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AG: AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Duration: Three Hours Maximum Marks: [N

Read the following instructions carefully

- This question paper contains 16 printed pages including pages for rough work. Please check all pages and report discrepancy, if any.
- Write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre at the specified locations on the right half of the ORS.
- Using HB pencil, darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and the letters corresponding to your paper code.
- 4. All the questions in this question paper are of objective type.
- 5. Questions must be answered on Objective Response Sheet (ORS) by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using HB pencil against the question number on the left hand side of the ORS. Each question has only one correct answer. In case you wish to change an answer, erase the old answer completely. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
- 6. Questions 1 through 20 are 1-mark questions and questions 21 through 85 are 2-mark questions.
- 7. Questions 71 through 73 is one set of common data questions, questions 74 and 75 is another pair of common data questions. The question pairs (76, 77), (78, 79), (80, 81), (82, 83) and (84, 85) are questions with linked answers. The answer to the second question of the above pairs will depend on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is un-attempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- Un-attempted questions will carry zero marks.
- NEGATIVE MARKING: For Q.1 to Q.20, 0.25 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For Q.21 to Q.75, 0.5 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For the pairs of questions with linked answers, there will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question, i.e. for Q.76, Q.78, Q.80, Q.82 and Q.84, 0.5 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. There is no negative marking for Q.77, Q.79, Q.81, Q.83 and Q.85.
- Calculator without data connectivity is allowed in the examination hall.
- 11. Charts, graph sheets and tables are NOT allowed in the examination hall.
- 12. Rough work can be done on the question paper itself. Additional blank pages are given at the end of the question paper for rough work.

Q. 1 - Q. 20 carry one mark each.

- Student Bounty.com Q.1 If f(x) is a perfect normal distribution with mean and standard deviation of 5 and 1 then the value of f(x) for x = 6 is
 - (A) 0.124
- (B) 0.242
- (C) 0.482
- (D) 0.524

- 0.2 Eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ are
 - (A) 1 and 2
- (B) I and 3
- (C) I and 4

- Q.3 Integration of $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos\theta d\theta}{\sqrt{1-\cos^2\theta}}$ is
 - (A) 0
- (B) $\pi/2$
- (C) 1
- (D) T
- Q.4 A function f(x) is evaluated as 1, 1.5, 2.2 and 3.4 at four values of x having intervals of 0.5. The area under the curve f(x) using trapezoidal rule is
 - (A) 1.95
- (B) 2.45
- (C) 2.95
- (D) 3.45
- Q.5 If $log_e(y) = -x log_e(x)$, then the maximum value of y is
 - (A) e
- (B) e^{x²}
- (C) 0 =-1
- (D) e-x
- The cross product of x = 2i + j and y = i 2j + k is
 - (A) i j + 2k
- (B) i 2j + 5k
- (C) i 2j 5k
- (D) 2i 4i

- Q.7 Inverse Laplace Transform of 1/(s 2)2 is
 - (A) exp(2t)

(B) t exp(2t)

(C) 2t exp(t)

- (D) $t^2 \exp(2t)$
- 0.8 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + 2}{y}$ is Solution of the ordinary differential equation

(A) $y = \sqrt{(2/3)x^3 + 4x}$

(B) $y = \sqrt{(2/3)x^3 + 4x + k}$

(C) $y = \sqrt{(2/3)x^3 - 4x + k}$

- (D) $y = (2/3)x^3 + 4x + k$
- The area of a map plotted to a scale of 1:3000 measures 9069.37 mm². The 20 m chain used for this survey was short by 0.2 m. The true land area it represents is
 - (A) 83281 m²
- (B) 82449 m²
- (C) 80808 m²
- (D) 80000 m²
- Q.10 To measure the difference in level precisely between two points with a leveling instrument having collimation error, the method to be used is
 - (A) reciprocal leveling

