

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS
IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

HISTORY OF PAKISTAN AND INDIA, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is
COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

1. Hindu India lacked historical writings. Muslims introduced historiography here. Could you record any major historical work of the early Muslim period of the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent?
2. Mahmud of Ghazna, it is generally believed had face to the west and back to the east and thus heeded less to the making of an empire in the sub-continent. Comment.
3. Describe the fiscal reforms of Alauddin Khilji. How far he was ahead of his time?
4. Describe the growth and expansion of the Hindi and Sanskrit literatures in the sub-continent under the Muslim patronage.
5. Would you agree with a general assessment that the lack of a codified law of succession in state affairs marred the growth of smooth administration in the medieval Muslim rule in the Indo-Pak sub-continent?
6. Discuss the career and character of Aurangzeb Alamgir. Where did he falter?
7. Pen down descriptive notes in either Three fields of Muslim contribution to:
 - (a) Cuisine
 - (b) dress
 - (c) fine arts
 - (d) form of architecture

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
 - (1) Tarikh-e-Farisha was written by:
 - (a) Noorullah
 - (b) Mohammad Qasim
 - (c) Minhaj Siraj
 - (d) None of these
 - (2) Zabeeruddin Babur had:
 - (a) one daughter
 - (b) two daughters
 - (c) three daughters
 - (d) None of these
 - (3) How many times Mahmud invaded India:
 - (a) Ten
 - (b) Thirteen
 - (c) Seventeen
 - (d) None of these
 - (4) Divan-e-Arz under Muslim Sultans dealt with offices of:
 - (a) revenue
 - (b) army
 - (c) irrigation
 - (d) None of these
 - (5) Sultan Aram Shah belonged to:
 - (a) Khilji dynasty
 - (b) Tughluq Dynasty
 - (c) Suri dynasty
 - (d) None of these

HISTORY OF PAK. & INDIA, PAPER-I

- (6) Fatawwa-e-Alamgiri was edited by:
(a) Adat Sultan (b) Molvi Nabi Beg
(c) Abdul Haq (d) None of these
- (7) Jalaluddin Khwarizm Shah came to India during the reign of:
(a) Aibak (b) Iltutmash
(c) Balban (d) None of these
- (8) Sultan Ruknuddin Firozshah belonged to the dynasty of:
(a) Slave (b) Khilji
(c) Tughluq (d) None of these
- (9) Deccan was conquered first under:
(a) Balban (b) Alauddin Khilji
(c) Mohammad bin Tughluq (d) None of these
- (10) Abu Rehan Alberuni was:
(a) painter (b) poet
(c) administrator (d) None of these
- (11) Tabqaat-e-Nasiri was a book on:
(a) history (b) poetry
(c) religion (d) None of these
- (12) Jital was an item of:
(a) currency (b) weight
(c) measurement (d) None of these
- (13) Ibn-e-Batutah by birth was a:
(a) Turk (b) Afghan
(c) Arab (d) None of these
- (14) Nizamuddin Auliya flourished during the reign of:
(a) Alauddin Khilji (b) Humayun
(c) Akbar (d) None of these
- (15) Guru Nanak lived during the reign of:
(a) Babur (b) Jehangir
(c) Akbar (d) None of these
- (16) Mahmud Gawaan was a minister under the:
(a) Khilji (b) Mughals
(c) Bahmani's (d) None of these
- (17) Ahmad Shah Abdali was born at:
(a) Kabul (b) Peshawar
(c) Multan (d) None of these
- (18) Akbar married his first Hindu wife from the house of:
(a) Marwar (b) Amber
(c) Jaipur (d) None of these
- (19) Ruqia Sultana Begum was wife of:
(a) Babur (b) Humayun
(c) Akbar (d) None of these
- (20) "Histoire de Mogor" was written by:
(a) Father Monserrate (b) Dugarric
(c) Gocreiro (d) None of these

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HISTORY OF PAKISTAN AND INDIA, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is
COMPULSORY. Select at least TWO questions from each PART. All questions
carry EQUAL marks.

