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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS
IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

INTERNATIONAL LAW

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, including **QUESTION NO.. 8** which is **COMPULSORY**. All questions carry **EQUAL** marks. Write clearly.

1. Fully explain the duties of a Sovereign State with special reference to:
 - (a) Not to interfere in the domestic affairs of another state.
 - (b) To refrain from use or threat of use of force against another state.
2. Explain how the problem of Hijacking has been dealt with under the International Law?
3. Define Blockade. What are the essentials of real and binding Blockade? When does it terminate? Refer to leading cases.
4. Describe various methods of peaceful and amicable settlement of International disputes.
5. How are 'Prisoners-Of-War' to be treated under International Law? Explain with reference to various conventions.
6. The frequent 'Interventions' have challenged the validity of some of fundamental principles of International Law. What are those principles? Discuss in the light of Interventions in Afghanistan and Iraq by the super-powers.
7. Enumerate the principles of International Law involved in the decision of Corfu Channel Case. Assess the impact that decision on the growth and development of International Law.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
 - (1) The term of judges of International Court of Justice is:
 - (a) Three years
 - (b) Five years
 - (c) Six years
 - (d) Nine years
 - (e) None of these
 - (2) When was the Charter of Human Rights adopted?
 - (a) 1945
 - (b) 1948
 - (c) 1951
 - (d) None of these
 - (3) Tobar Doctrine is related to:
 - (a) the recognition of a state
 - (b) the recognition of a government
 - (c) the recognition of insurgents
 - (d) None of these
 - (4) Conference of Bogota was held in:
 - (a) 1920
 - (b) 1936
 - (c) 1948
 - (d) None of these
 - (5) Vienna Conference of 1961 is related to:
 - (a) Diplomatic inter course and immunities
 - (b) Prisoners-of-War
 - (c) Recognition of states
 - (d) None of these
 - (6) Who is called 'the father of International Law'?
 - (a) Hugo Grotius
 - (b) Oppenheim
 - (c) Suarez
 - (d) None of these

INTERNATIONAL LAW:

- (7) Foreign Warships have:
 - (a) The right of free passage in the territorial waters
 - (b) The right of innocent passage in the territorial waters.
 - (c) To stay in the territorial waters
 - (d) None of these

- (8) A landlocked state is:
 - (a) Surrounded by water from all sides
 - (b) Surrounded by enemy states from all sides
 - (c) Surrounded by land from all sides
 - (d) None of these

- (9) Contiguous Zone is limited to a maximum of:
 - (a) 25 miles (b) 50 miles (c) 12 miles (d) None of these

- (10) The Alabama Claims Arbitration case was decided in:
 - (a) 1872 (b) 1854 (c) 1890 (d) None of these

- (11) The Convention for the protection of the Ozone Layer was done on:
 - (a) March 22, 1985 (b) March 23, 1986
 - (c) March 24, 1987 (d) None of these

- (12) Calvo Clause means:
 - (a) A state can intervene on behalf of its nationals
 - (b) A state can't intervene on behalf of its nationals
 - (c) An alien agrees not to seek the diplomatic protection of his own state
 - (d) None of these

- (13) Diplomatic relations are established by:
 - (a) Mutual consent (b) A unilateral decision
 - (c) A decision of a regional organization (d) None of these

- (14) Eruption of war terminates:
 - (a) All treaties (b) No treaty
 - (c) Only political treaties (d) None of these

- (15) Foreign ships sailing and anchoring in the coastal waters of another state are:
 - (a) Subject to the law of Flag State (b) Subject to the law of Coastal State
 - (c) Subject to the law of both the States (d) None of these

- (16) Piracy is an offence within the jurisdiction of the:
 - (a) Flag State (b) Offender's State
 - (c) All the states (d) None of these

- (17) Territorial Waters are:
 - (a) Water outside the territorial limits of a state
 - (b) Waters dividing territory of Two or more states
 - (c) Waters adjacent to the contiguous Zone
 - (d) None of these

- (18) Non-Permanent members of the Security Council are elected for a period of:
 - (a) 7 years (b) Three years
 - (c) Two years (d) None of these

- (19) The Montreal Convention for the safety of Civil Aviation was signed in:
 - (a) 1975 (b) 1974 (c) 1971 (d) None of these

- (20) Diplomatic staff enjoys complete immunity from:
 - (a) Civil Jurisdiction (b) Criminal Jurisdiction
 - (c) Both (d) None of these