(B) check leveling

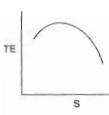
(C) compound leveling

(D) profile leveling

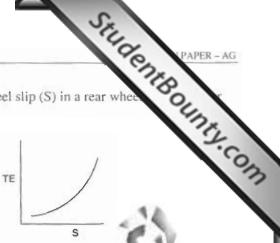
				SEE
008	-12			CE NO
Q.11	mountainous region	of a temperate zone a f hydrometeorological	and flat region of a te	m ² are situated in an aremperate zone respectively see catchments, N _A , N _M and
	(A) $N_M > N_F > N_A$	(B) $N_A < N_M < N_F$	(C) $N_A > N_M > N_F$	(D) $N_M = N_F$ and $N_M > N_A$
Q.12	The following design	n parameters of contour	bunds constructed on	a land of 4% slope are given:
				m. Assuming the length for side rea lost due to bunding is
	(A) 0.156%	(B) 2.50%	(C) 10.83%	(D) 12.52%
Q.13	The percentage of hi	usk, bran and bran oil re	ceived from rice millin	g are respectively
	(A) 20, 5 and 25 (C) 20, 5 and 40		(B) 5, 10 and 30 (D) 20, 10 and 20	11
Q.14	In order to freeze a f	ruit juice its thermodyn	amic temperature is	100
	(B) below the freezing (C) equal to the freezing		fruit juice	
Q.15		of microorganism is h ber of the organism is	eated at constant temp	perature, the reaction kinetics of
	(A) linear	(B) exponential	(C) parabolic	(D) hyperbolic
Q.16	Water activity (aw) i	s a ratio of		
	(B) partial pressure (C) vapour pressure same temperatu		pressure of air at satur with the food to vapou	ation r pressure of pure water at the
Q.17	of pin joint is d and		f each link is ω, then t	∠ AOB is 144°. If the diameter he velocity of rubbing at the pin
	(A) 0	(B) ad	(C) $2/5 \pi \omega d$	(D) 1/2 wd
Q.18	The essential require	ement for turning in a po	ower tiller is accomplis	hed by having
Q.19	(C) one of the whee (D) the same mecha	as towed wheels driven by the engine, wh Is disconnected from the nism as used in a rear w fferential lock used in a	e engine at the time of t heel driven tractor	urning
	(B) to operate both (C) to operate both (the rear wheels at the sa the rear wheels at different the rear wheels at the sa	ential speeds me torque	

Q.20 The nature of variation of tractive efficiency (TE) with wheel slip (S) in a rear whe ìs

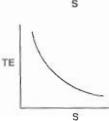
(A)



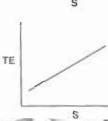
(B)



(C)



(D)



- Q. 21 to Q.75 carry two marks each.
 - Q.21 The correlation analysis between X and Y variables assuming the parabolic relationship revealed a nonlinear correlation coefficient of 0.98. The percentage of the total variation that remains unexplained by assuming a parabolic relationship between X and Y is

Q.22 Cycloid is formed by $x = a(\theta - \cos \theta)$ and $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$. The surface area of the curved plane obtained from the rotation of the cycloid around x axis is

(A)
$$\frac{16\pi a^2}{3}$$

(B)
$$\frac{32\pi a}{3}$$

(C)
$$\frac{64\pi a^2}{3}$$

(A)
$$\frac{16\pi a^2}{3}$$
 (B) $\frac{32\pi a^2}{3}$ (C) $\frac{64\pi a^2}{3}$ (D) $\frac{128\pi a^2}{3}$

Q.23 If one bucket contains 8 red balls and 2 black balls and another bucket contains 7 red balls and 3 black balls, the probability of having at least one red ball from drawings of one ball from each of the two buckets is

In a factory 30% of the machines are assembled by robots and 70% are assembled by manual labour. Reliability of the first type of machines is 0.9 and that of the second type of machines is 0.8. One piece of machine was found to be reliable. The probability of the machine having been assembled by robot is

Q.25 If $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x - a_i)^2$ has a minima at A, then A is the arithmetic mean of the series

(A)
$$a_1 - a_2 + a_3 - \dots + (-1)^{n+1} a^n$$

(B)
$$\frac{1}{a_1} + \frac{1}{a_2} + \frac{1}{a_3} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_n}$$

(C)
$$\frac{1}{a_t} - \frac{1}{a_2} + \frac{1}{a_3} - \dots + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{a_n}$$
 (D) $a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n$

