Star Salu	SERVICE CON	AL PUBLIC SERVICE COMM MPETITIVE EXAMINATION	FOR	S No
ALL PLANE		ITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-1' E FEDERAL GOVERNMENT,		R 5.110.
		ZOOLOGY, PAPER-I		R.No.
6	ALLOWED: (PART	,		
	ALLOWED: (PART	T-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTE	ES	MAXIMUM MARKS:80
NOTE	after 30 minut	PART-I (MCQ) on separate Ans ites. /cutting of the options/answers w		
		<u>PART – I (MCQ)</u> (COMPULSORY		
).1.	-	on/answer and fill in the appropr		on the Answer Sheet. (20)
(i)	What is the function of(a) respiration(d) digestion	of contractile vacuole? (b) reproduction (e) None of these	(c)	osmoregulation
(ii)	Specules are secreted (a) scleroblasts (d) collencytes	d by special mesenchymal amoebo (b) microscleres (e) None of these	ocytes call (c)	led: myocytes
(iii)	True nerve cells or ga (a) Protozoa (d) Annelida	anglion cells occur for the first tim (b) Porifera (e) None of these	ne in: (c)	Coelenterata
(iv)	The process by which (a) reformation (d) reconstruction	h an organism can replace its lost (b) regeneration (e) None of these		ed body parts is called: reclamation
(v)	Nematocysts are four (a) Protozoa (d) Mollusca	(b) Porifera(e) None of these	(c)	Annelida
(vi)	In polychaetes the loc (a) pseudopodium (d) parapodium	(b) neuropodium(e) None of these	(c)	notopodium
(vii)	Worms belonging to p(a) round worms(d) earth worms	(b) ring worms(c) None of these	•	own as: segmented worms
(viii)	Bipinnaria is a larval(a) Coelenterate(d) Cestoda	form of: (b) Polychaeta (e) None of these	(c)	Echinodermata
(ix)	(a) Platyhelminthes(d) Arthropoda	(e) None of these	(c)	Porifera
(x)	(a) colour(d) sitting posture	(b) flying speed (c) None of these	l <u>lex</u> , can b (c)	
(xi) (xii)	 (a) all birds (d) birds and reptile Sternum is absent in: 		als (c)	mammals only
	(a) mammals(d) fishes	(b) birds(e) None of these	(c)	amphibians
(xiii)	Amphioxus belongs t(a) Cephalochordat(d) Cyclostomata		(c)	Urochordata
				Page 1 of

(a) Sea cucumber (b) Sea squirts (c) Sea urchin (d) Sea star (e) None of these xv) Optic lobes are found in: (a) fore brain (b) mid brain (c) hind brain (d) medulla (e) None of these xvi) The number of cervical vertebrae in most mammals is: (a) two (b) four (c) nine (d) eleven (e) None of these xvii) Lymph hearts are absent in: (a) fishes (b) amphibians (c) reptiles (d) mammals (e) None of these xviii) The lymph capillaries coming from intestinal vilii are called: (a) veins (b) lymph nodes (c) lacteals (d) lymph duct (e) None of these xix) How many caudal vertebrae are found in man? (a) $1-2$ (b) $3-4$ (c) $5-6$ (d) $7-8$ (e) None of these xxi) The inner membrane of the two foetal membranes in reptiles, birds and mammals is called: (a) chorion (b) annion (c) peritoneum (d) pericardium (e) None of these xxi The inner membrane of the two foetal membranes in reptiles, birds and mammals is called: (a) chorion (b) annion (c) peritoneum (d) pericardium (e) None of these xxi How The I is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II , selecting at least TWO questions from EACH SECTION . All questions carry EQUAL marks. (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered. SECTION – I 2. (a) Write an essay on "Protozoa and diseases". (c) (b) What are coral reefs? Give an account of the various forms of coral reefs. (c) Coelenterates show some resemblances with Porifera. Discuss briefly. 3. (a) Given an account of the canal system in sponges. (c) (b) What is adaptation? Briefly discuss parasitic adaptations in platyhelminthes. (c) Define the following terms: (i) Polymorphism (ii) Metamerism (iii) Parasitism (iv) Osmoregulation 4. (a) Describe the water vascular system of Echinodermata. (c) (b) What is conjugation? Briefly discuss its significance.			<u>PAPER-I</u> urochordates or tunicate	es are	marine animals. com	monlv kn	nown as:			
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	. ,	Describe the water vascular system of Echinodermata. Give an account of human diseases caused by nematodes.								
Q.5. Write short notes on: (2)								(3) (20)		
(i) Torsion in gastropods (ii) Flame cells (iii) Spicules (iv) Coelom	•			i) Fl	ame cells (ii	i) Spicul	les (iv) Coelom	(
<u>SECTION – II</u>					<u>SECTION – II</u>					
(b) What is cleavage? Describe different types of cleavages, with example, found in chordata.		What is cleavage? Describe different types of cleavages, with example, found in chordata. (
implantation.	(b)	What is placenta? Give classification of placenta in mammals according to the mode of implantation. (8)								
(b) Describe various types of heart found in vertebrates.	(b) (c) Q.7. (a)	imj	plantation.		-			(8)		
	(b) (c) Q.7. (a) (b)	imj De	plantation. escribe various types of I	heart f	found in vertebrates.	o the quar	ntity of yolk they contain.	(8) (8)		

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