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(e) None of these

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## PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

- In comparison to managers of private organizations, public bureaucrats must: (ix)
  - (a) spend less time on external environment and more time on internal management
  - (b) spend more time on external environment and less time on internal management
  - (c) spend less time on both external environment and internal management
  - (d) spend more time on both external environment and internal management

(e) None of these

- Supervision as a mechanism of control over subordinates has been founded to be: (x)
  - (a) the most effective mechanism of control (b) as effective as input control
- StudentBounty.com (c) the less effective mechanism of control (d) more effective than behaviour control (e) None of these
- According to Weber, the three types of leadership are: (xi)
  - (a) charismatic, traditional, legal/rational (c) institutionalists, specialists, hybrids
- (b) titular, controllers, organizers
- (e) None of these

- (d) charismatic, institutionalists, specialists
- (xii) In terms of public administration, one defines a system:
  - (a) according to the organizational structure
  - (b) according to the administrative effectiveness
  - (c) according to problem one wishes to resolve
  - (d) according to the amount of resources available
  - (e) None of these
- (xiii) The advantage of systems approach is that:
  - (a) it allows us to disregard the differences in world views
  - (b) it allows means and ends to remain ambiguous
  - (c) it forces us to delineate the differences and similarities in world views and improve efficiency and effectiveness
  - (d) it allows for new and fresh solutions to old and distressing problems
  - (e) None of these
- (xiv) According to the humanist approach, the management scientist's system is incomplete because: (a) it fails to factor in the variable of environmental instability
  - (b) it fails to account for the variable of uniquely human qualities such as genius and despair
  - (c) it gives too much emphasis to the variable of uniquely human qualities
  - (d) it does not consider quantifiable and measurable variables
  - (e) None of these
- The purpose of decision tree is: (xv)(a) decision alternatives (b) cost analysis project coordination (c) (e) (d) time analysis None of these (xvi) The line-item budget covers: (a) inputs only outputs only inputs and outputs (b) (c) (d) neither inputs nor outputs (e) None of these (xvii) Performance budgeting covers: (a) inputs only outputs only neither inputs nor outputs (b) (c) (d) inputs and outputs (e) None of these (xviii) The essential difference between management-by-objectives and planning-programmingbudgeting is that: (a) MBO does not necessarily focus on inputs (b) MBO does not necessarily focus on outputs (c) MBO does not necessarily focus on alternatives (d) MBO focuses specifically on alternatives
  - (e) None of these
- (xix) One of the salient features of civil service system of Pakistan is: (a) preference for contract appointments
  - (b) preference for professionals
  - (d) preference for doctors

(c) exclusion

- (c) preference for generalists (e) None of these
- (xx)Public goods differ from private goods on the basis of:
  - (a) price (b) delivery
    - (e) None of these (d) public interest

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<u>PUBLIC</u>	<u>EADMINISTRATION</u> PART – II
NOTE:	<ul> <li>(i) PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.</li> <li>(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.</li> <li>(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.</li> </ul>
com	fine public administration. Explain and justify your definition in comparison with various other npeting definitions of Public Administration. Do you think Public Administration is different from siness Administration both in theory and practice?
<b>Q.3.</b> Con	mparatively evaluate Taylor's Scientific Management and Weber's Ideal Bureaucracy and discuss

- Q.2. Define public administration. Explain and justify your definition in comparison with various other competing definitions of Public Administration. Do you think Public Administration is different from Business Administration both in theory and practice?
- Q.3. Comparatively evaluate Taylor's Scientific Management and Weber's Ideal Bureaucracy and discuss their relevance to contemporary public organizations in Pakistan. (20)
- Q.4. Compare and contrast the Bureaucratic Model with New Public Management (NPM). Do you think NPM has replaced the bureaucratic approach to public administration? Support your views with examples from Pakistan (20)
- Q.5. Compare and contrast rational, incremental and NPM approaches to decision making in public administration. Explain your views with examples from Pakistan. (20)
- Q.6. What is good governance? Explain the role of public administration in good governance particularly with reference to Pakistan. (20)
- Q.7. Human Resource Management (HRM) is a contemporary approach to managing people in business organizations. What are the salient features of HRM model? Do you think this model is being applied to reform public personnel system in Pakistan? (20)
- Q.8. Discuss the functions and organizational structure of Federal Government of Pakistan including administrative relations between federal ministries and federal bodies such as commissions, authorities, boards and state-owned enterprises. (20)

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