(D)
$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n$$

(A) $e^x(Ce^{6x}-6^{-1})$

(B) $e^x [e^{7x} - (6e^x)^{-1}]$

(C) $e^x(Ce^{5x}-6^{-1})$

(D) $e^x [Ce^{5x} + (6e^x)^{-1}]$

Student Bounty.com Q.27 A clayey soil has a field capacity of 0.38 m³ m⁻³ and wilting point of 0.24 m³ m⁻³. If the specific weight of the soil is 12.75 kN m⁻³ and the effective root-zone depth is 0.8 m, the available moisture holding capacity is

- (A) 15.6 cm
- (B) 11.2 cm
- (C) 1.12 cm

Q.28 A flow of 150 L s⁻¹ was supplied for 8 hours from a tank to irrigate 2 ha of land. It was found that the actual delivery rate at the farm was less than 150 L s⁻¹. If the conveyance loss was 864 m³ and percolation and runoff losses in the field were 240 and 760 m3 respectively, the water application efficiency of this system is

- (A) 80%
- (B) 61%
- (C) 77%
- (D) 71%

Q.29 The following data were obtained from an agricultural land requiring a pipe drainage system for groundwater control:

Hydraulic conductivity = 8.3 cm h⁻¹, drainable porosity = 5%, reaction factor = 0.31 per day and equivalent depth to the impermeable layer = 2.8 m.

The drain spacing computed by the Glover-Dumm formula will be

- (A) 60 m
- (B) 190 m
- (C) 50 m
- (D) 6 m

Q.30 A tile drainage system draining 12 ha flows at the design capacity for two days in response to a storm. If the system is designed using a drainage coefficient of 1.25 cm, the amount of water removed from the drainage area during two days is

- (A) 150 m3
- (B) 1500 m³
- (C) 30 m³
- (D) 3000 m³

O.31 The analysis of maximum one-day rainfall in a city indicated that a depth of 280 mm has a return period of 50 years. The probability of a one-day rainfall depth equal to or greater than 280 mm in the city occurring two times in 15 successive years is

- (A) 0.032
- (B) 0.323
- (C) 0.042
- (D) 0.272

Q.32 A catchment with an area of 756 km² has a 6 h unit hydrograph which is triangular with a base of 70 h. The peak discharge of direct runoff hydrograph due to 5 cm of rainfall excess in 6 h from the catchment is

- (A) 60 m3 s-1
- (B) $535 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ (C) $300 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ (D) $756 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$

Q.33 A 50 g L⁻¹ solution of a tracer was discharged into a stream at a constant rate of 20 mL s⁻¹. At a downstream section, the tracer was completely mixed and attained an equilibrium concentration of 10 parts per billion. Assuming the background concentration as zero, the stream discharge is

- (A) 100 m³ s⁻¹
- (B) $200 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ (C) $800 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ (D) $1000 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$

Q.34 The velocity of flow of water through a drop inlet pipe spillway is 4 m s⁻¹ and the friction loss coefficient is 0.12. Maximum slope that can be provided to the pipe to maintain pipe flow condition

