

Free-Standing Mathematics Qualification

Using and Applying Decision Mathematics 6994/2

Mark Scheme

2007 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

M	mark is for method			
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method			
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy			
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy			
Е	mark is for explanation			
√or ft or F	follow through from previous			
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy	
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read	
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy	
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work	
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work	
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work	
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt	
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate	
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book	
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme	
–x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph	
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate	
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)	
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)	

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

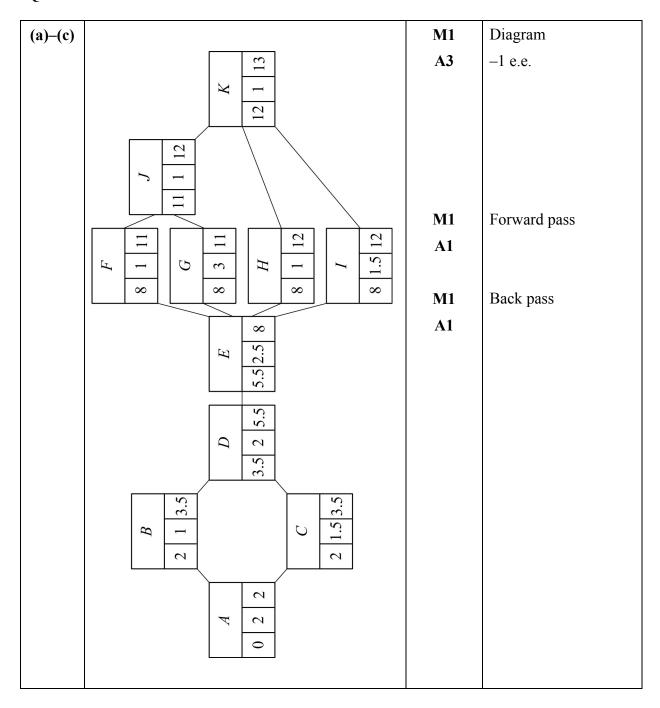
June 07

Free-Standing Mathematics Qualification

Advanced Level – Using and Applying Decision Mathematics (6994)

Answers and Marking Scheme

(a)	Odds A, L, D, R	B1	P.I.
	AL + DR = 10 + 17 = 27		
	AD + LR = 6.5 + 13.5 = 20	M1 A2,1,0	
	AR + LD = 19.5 + 16.5 = 36	112,1,0	
	Repeat AD + LGR	E1F	P.I.
	Total = 86	B1	P.I.
	CPP = 86 + 20 = 106	B1F	
(b)	Starts R, finish L	M1	P.I.
	\therefore odds AD = 6.5	A1	
	\therefore dist $86 + 6.5 = 92.5$	A1	
	TOTAL	10	



Question 2 (cont)

(a)-(c)	ALTERNATIVE METHOD		
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(M1) (A3) (M1) (A1) (M1) (A1)	Diagram -1 e.e. Forward pass Back pass
(d)	Critical A, C, D, E, G, J, K	B2	
(e)(i)	0.5	B1	
(e)(ii)	Н	B1F	
(f)	$C \rightarrow 3, I \rightarrow 3$	E1	
	C is critical add 1.5, I no effect	E1	
	14.5	B1	
	TOTAL	15	

(a)	$ \begin{array}{c c} C & 6 & G \\ \hline 1 & 5 & 5 \end{array} $ 3.5 SV	M1	S.C.A
	$AR = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 4.5 & 36 \end{bmatrix}$	A1	At AR
	20 7 SM 24.5 3		
	29.5 31.5 AG T	M1	2 values at AG
	8 2 27.5	A1	All correct
	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1	56.5 at S
	Route SV, C, AR, SM, T, SL, PE, S	B1	
(b)	$St.V \rightarrow S.M$	M1	
	SV, G, SM	A1	
	$S.M \rightarrow S$	M1	
	SM, T, AG, I, R, S	A1	
	Time		
	$\frac{13}{50} + \frac{66.5}{100}$	M1A1	Converting any distance into time
	= 0.925 hrs (55.5mins)	A1	SC 55.5 with no working/method 4/7
	TOTAL	13	

(a)	PE I 4 PE SL 8 SL T 5 T AG 2 T SM 3 PE S 16	M1 A2	SCA Order
	S R 3 SM AR 20 AR C 3.5 C SV 1 SV G 5	B1	Correct edges
(b)	G SV AR SM AG T R I PE SL SL SI	M1 A1	Spanning tree
(d)	Cost may not be proportional to distance	E1	
(u)	Different places may need different capacities	E1	or sensible alternatives
	TOTAL	9	or sensione antennatives
	IOIAL	7	

(a)(i)	$H_5 N_{45} M_{15} T_{40} B_{10} H$	M1	
	= 115	A1	
(a)(ii)	HNRTMH	M1	Tour
(a)(ii)	$H_5 N_{15} B_{40} T_{15} M_{48} H$	M1	Visits all places
		A1	Correct order
	= 123	B1	
(b)			
	$M \bullet \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad \qquad M \bullet \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad$	M1	SCA
	B	M1	MST
	= 60	A1	Correct
	Min edges $15 + 40 = 55$	m1	Dep. on first M1
	L.B = 115	A1	
(c)	LB gives cycle ∴ optimum		
		E1	Or (b) = (a)(i)
		E1F	
	TOTAL	13	
	TOTAL MARK FOR PAPER	60	