

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

ISLAMIC HISTORY AND CULTURE, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 8 which is COMPULSORY.
All questions carry EQUAL marks.

1. Write a comprehensive note on Deen-i-Islam which is defined as a missionary Religion. Account any three missionary movements which are very much relevant to South Asia in term of Sufism.
2. Highlight the last 23 years of Holy Prophet Muhammad(PBUH). In way of the complete study as a preacher of Islam in view of Holy Quran and Sunnah.
3. What is polygamy? Describe the term Nisaa in view of behaviour, value and characters of human life according to Islamic thought of School.
4. Write a detailed note on the Agricultural Prosperity during the regime of Abbaside?
5. Write a comprehensive note on the salient features of Ottoman Turks march towards Europe.
6. Write a note of Merits on any TWO of the following:
(a) Hazrat Umar Farooque (b) Hazrat Umer Bin Abdul Aziz
(c) Mamoon Rashid
7. Write an administrative policy note on Judicial System during the period of Abbaside.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
 - (1) Before Islam Arab were engaged to live systematically as:
(a) Central Government (b) Autonomous body (c) Tribal feuds
(d) Own master mind (e) None of these
 - (2) Hadith was compiled by:
(a) Hazrat Abu Bakkar (b) Hujjaj Bin Yousuf (c) Umer Bin Abdul Aziz
(d) Haroon Rasheed (e) None of these
 - (3) Muhammad (Peace be upon him) was born on the following date:
(a) 2nd August 570 AD (b) 13th August 570 AD (c) 3rd August 571 AD
(d) 14th Sept. 571 AD (e) None of these
 - (4) Hajre-Aswad means:
(a) Pious Stone (b) Black Stone (c) Historical Stone
(d) Foundation Stone (e) None of these

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ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-I:

- (5) Ka'bah is situated in the valley of:
(a) Valley Faran (b) Valley Taif (c) Valley Makka
(d) None of these
- (6) Hazrat Imam Hussain died in:
(a) 680 AD (b) 681 AD (c) 682 AD
(d) 683 AD (e) None of these
- (7) Treaty of Hudaibiyah was observed in:
(a) 5th Hijrah (b) 6th Hijrah (c) 7th Hijrah
(d) 8th Hijrah (e) None of these
- (8) Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H.) died on:
(a) March, 633 AD (b) April, 633 AD (c) May, 633 A.D.
(d) June, 633 A.D. (e) None of these
- (9) Hazrat Othman was murdered on:
(a) 17th March, 656 A.D (b) 17th April, 656 A.D (c) 17th May, 656 A.D
(d) 17th June, 656 A.D (e) None of these
- (10) During the regime of Othman, Hazrat Ameer Muwiya was the Governor of:
(a) Madina (b) Macca (c) Taif
(d) Syria (e) None of these
- (11) During caliphate regime Amils were known as:
(a) Kazi (b) Governor (c) District Officer
(d) Pesh Imam (e) None of these
- (12) The term Dar-al-Imara means:
(a) Governors House (b) Caliph House (c) Kazi House
(d) Public Hall (e) None of these
- (13) The Capital of Ummayyad dynasty was:
(a) Bagdad (b) Madina (c) Najaf
(d) Damascus (e) None of these
- (14) Sahib-al-Barid means:
(a) Provincial Kazi (b) Provincial Post Master (c) Provincial Military Head
(d) Provincial Educational Chief (e) None of these
- (15) Hazrat Umer-Bin-Abdul Aziz died on:
(a) 10th Jan., 721 A.D. (b) 10th Feb., 721 A.D. (c) 10th Jan., 720 A.D
(d) 10th Feb., 720 A.D. (e) None of these
- (16) Zero was introduced by:
(a) Persians (b) Arabs (c) Jews
(d) Christians (e) None of these
- (17) "Bimirihtan" means:
(a) Hospital (b) Office (c) Court
(d) School (e) None of these
- (18) Abu Nasr Muhammad Bin Muhammad al-Farabi belongs to:
(a) Arabia (b) Persian (c) Turk
(d) Syria (e) None of these
- (19) The actual name of Ibn Sina was:
(a) Abu Ali al-Husayn (b) Moosa bin shakir (c) Saiful daula
(d) None of these
- (20) The actual name of Akber the mughal emperor was:
(a) Noorud-din Muhammad (b) Shahab-ud-din Muhammad
(c) Zaheer-ud-din Muhammad (d) Jalal-ud-din Muhammad
(e) None of these