- (A) 8.9%
- (B) 9.8%
- (C) 10.3%
- (D) 10.8%

Q.35	3.35 If W is the width of a bench terrace constructed on a land of slope S, then the drop consecutive bench terraces for a riser slope of ½: 1 is given by					
	(A) D = WS/(100 (C) D = 2WS/(200		(B) D = WS/(200 (D) D = 2WS/(100			
Q.36	height of 14 m fro	om the centerline of the p	oump. The pump is insta e is found to be 5 m of	mm diameter pipe to a vertical alled 6 m above the water level in water. If the overall efficiency is		
	(A) 7.36 kW	(B) 10.22 kW	(C) 8.18 kW	(D) 5.89 kW		
Q.37	300 mm. Suction		e pump are 3 and 30 m	r diameter of 150 mm and stroke respectively. If the pump delivers		
	(A) 97.43	(B) 1.57	(C) 2.57	(D) 0.0257		
Q.38	In the Moody diag	gram, the third parameter	is ε/D. Here, ε is	10		
	(B) an arbitrarily (C) median size in	uniform sand grain roug chosen roughness magnit a non-uniform sand gra f the actual roughness of	ude in roughness			
Q.39		sure at a place is equal t pressure at a point 2 m l	**	iid has a specific weight of 12 kN f liquid in kPa is		
	(A) 2.4	(B) 12.4	(C) 24.0	(D) 122.1		
Q.40	The weight of a hollow sphere is 100 N. If it floats in water just fully submerged, the diameter of the sphere is					
	(A) 112 mm	(B) 213 mm	(C) 269 mm	(D) 315 mm		
Q.41		luctivity of a common n		of food processing equipment is		
	(A) 2.08	(B) 20.8	(C) 208	(D) 280		
Q.42		composition is known, th .594 m _p + 1.675 m _f + 0.		olds good		
	proteins, fats, ash	& moisture, respectively	٧.	re mass fractions of carbohydrates, protein, 10% fat, 5% ash and 25%		
	(A) 1.42	(B) 2.14	(C) 4.21	(D) 6.41		
Q.43		I from 14% to 93% total	solids. Considering 89	peefing losses, the product yield		

(B) 13.85%

(A) 10.56%

(C) 15.25%

(D) 20.58%

- Student Bounty.com Q.44 Heated air at 50 °C and 10% relative humidity is used to dry rice in a bin dryer. The a bin under saturated condition. The corresponding data for humidity ratio as read psychometric chart are 0.0078 and 0.019 kg water per kg dry air. The amount of water remove kg of dry air will be
 - (A) 0.0112 kg
- (B) 0.021 kg
- (C) 0.112 kg
- (D) 0.121kg
- Q.45 One hundred kilogram of a food grain is dried from 18% wb to 13% wb moisture content. The total amount of water removed from the grain is
 - (A) 6.82 kg
- (B) 6.28 kg
- (C) 5.75 kg
- (D) 5.57 kg
- Q.46 The velocity of a fluid in a pipe A of diameter D is v m s⁻¹. This pipe is connected with another pipe B of diameter 2D. Reynold's number in pipe A in relation to pipe B is
 - (A) same
- (C) double
- (D) triple
- Q.47 Milk and rapeseed oil are flowing in pipes of 5 cm diameter with the same flow velocity of 3 m s⁻¹. The densities of milk and rapeseed oil are 1030 and 900 kg m⁻³, respectively. The viscosity of milk is 2.1 x 10⁻³ N s m⁻² and that of rapeseed oil is 118 x 10⁻³ N s m⁻². The values of Reynolds' number for milk and rapeseed oil will be respectively
 - (A) 73571 and 1144

(B) 1144 and 73571

(C) 73175 and 1144

- (D) 1414 and 73571
- Q.48 The higher and lower temperatures in a refrigerator working on reverse Carnot cycle are 35 °C and -15 °C respectively. The capacity of the machine is 35.16 kW. The power required will be
 - (A) 81.6 kW
- (B) 68.1 kW
- (C) 8.61 kW
- (D) 6.81 kW
- Q.49 The results of sieve analysis of a food powder are presented in the following two tables. Table - 1.

Sieve aperture (µm)	Mass retained (%)
12.5	13.8
7.5	33.6
4.0	35.2
2.5	12.8
0.75	4.6

Table - 2.

Average diameter of particles, d (µm)	Mass retained on the sieve, x (%)	(d)(x) = dx	
0.375	4.6	1.725	
1.625	12.8	20.800	
3.250	35.2	114.4	
5.750	33.6	193.2	
10.000	13.8	138.0	
Total	100	468.125	

The mass mean diameter of the sample will be

- (B) 6.48 µm (C) 4.86 µm
- (D) 4.68 µm
- Q.50 A spherical tank of 2 m diameter is filled with an edible oil of specific gravity 0.92. If the pressure measured at the highest point in the tank is 70 kPa, the total pressure (kPa) in the tank will be
 - (A) 80.5
- (C) 88.1
- (D) 92.2

