## Cambridge ESOL Certificates in Skills for Life

Speaking and Listening Mode Level 2 Past Paper 5

*Please note:* With the exception of the task cards in Phases 1b and 2b, this sample test frame will be used only by the interlocutor. It will not be shown to the candidates.

② 3 mins overall	Phase	) 1a		
Hello. My name is And what are your names? <i>[i</i>	(Interlocutor), <b>and t</b> l .ook at both candidates i	his is my colleague <sub>-</sub> n turn.]	(As	ssessor).
Thank you. Could I have yo you.	ur mark sheets? [Colle	ect mark sheets and	hand to assessor.]	Thank
The first part of the test will be about people and relationships, and you will each give a <u>formal</u> presentation, but first I'd like you to talk together and share your ideas on the subject.				
Find out from each other about whether you like to spend time alone or with other people. You have about two minutes to ask each other about this, so don't worry if I interrupt you.				
[Withdraw eye contact to sign questions from the box below ( they stray from the topic or if Encourage candidate-candidate by saying things such as "What	e.g. if candidates are exp the language produced e interaction by eliciting a	periencing difficulty in a is clearly below L2 l greement or alternativ	continuing the inter evel). Adapt if ne re opinions from ca	raction, if ecessary.
	People and relationsh	nips – prompts		
Tall	c about:			
- ti - ti	when you prefer to spend ne things you enjoy doing ne things you enjoy doing whether you prefer to stud	g with your friends. g with your family.	people.	

Thank you.

### Phase 1b

Now you are each going to give a <u>formal</u> presentation for about two minutes on the topic of group relationships. While you are talking, we will listen to you. Your partner and the assessor [Indicate assessor.] will then comment or ask you questions about what you have said.

(Candidate A), [Hand Candidate A a candidate booklet – open at correct page – and point at task.] you are going to talk about whether you think it's a good thing for young people to feel part of a group.

"It isn't necessarily a good thing for young people to feel part of a group."

What do you think?

For example, think about:

- why people feel the need to be part of a group.
- how young people influence each other.
- the advantages of acting independently.

(Candidate B), [Hand Candidate B a candidate booklet – open at correct page – and point at task.] you are going to talk about whether you think people can work well together without a leader.

"People can work well together without a leader."

What do you think?

For example, think about:

- the workplace.
- sports and leisure activities.
- families.

### **4** 1 min

You both have one minute to think about what you want to say. You can make notes if you want to. [Indicate paper and pencil.] If there's anything you don't understand, please ask me.

[Withdraw eye contact to signal start of preparation.]

② 2 mins
(Candidate A), are you ready? [Allow up to 15 seconds.] Please tell us all [Indicate using hand gesture.] whether you think it's a good thing for young people to feel part of a group.  (Candidate B), please listen, and then comment or ask questions at the end. All right?
[If the candidate stops before 2 minutes, allow a 5-second pause. If the candidate shows no sign of continuing, move on.]
Thank you.
① 2 mins
(Candidate B), please comment or ask (Candidate A) any questions that you have.
Thank you (Assessor), do you have any comments or questions? [Wait for end of interaction.]
Assessor: Thank you.
[Retrieve Candidate A's booklet.]
① 2 mins
(Candidate B), are you ready, or would you like to look at your notes again? [Allow up to 15 seconds.] All right? Please tell us all [Indicate using hand gesture.] whether you think people can work well together without a leader. (Candidate A), please listen, and then comment or ask questions at the end. All right?
[If the candidate stops before 2 minutes, allow a 5-second pause. If the candidate shows no sign of continuing, move on.]
Thank you.
① 2 mins
(Candidate A), please comment or ask (Candidate B) any questions that you have.
Thank you (Assessor), do you have any comments or questions? [Wait for end of interaction.]
Assessor: Thank you.
[Retrieve Candidate B's booklet.]

In this part of the test, you are going to listen to two recordings [Indicate CD player.] and answer some questions. All right?

You are listening to a talk about things to consider when setting up a business.

## All right? Listen to the first part of the talk. [Indicate CD player and play CD.]

### Recording A

Man: 'Good morning everyone. I'm Tony Langham from Business Startup and I'm very pleased to have been invited here to talk to you all today about how to set up your own business. I'd like to begin by saying that a lot of people are worried that it would be too expensive to start a small business. It's just not true. Usually it only takes a very modest initial financial investment to get your plan up and running. Doing some research is always helpful. You know, testing your ideas out on your friends and so on. But it is essential that before you do anything else you make a business plan. Otherwise you could waste a lot of time and effort. As far as your character is concerned, I'd say you need to be determined to make your business work, even if you can't see any immediate reward. Keep at it, don't give up.

