

Lesson 7	Study Module 4: Working with structured data (2/3)	Time
Lesson objective	In this lesson students are learning how to:	
	search structured data	
Learning outcomes	At the end of the lesson students will be able to:	
	use Find to locate data	
	set and customise Filters (AutoFilter)	
	use Filters on single and multiple columns	
Specification coverage	L1: 2.1, 5.1, 7.1, 8.3, 8.4	
	L2: 2.1, 4.1, 6.1, 7.3, 7.4	
Resources	Starter	5 mins
Study Module 4	Read out or display the following serial number:	
SAM Mark Scheme	EE27 545098.	
Key vocabulary	Tell students that it is the serial number of a UK bank note Ask them how they could find the denomination of the bank	
Search	note if they had a spreadsheet with data about all UK bank notes. (It happens to be a £10 note in circulation).	
criterion	Answer: don't look through the many records one by one but	
Search operator	make the spreadsheet search for it in the DENOMINATION field (not any others).	
Logical		
Relational	Share lesson objectives	5 mins
Filter Wildcards	Introduce the lesson and share learning objective and outcomes.	
Data validation		5 mins
Drop-down list	Using search criteria	5 111115
Brop down not	Remind students of the internet searches they conducted. Is searching a table or spreadsheet the same on a smaller scale? Are the outcomes the same?	
	For example, how many hits would they get if they entered just the serial number into:	
	1. a search engine	
	2. the search field of a spreadsheet with UK bank notes.	
	Use the term 'more than' to describe the likely outcome: more hits on the internet than in the spreadsheet. Lead from this example to the table with other search operators on page 5 in Study Module 4.	



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	Using wildcards	5 mins
	What if you did not have the complete serial number of the bank note but only the beginning, middle or end of it? Introduce placeholders (? and *). Use the example on page 8 to show students how wild cards work with text.	
	Using AutoFilter	20 mins
	Point out that spreadsheets have a special feature called Filter. Ask students to describe what filters do, e.g. a coffee filter. Answer: filters divide liquids, solids, etc into two - those they hold back and those they let through.	
	Explain that in a spreadsheet, users can design their own filters to find records and groups of records.	
	Note: Use <u>D</u> ata, <u>F</u> ilter to recap with students what they learnt about keyboard short cuts in Lesson 1.	
	Using the Customer Loyalty Scheme spreadsheet, demonstrate to students how to set filters, show all records (<u>Data</u> , <u>Filter</u> , Show All), and remove filters (<u>Data</u> , <u>Filter</u>).	
	Point out to them that - on default - some filters are more useful than others: a filter on Card number shows all entries, a filter on Gender only two: male and female).	
	Demonstrate how to:	
	 customise filters 	
	 use a single filter 	
	 a combination of filters (members living in St Leonards with more than 550 points). 	
	Ask students to complete Skill Builder 4.4 . Tell students to first use <u>E</u> dit, <u>F</u> ind to identity all those living in St Leonards, then <u>D</u> ata, <u>F</u> ilter, AutoFilter.	
	Feedback	5 mins
	Discuss with the class (a) the difference between Find and Filter, and (b) answers to the search tasks.	
	Entering data	10 mins
	Ask students how they think the data for the customer loyalty scheme was entered and how it is maintained (keyboard entries, drag & drop, imports, automatic updates, e.g. for points earned). Ask students to give you advantages and disadvantages of each data entry method.	
	Ask students to complete Skill Builder 4.5 and also to add themselves, with 0 in the Points field and the current date as the joined date.	



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	Plenary	5 mins
	Remind students of the learning objective and recap on what they have learnt in this and previous lesson.	
	Homework	15 mins
	Ask students to complete Skill Builder 4.5.	