				to give a temperature of 85 perature of the hot water blanch
XX8				Co.
Q.51	95 °C. The therm 3.3 kJ kg ⁻¹ K ⁻¹ and	temperature of the pea is al conductivity, speci	15 °C and tem fic heat and 'he neat transfer	density of peas are 0.35 W m ⁻¹ K coefficient is 1200 W m ⁻² K ⁻¹ . If the
	(A) 26.6 s	(B) 26.0 s	(C) 20.6 s	(D) 20.0 s
Q.52				ty at this temperature is 1029 kg m ⁻³ , ipe. At 21 °C, the flow of milk will be
	(A) stream line (C) transition		(B) laminar (D) turbulent	
Q.53		y (k) of the cork is 0.042		d the other face at 21 °C. If the mean rate of heat transfer (J s ⁻¹) through one
	(A) 13.9	(B) 9.3	(C) 5.0	(D) 2.5
Q.54	Mechanical separat	ion is divided into		100
	(B) grading, weight(C) sedimentation,	g, sieving and filtration ng, sieving and filtration centrifugation, filtration a centrifugation, cleaning a		
Q.55	Following two grou	ps of equipment and their	working princip	oles or purpose are given
		Group - I		Group - II -
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	pneumatic conveyor hammer mill cyclone separator pycnometer	(a) (b) (c) (d)	air blowing or suction feed grinding centrifugal force stress / strain measurement
		- Control of the Cont	(d)	stress / strain measurement
	Identify the incorre (A) i – a	(B) ii – b	(C) iii – c	(D) iv – d
Q.56	A single plate dry to with the following the engine torque pressure = 0.1 MPa	ype clutch is to be design data. The torque develop reserve capacity = 20 pe	ed for a tractor of the ded by the engine or cent; coefficier essure, if the out	engine to transmit its maximum torque e at governor's maximum = 125 N m; nt of friction = 0.3; maximum facing er diameter of the plate is 1.5 times the
	(A) 165.38 mm	(B) 224.46 mm	(C) 238.50 m	m (D) 300.52 mm
Q.57	of 180 during com increases by 40 If	bustion. When the engin	e speed is redu tion ts 0.20 kg k	rpm and maintaining an ignition delay ced by 25 percent, the ignition delay W ⁻¹ h ⁻¹ , the percent change in the fuel
	(A) 37.0	(B) 38.64	(C) 61.36	(D) 62.96

Q.58 The following data correspond to the height-weight ratio (H/W) in mm kg-1 of a population agricultural workers employed in the operation of a manually operated weeder.

S.No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
H/W (mm/kg)	23.9	23.7	21.3	22.1	25.2	23.3

The dimension of the operator corresponding to the fifth-percentile of the population is

- (A) 19.26
- (B) 20.49
- (C) 21.99
- (D) 23.25
- Q.59 One kilogram of air is subjected to polytropic compression from a volume of 28 m³ and a pressure of 101 kPa to a volume of 2 m3 and pressure of 2 MPa. The external work required to make this compression possible is
 - (A) 1.66 MJ
- (B) 2.93 MJ
- (C) 3.04 MJ
- (D) 8.92 MJ
- Q.60 A flail mower is operated using the PTO power of a tractor through a bevel gear drive. The tractor forward speed is 10.8 km h. The velocity of the flail tip with respect to the ground is 18 m s. The length of each flail is 400 mm and the diameter of the shaft carrying the flails is 100 mm. If the tractor PTO speed is 800 rpm, the required bevel gear reduction is
 - (A) 1.13
- (B) 2,00
- (C) 2.25
- (D) 2.51
- Q.61 The torque exerted on the crankshaft of a two stroke engine is given by the equation

$$T (N m) = 450 + 30 \sin 2\theta - 90 \cos 2\theta$$

where θ is the crank angle displacement from the inner dead centre. If the resisting torque is constant, the power developed by the engine at a speed of 1500 rpm is

- (A) 22.50 kW
- (B) 35.30 kW
- (C) 70.69 kW
- (D) 135.00 kW
- Q.62 In an epicyclic gear train, an arm carries two wheels A and B having 24 teeth and 30 teeth respectively. If the arm rotates at 100 rpm in the clockwise direction about the centre of the wheel A which is fixed, then the speed of wheel B on its own axis is
 - (A) 20 rpm, anti-clockwise

