

# FUNCTIONAL SKILLS CERTIFICATE Functional English

47201 Component 1 Reading Level 1

Mark scheme

4720

March 2016

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aga.org.uk

# Level of response marking instructions

Level of response mark schemes are broken down into levels, each of which has a descriptor. The descriptor for the level shows the average performance for the level. There are marks in each level.

Before you apply the mark scheme to a student's answer read through the answer and annotate it (as instructed) to show the qualities that are being looked for. You can then apply the mark scheme.

### Step 1 Determine a level

Start at the lowest level of the mark scheme and use it as a ladder to see whether the answer meets the descriptor for that level. The descriptor for the level indicates the different qualities that might be seen in the student's answer for that level. If it meets the lowest level then go to the next one and decide if it meets this level, and so on, until you have a match between the level descriptor and the answer. With practice and familiarity you will find that for better answers you will be able to quickly skip through the lower levels of the mark scheme.

When assigning a level you should look at the overall quality of the answer and not look to pick holes in small and specific parts of the answer where the student has not performed quite as well as the rest. If the answer covers different aspects of different levels of the mark scheme you should use a best fit approach for defining the level and then use the variability of the response to help decide the mark within the level, ie if the response is predominantly level 3 with a small amount of level 4 material it would be placed in level 3 but be awarded a mark near the top of the level because of the level 4 content.

## Step 2 Determine a mark

Once you have assigned a level you need to decide on the mark. The descriptors on how to allocate marks can help with this. The exemplar materials used during standardisation will help. There will be an answer in the standardising materials which will correspond with each level of the mark scheme. This answer will have been awarded a mark by the Lead Examiner. You can compare the student's answer with the example to determine if it is the same standard, better or worse than the example. You can then use this to allocate a mark for the answer based on the Lead Examiner's mark on the example.

You may well need to read back through the answer as you apply the mark scheme to clarify points and assure yourself that the level and the mark are appropriate.

Indicative content in the mark scheme is provided as a guide for examiners. It is not intended to be exhaustive and you must credit other valid points. Students do not have to cover all of the points mentioned in the Indicative content to reach the highest level of the mark scheme.

An answer which contains nothing of relevance to the question must be awarded no marks.

# Reading Level 1 Marking Key

Source	Level	Qu	Key	Standards
А	1	1	С	Identify main points
Source	Level	Qu	Key	Standards
Α	1	2	D	Read and understand texts in detail
Source	Level	Qu	Key	Standards
Α	1	3	В	Read and understand texts
Source	Level	Qu	Key	Standards
Α	1	4	Α	Identify main points
Source	Level	Qu	Key	Standards
Α	1	5	С	Read and understand texts in detail
Source	Level	Qu	Key	Standards
А	1	6	С	Identify suitable response

Question 7	Your school or college is planning a trip to The Cornish Seal Sanctuary. You have been asked to find out some information to help the organiser of the trip.							
	Select the information from <b>Source B</b> .							
	You should include: a) <b>four</b> ways The Cornish Seal Sanctuary helps sea creatures b) <b>four</b> things a visitor could do involving the wildlife at The Cornish Seal Sanctuary.							
Mark Scheme		Standard	Marks					

Award one mark for each of <b>four</b> ways The Cornish Seal Sanctuary	Utilise	
helps sea creatures up to a maximum of 4 marks.	information	
Award one mark for each of <b>four</b> things involving wildlife someone	contained in	
could do on a visit to The Cornish Seal Sanctuary up to a maximum	texts	
of 4 marks.	l lo do seta a d	
NB.	Understand	
Candidates may not present the four points for 7a and the four  points for 7b pootly on the lines provided. Instead they may	texts in detail	
points for 7b neatly on the lines provided. Instead they may	Doomondto	
'bunch' the points. This is allowed within each part of the question up to a maximum of 2.	Respond to	
•	texts	
The maximum mark is 4 for each part even if more than four valid  points have been made.		
<ul> <li>points have been made.</li> <li>Points that belong in 7a but appear in the answer to 7b and vice-</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Points that belong in /a but appear in the answer to /b and vice- versa are not to be rewarded.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Examiners are reminded that slashes (/ or //) indicate alternative</li> </ul>		
options, only one of which can be accepted. Emboldened or		
underlined text must be included in the answer. Brackets indicate		
optional content.		
optional contone		
7a)		
Rescue (grey, sick or injured) seal pups		Up to 4
<ul> <li>Provide the pups with treatment/help them recover</li> </ul>		marks
Release them back into the wild		IIIai Na
Provide a new home at the Sanctuary		
(Work with local conservation group) to inspect/clean river		
(estuaries) (to protect local marine species)		
Promote awareness of threats to marine life		
<ul> <li>Help stop whale hunting (working with the Sea Life Trust)</li> </ul>		
stop maio naming (monthly man the ood Elle moth		
7b)		
Go behind the scenes) to see the (workings of)/take a tour of the		
Seal Hospital		Up to 4
Meet seals		marks
Hear stories about seal rescues		
Meet/Get close to penguins/otters/sea lions (1 mark only)		
Touch a starfish/crab/other creature in the rockpool (1 mark)		
only) NB: answer must specify a creature or include		
"rockpool"		
Feed seals		
NB: Do not accept generic "animals"		
Nothing relevant to award/entire text for this section copied		0 marks

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Question 8	Look at the way <b>Source B</b> has been presented. List two ways it has been presented and say why each one would n to understand.	nake it easy f	or people
Mark Scheme		Standard	Marks
express the Candidates There must reason white marks. Where can whether the text and not location, given paragraph. Similarly, where the standard in bold/the 'the font standard colourful' = qualifying a device — 'colourful' = qualifying a device	to two marks for each response up to <b>four</b> marks. Candidates may be ideas below in their own words. It be a <b>valid link</b> between the chosen presentational device and the yit would 'make it easy for people to understand', to get the two adidates identify generic "writing" as a PD, it is impossible to know be yare referring to a specific location or to the whole of the written of mark should be given. However, where candidates specify a valid two BOD, e.g. "bold writing is used at the beginning of every".  With bold & font, the principle is that the candidate must show an a should be fact that a choice has been made in <b>where</b> to use bold or a font. 'Bold subheadings' = 1, 'bold keywords/important words are first line of every paragraph is in bold' = 1, 'it/the text uses bold' = 0, ands out' = 0  Follour per se is a presentational device. 'The text uses colour/is and elective and is not to be awarded as a separate presentational coloured heading' = 1.  The end to identify the difference between a statement of what is there ment on why it makes it easier to understand. The following generic comments are acceptable: 'It makes it stand tractive/more appealing/interesting'. 'The pictures relate to /give a the text/subject matter/show you what (something in the text) looks at accept a simple description of what is in the picture as an of why it makes the text easier to understand. Do not accept 'The second and the text is about.'	Identify how texts are presented Respond to texts	Up to 4 marks
<ul> <li>Picture of s</li> <li>Collage of a sense of centre will</li> <li>Green sha</li> <li>Sub-heading text/help the</li> <li>The Cornis</li> </ul>	seal – links with title and subject matter and looks very appealing. pictures of activities at the centre – look exciting and inviting – give lots to do there. People are smiling, indicating that visiting this be enjoyable. ding font reminds of sea colour are suggested by the larger green font. These break up the e reader to find specific information.  The seal Sanctuary logo – introduces name/picks up colour theme ests a story and is more enticing/intriguing than just the name of the		
	s break up the text/make it easy to read		

Paragraphs break up the text/make it easy to read. **NB: Do not accept "highlighted words"** 

Nothing relevant to award 0 marks