And I also strongly recommend that you have your own website – even for a very local business. If you don't actually sell things online it's still the cheapest way to advertise and these days more and more people are ... '

[Pause for up to 10 seconds to allow time for notes.]

### Recording B

Man: ' ... and now moving onto more specific financial advice. When it comes to accounts, you can do the administration accounting yourself – that'll tell you if you're making more money than you are spending. But you will definitely have to find a qualified accountant as well. Filling in tax forms is incredibly time consuming but that's not really the issue – you really need one because tax is so complicated these days. So put all the paperwork into an envelope and give it to an expert to deal with. Also, although I'm not against business partnerships generally – family run companies are, after all, found everywhere – I do not recommend going into business with friends. If, however, you do decide to go down that road, put all the financial aspects down in black and white, and have it legally witnessed. As for opening a bank account, go for an account which doesn't involve you having to pay business rates. And to get the best deal, always consult the bank's business advisor prior to making your final decision as to which one is best. Finally, remember it's your business and checking your costs is your responsibility. These include electricity, fuel, insurance and so on. And that's an ongoing day-to-day thing.'

(Candidate B), why does the speaker say you need an accountant? [Wait for response.] And who does he say you should talk to before opening a bank account? (Candidate A), who does the speaker say you shouldn't have a partnership with? [Wait for response.] And what does he say you are personally responsible for? Thank you. Key to Phase 2a Recording B: Recording A: Candidate A: Candidate B: Why are many people afraid to start their own business? Why does the speaker say you need an accountant? \*(because) tax is (so) complicated (these days) \*(they think it is) too expensive What sort of person do you need to be in order to Who does he say you should talk to before opening a succeed in business? bank account? \*(you need to be) determined (the bank's) business advisor Candidate B: Candidate A: What does the speaker say you must do first? Who does the speaker say you shouldn't have a \*make a business plan partnership with? friends Why does he recommend having your own website? What does he say you are personally responsible for? \*(it's the cheapest way) to advertise \*checking your costs

\*accept paraphrasing

### @ approx. 4 mins

Now you're going to talk together about working for yourself or for a large organisation. Look at these statements [Hand out candidate booklets open at correct page.] and discuss whether you agree with them or not. [Read out statements whilst pointing at task in candidate booklets.]

"Working with other people is more satisfying than being self-employed."

"You can never be a real individual when you work for a large organisation."

### You have three minutes to talk to each other about this, so don't worry if I interrupt you.

[Withdraw eye contact to signal that candidates should start. If candidates do not start within 10 seconds, ask: Would you like to start now?]

[If necessary, prompt candidates with questions from the box below (e.g. if candidates are experiencing difficulty in continuing the interaction, if they stray from the topic or if the language produced is clearly below L2 level). Adapt if necessary. Encourage candidate-candidate interaction by eliciting agreement or alternative opinions from candidates by saying things such as "What do you think?", "Tell us what you think.", "And you?".]

Working for yourself or for a large organisation – prompts

### Talk about:

- the advantages and disadvantages of being self-employed.
- the advantages and disadvantages of working for a large company.
- which of these ways of working you would prefer.

### Thank you.

[Retrieve candidate booklets.]

① approx. 4 mins		
	alk together about job satisfaction, and ask some questions. All right?	(Assessor) is going to
(Assesso	or)?	
	w, and adapting where necessary to respond naturall rnating questions with the assessor.]	ly to contributions, engage in
	Job satisfaction – extension questions	
	<ul> <li>Is it important to really like the job you do?</li> <li>How important is it to have prospects for promo</li> <li>Is it better to stay in one job or try lots of different</li> </ul>	
	[Ask further questions as necessary.]	

Thank you. That is the end of the test.

# Level 2, Phase 1b

## **Candidate A**

"It isn't necessarily a good thing for young people to feel part of a group."

What do you think?

For example, think about:

- why people feel the need to be part of a group.
  - how young people influence each other. the advantages of acting independently.

## **Candidate B**

"People can work well together without a leader."

What do you think?

For example, think about:
- the workplace.

- sports and leisure activities. families.

# Level 2, Phase 2b

"Working with other people is more satisfying than being self-employed."

"You can never be a real individual when you work for a large organisation."