(B) 25 rpm, anti-clockwise

(C) 180 rpm, clockwise

- (D) 225 rpm, clockwise
- Q.63 A tractor drawn seed broadcaster is operated at 10.8 km h⁻¹. The broadcaster has a horizontal seed plate located inside the hopper above the ground level. The diameter of the plate is 300 mm and its angular velocity is 80 rad s⁻¹. If the air resistance is neglected, the resultant velocity with which the seed mass is approaching the furrow 3 seconds after its release from the hopper is
 - (A) 29.40 m s⁻¹
- (B) 30.52 m s⁻¹ (C) 31.75 m s⁻¹
- (D) 41.40 m s⁻¹
- Q.64 The differential equation of motion for a single degree of freedom mass-spring damped system is $8\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 12x = 0$. If the units of mass, length and time are kg, m, and s respectively, the natural frequency of vibration is
 - (A) 0.42 rad s⁻¹
- (B) 0.52 rad s⁻¹ (C) 1.22 rad s⁻¹
- (D) 1.83 rad s 1
- Q.65 A four stroke cycle engine has the following valve events: inlet valve opens at 80 before HDC; inlet valve closes at 55° after CDC; exhaust valve opens at 47° before CDC; exhaust valve closes at 12° after HDC. If the engine runs at 2000 rpm, the time in milli-seconds during which inlet and exhaust valves remain closed simultaneously is

Q.66	At an engine throttle position of 75 percent, the high idle speed of the engine is shift
	towards the maximum torque position. If the engine is maintaining a uniform speed of
	a given load, the governor regulation is

(A) 8.42 %

(B) 8.10 %

(C) 7.77 %

Student Bounty.com Q.67 A double acting hydraulic cylinder has a piston diameter of 40 mm and the rod diameter equal to one-half the piston diameter. For a constant pressure of 4 MPa, the difference in load carrying capacity between extension and retraction is

(A) 0 kN

(B) 1.26 kN

(C) 3.77 kN

(D) 6.29 kN

Q.68 A hydraulic motor receives a flow rate of 72 L min⁻¹ at a pressure of 12 MPa. The motor speed is 800 rpm. If the motor has a power loss of 3 kW, the actual torque delivered by the motor is

(A) 136.08 N m

(B) 171.89 N m

(C) 204.62 N m

(D) 262.84 N m

Q.69 A multi-crop thresher was tested utilizing power from a tractor PTO shaft and the fuel consumption recorded was 4.5 L h⁻¹. The brake thermal efficiency of the engine is 32 percent and density of the fuel having a heating value of 40 MJ kg⁻¹ is 825 kg m⁻³. If the transmission loss from the engine to PTO drive is 5 percent, the power consumed by the thresher is

(A) 8.66 kW

(B) 12.54 kW

(C) 13.20 kW

(D) 41.25 kW

Q.70 A farmer wishes to construct a 5 m3 capacity biogas plant with a cylindrical digester. The depth of the digester below the ground level is restricted to 5 m. Assume that 1.0 kg of cow dung produces 0.04 m3 of gas per day and that the bulk density of wet cow dung is 1100 kg m3. If equal amount of water on volume basis is added to the dung for slurry preparation and the retention period is taken as 40 days, the diameter of the digester tank will be

(A) 0.24 m

(B) 1.08 m

(C) 1.52 m

(D) 2.31 m

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 71, 72 and 73:

A material consisting of 20 mm particles is crushed to an average size of 5 mm and requires 18 kJ kg energy for this size reduction. If other conditions are similar, the energy required (kJ kg1) to crush the material from 25 mm to 3 mm needs to be calculated.

Q.71 The energy requirement calculated using Rittinger's law will be

(A) 61.53

(B) 35.16

(C) 16.43

(D) 5.82

Q.72 The energy requirement calculated using Kick's law will be

(A) 72.39

(B) 52.76

(C) 27.55

(D) 14.85

Q.73 The energy requirement calculated using Bond's law will be

(A) 57.34

(B) 30.57

(C) 15.79

(D) 11.25

Common Data for Questions 74 and 75:

A tractor sprayer boom is fitted with 20 hollow cone nozzles to achieve an application rate of 200 L During a calibration test the nozzle flow rate was found to be 1.25 L min⁻¹, whereas the rated nozzle is rate of 0.473 L min⁻¹ was available at 275 kPa.

