CONTRACTOR OF		FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2009 <u>LAW, PAPER-II</u>				S.No. R.No.			×4.00	
TIME A	ALLOWED:	(PART-I)	30 MINUTES					AKK5:20		
		(PART-II)	2 HOURS &	30 MINUTES	N	IAXIM	IUM MA	ARKS:80	_	
NOTE		t attempt PAR 30 minutes.	T-I (MCQ) on	separate Answer Sl	heet whi	ich shal	l be take	en back		
	(ii) Over	rwriting/cutti	ng of the option	ns/answers will not	t be give	en credi	it.			
				<u>– I (MCQ)</u> PULSORY)						
Q.1.	Select the b	est option/an	swer and fill in	the appropriate b	ox on th	e Ansv	ver Shee	et. (20)		
(i)		-								
(-/	U	Non-Cognizable Offence is: (a) an offence in which a police officer can arrest without warrant								
		(b) an offence in which a police officer cannot arrest without warrant								
	(c) an offence in which a police officer cannot arrest an accused person(d) None of these									
(ii)	A Justice of Peace appointed under the Code of Criminal Procedure (V of 1898) for the purpose									
	-	n arrest has th	e power of:							
	(a) a Magistrate (b) a Judicial Magistrate									
/····	(c) a Police		on those	(d) None of these						
(iii)		e First Class c			(b) all of	ffences n	ot nunishe	able with deat	h	
			th imprisonment of	6 montths	(d) Non			.sie with deal		
(iv)				n arrested by him be	efore the					
	(a) within 2			(b) within 36 hour	S					
	(c) as soon	1		(d) None of these						
(v)	-		rial held by an A	Additional Sessions	-	ay appe	eal to:			
	(a) the Sess	0		(b) the High Court	t					
(11)	(c) the Supr		amad against ar	(d) None of these accused person, he	mayba					
(vi)	(a) discharg	-	ameu against ai	(b) acquitted	e may be	•				
	(c) either (a			(d) None of these						
(vii)	• • • •	le Offence is:		(d) None of these						
、·/	•		police officer ca	an arrest without wa	rrant					
			-	nnot arrest without						
	. ,	(c) an offence in which a police officer cannot arrest an accused person								
,	· · ·	(d) None of these								
(viii)		-	-	ghway. Suddenly a					the	
		id not stopped	and, consequen	(b) Negligence	ied. He s	snould l	be prose	cuted for:		
	(a) Murder(c) Culpable	e Homicido		(b) Negligence(d) None of these						
(ix)	· · · ·		ntering his house	e in the mid-night w	vho abru	ntly on	ened fire	$con \Delta \Delta a$	lso	
(11)			lled him. He has		110 a014	Pur ob		, on 11. A a		
	(a) Murder			(b) Culpable Hom	icide					
	(c) Negliger	nce		(d) None of these						
(x)			ormed A , a very	. ,	of whea	t, on tel	lephone	that his mir	ıor	
	•	An anonymous person informed A , a very wealthy smuggler of wheat, on telephone that his minor son was in his custody and if A does not donate Rs.500,000/- to the local " <i>sateemkhana</i> " he								
		-		nmitted which of the		ing offe				
	(a) no offen	. ,	Kidnap	(c) Extor		. .	· · ·	one of these		
(xi)				in a football groun	nd, distu	rb the p	public pe	eace, they a	are	
		mit the follow	0	/ \ TT 1			(1) >7	C 4		
(::)	(a) Affray When five		Rioting					one of these		
(xii)		following offe		leadly weapons, ent	ter some	ones n	iouse, in	ey are said	ιο	
	(a) Affray	ionowing offe	(b) Rioting	(c) Crim	inal Tre	snass	(d) N	one of these	e	
	(a) Allay		(o) Moung		inar 110	opuss			~	