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COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

ISLAMIC HISTORY AND CULTURE, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, including **Question No. 8** which is **COMPULSORY**.
All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

1. Explain the causes and events of the expansion of Muslim rule in Spain during the Umayyad's period.
2. Discuss the Chief features of Muslim contribution to Philosophy in Spain with brief notes on any three important philosophers of that period.
3. It is claimed that the **RENAISSANCE AND REFORMATION** movements in Western and Southern Europe were indebted to the Muslim learning in Spain. Please substantiate.
4. Describe the character and achievements of Sulaiman Al-Qanuni, the magnificent.
5. Enumerate the principal mosques erected by the Ottomans in their capital city of 'Istanbul'.
6. Analyze the Political and Religious Policies of King Faisal bin Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia.
7. Explain the Political motives of American presence in Iraq and identify its effects in the region with special reference to Pakistan

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
- (1) Al-Andalus was conquered by the Arabs in:
(a) 699 AD (b) 711 AD
(c) 800 AD (d) None of these
 - (2) Gibraltar is named after:
(a) Musa bin Nusair (b) Caliph Walid
(c) Tariq bin Ziyad (d) None of these
 - (3) Musa bin Nusair was Governor of:
(a) Egypt (b) Africa
(c) Basra (d) None of these
 - (4) Berbers belonged to:
(a) India (b) Iraq
(c) Africa (d) None of these
 - (5) Al-Dakhil was a Prince of the house of:
(a) Umayyah (b) Fatimah
(c) Abbas (d) None of these

ISLAMIC HISTORY & COUTURE, PAPER-II

- (6) Granada fell in:
(a) 1398 (b) 1452
(c) 1492 (d) None of these
- (7) Cordova is a city of:
(a) Saudi Arabia (b) Libya
(c) Spain (d) None of these
- (8) Zaryab was:
(a) Poet (b) Politician
(c) Musician (d) None of these
- (9) Muhammad Al-Fatih was an:
(a) Arab (b) African
(c) Turk (d) None of these
- (10) Istanbul was the capital of the Khilafat of:
(a) Banu Abbas (b) Ottamans
(c) Banu Fatimah (d) None of these
- (11) Ibn-e-Khaldun was:
(a) King (b) Governor
(c) Historian (d) None of these
- (12) Jamaluddin Afghani was born in:
(a) India (b) Iran
(c) Afghanistan (d) None of these
- (13) The city of Baghdad lies on the:
(a) River Nile (b) Tigris
(c) Indus (d) None of these
- (14) Muhammad Ali was the ruler of:
(a) Syria (b) Turkey
(c) Egypt (d) None of these
- (15) Ottoman Caliphate was abolished in:
(a) 1900 (b) 1918
(c) 1922 (d) None of these
- (16) Ibn-e-Rushd was a distinguished:
(a) Musician (b) Calligraphist
(c) Philospher (d) None of these
- (17) The capital of Saudi Arabia is:
(a) Makkah (b) Madinah
(c) Riyadh (d) None of these
- (18) Alp Arsalan belonged to:
(a) the Ottoman (b) Saljuqid
(c) Mamluq Dynasty (d) None of these
- (19) "The Preaching of Islam" is written by:
(a) Carl Brockelmann (b) T.W.Arnold
(c) T.B. Irving (d) None of these
- (20) R. Dozy is the author of:
(a) Islam in History (b) The spirit of Islam
(c) The Spanish Islam (d) None of these
