Free-Standing Mathematics Qualification June 2006
Intermediate Level

## AQA

ASSESSMENT and
MAKING CONNECTIONS IN MATHEMATICS
6987/2PM Unit 7

## DATA SHEET

To be issued to candidates between Friday 5 May 2006 and Friday 12 May 2006

REMINDER TO CANDIDATES<br>YOU MUST NOT BRING THIS DATA SHEET WITH YOU WHEN YOU SIT THE EXAMINATION.<br>A CLEAN COPY WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE.

## Number grid

A teacher asks children to find the sum of the numbers covered by a T-shaped tile on a 1 to 100 number grid. For example, the tile below covers numbers that add to 110 .

The T-shaped tile can be moved to cover four squares on the number grid. The tile is always placed on the number grid so that it looks like a ' T ', i.e. it cannot be rotated or reflected.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 |  |  |  | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 |  | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

## Angles in a circle


$\angle A P B=\angle A Q B=\angle A R B$

## Difference of two squares

$$
5^{2}-2^{2}=(5+2)(5-2)=7 \times 3=21
$$

The following diagrams show how you might visualise this.


The tiling pattern shown is based on equilateral triangles and squares.


END OF DATA SHEET

There is no text printed on this page