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	APER-II A private person may arrest another person, who in his view has committed a: (a) non-bailable offence (b) cognizable offence (c) both (a) & (b) (d) N A warrant of arrest must be issued by: (a) an A.S.P. of Police (b) the Home Secretary (c) the presiding judge of the court issuing the warrant (d) None of these A lunatic who is not prevented by his lunacy from understanding the questions put to him is: (a) a competent witness (b) is not a competent witness if has not attained the age of majority								
LAW P	APER-II								
(xiii)	A private person may arrest another person, who in his view has committed a:								
()	(a) non-bailable offence (b) cognizable offence (c) both (a) & (b) (d) No								
(xiv)	A warrant of arrest must be issued by:								
()	(a) an A.S.P. of Police (b) the Home Secretary								
	(c) the presiding judge of the court issuing the warrant (d) None of these								
(xv)	A lunatic who is not prevented by his lunacy from understanding the questions put to him is:								
	(a) a competent witness								
	(b) is not a competent witness								
	(c) is not a competent witness if has not attained the age of majority								
	(d) None of these								
(xvi)	A person who has been convicted for perjury is:								
	(a) is not a competent if has not attained the age of majority								
	(b) a competent witness								
	(c) a competent witness provided the court is satisfied that he had repented and mended his ways								
	(d) None of these								
(xvii)	In which of the following an accomplice is not a competent witness:								
	(a) offences punishable with death (b) offences punishable with <i>hadd</i>								
	(c) offences punishable with confiscation of property (d) None of these								
(xviii)	In criminal cases previous good character is:								
	(a) irrelevant								
	(b) relevant								
	(c) relevant if proved with oath								
	(d) None of these								
(xix)	In criminal cases previous bad character is:								
	(a) irrelevant								
	(b) relevant								
	(c) relevant only when accused provides evidence of his good character								
()	(d) None of these								
(xx)	The contents of a document may be proved?								
	(a) only by primary evidence(b) by primary as well as secondary evidence(c) only by secondary evidence(d) None of these								
	(c) only by secondary evidence (d) None of these								
	<u>PART – II</u>								

NOTE:	(i) (ii)	PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book . Attempt ONLY FIVE questions from PART-II selecting at least ONE question from EACH SECTION . All questions carry EQUAL marks.				
	(iii)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.				

<u>SECTION – I (Qanun-e-Shahadat Order)</u>

- Q.2. Imam Bakhsh against whom a trial for theft was going on once went to the mosque of the local Police line for reading zuhar prayer. The imam of the mosque, Rahmat Ullah Shah, was a very kind and pious person. Imam Bakhsh while talking to the imam sahib confessed that he had committed the theft. Is the confession relevant? Why or why not? Discuss in details: (16)
- Q.3. Discuss and differentiate between Admission and unilateral confession by giving examples. (16)
- Q.4. Briefly state the cases in which secondary evidence relating to documents may be given. (16)

<u>SECTION – II (Code of Criminal Procedure)</u>

- Q.5. A, an accused of murder, was convicted to death sentence by a Session Judge. When the judgment of the Session Judge was submitted to the High Court for confirmation the High Court annulled the judgment of the Session Judge and sentenced the accused to 14 years rigorous imprisonment. Is the High Court empowered to do so? Why or why not? Discuss in details by referring to the relevant provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure. (16)
- **Q.6.** Discuss and differentiate between F.I.R. and Complaint by giving examples. (16)

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LAW, PAPER-II

StudentBounty.com **O.7.** Suppose you are a Session Judge, who has sentenced an accused person to the deal death sentenced has been got confirmed by the High Court and the warrant of the ex sentence has properly been issued. One day before the execution of the sentence the fan accused as well as of the deceased person file an application in your court informing that the entered a compromise and they request that the death sentence should be annulled. Are you, Session Judge empowered to annul the sentence? Why or why not? Discuss in detail referring to the relevant provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure.

SECTION - III (Pakistan Penal Code)

- **O.8.** Salamat Khan, who was invited by his close friend, Sharafat Khan to a dinner had about three glasses of lasi. Just to play a joke with Salamat Khan his friend Sharafat Khan had secretly mixed in the lasi some locally made wine. In result of drinking that lasi Salamat Khan was fully under the effect of that intoxicant. While he was walking back to his locality late in night he severely needed some cigarettes but unfortunately the shops were closed. In the way he found a super store and he expected to find some cigarettes there. Since it was late in night and there was no body around, therefore, he smashed the window and picked a box of Gold Leaf. But unfortunately while he was getting out of the store a police patrol party arrested him. Salamat Khan has committed: (16)
 - (a) Trespass only.
 - (b) Theft plus Trespass
 - (c) Decoity only
 - (d) No offence

Which of the above statement is correct support your choice with arguments and state the relevant principal of law.

- Q.9. Discuss and differentiate between Wrongful Restraint and Wrongful Confinement and by giving examples. (16)
- Q.10.A, who was in a severe need of money, waited in an alley until another person, B walked by on the street. Then, stepping out of the alley, he stuck his hand in his pocket with his finger thrust forward and said, "I've got a gun in this pocket." Snatching B's purse with his other hand, he ran away because B thought that he had a gun, he did not attempt to stop him. Select the offence of which A is most likely to be properly convicted. (16)
 - (a) Cheating
 - Decoity (b)
 - Robbery (c)
 - (d) Extortion

Which of the above statement is correct support your choice with arguments and state the relevant principal of law.