PART - I

1. Elaborate "Two Nation Theory" in the light of the statements of Allama Iqbal.
2. Give a brief account of the services rendered by Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk and Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk.
3. Write down the fourteen points of Quaid-i-Azam and its importance towards the creation of Pakistan.
4. Give the detailed account of the Indian National Congress policies against Muslims from 1937 to 1939.

PART - II

5. "Pakistan has always tried to foster good relations with the Muslim countries." Explain.
6. "The solution of the Kashmir problem can bring peace and prosperity in both the countries of Pakistan and India." Comment.
7. Write short notes on any Two of the following:-
 - (a) Objective Resolution
 - (b) Islamic provisions under the Constitution of 1956
 - (c) Contribution of Quaid-i-Azam as first Governor General.

○ COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
 - (1) The Faraizi Movement was founded by:
 - (a) Hazrat Shah Waliullah
 - (b) Haji Shariat Ullah
 - (c) Dadhu Mian
 - (d) None of these
 - (2) On which aspect of Islam did the great poet philosopher Allama Iqbal emphasize in the famous book "Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam":
 - (a) Jihad
 - (b) Interest
 - (c) Ijtihad
 - (d) None of these
 - (3) Sir Syed founded M.A.O. College in Aligarh in:
 - (a) 1868
 - (b) 1877
 - (c) 1885
 - (d) None of these
 - (4) Who was A.O. Hume:
 - (a) British foreign minister
 - (b) A retired civil officer
 - (c) governor general
 - (d) None of these
 - (5) Aligarh College was upgraded to the status of University in:
 - (a) 1898
 - (b) 1910
 - (c) 1920
 - (d) None of these

HISTORY OF PAK. & INDIA, PAPER-II

- (6) Name the viceroy with whom the Simla Deputation met:
(a) Lord Mayo (b) Lord Hastings
(c) Lord Minto (d) None of these
- (7) The Muslim and Hindus started non-cooperative movement for:
(a) Restoration of Khilafat (b) Indian independence
(c) Both of (a) and (b) (d) None of these
- (8) Which report rejected the demand for separate electorate previously accepted by Hindus in Lucknow Pact:
(a) Nehru Report (b) Simon Report
(c) Cripps Report (d) None of these
- (9) The Simon Commission arrived in the Sub-continent in:
(a) 1929 (b) 1930
(c) 1928 (d) None of these
- (10) Muhammad Ali Jinnah was given the title of Quaid-i-Azam in:
(a) 1936 (b) 1938
(c) 1935 (d) None of these
- (11) Who is the author of the book titled "Last Days of Quaid":
(a) Col. Elahi Bakhsh (b) Sir Muhammad Shafi
(c) G. Allana (d) None of these
- (12) Who took the oath of governor general of Pakistan from Quaid-i-Azam:
(a) Justice A.R. Kiani (b) Justice Gulzar Ahmed
(c) Justice Wali Mahmood (d) None of these
- (13) In which constitution system of Zakat and Ushar was introduced in the country:
(a) 1956 (b) 1962
(c) 1973 (d) None of these
- (14) When Pakistan gave an application to the United Nations to become its member, which country opposed it:
(a) India (b) Iran
(c) Egypt (d) None of these
- (15) In the North East, Pakistan has a common border with:
(a) Iran (b) China
(c) Afghanistan (d) None of these
- (16) The oldest regional language of Pakistan is:
(a) Sindhi (b) Pushto
(c) Punjabi (d) None of these
- (17) Pakistan joined Non Aligned Movement at Bandung in:
(a) 1979 (b) 1978
(c) 1977 (d) None of these
- (18) Under the constitution of 1956 which language was declared as the national language:
(a) Urdu (b) Bengali
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
- (19) Under which constitution "Bicameralism" was introduced in Pakistan:
(a) 1973 (b) 1962
(c) 1956 (d) None of these
- (20) When was the first SAARC conference held:
(a) 1984 (b) 1985
(c) 1983 (d) None of these