- Q.74 If the nozzle produces droplets with a volume median diameter of 200 micron at 1 MPa, the droplet size in micron at the desired flow rate is
 - (A) 104.17
- (B) 160.91
- (C) 248.60
- (D) 594.89
- Q.75 If the forward speed of the tractor is 7.5 km h⁻¹, the field capacity of the sprayer in ha h⁻¹ is
 - (A) 2.84
- (B) 7.00
- (C) 7.13
- (D) 7.50

Linked Answer Questions: Q.76 to Q.85 carry two marks each.

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 76 and 77:

A sandy loam soil has a water holding capacity of 140 mm m⁻¹ depth between field capacity and witting point. The area to be irrigated is 60 ha and the depth of effective root zone is 0.30 m. The management allowed soil moisture depletion is 40% and the consumptive use is 6 mm per day. The conveyance and application efficiencies are estimated to be 80 and 50% respectively. There are no leaching requirements as well as no rainfall and groundwater contributions to the crop water requirement.

- Q.76 The frequency of irrigation will be
 - (A) I day
- (B) 3 days
- (C) 7 days
- (D) 5 days

- Q.77 The field irrigation requirement will be
 - (A) 21600 m³
- (B) 10800 m³
- (C) 2.16 x 10⁶ m³
- (D) 27000 m³

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 78 and 79:

Contour bunds are constructed on a land slope of 5% at a vertical interval of 1.35 m to store a 24 hour excess rainfall of 0.1 m. Minor effects due to side slopes of the bund are neglected in the calculation of storage volume of water behind the bund.

- Q.78 The depth of impounding immediately behind the contour bund is
 - (A) 0.32 m
- (B) 0.42 m
- (C) 0.52 m
- (D) 0.62 m

- Q.79 The water spread length behind the bund is
 - (A) 12.4 m
- (B) 10.4 m
- (C) 8.4 m
- (D) 6.4 m

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 80 and 81.

The following data were collected from two piezometers P and Q located adjacent to each other in a groundwater basin.

Description	Piezometers	
5.50 H (1994 Proposition)	P	Q
R.L. of the ground surface, m	220	220
Depth of piezometer, m	120	90
Depth to groundwater level from ground surface, m	60	50

- Q.80 Hydraulic heads in m at P and Q respectively will be
 - (A) 100, 130
- (B) 160, 170
- (C) 60, 40
- (D) 170, 160

Q.81 Hydraulic gradient between the piezometers is

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 82 & 83:

Student Bounty.com A food material having initial moisture content of 400 % (dry weight basis) is poured into 10 mm a tray of freeze dryer which operates at 40 Pa. It is to be dried to 8% moisture (dry weight basis maximum surface temperature of 55 °C. The dried food has a thermal conductivity of 0.03 W m⁻¹ K density of 470 kg m⁻³, a permeability of 2.4 x 10⁻⁸ kg s⁻¹ m⁻¹, and latent heat of sublimation of 2.95 x 10³ kg kg⁻¹. It is assumed that the pressure at the ice front remains constant at 78 Pa.

Q.82 The temperature at the sublimation front will be

(A) -73.5 °C

(B) −35.7 °C

(C) -25.28 °C

(D) −15.72 °C

Q.83 The drying time will be

(A) 1.7 h

(B) 2.3 h

(C) 3.2 h

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 84 and 85:

A rear wheel driven tractor weighing 20 kN has 40 percent of its weight supported by the front wheels. The tractor is pulling a trailed plough with a forward speed of 5 km h⁻¹on flat land. The plough exerts a drawbar pull of 8.0 kN with the line of pull making an angle of 150 with the horizontal in the vertical plane. The drawbar hitch height is 500 mm.

Q.84 The coefficient of traction developed by the tractor for this operation is

(A) 0.15

(B) 0.49

(C) 0.50

(D) 0.56

Q.85 If the wheel slip is 20 percent and the coefficient of rolling resistance is 0.04, the tractive efficiency of the tractor is

(A) 92.39 %

(B) 87.17 %

(C) 73.96 %

(D) 21.79 %

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER