{1.5 - 2z}$$

(D)
$$\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1.5 - 2z}{1 + 2.5z^2}$$

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Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

In a two-layer earth model, the values of seismic velocity and density of first and second layers, respectively, are $V_{p1} = 4000 \text{ m/s}$, $\rho_1 = 2500 \text{ Kg/m}^3$, and $V_{p2} = 4500 \text{ m/s}$, $\rho_2 = 2600 \text{ Kg/m}^3$.

- Q.52 The acoustic impedance of the first layer in SI units at normal incidence is
 - $(A) 10^3$
- (B) 10⁴
- (C) 10³
- (D) 10^7
- The transmission coefficient for a wave at normal incidence at the boundary of first and second O.53 layer is
 - (A) 0.46
- (B) 0.58
- (C) 0.92
- (D) 1.07

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

Consider a magnetotelluric (MT) field set up. A plane electromagnetic wave with a time dependence factor $e^{-i\alpha r}$ is travelling vertically downwards (z-direction) into the Earth with an angular frequency ω . The electric field is polarized in the x-direction (strike).

- Q.54 The electromagnetic field components considered in this mode are

- (A) E_x , H_x and H_z (B) E_x , H_y and H_z (C) E_x , H_y and E_z (D) E_x , H_z and H_z
- O.55 Which of the following equations represents the above mode?

(A)
$$E_x = \frac{-1}{i\omega u} \frac{\partial H_x}{\partial z}$$

(B)
$$H_1 = \frac{-1}{i\omega\mu} \frac{\partial E_1}{\partial z}$$

(A)
$$E_x = \frac{-1}{i\omega\mu}\frac{\partial H_z}{\partial z}$$
 (B) $H_x = \frac{-1}{i\omega\mu}\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial z}$ (C) $H_x = \frac{1}{i\omega\mu}\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial z}$ (D) $H_z = \frac{1}{i\omega\mu}\frac{\partial E_z}{\partial z}$

(D)
$$H_{\tau} = \frac{1}{i\omega\mu} \frac{\partial E_{\tau}}{\partial z}$$

END OF SECTION 2 OF PART B

General Aptitude (GA) Questions

0.50	5 – Q.	60 ca	rry oi	ne m	ark e	ach.
~~~		**	4 4 T V		MI 16 6	

				to complete the following			
010				Chr. 60			
Gener	ral Aptitude (G	A) Questions		130			
2.56 -	- Q.60 carry on	e mark each.		34			
Q.56	sentence:			to complete the following  k of seriousness about the subject.			
	(A) masked (B) belied (C) betrayed (D) suppressed	or punite					
Q.57	Which of the follo	owing options is the clo	osest in meaning to the w	ord below:			
	(A) cyclic (B) indirect (C) confusing (D) crooked						
Q.58	sentence:		, -	to complete the following e would leave a better planet for			
	(A) uphold (B) restrain (C) cherish (D) conserve						
Q.59	25 persons are in both hockey and	25 persons are in a room. 15 of them play hockey, 17 of them play football and 10 of them play both hockey and football. Then the number of persons playing neither hockey nor football is:					
	(A) 2	(B) 17	(C) 13	(D) 3			
Q.60	The question below consists of a pair of related words followed by four pairs of words. Select the pair that best expresses the relation in the original pair.  Unemployed: Worker						
	(A) fallow: land (B) unaware: slee (C) wit: jester (D) renovated: he	•					
). <b>61</b> -	- Q.65 carry tw	o marks each.					
Q.61	If $137 + 276 = 43$	5 how much is 731 + (	572?				
·							

- Student Bounty.com Q.62 Hari (H), Gita (G), Irfan (I) and Saira (S) are siblings (i.e. brothers and sisters). All 1 January. The age difference between any two successive siblings (that is born one after is less than 3 years. Given the following facts:
  - i. Hari's age + Gita's age > Irfan's age + Saira's age.
  - ii. The age difference between Gita and Saira is 1 year. However, Gita is not the oldest and Saira is not the youngest.
  - iii. There are no twins.

In what order were they born (oldest first)?

- (A) HSIG
- (B) SGHI
- (C) IGSH
- (D) IHSG
- Q.63Modern warfare has changed from large scale clashes of armies to suppression of civilian populations. Chemical agents that do their work silently appear to be suited to such warfare: and regretfully, there exist people in military establishments who think that chemical agents are useful tools for their cause.

Which of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage:

- (A) Modern warfare has resulted in civil strife.
- (B) Chemical agents are useful in modern warfare.
- (C) Use of chemical agents in warfare would be undesirable.
- (D) People in military establishments like to use chemical agents in war.
- 5 skilled workers can build a wall in 20 days; 8 semi-skilled workers can build a wall in 25 days; 0.64 10 unskilled workers can build a wall in 30 days. If a team has 2 skilled, 6 semi-skilled and 5 unskilled workers, how long will it take to build the wall?
  - (A) 20 days
- (B) 18 days
- (C) 16 days
- (D) 15 days
- Q.65 Given digits 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4 how many distinct 4 digit numbers greater than 3000 can be formed?
  - (A) 50
- (B) 51
- (C) 52
- (D) 54

# END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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